



SECTION 1
EXPLANATION OF TERMS USED IN THESE REGULATIONS

DISTRICT shall refer to the East Bay Municipal Utility District unless otherwise specified.

ELEVATION SURCHARGE shall mean that charge applied to customers' accounts where meters are served by pressure zones with an elevation designator of two (2) or more in the District's pressure zone designations. The charge shall be computed in accordance with Schedule A, Rate Schedule for Water Service, Section D. The Elevation Surcharge is a means of allocating the additional costs incurred for pumping and storing water at higher elevations.

EXPANDED SERVICE shall refer to any upgrade, change, modification to existing standard service that increases the size of the meter, or increases to the annual average water use resulting from improvements to the existing structure(s) and new construction.

FRONT FOOT CHARGE shall mean the charge applicable to a premises when a main is or has been brought to the principal frontage of the premises to make service available to the premises. This charge shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4, and shall generally be the proration of the cost of extending the main based on the width of the premises fronting on and entitled to service from the main extension. The front foot charge shall not apply to premises already entitled to service, according to District requirements, on or before the date the main extension is installed. Where a front foot charge is applicable, it must be paid before a service will be installed.

IRRIGABLE LANDSCAPE AREA shall mean the area of a premises less the aggregate area of structure footprints, impervious and pervious hardscape and undisturbed open space within that premises.

IRRIGATED LANDSCAPING shall mean the total aggregated area or footprint of irrigated landscape for a premises, which does not include open space or the non-irrigated area.

The terms "Irrigable Landscape Area" and "Irrigated Landscaping" may apply to more than one premises, as determined solely by the District, where the multiple premises are contiguous and the managing entity for the irrigation water service to those multiple premises is a single person or entity, such as a city or a homeowners' association.

LIMITED SERVICE shall mean a water service connection provided under a written agreement for limited service with special conditions, when standard service is not reasonably available.

MAJOR FACILITIES shall mean storage reservoirs, pumping plants, transmission mains, filter plants, and appurtenances, including necessary properties and rights of way.

METER shall mean the entire meter assembly, which may include appurtenances or devices owned and installed by the District in connection with a service connection.

DEDICATED IRRIGATION METER shall mean the entire meter assembly dedicated for outdoor landscape water use, which may include appurtenances or devices owned and installed by the District or applicant, as solely determined by the District, as provided in Sections 3 and 31 of these Regulations.



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MASTER METER shall mean the entire meter assembly dedicated for single service to a premises for water use, which may include appurtenances or devices owned and installed by the District upstream of any applicant installed and owned meters, as provided in Sections 2 and 3 of these Regulations.

PREMISES shall mean a parcel of real estate, including any improvements thereon, which is determined by the District to be a single premises for purposes of receiving, using and paying for service. In making this determination, the District shall take into consideration such factors as assessor parcel lines, whether the parcel could reasonably be subdivided, whether the parcel is being used for a single enterprise, and whether the parcel is divided by a public or a private street, but in any case the District's determination shall be final.

MULTI-FAMILY PREMISES shall mean premises designated for multi-family use by the local land use authority, with two or more attached or separate residential dwelling units, rental or owner occupied, which is determined by the District to be a single premises for receiving water service.

MULTI-OCCUPANCY COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL PREMISES shall mean premises designated for commercial/industrial use by the local land use authority, with two or more attached or separate commercial or industrial occupancy units, rental or owner-occupied, which is determined by the District to be a single premises for receiving water service.

SINGLE FAMILY PREMISES shall mean a premises designated for single-family use by the local land authority, with one or more attached or separate structures, rental or owner-occupied, providing permanent provisions for living, cooking, sanitation, and separate ingress/egress.

PRESSURE ZONE shall mean a portion of the water distribution system in which all premises are served through meters within a specific range of elevations and supplied by the same major facilities through an interconnected pipeline network. The upper limit of the pressure zone is 100 feet below the overflow elevation of the reservoir providing service, and the lower limit is determined by the upper limit of the next lower pressure zone or an elevation approximately 300 feet below the overflow elevation of the reservoir. Gravity Zones are those pressure zones which receive their water supply by gravity flow from the treatment plants and are identified by the prefixes "G" and "H" in the District's pressure zone designations. Pumped Zones are those pressure zones which receive their water supply from the treatment plants by pumping and are identified by the prefixes "A" through "F" in the District's pressure zone designations.

PRINCIPAL FRONTAGE shall mean that part of the perimeter of the major portion of the premises where the principal use of the property is located, which fronts on a public street or private road or driveway from which the premises generally receives access, public services and utilities, as determined by the District. Principal use does not include easements, rights of way, or a relatively narrow portion of a premises used for access or other purpose.

REASONABLY AVAILABLE SERVICE shall mean that a service connection installed at the principal frontage of the premises will provide adequate pressure and flow for normal operation of plumbing fixtures, water using appliances, requirements set by the responsible fire protection agency, and



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irrigation. In determining reasonably available service, the District will consider, relative to the service location and the applicable pressure zone, the elevation of the existing or proposed building on the premises, the distance of the building site from the meter location and any pressure and flow requirement for fire protection.

RETROFITS shall mean the conversion or modification of existing water using fixtures, appliances, equipment and landscaping such that they are suitable for water service.

SEPARATE STRUCTURE shall mean a distinct building with separate and/or shared walls, as solely determined by the District, without regard to common pathways, bridges, roof decks and overhangs, parking garages, foundations, and similar above-or-below-ground project features.

SERVICE shall mean the furnishing of water (potable or nonpotable) to a customer through a service connection.

SERVICE CONNECTION shall mean the necessary piping and equipment from the main to and including the meter or battery of meters. Reference to a service connection by size shall mean the size of the meter.

STANDARD PARTICIPATION CHARGE (SPC) shall mean the charge paid as a contribution towards the cost of future general oversizing of water mains and to provide major facilities capacity for service to new customers. This charge is paid in lieu of the System Capacity Charge by certain applicants who applied for service on or before June 28, 1983. The SPC also includes a component for the allocated cost of providing a future water supply to meet the long term increase in water demand in the District.

STANDARD SERVICE shall mean a service other than a private fire service, installed within the District service area, adjacent to the principal frontage of the premises to be served, which service is for immediate use to supply a function directly related to such premises.

SYSTEM CAPACITY CHARGE (SCC) shall mean the charge required of all applicants for water service to premises where installation of a service connection is required, including expanded service, as solely determined by the District. The charge to be paid depends on the regional location and the applicable meter size, the estimated annual average water use as determined by the District for large meters not covered in Schedule J based on water use information furnished by the applicant, or number of units. The charge is payment for the costs allocated to providing capacity for water service to applicants within each region, including components for major facilities in the District's distribution system master plan, major facilities constructed prior to the master plan, and water main oversizing. The SCC also includes a component for the allocated cost of providing a future water supply to meet the long term increase in water demand in the District. The charge shall be computed in accordance with Schedule J of the Rates and Charges.



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UNIT shall mean and apply to a Dwelling Unit, Accessory Dwelling Unit, Commercial/Industrial Unit, Live/Work Unit, or Work/Live Unit within a premises as defined below, unless specified otherwise.

ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT shall be as defined by California Government Code Section 65852.2.

JUNIOR ACCESSORY DWELLING UNIT shall be as defined by California Government Code Section 65852.22.

DWELLING UNIT shall mean an attached or detached rental or owner-occupied residential unit of a multi-family premises, which provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons, including one or more permanent provisions for living, sleeping, cooking, sanitation, and separate ingress/egress as solely determined by the District.

COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL UNIT shall mean an attached or detached rental or owner-occupied unit used directly or indirectly in connection with any non-residential, or business undertaking, which provides complete independent facilities for one or more persons, including one or more permanent provisions for sanitation, and separate ingress/egress as solely determined by the District.

LIVE/WORK UNIT shall be considered an attached or detached unit of a mixed-use premises that accommodates both residential and non-residential activities, but emphasizes the accommodation of residential activities per Local Land Use designation, as solely determined by the District. For the purpose of System Capacity Charges, a Live/Work Unit shall be considered as residential.

WORK/LIVE UNIT shall be considered an attached or detached unit of a mixed-use premises that accommodates both residential and non-residential activities, but emphasizes the accommodation of commercial activities per local land use designation, as solely determined by the District. For the purpose of System Capacity Charges, a Work/Live Unit shall be considered as non-residential.

WATER EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS shall mean all devices, technologies, and practices in accordance with Section 31 of these Regulations.