

Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

Compliance Update

Planning Committee June 13, 2017







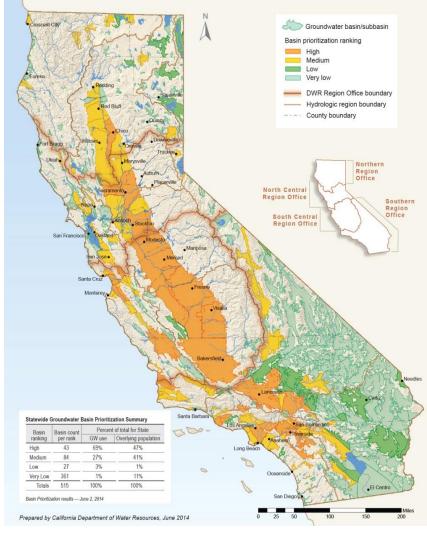
- Introduction
- Statutory Responsibilities as a Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA)
- Current Status of SGMA Compliance
- Funding SGMA Compliance Activities
- Next Steps

Introduction



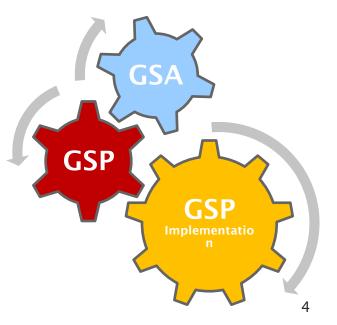
- Requires Groundwater Sustainability Plans in 127 highand medium-priority basins
- Authorizes management tools for local agencies
- Creates State "backstop"
- Defines time frame for accomplishing goals

| BASIN RANKING | BASIN COUNT | PERCENT OF TOTAL | |
|---|----------------|------------------|------------|
| | | GW USE | POPULATION |
| High | 43 | 69% | 47% |
| Medium | 84 | 27% | 41% |
| Low | 27 | 3% | 1% |
| Very Low | 361 | 1% | 11% |
| Totals | 515 | 100% | 100% |
| Basin Prioritization Results – June 2, 2014 | | | |





- Phase 1: Formation of governing bodies-Groundwater Sustainability Agency(s) (GSAs)
- Phase 2: Development of Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs)
- Phase 3: Implementation of GSPs



GSA Overview



- The purpose of SGMA is to provide a framework for the sustainable management of California's groundwater resources
- SGMA provides local agencies with the authority and tools to manage groundwater in their jurisdictions

As a GSA, EBMUD is required to:

- Develop a GSP in accordance with the GSP regulations by 1/31/22;
- Implement the approved GSP to meet the sustainability goals; and submit annual reports to DWR;
- Evaluate the GSP periodically to assess changing conditions and determine whether goals are being met; and modify the GSP as needed.

Financial Authorities as a GSA



- EBMUD can impose fees or taxes to fund the groundwater sustainability plan implementation
- Fees could include permit fees, groundwater extraction fees or fees for other regulated activities
- Alternatively, EBMUD could adopt a resolution requesting collection of the fees in the same manner as ordinary ad valorem taxes

These regulatory and financial authorities are provided to GSAs to regulate, enforce and fund sustainable groundwater management activities from approved GSPs.





- State Intervention could happen if:
 - 1. GSAs covering the entire basin are not formed by 6/30/17, or
 - 2. There are no GSP(s) covering the entire basin by 1/31/22, or
 - 3. DWR and SWRCB determine a GSP is inadequate and a basin is in long-term overdraft anytime after 1/31/22.
- If state intervention occurs, groundwater extractors will need to file reports with SWRCB and pay the associated volumetric and per-well fees. EBMUD would only be subject to fees to the extent it extracts water from the subbasin
- No criminal penalties for SGMA noncompliance

Current Status of SGMA Compliance

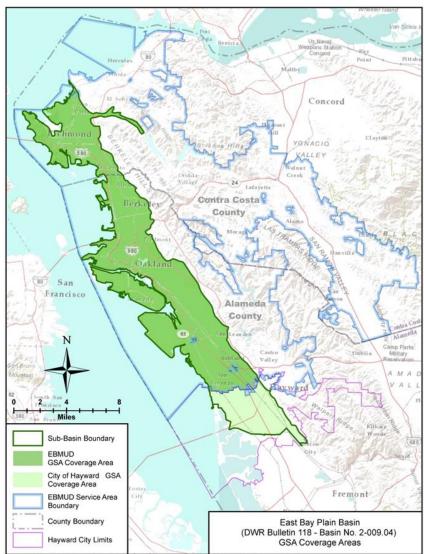


- GSA Formation EBMUD & Hayward service areas
- Unmanaged area of the subbasin (approx. 20 acres)
- Funding SGMA Compliance Activities
- Next Steps in GSP development

Completed Milestones



- Board resolution to become a GSA on 8/9/16
- Submitted a GSA application on 8/15/16
- Became an exclusive GSA for a portion of the basin on 11/28/16 after the 90-day public comment period
- Hayward GSA approved
 on 6/6/17



Funding SGMA Compliance Activities



GSP Development:

- \$61 million Prop 1 Grant funding available
- One grant (up to \$1 million) per basin
- 50% cost share requirement
- DWR will begin accepting applications in August 2017
- Estimated cost for East Bay Plain GSP - \$2M

GSP Implementation:

 Funding mechanism to be determined as GSP is developed





- Work with City of Hayward to prepare a grant application
- Develop workplan to prepare the GSP

Next Steps

- Coordinate with stakeholders including cities and counties and DWR
- Develop the GSP for the entire East Bay Plain basin



Preliminary Schedule



- Grant Application (Summer 2017)
- MOU with City of Hayward (Fall 2017)
- Consultant Solicitation and Contract Award (Spring 2018)
- Groundwater Modeling (2018-2019)
- GSP Development (2019-2020)
- GSP Implementation (2021)



Trihalomethanes

Planning Committee June 13, 2017







- Haloacetic Acids (HAAs) and Trihalomethanes (THMs) are Disinfection By-Products
- Probable carcinogens
- Regulated by EPA and CA Division of Drinking Water (DDW)
- Maximum Contaminant Levels
 - THMs: 80 ppb
 - HAAs: 60 ppb

Other Potential Health Effects of THMs

Reproductive

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- Miscarriages, developmental effects
- Epidemiology studies support hazard concern
- Waller et al. study (1998)
 - Higher risk of miscarriage for consuming of 5 glasses of water per day containing >75 ug/L THM
 - $\cdot\,$ Study used data from 78 drinking water utilities, including EBMUD

Disinfection vs. DBPs



 $\cdot\,$ Regulations address acute and chronic health effects

| Acute | Chronic |
|---|----------------------------|
| Disinfect to kill or inactivate pathogens | Minimize formation of DBPs |
| Maintain chlorine residual in the distribution system | |
| Protect against fecal contamination | |

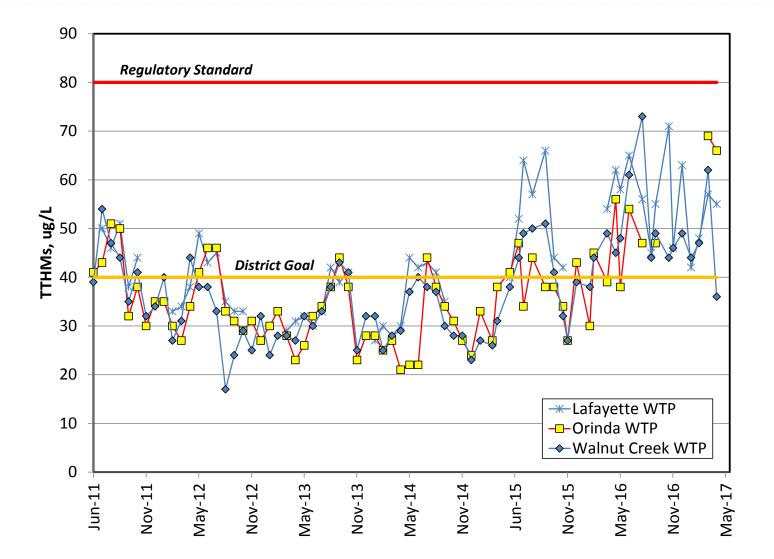
THMs are Elevated in the Distribution System



- Concentrations are higher now compared to previous years
- Likely related to the drought
- Four factors
 - Source water composition
 - Water is warmer
 - Customers using less water water age increasing
 - New laboratory method

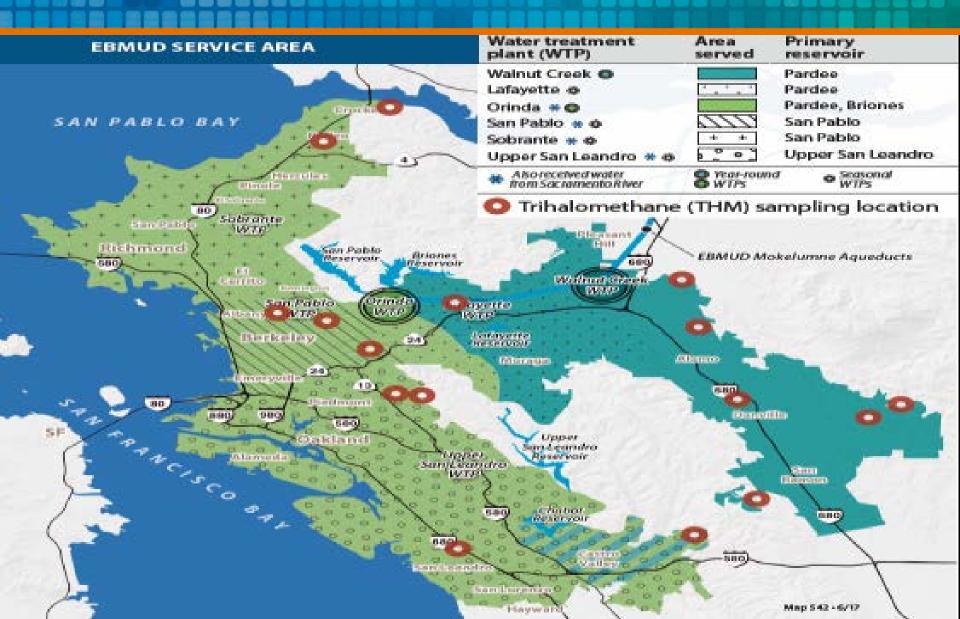
THMs From Inline Plants



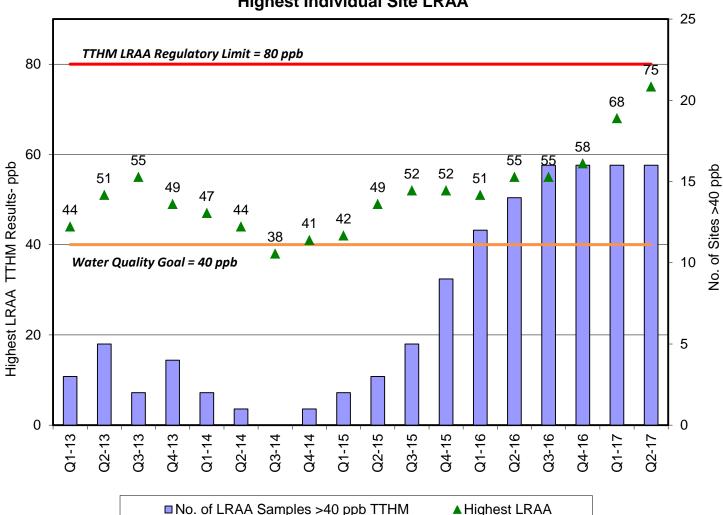


Quarterly Samples from 16 Sites





THMs at Distribution System Taps



Highest Individual Site LRAA

How Can We Reduce THMs?



- Physically Remove TOC
- Reduce Contact Time
- · Optimize Chlorine Dosage
- · Adjust pH

Immediate Actions



Operational adjustments

- Lower pH
- Reduce/optimize chlorine dose
- Minimize contact time
- Distribution system actions
- Additional monitoring
- Air-stripping at Lafayette WTP

Lafayette WTP – Air Stripping Trihalomethanes



- Remove THMs through Volatilization
- Bubble Aerators Installed
- Started operation June 6th







Short-Term Actions



- Short-Term Actions
 - Install CO₂ system at Bixler, in-line WTPs
 - Install chloramine boosting stations
 - Construct permanent pilot plant

Dedicated Pilot Plant



- · Permanent Pilot Plant needed
- Existing pilot plant is located at Walnut Creek PP#1 and #2
- Original Walnut Creek Pumping Plant site is a potential new location

Long Term Planning



- · Limited short-term tools are available
- Inline filtration technology is not suitable for tomorrow's regulatory climate
- Significant plant upgrade needs:
 - Sedimentation/clarification
 - solids handling
 - alternative disinfectants

Long Term Goals



alnut Creek WTP

- Treatment Reliability
 - Disinfection
 - Solids Handling
 - Filtration
- System Level Reliability
- Raw Water Flexibility
- Treatment Capacity
- Regulatory Robustness



Short-Term Capital Projects to Control THMs: pH Adjustment



- Design is underway
- pH adjustment equipment at each inline plant
 - Reduces THM formation
 - More efficient alternate coagulants are possible
 - Lower chlorine dose required for disinfection
- Construction starts 2018



CO₂ Storage Tanks

Long-Term Actions to Control THMs: TOC Removal



- District has studied a wide range of pretreatment options
- District has been pilot testing since Nov. 2016
- Evaluated pretreatment alternatives
- Leading technology show promise:
 - Removal 25-30% of TOC
 - Removal of 40-50%
 THM formation



Long-Term Actions to Control THMs



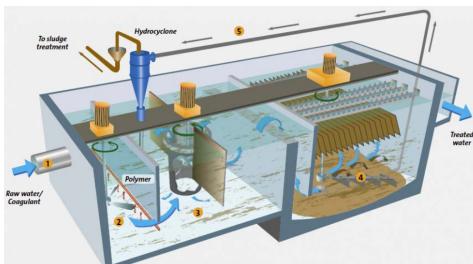
- Preliminary design is complete for Walnut Creek WTP
- Planning for Orinda and Lafayette WTP is underway
 - Revisiting WTTIP EIR recommendations
 - Developing alternatives for CEQA
- Considering accelerating project elements

Pretreatment has Many Other Benefits beyond THM Control



Response to:

- High Turbidity
- Watershed Changes
- Supplemental Supply
 Flexibility
- Algae Control
- Regulatory Compliance
- Taste-and-Odor Control



Post Filtration Chlorine Contact



- WTPs with dedicated postfiltration CT:
 - USL WTP

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- Walnut Creek WTP
- Planned post-filtration CT
 - Orinda WTP (planning)
 - Sobrante WTP (planning)



Walnut Creek WTP

Long Term - Next Steps



- Complete Inline WTP Pretreatment Study
- Board Update in September
 - Possible Accelerated Projects
 - Propose Implementation Schedule



