

JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS & INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT





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EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

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EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, of the Easy Bay Municipal Utility District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





To the Board of Directors East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Bay Municipal Utility District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Prior Year Audited Financial Statements

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, were audited by other auditors whose report dated August 27, 2018 expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

We also audited the adjustments described in Note 14 that were applied to restate the 2018 financial statements. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. We were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedures to the 2018 financial statements other than with respect to the restatements, and accordingly we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the 2018 financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



To the Board of Directors East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tance, Soll & Tunghard, LLP

Sacramento, California August 29, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

This section presents management's analysis of the East Bay Municipal Utility District's (the District) financial condition and activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MDA) is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements.

This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements that follow this section. The District, as the primary governmental entity, includes within the financial statements, the financial position and activities of the District's Employees' Retirement System (Employees' Retirement System) as a component unit. The Employees' Retirement System issues its own financial statements and MDA under a separate cover. Significant matters pertaining to the Employees' Retirement System have been included in the notes to the financial statements as deemed appropriate.

The information in this MDA is presented under the following headings:

Organization and Business

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

Financial Analysis

Capital Assets

Debt Administration

Request for Information

ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

The District provides water and wastewater services to industrial, commercial, residential, and public authority users. The Water System collects, transmits, treats, and distributes high quality water to approximately 60% (332 square miles) of the developed area within Alameda and Contra Costa counties of California and serves a population of about 1.4 million. The Wastewater System intercepts and treats wastewater from residences and industries within an 88-square-mile service area including the communities of Alameda, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, Piedmont, and the Stege Sanitary District and serves a population of about 685,000. The District recovers cost of service primarily through user fees.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: (1) Fund Financial Statements and (2) Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other special purpose governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial-related legal requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The District's proprietary funds consist of two enterprise funds, the Water System and the Wastewater System. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

The District's proprietary fund statements include:

The *Balance Sheet* presents information on the District's assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

While the Balance Sheet provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* presents the results of the District's operations over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. This statement can be used as an indicator of the extent to which the District has successfully recovered its costs through user fees and other charges. All changes in net position are reported during the period in which the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as delayed collection of operating revenues and the expense of employee earned but unused vacation leave.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* presents changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operational, capital, noncapital, and investing activities. This statement summarizes the annual flow of cash receipts and cash payments, without consideration of the timing of the event giving rise to the obligation or receipt and excludes noncash accounting measures of depreciation or amortization of assets.

Fiduciary Fund. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The District's fiduciary fund consists of the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust fund, which is maintained to account for assets held by the Employees' Retirement System in a trustee capacity for vested and retired employees. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 33 to 94 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *certain required supplementary information* concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment healthcare benefits to its employees. Such required supplementary information can be found on pages 98 to 108 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Financial Highlights

In fiscal year 2019, EBMUD continued to effectively manage its finances and strengthen its financial position by adopting sufficient water and wastewater rates to fund capital infrastructure improvements and to maintain strong financial performance. The following results of operations indicate a continuing strong and stable fiscal position.

The total assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded the total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.9 billion (*net position*).

Net position increased by \$259 million or 16% during the fiscal year.

Capital assets increased by \$195 million or 4% to \$5.1 billion.

Operating revenue increased by \$48 million or 8% to \$647 million.

Operating expense remained stable at \$432 million.

Non-operating net expense decreased by \$11 million or 18% to (\$47) million.

Capital contributions increased by \$12 million or 12% from the prior fiscal year.

Financial Position

In the current year, the District's total net position increased by \$259 million or 16% during the fiscal year. The Water System's net position increased by \$217 million or 16% and the Wastewater System's net position increased by \$42 million or 14%. Current and other assets increased by \$171 million or 19%. Capital assets increased by \$195 million or 4%. By far the largest portion of the District's net position, 82% or \$1.5 billion, represents its investment in capital assets necessary to provide services.

In the previous fiscal year, the District's total net position increased by \$102 million or 7% during the fiscal year. Without GASB 75 OPEB Liability adjustment, the total net position increase would have been \$210 million. The Water System's net position increased by \$82 million or 7% and the Wastewater System's net position increased by \$20 million or 7%. Current and other assets decreased by \$64 million or 7%. Capital assets increased by \$205 million or 4%. By far the largest portion of the District's net position, 92% or \$1.5 billion, represents its investment in capital assets necessary to provide services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Table 1 shows the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

Table 1
Net Position
Water and Wastewater
June 30, 2019 and 2018
(In thousands)

	_	2019	2018	Variance	%
Current and other assets	\$	1,075,055	904,282	170,773	19%
Capital assets	_	5,051,112	4,855,907	195,205	4%
Total assets	_	6,126,167	5,760,189	365,978	6%
Deferred outflow of resources	_	205,992	169,099	36,893	22%
Total assets and deferred outflow	_	6,332,159	5,929,288	402,871	7%
Current and other liabilities		905,933	899,620	6,313	1%
Long-term liabilities	_	3,442,657	3,317,300	125,357	4%
Total liabilities	_	4,348,590	4,216,920	131,670	3%
Deferred inflow of resources	_	94,307	82,478	11,829	14%
Total liabilities and deferred inflow	_	4,442,897	4,299,398	143,499	3%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		1,549,619	1,494,381	55,238	4%
Restricted		253,567	256,299	(2,732)	(1)%
Unrestricted	_	86,076	(120,790)	206,866	(171)%
Total net position	\$_	1,889,262	1,629,890	259,372	16%

Table 1

Net Position Water and Wastewater June 30, 2018 and 2017

(1	n thousands)			
	2018	2017	Variance	%
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 904,282 4,855,907	967,829 4,651,237	(63,547) 204,670	(7)% 4%
Total assets	5,760,189	5,619,066	141,123	3%
Deferred outflow of resources	169,099	230,903	(61,804)	(27)%
Total assets and deferred outflow	5,929,288	5,849,969	79,319	1%
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	899,620 3,317,300	880,313 3,412,637	19,307 (95,337)	2% (3)%
Total liabilities	4,216,920	4,292,950	(76,030)	(2)%
Deferred inflow of resources	82,478	28,636	53,842	188%
Total liabilities and deferred inflow	4,299,398	4,321,586	(22,188)	(1)%
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,494,381 256,299 (120,790)	1,204,366 259,887 64,130	290,015 (3,588) (184,920)	24% (1)% (288)%
Total net position	\$ 1,629,890	1,528,383	101,507	7%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Results of Operations

In the current fiscal year, the District's total operating revenue of \$647 million for the year increased by \$48 million and total operating expense of \$432 million for the year increased by \$2 million. The change in net position (including capital contributions) increased from \$210 million in the previous fiscal year to \$279 million in the current fiscal year. The District's total net position increased from \$1,630 million to \$1,889 million during the current fiscal year, after a \$19 million decrease of prior period adjustments in net position for debt refunding costs and capitalization of Wastewater System inventories.

The major components of the District's results of operations in the current fiscal year were:

- Water revenue increased by \$40 million or 8% due to a 9% water rate increase at the beginning of fiscal year 2019, offset by a 1% decrease in billed water consumption.
- Wastewater revenue increased by \$4 million or 4% primarily due to a 5% wastewater rate increase at the beginning of fiscal year 2019.
- Operating expense remained stable, primarily as increases of \$4 million in raw water expenses, \$4 million in water treatment and distribution, \$5 million in financial and risk management (primarily liabilities claims), \$4 million in depreciation on utility plant and vehicle, were offset by decreases of \$7 million in general administration and \$8 million in pension expense.
- Net nonoperating expense decreased by \$11 million, primarily due to an \$11 million increase in investment income resulting from fair market value increase of investments. Included in non-operating net expense is investment income (loss), consisting of interest earned on investment and the net change in the fair value of investments were \$13 million and \$5 million respectively in the current fiscal year, and \$9 million and (\$2) respectively in the prior fiscal year.
- Capital contributions increased by \$12 million primarily reflecting a \$4 million increase in System Capacity Charges and an \$2 million increase in Wastewater Capacity Fees due to increasing multi-family dwelling projects, particularly in the Oakland and Berkeley service areas. The construction service installments increased by \$8 million compared to the prior year due to increased construction projects in the Oakland and Berkeley service areas. Grants and other reimbursements received decreased by \$2 million in the current fiscal year compared to the prior year. Page 18 contains additional capital contributions information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

In the previous fiscal year, the District's total operating revenue of \$599 million for the year increased by \$65 million and total operating expense of \$430 million for the year increased by \$2 million. The change in net position (including capital contributions) increased from \$136 million in fiscal year 2017 to \$210 million in the fiscal year 2018. The District's total net position increased from \$1,528 million to \$1,630 million during the fiscal year 2018 after a \$108 million decrease of prior period adjustment in net position per implementation of GASB 75.

The major components of the District's results of operations in fiscal year 2018 were:

- Water revenue increased by 59 million or 14% due to an 8.9% increase in billed water consumption, and a 9.25% water rate increase, offset by no drought surcharge received in fiscal year 2018 compared to \$6 million received in fiscal year 2017.
- Wastewater revenue increased by \$6 million or 6% primarily due to a 5% wastewater rate increase.
- Operating expense remained stable primarily as increases of \$3 million in raw water expenses, \$3 million in sewer treatment plant operations, \$16 million in general administration expense (primarily \$7.5 million salary retroactive pay and \$3.5 million loss liabilities reserve), were offset by decreases of \$4 million in financial and risk management and \$16 million in pension expense.
- Non-operating net expense increased by \$4 million primarily as an \$11 million increase in interest and amortization of bond expenses, was offset by a \$5 million increase in investment income and a \$2 million increase in property tax received. Included in non-operating net expense is investment income (loss), consisting of interest earned on investment and the net change in the fair value of investments. The interest earned on investment and the net change in the fair value of investments were \$9 million and (\$2) million respectively in fiscal year 2018, and \$4 million and (\$1) respectively in fiscal year 2017.
- Capital contributions increased by \$14 million primarily reflecting an \$18 million increase in System Capacity Charges and a \$3 million increase in Wastewater Capacity Fees due to an increase of infill projects (multi-family dwelling and mixed used structures), particularly in the Oakland areas, offset by an \$8 million decrease in grants and other reimbursements received in the current fiscal year compared to the prior year. Page 18 contains additional capital contributions information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Table 2 shows changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

Table 2

Changes in Net Position Water and Wastewater

June 30, 2019 and 2018

(In thousands)

		2019	2018	Variance	%
Operating Revenue:					
Water	\$	520,344	480,745	39,599	8%
Sewer		90,323	86,514	3,809	4%
Power		11,272	7,544	3,728	49%
Wet weather facilities charges	_	25,113	24,293	820	3%
Total operating revenue		647,052	599,096	47,956	8%
Operating Expense:		11.000	40.240	4 277	110/
Raw water Water treatment & distribution		44,626 117,557	40,349 113,422	4,277 4,135	11% 4%
Recreation areas, net		6,126	5,682	4,155	4% 8%
Sewer lines & pumps		15,881	13,422	2.459	18%
Sewer treatment plant operations		37,954	38,220	(266)	(1)%
Customer accounting & collecting		20,282	19,434	848	4%
Financial and risk management		23,069	17,518	5,551	32%
Facilities management		5,020	5,523	(503)	(9)%
General administration		36,843	43,839	(6,996)	(16)%
Pension expense		(18,259)	(10,183)	(8,076)	79%
OPEB expense		(3,312)	(1,153)	(2,159)	187%
Depreciation (excluding amounts reported within the Water and					
Wastewater operations)		131,997	128,076	3,921	3%
Amortization		14,401	16,197	(1,796)	(11)%
Total operating expense	_	432,185	430,346	1,839	0%
Net operating income (expense)		214,867	168,750	46,117	27%
Nonoperating income (expense):					
Investment income		18,105	7,131	10,974	154%
Taxes & subventions		41,565	41,480	85	0%
Interest & amortization of bond		,	,		
expenses, net		(119,574)	(120,719)	1,145	(1)%
Increase (decrease) of Equity in JPA partnership fund		(3,545)	(3,380)	(165)	5%
Other income		15,928	17,420	(1,492)	(9)%
Total nonoperating income (expense), net		(47,521)	(58,068)	10,547	(18)%
	-	(47,321)	(38,008)	10,547	(10)/0
Income (loss) before contributions		167,346	110,682	56,664	51%
Capital contributions		111,350	98,997	12,353	12%
Change in net position		278,696	209,679	69,017	33%
Total net position – beginning		1,629,890	1,528,383	101,507	7%
Prior Period adjustment per implementation of GASB 75			(108,172)	108,172	N/A
Prior Period adjustment - Debt Refunding		(23,802)		(23,802)	N/A
Changes in accounting estimates		4,478		4,478	N/A
Total net position – ending	\$	1,889,262	1,629,890	259,372	16%
roun net position ending	Ψ_	1,007,202	1,029,090	237,312	1070

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Table 2 (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

Water and Wastewater

June 30, 2018 and 2017

(In thousands)

_	2018	2017	Variance	%
Operating Revenue:				
Water \$	480,745	420,293	60,452	14%
Sewer	86,514	81,904	4,610	6%
Power	7,544	8,707	(1,163)	(13)%
Wet weather facilities charges	24,293	23,105	1,188	5%
Total operating revenue	599,096	534,009	65,087	12%
Operating Expense:				
Raw water	40,349	37,551	2,798	7%
Water treatment & distribution	113,422	113,587	(165)	(0)%
Recreation areas, net	5,682	5,689	(7)	(0)%
Sewer lines & pumps	13,422	14,611	(1,189)	(8)%
Sewer treatment plant operations	38,220	35,147	3,073	9%
Customer accounting & collecting	19,434	19,915	(481)	(2)%
Financial and risk management	17,518	21,643	(4,125)	(19)%
Facilities management	5,523	5,177	346	7%
General administration	43,839	25,555	18,284	72%
Pension expense	(10,183)	6,194	(16,377)	(264)%
OPEB expense	(1,153)		(1,153)	N/A
Depreciation (excluding amounts				
reported within the Water and	120.076	125 227	2 0 4 0	20/
Wastewater operations)	128,076	125,227	2,849	2%
Amortization	16,197	18,045	(1,848)	(10)%
Total operating expense	430,346	428,341	2,005	0%
Net operating income (expense)	168,750	105,668	63,082	60%
Nonoperating income (expense):				
Investment income	7,131	2,538	4,593	181%
Taxes & subventions	41,480	39,751	1,729	4%
Interest & amortization of bond				
expenses, net	(120,719)	(109,742)	(10,977)	10%
Increase (decrease) of Equity in JPA partnership fund	(3,380)	(3,759)	379	(10)%
Other income	17,420	16,848	572	3%
Total nonoperating income (expense), net	(58,068)	(54,364)	(3,704)	7%
Income (loss) before				
contributions	110,682	51,304	59,378	116%
Capital contributions	98,997	84,779	14,218	17%
Change in net position	209,679	136,083	73,596	54%
Total net position – beginning	1,528,383	1,392,300	136,083	10%
Prior Period adjustment per implementation of GASB 75	(108,172)		(108,172)	N/A
Total net position – ending	1,629,890	1,528,383	101,507	7%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Liquidity

The District had \$766 million in combined current and noncurrent District Cash and Investments as of June 30, 2019, an increase of \$163 million compared to \$603 million as of June 30, 2018. Components of cash and investments for the year ended June 30, 2019 were:

- Water System total combined current and noncurrent cash and investments increased by \$159 million compared to the same date of the previous fiscal year. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents increased by \$231 million compared to the prior year. This was primarily due to the increase of \$228 million from capital and related financing activities, which include the net proceeds of \$200 million from a bond issuance and \$28 million decrease in capital spending. Net increase (decrease) in noncurrent investments increased by \$4 million was primarily due to reallocation of investments between short-term and long-term.
- Wastewater System total combined current and noncurrent cash and investments increased by \$4 million compared to the same date in the previous fiscal year. Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents increased by \$14 million compared to the prior year. This was primarily due to an increase of \$5 million from operating activities, an increase of \$24 million from the reallocation of investments between short-term and long-term, offset by a decrease of \$14 million from capital and related financing activities. Net increase (decrease) in noncurrent investments decreased by \$22 million also primarily due to reallocation of investments between short-term and long-term.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Table 3 shows the District's cash flow for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

Table 3Cash FlowsWater and Wastewater SystemJune 30, 2019 and 2018(In thousands)

	(m m	ousanus)				
	2019		2018		Variance	%
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning of year	\$	100,943	\$	269,057	(168,114)	(62)%
Net cash provided by operating activities		343,354		342,147	1,207	0%
Net cash provided by financing activities		41,565		41,480	85	0%
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and						
related financing activities		(239,902)		(453,499)	213,597	(47)%
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(67,781)		(98,242)	30,461	(31)%
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		77,236		(168,114)	245,350	(146)%
End of period		178,179		100,943	77,236	77%
Investments:						
Beginning of year		502,698		398,759	103,939	26%
Net increase (decrease) in investments		85,463		103,939	(18,476)	(18)%
End of period		588,161		502,698	85,463	17%
Total District Cash and Investments	\$	766,340	\$	603,641	162,699	27%

Cash Flows Water and Wastewater System June 30, 2018 and 2017 (In thousands)

	 2018		2017	Variance	%
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning of year	\$ 269,057	\$	204,700	64,357	31%
Net cash provided by operating activities	342,147		267,208	74,939	28%
Net cash provided by financing activities	41,480		39,751	1,729	4%
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and					
related financing activities	(453,499)		(114,505)	(338,994)	296%
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 (98,242)		(128,097)	29,855	(23)%
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(168,114)		64,357	(232,471)	(361)%
End of period	 100,943	_	269,057	(168,114)	(62)%
Investments:					
Beginning of year	398,759		268,442	130,317	49%
Net increase (decrease) in investments	 103,939		114,760	(10,821)	(9)%
End of period	 502,698		398,759	103,939	26%
Total District Cash and Investments	\$ 603,641	\$	667,816	(64,175)	(10)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Cash and Investments by Fund

In fiscal years 2019 and 2018, total cash and investments available for operating and capital activities are reported in current and noncurrent assets as unrestricted and restricted funds. Significant activities in current fiscal year were as follows: Water System increased reserves of \$3 million in working capital, \$172 million in capital reserves to fund capital projects and equipment and use of \$5 million in funds received for construction. Wastewater System increased \$5 million in capital reserves to fund capital projects and equipment.

In the previous fiscal year, significant activities were as follows: Water System increased reserves of \$4 million in working capital, use of \$80 million in capital reserves to fund capital projects and equipment and reserve of an additional \$3 million in funds received for construction. Wastewater System increased \$12 million in capital reserves to fund capital projects and equipment.

Operating and Capital Reserves are components of Unrestricted Cash and Investments. Individual funds within Operating and Capital Reserves are funded pursuant to Board policy but are unrestricted as to use. The Unrestricted Reserve Balances indicate the District's ability to meet unanticipated revenue declines or expenditure increases. Unrestricted reserves are committed by the Board of Directors. This is distinct from restricted reserves which are legally constrained by law or by third party. For additional information, see Note 1H to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Table 4 shows the District's cash and investment by fund for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

			Table	4					
		Casl	h and Investn	nent by Fund					
		v	Water and Wa	astewater					
		T:	une 30, 2019	and 2018					
		3	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						
			(In thousa	ands)					
		Water	System	Wastewat	er System_	Тс	otal	Increase (d	ecrease)
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Amount	%
Unrestricted cash and investment									
Operating reserves:									
Rate stabilization fund	\$	95,000	95,000	24,090	24,090	119,090	119,090		0%
Working capital reserve		72,400	69,100	18,300	17,600	90,700	86,700	4,000	5%
Self-insurance		7,374	6,974	1,116	1,135	8,490	8,109	381	5%
Workers compensation		5,727	5,422	867	883	6,594	6,305	289	5%
Total operating reserves	-	180,501	176,496	44,373	43,708	224,874	220,204	4,670	2%
Capital reserves:									
Reserved for capital projects		411,964	254,186	38,813	35,731	450,777	289,917	160,860	55%
Reserve funded CIP - Wastewater				15,093	14,803	15,093	14,803	290	2%
Vehicle replacements		9,088	7,387			9,088	7,387	1,701	23%
Equipment replacements		2,657	3,190	17,587	18,007	20,244	21,197	(953)	(4)%
Total capital reserves		423,709	264,763	71,493	68,541	495,202	333,304	161,898	49%
Total Unrestricted cash and investment		604,210	441,259	115,866	112,249	720,076	553,508	166,568	30%
	-								
Restricted Cash and Investments			~ -						<
Bond interest and redemption fund		844	97	18	18	862	115	747	650%
Debt service reserve fund		3,719	3,654		_	3,719	3,654	65	2%
Funds received for construction		38,931	43,659		_	38,931	43,659	(4,728)	(11)%
FERC partnership fund		2,203	2,164	_		2,203	2,164	39	2%
Monetary reserve		549	541			549	541	8	1%
Total restricted cash and investments		46,246	50,115	18	18	46,264	50,133	(3,869)	(8)%
Total District Cash and Investments	\$	650,456	491,374	115,884	112,267	766,340	603,641	162,699	27%

Cash and Investment by Fund

Water and Wastewater

June 30, 2018 and 2017

(In thousands)

		Water	System	Wastewat	er System	Τα	otal	Increase (d	ecrease)
		2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Amount	%
Unrestricted cash and investment									
Operating reserves:									
Rate stabilization fund	\$	95,000	95,000	24,090	24,090	119,090	119,090	_	0%
Working capital reserve		69,100	65,600	17,600	17,700	86,700	83,300	3,400	4%
Self-insurance		6,974	6,651	1,135	1,267	8,109	7,918	191	2%
Workers compensation		5,422	7,066	883	1,346	6,305	8,412	(2, 107)	(25)%
Total operating reserves		176,496	174,317	43,708	44,403	220,204	218,720	1,484	1%
Capital reserves:	-								
Reserved for capital projects		254,186	334,746	35,731	31,771	289,917	366,517	(76,600)	(21)%
Reserve funded CIP - Wastewater				14,803	14,642	14,803	14,642	161	1%
Vehicle replacements		7,387	6,791			7,387	6,791	596	9%
Equipment replacements	_	3,190	3,282	18,007	10,062	21,197	13,344	7,853	59%
Total capital reserves		264,763	344,819	68,541	56,475	333,304	401,294	(67,990)	(17)%
Total Unrestricted cash and investment	_	441,259	519,136	112,249	100,878	553,508	620,014	(66,506)	(11)%
Restricted Cash and Investments									
Bond interest and redemption fund		97	519	18	18	115	537	(422)	(79)%
Debt service reserve fund		3,654	3,620	_		3,654	3,620	34	1%
Funds received for construction		43,659	40,924	_		43,659	40,924	2,735	7%
FERC partnership fund		2,164	2,185			2,164	2,185	(21)	(1)%
Monetary reserve		541	536	_		541	536	5	1%
Total restricted cash and investments	-	50,115	47,784	18	18	50,133	47,802	2,331	5%
Total District Cash and Investments	\$	491,374	566,920	112,267	100,896	603,641	667,816	(64,175)	(10)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Capital Contributions

Capital contributions primarily consist of System Capacity Charges (SCCs). In addition, the District can receive contributions when the District's facilities need to be relocated during construction projects. The District also receives state and federal grants to fund capital projects.

The Water System's SCCs consist of charges collected from all applicants who request a new water service connection or a larger water meter size. These charges vary depending on geographic region. The SCC pays for the applicant's share of the capital facilities, including those that serve the entire water system such as the aqueducts and raw water facilities, regional facilities such as treatment plants and distribution facilities, and future water supply upgrades needed to meet long-term increases in water demand created by new customers. The portion of the SCC that pays for the future water supply is restricted and the remainder is unrestricted.

The Wastewater System's Capacity Fees are treated as unrestricted funds and pay for the share of Wastewater facilities attributed to new customers.

Capital contributions increased \$12 million or 12% as compared to the previous fiscal year. System Capacity Charges increased by \$4 million and Wastewater Capacity Fees increased by \$2 million due to an increase of multi-family dwelling projects, particularly in the Oakland and Berkeley service areas. Earned contribution increased by \$8 million due to new main extension footages installed. Grants and other reimbursements decreased by \$2 million primarily due to less state grants received in the current fiscal year compared to the prior year.

Table 5 shows the District's capital contributions received for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

			Capital C Water and June 30, 2	able 5 Contributions d Wastewater 019 and 2018 ousands)					
		Water S	System	Wastewate	er System	To	tal	Increase (decrease)	
	-	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Amount	%
System capacity charges	\$	73,496	69,270	_	_	73,496	69,270	4,226	6%
Wastewater capacity fees				13,260	11,418	13,260	11,418	1,842	16%
Earned contributions on construction		23,750	15,518	(52)	16	23,698	15,534	8,164	53%
Grants and other reimbursements	_	896	2,775			896	2,775	(1,879)	(68)%
Totals	\$	98,142	87,563	13,208	11,434	111,350	98,997	12,353	12%

Capital Contributions Water and Wastewater June 30, 2018 and 2017 (In thousands)

		Water	System	Wastewat	er System	To	tal	Increase (d	ecrease)
	_	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Amount	%
System capacity charges	\$	69,270	51,451	_	_	69,270	51,451	17,819	35%
Wastewater capacity fees			_	11,418	7,969	11,418	7,969	3,449	43%
Earned contributions on construction		15,518	14,370	16	705	15,534	15,075	459	3%
Seismic improvement surcharge			9	_	_		9	(9)	(100)%
Grants and other reimbursements	_	2,775	10,081		194	2,775	10,275	(7,500)	(73)%
Totals	\$	87,563	75,911	11,434	8,868	98,997	84,779	14,218	17%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District had \$5.1 billion (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of utility capital assets as of June 30, 2019. Total capital assets were \$4.9 billion as of June 30, 2018. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, water treatment plants, filter plants, aqueducts, water transmission and distribution mains, water storage facilities, pump stations, water reclamation facilities, wastewater and wet weather treatment facilities, machinery and equipment (*see Table 6 below*). In the current fiscal year, capital assets increased by \$195 million or 4% over the prior fiscal year. In fiscal year 2018, capital assets increased by \$205 million or 4% over fiscal year 2017. Annual changes are consistent with the District's capital improvement program.

The Water System had \$4.3 billion (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of utility capital assets as of June 30, 2019. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, water treatment plants, filter plants, aqueducts, water transmission and distribution mains, water storage facilities, power generation, pump stations, water reclamation facilities, machinery and equipment.

The Wastewater System had \$741 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of utility capital assets as of June 30, 2019. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, power generation, wastewater and wet weather treatment facilities, machinery and equipment.

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

 Table 6

 Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

 Water and Wastewater

 June 30, 2019 and 2018

 (In thousands)

	Water	System	Wastewat	er System	Те	otal	Increase/(de	ecrease)
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Amount	%
Structures, buildings, and equipment	\$ 3,716,296	3,602,573	651,379	650,584	4,367,675	4,253,157	114,518	2.7%
Land and rights of way Construction work in	70,917	65,001	21,409	21,357	92,326	86,358	5,968	6.9%
progress	522,919	472,446	68,192	43,946	591,111	516,392	74,719	14.5%
Totals	\$ 4,310,132	4,140,020	740,980	715,887	5,051,112	4,855,907	195,205	4.0%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

Table 6 (Continued)

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

Water and Wastewater

June 30, 2018 and 2017

(In thousands)

	W	ater System	Wastewa	ter System	T	otal	Increase/(d	ecrease)
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Amount	%
Structures, buildings, and equipment	\$ 3,602,57	73 3,470,628	650,584	632.224	4,253,157	4,102,852	150,305	3.7%
Land and rights of way	\$ 5,002,5 65,00	· · ·	21,357	21,285	4,235,137 86,358	4,102,832 85,793	565	0.7%
Construction work in progress	472,44	405,357	43,946	57,235	516,392	462,592	53,800	11.6%
Totals	\$ 4,140,02	3,940,493	715,887	710,744	4,855,907	4,651,237	204,670	4.4%

The District's net revenue, long-term debt, and contributions from customers are used to finance capital investments. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

This year's major capital expenditures included:

Water System:	
Treatment Plant Upgrades	\$ 86,638
Pipeline Infrastructure Renewals	47,944
Reservoir Rehab/Maintenance	43,092
Open Cut Reservoir Rehab	40,835
Summit Pressure Zone Improve	35,785
Large Diameter Pipelines	25,774
Pumping Plant Rehabilitation	22,614
Faria PZI (formerly Purdue)	17,224
Addl Supplemental Supply Projects	17,221
Trench Soils Storage Sites	16,734
Service Lateral Replacements	11,744
Maloney PZ Improvements	9,060
Raw Water Studies and Improves	9,035
SRV Recycled Water Program	8,990
Mok Aqu No 2 & 3 Relining Project	8,682
West of Hills Master Plan	8,290
Pipeline Relocations	7,134
Administration Building Modifications	7,002
Water Conservation Project	5,827
Water Capital Costs Misc.	5,433
Wastewater System:	
3rd St Sewer Interceptor Rehab	\$ 11,205
Concrete Rehab at SD1	9,166
Digester Upgrade	8,065
Treatment Plant Infrastructure	6,648
Routine Cap Equip Replacement	5,443
PS Q FM Dual-Mode Operation	3,911
Infiltration/Inflow Control Project	3,331
Resource Recovery Project	2,973
MWWTP Pwr Dist System Upgrade	2,919
Treatment Plant Infra Phase 2	2,723
MWWTP Master Planning	1,207

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$3.5 billion as of June 30, 2019, a 4% increase from June 30, 2018. Total long-term debt outstanding was \$3.4 billion as of June 30, 2018, a 3% decrease from June 30, 2017. Components of the District's long-term debt portfolio as of June 30, 2019 are:

- The Water System had total long-term debt outstanding of \$3.1 billion.
- The Wastewater System had total long-term debt outstanding of \$414 million.

Table 7 shows the District's long-term debt outstanding for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

Table 7Long -Term Debt(Net of Unamortized Costs)Water and WastewaterJune 30, 2019 and 2018(In thousands)

	Water	System	Wastewat	er System	Te	otal	Increase (de	crease)
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Amount	%
Revenue bonds	\$ 2,733,864	2,592,137	398,605	407,937	3,132,469	3,000,074	132,395	4%
Commercial paper	359,800	359,800	15,000	15,000	374,800	374,800		0%
Loans	12,886	14,061			12,886	14,061	(1,175)	(8)%
Totals	\$3,106,550	2,965,998	413,605	422,937	3,520,155	3,388,935	131,220	4%

Long -Term Debt (Net of Unamortized Costs) Water and Wastewater June 30, 2018 and 2017 (In thousands)

		Water S	ystem	Wastewa	ter System	Т	otal	Increase (d	ecrease)
	20	18	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	Amount	%
General obligation bonds	\$		_	_	3,602	_	3,602	(3,602)	(100)%
Revenue bonds	2,592	2,137	2,671,994	407,937	421,825	3,000,074	3,093,819	(93,745)	(3)%
Commercial paper	359	,800	359,800	15,000	15,000	374,800	374,800	_	0%
Loans	14	,061	12,892			14,061	12,892	1,169	9%
Totals	\$ 2,965	,998	3,044,686	422,937	440,427	3,388,935	3,485,113	(96,178)	(3)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

It is the policy of the District to maintain a reasonable balance between debt and current revenue financing of capital projects. The following targets provide the framework for financing capital projects:

Debt Service Coverage Ratio: Maintain an annual revenue bond debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.6 times. As of June 30, 2019, the coverage ratio for Water was 2.35 and for Wastewater was 2.83; the overall District ratio was 2.41.

Debt-Funded Capital Spending: Limit debt-funded capital to no more than 65% of the total capital program over each five-year planning period. As of June 30, 2019, the percentage of debt-funded capital spending for Water was 46% and for Wastewater was 11%; the overall District percentage was 41%.

Extended Commercial Paper and Un-hedged Variable Rate Debt: Maintain an annual limit of 25% of outstanding long-term debt. As of June 30, 2019, the percentage of extended commercial paper and un-hedged variable rate debt compared to total outstanding long-term debt for Water was 13% and for Wastewater was 4%; the overall District percentage was 12%.

Revenue-supported debt authorization for the District can be approved by the District's Board of Directors, subject to a referendum process. At June 30, 2019, the Water System had \$602 million and the Wastewater System had \$186 million in authorized but unissued revenue bonds.

The District's credit ratings are outlined in Table 8.

Table 8

Credit Ratings

Water and Wastewater

June 30, 2019

		Rating by	
District debt by type	Standard & Poor's	Moody's Investors Service	Fitch
Water system:			
Fixed Rate Revenue Bonds	AAA	Aal	AA+
Variable Rate Revenue Bonds			
Long-term Underlying Rating	AAA	Aal	-
Short-Term Rating	A-1+	VMIG-1	-
Commercial Paper Notes	A-1+	P-1	-
Wastewater system:			
Fixed Rate Revenue Bonds	AAA	Aal	AA+
Extendable Commercial Paper	A-1+	P-1	F1+

For detail credit rating by bond issue, please visit our website at http://www.ebmud.com.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide ratepayers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for the monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact: the Controller, Accounting Division, P.O. Box 24055, Oakland, CA 94623-1055 or visit our website at <u>http://www.ebmud.com.</u>

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	ш	AST BAY MUR BAI JUNE 30, 2 (DOLL	EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2019 and JUNE 30, 2018 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)	Y DISTRIC 0, 2018 05)	L						
	-	Water System	stem	-	Wastewat	Wastewater System	0100	ic F	Total		0100 0010
Assets and Deferred Outflows	June	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	, 2018	June 3(June 30, 2019	June	June 30, 2018
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	S	79,978 524,232	\$ 33,261 407,998	51 \$ 88	85,743 30,123	S	57,952 54,297	S	165,721 554,355	S	91,213 462,295
Receivables:											
Customer		49,972 5 420	46,232	22	6,630		6,093		56,602		52,325
Interest and other Materials and supplies (Note 1M & Note 14) Denatrial intervences		10,211 10,211 1272	5,225 9,901 1 260	3 = 9	6,202 4,870 750				8,044 15,081 1622		6,124 9,901 1 517
Total current assets		671,204	501,884	7	130,821		121,491		802,025		623,375
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and equivalents (Note 2): Cash and cash equivalents Investments		12,440 33,806	9,712 40,403	<u>13</u>	- 18		- 18		12,458 33,806		9,730 40,403
Total restricted cash and investments		46,246	50,115	15	18		18		46,264		50,133
Other assets: Equity in JPA partnership fund (Note 2K) Other		226,285 193	229,830 666	80	- 288		- 278		226,285 481		229,830 944
Total other assets		226,478	230,496	9	288		278		226,766		230,774
Capital assets (Note 3): Structures, buildings, and equipment Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		5,716,585 (2,000,289)	5,497,734 (1,895,161)	34 51)	1,138,429 (487,050)		1,114,555 (463,971)		6,855,014 (2,487,339)		6,612,289 (2,359,132)
Subtotal		3,716,296	3,602,573	13	651,379		650,584	-	4,367,675		4,253,157
Land and rights-of-way Construction in progress		70,917 522,919	65,001 472,446	11	21,409 68,192		21,357 43,946		92,326 591,111		86,358 516,392
Total capital assets, net		4,310,132	4,140,020	0	740,980		715,887		5,051,112		4,855,907
Total noncurrent assets		4,582,856	4,420,631	1	741,286		716,183		5,324,142		5,136,814
Total assets	s	5,254,060	\$ 4,922,515	5 \$	872,107	s	837,674	S	6,126,167	s	5,760,189
Deferred outflow of resources Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives (Note 7) Debt refundings related (Note 7) Pension related (Note 9) OPEB related (Note 9)		26,819 17,427 128,283 9,158	18,256 25,208 97,176 8,611	56 16 11	- 1,234 21,556 1,515		- 2,202 16,202 1,444		26,819 18,661 149,839 10,673		18,256 27,410 113,378 10,055
Total deferred outflows		181,687	149,251	11	24,305		19,848		205,992		169,099
Total assets and deferred outflows	S	5,435,747 \$	\$ 5,071,766	s 90	896,412	S	857,522	S	6,332,159	S	5,929,288 (Continued)

	EAST B JU	AY MUNIC BALA JNE 30, 201 (DOLLAR)	EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2019 and JUNE 30, 2018 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)	DISTRICT 2018						
		ater Syst	n		Wastewater System	System		Totals		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	2019	June 30, 2018	1
Current liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt			336 13	6	0201					
and commercial paper (Note o and 7) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 4)	ъ Ф 49	00,020 a 49,557	60,620 60,620	A	10,600 9,234	4,803 4,803	e		ъ / 1,055 65,423	
Compensated absences (Note 5)	29	29,282 0 571	28,506		5,224	4,827		34,506 10,102	33,333	
Current reserve for claims (Note 10) Accrued interest	10	10,392	10,485		022 1,548	044		11,940	12,073	ī
Total current liabilities	165	165,440	169,957		27,488	22,232		192,928	192,189	- 1
Noncurrent liabilities: Other liabilities:										
Advances for construction	18	18,982	23,664					18,982	23,664	
Reserve for claims (Note 10)	35	35,464 420-702	37,016		3,734 72 707	4,260		39,198 504 500	41,276	
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)	064 111	111,851	410,1/4		19,157	19,876		131,008	135,806	
Other liabilities	12	12,785	12,808		6,532	6,418		19,317	19,226	1
Total other liabilities	609	609,785	605,592		103,220	101,839		713,005	707,431	
Long-term liabilities, net of current maturities (Note 7)	3,039,912	,912	2,904,733		402,745	412,567		3,442,657	3,317,300	- 1
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,649,697	,697	3,510,325		505,965	514,406		4,155,662	4,024,731	ı
Total liabilities	3,815,137	,137	3,680,282		533,453	536,638		4,348,590	4,216,920	- 1
Deferred inflow of resources: Derivative instrument (Note 7)	26	26,819	18,256		,	ı		26,819	18,256	
Pension related (Note 9) OPER related (Note 9)	47 8	47,420 8 851	45,417 7 032		9,546 1 671	10,387		56,966 10 522	55,804 8.418	
Total deferred inflows	83	83,090	70,705		11,217	11,773		94,307	82,478	1.1
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	3,898,227	,227	3,750,987		544,670	548,411		4,442,897	4,299,398	
Net position (Note 8): Net investment in capital assets	1,221,010	,010	1,199,230		328,609	295,151	1,5	1,549,619	1,494,381	
Restricted for construction (Note 1H) Destricted for dept service (Notes 1H)	19	19,949 1 561	19,995 3 751		- 1	- 21		19,949 1 5 8 2	19,995 2 760	
Restricted for JPA	226	226,285	229,830		o <mark>1</mark> -	01		226,285	229,830	_
Restricted - other (Note 1H) Unrestricted	2 62	2,751 62,961	2,705 (134,732)		- 23,115	- 13,942		2,751 86,076	2,705 (120,790)	
Total net position	1,537,520	,520	1,320,779		351,742	309,111	1,8	1,889,262	1,629,890	-1
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	5,435,747	,747	\$5,071,766		\$896,412	\$857,522		\$6,332,159	\$5,929,288	
	c		و -							

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		Water System	ystem	W	Wastewater System	System		Total	tal	
	June 30 2019	0	June 30 2018	June 30 2019		June 30 2018		June 30 2019		June 30 2018
Operating revenue:		110		6		e	6	11003	6	480745
w ater Sewer	é		¢ 480,/45 -	۰ ه	- 90.323	ъ - 86.514	e	90.323	e	480,/45 86.514
Power		10,730	6,435	i i	542	1,109		11,272		7,544
Wet weather facilities charges			•	7	25,113	24,293		211,62		24,295
Total operating revenue	5	531,074	487,180	11	115,978	111,916		647,052		599,096
Operating expense:										
Raw water	7	44,626	40,349		,			44,626		40,349
Water treatment and distribution	1	117,557	113,422					117,557		113,422
Recreation areas, net		6,126	5,682	,				6,126		5,682
Sewer lines and pumping				10	15,881 27.054	13,422		15,881 27 054		13,422 20 770
Sewer treatment plant operations Customer accounting and collecting		- 17.929	- 17.040	ο Υ	2.353	2.394		20.282		30,220 19.434
Financial and risk management		22,415	16,943	•	654	575		23,069		17,518
Facilities management		5,020	5,523					5,020		5,523
General administration		30,871	35,926		5,972	7,913		36,843		43,839
Pension expense	<u> </u>	(14,575)	(7,494)		(3,684)	(2,689)	<u> </u>	(18,259)		(10, 183)
OPEB expense		(2,807)	(945)	č	(505)	(208)	_	(3,312)		(1,153)
Deprectation on utility plant and vehicle Amortization		12,680	14.000	7	23,079 1.721	22,701		131,997 14,401		128,076 16,197
					ļ					
Total operating expense	3 3	348,760	345,821	8	83,425	84,525		432,185		430,346
Net operating income (loss)	11	182,314	141,359	32	32,553	27,391		214,867		168,750
Nonoperating income (expense): Investment income		15,165	6,124		2,940	1,007		18,105		7,131
I axes and subventions Interest and amortization of bond expenses, net of		35,709	34,706	•,	5,856	6,774		41,565		41,480
capitalized interest of \$10,406 and \$9,336 for the Water System and \$668 and \$420 for the Wastewater										
System in 2019 and 2018, respectively	(]	(103,157)	(103,931)		(16,417)	(16,788)	~	(119,574)		(120,719)
Increase (decrease) of equity in JFA partnership tund Other income		(c+c,c) 11,823	(1,452 (11,452		- 4,105	- 5,968		(c.92, c.) 15,928		(17,420
Total nonoperating income (expense), net	Ĵ	(44,005)	(55,029)		(3,516)	(3,039)	1	(47,521)		(58,068)
Income before capital contributions	1	138,309	86,330	25	29,037	24,352		167,346		110,682
Capital contributions		98,142	87,563	10	13,208	11,434		111,350		98,997
Change in net position	2	236,451	173,893	4	42,245	35,786		278,696		209,679
Total net position - beginning	1,32	1,320,779	1,239,163	305	309,111	289,220		1,629,890		1,528,383
Prior period adjustment per implementation of GASB 75			(92,277)		·	(15,895)	~	'		(108,172)
Prior period adjustment - Debt Refunding Changes in accounting estimates		(19,710) -		7) 7	(4,092) 4,478			(23,802) 4,478		
Total net position - ending	\$ 1,5,	1,537,520	\$ 1,320,779	\$ 35	351,742	\$ 309,111	s	1,889,262	s	1,629,890
•	c	•			н н		11 11			

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

			Water System		Wastewa	Wastewater System			Total		
		June 30 2019	June 30 2018		June 30 2019	June 30 2018		June 30 2019		June 30 2018	30 8
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers	S	527,334	\$ 483,207	\$	115,441	\$ 11	111,843	\$ 642,775	75 \$		595,050
Cash received from other income Cash maxments for indoments and claims		11,823	11,452		4,105		5,969 (207)	15,928	15,928		17,421 (5 188)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(55.693)	(23.379)		(26.990)	(3	(32.397)	(2,683)	(1) (83)		(55.776)
Cash payments to employees for services		(191,007)	(179,482)	े व	(31,888)	(2	(29,878)	(222,895)	<u> 395)</u>	0	209,360)
Net cash provided by operating activities		282,819	286,817		60,535	ŝ	55,330	343,354	354		342,147
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Tax receipts		35,709	34,706		5,856		6,774	41,565	365		41,480
Net cash provided by financing activities		35,709	34,706		5,856		6,774	41,565	365		41,480
Capital and related financing activities:											
Capital contributions		98,142	87,563		13,208	1	11,434	111,350	350		98,997
Proceeds from advances for construction		•	2,539	_	'			·			2,539
Payments from advances for construction		(4,682)			'			(4,6	(4,682)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,144	2,307	_				1,144	1,144		2,307
A contribution and constantion of control occurs		475,102	-	0	-	ç	- 10 00	471,124 1741,174	171	0	
Acquistition and construction of capital assets Drincinal retirement on long-term debt and commercial namer		(224,202)	(577,122)		(49,692)	00	(140,06)	(544,1/4)	(4)		(00/,200)
Costs and discounts from issuance on long-term debt		(299)			((299)		(o) ((o))
Interest paid on long-term debt		(122,960)	(102,509)	0	(20, 549)	(1	(16,721)	(143,509)	(605	0	(119, 230)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(174,305)	(401,920)	 ଗ	(65,597)	(2	(51,579)	(239,902)	02)	7	(453,499)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from securities		336 365	227.560	_	43.502	"	3,878	379,867	867		261 438
Expenitures from purchases of securities		(446,002)	(333,908)		(19,328)	, C	(31, 470)	(465,330)	30)		(365,378)
Interest received on investments		14,859	4,852	 	2,823		846	17,682	582		5,698
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(94,778)	(101,496)		26,997		3,254	(67,781)	781)		(98,242)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		49,445	(181,893)		27,791	1	13,779	77,236	36	Ð	(168,114)
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year		42,973	224,866		57,970	4	44,191	100,943	943		269,057
End of year	s	92,418	\$ 42,973	s	85,761	S	57,970	\$ 178,179	79 S		100,943
				11						(Co	(Continued)

		EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)	UNICIP IENTS & END LLARS II	EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS OR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)	DISTRIC WS 2019 AN	CT VD 2018						
		Water	Water System			Wastewater System	er Syst	ma		To	Total	
		June 30 2019		June 30 2018		June 30 2019		June 30 2018		June 30 2019		June 30 2018
Reconciliation of net operating (loss) income to net cash provided by	<u>م</u>											
operating activities:												
Net operating income (loss)	S	182,314	S	141,359	S	32,553	S	27,391	S	214,867	S	168,750
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net cash												
provided by operating activities:												
Pension expense		(14, 575)		(7,494)		(3,684)		(2,689)		(18, 259)		(10, 183)
OPEB expense		(2,807)		(945)		(505)		(208)		(3, 312)		(1, 153)
Depreciation on utility plant and vehicle		108,918		105,375		23,079		22,701		131,997		128,076
Depreciation within recreation area		1,428		1,518						1,428		1,518
Amortization on intangible assets		12,680		14,000		1,793		2,269		14,473		16,269
Amortization on deferred quality control services				'		(72)		(72)		(72)		(72)
Other income		11,823		11,452		4,105		5,968		15,928		17,420
Changes in assets/liabilities:												
Materials and supplies		(310)		(655)		(392)		'		(702)		(655)
Prepaid insurance		(103)		(215)		(2)		(248)		(105)		(463)
Customer receivables		(3,740)		(3,973)		(537)		(72)		(4, 277)		(4,045)
Other assets		(1,437)		2,427		(197)		161		(1,634)		2,588
OPEB liability		1		'		ı		1		1		•
Reserve for claims		(1,062)		3,720		(548)		(173)		(1,610)		3,547
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(10, 310)		20,248		4,942		302		(5,368)		20,550
Net cash provided by operating activities	S	282,819	÷	286,817	\$	60,535	s	55,330	S	343,354	s	342,147
Schedule of Non-cash Activities Change in Fair Market Value	S	1,299	s	(3,363)	÷	109	÷	(396)	s	1,408	\$	(3,759)
		See accompa	unying r	See accompanying notes to basic financial statements	nancial s	tatements						

EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND - PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	2019		2018
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents, at fair value (Note 2)	\$ 42	,729	\$ 41,196
Invested securities lending collateral (Note 2)	48	,857	47,104
Prepaid expenses		560	536
Receivables:			
Brokers, securities sold	1	,647	2,424
Employer	1	,674	1,360
Plan members		357	288
Interest, dividends and recoverable taxes	4	,300	 3,562
Total Receivables	7	,978	 7,634
Investments, at fair value (Note 2):			
U.S. government obligations	95	,799	107,464
Municipal bonds	1	,871	2,464
Domestic corporate bonds	342	,052	303,506
International bonds	23	,291	18,275
Domestic stocks	819	,025	777,595
International stocks	415	,642	418,576
Real estate	98	,133	 89,629
Total Investments	1,795	,813	 1,717,509
Total Assets	1,895	,937	1,813,979
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2	,757	2,167
Payables to brokers, securities purchased	11	,358	11,468
Securities lending collateral (Note 2)	48	,857	 47,104
Total Liabilities	62	,972	 60,739
Net position:			
Restricted for pension benefits	1,792	,124	1,716,478
Restricted for post-employment healthcare benefits	40	,841	 36,762
Total Net Position	\$ 1,832	,965	\$ 1,753,240

See accompanying notes to financial statements

EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND - PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	2019	2018
Additions:		
Contributions:		¢ 01.007
Employers	\$ 84,551 17.965	\$ 81,096
Plan members	17,865	17,079
Total contributions	102,416	98,175
Investment income:		
Net appreciation (depreciation)		
in fair value investments:		122.007
Traded securities Real estate	67,474 1,667	123,096 1,392
Interest	11,295	7,981
Dividends	17,785	22,218
Real estate operating income, net	1,245	1,166
Total investment income	99,466	155,853
Less:		
Investment expense	(4,993)	(4,037)
Borrowers' rebates and other agent fees		
on securities lending transactions	(1,219)	(1,467)
Net investment income	93,254	150,349
Total Additions, net	195,670	248,524
Deductions:		
Benefits paid	114,168	105,984
Refunds of contributions	267	393
Administrative expenses	1,510	1,551
Total Deductions	115,945	107,928
Changes in Net Position	79,725	140,596
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	1,753,240	1,612,644
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 1,832,965	\$ 1,753,240

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Primary Government

The East Bay Municipal Utility District (the District) was formed in May 1923 under the provisions of the Municipal Utility District Act of 1921, as amended in 1941. The District is comprised of two financially independent entities: the Water System and the Wastewater System. These two entities are governed by the same elected seven-member Board of Directors which determines such matters as rates and charges for services, approval of contracts, and District policies. The Water System provides administrative and other support services to the Wastewater System. These costs are charged to the Wastewater System.

B. Description of the Component Unit

The District's Employees' Retirement System (the Employees' Retirement System or the Plan) has been reported as a Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust fund (a fiduciary fund) in the accompanying basic financial statements and is discretely presented. The System provides retirement, disability, survivorship, and post-employment health insurance benefits for eligible directors, officers, and employees of the District. The System is administered by a Retirement Board composed of three members appointed by the Board of Directors of the District, two members elected by and from the active membership, and one (nonvoting) member elected by and from the retired membership of the System. Retirement Ordinance No. 40 (Ordinance) assigns the authority to establish Plan benefit provisions to the District's Board of Directors.

Copies of the audited financial statements of the Employees' Retirement System may be obtained by writing to the Controller, P.O. Box 24055, Oakland, CA 94623 or visit our website at http://www.ebmud.com.

C. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on a fund basis. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position, revenues, and expenses.

The basic financial statements include prior year comparative information. A complete presentation of the prior year information can be found in the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The District reports the following major proprietary (enterprise) funds:

The **Water System** is engaged in the collection, transmission, and distribution of water to communities within Alameda and Contra Costa counties of California.

The **Wastewater System** is engaged in the interception and treatment of wastewater from residences and industries in the California communities of Alameda, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, Piedmont, and the Stege Sanitary District.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary fund:

The **Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust** is used to account for the resources held by the Employees' Retirement System which provides retirement, disability, and survivorship benefits for eligible directors, officers, and employees of the District.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust fund is maintained to account for assets held by the Employees' Retirement System in a trustee capacity.

D. Basis of Accounting

Proprietary funds and the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust fund are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus, using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with operations are included on the balance sheet, and revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services. The District also recognizes wet weather facilities charges as operating revenue. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In addition, the accounting policies of the District conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America for water utilities. The accounts are maintained substantially in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts for Water Utilities followed by investor-owned and major municipally owned water utilities.

Balance Sheet – The balance sheet is designed to display the financial position of the District. The District's fund equity is reported as net position, which is broken down into three categories defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and related deferred inflows and outflows.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or law or regulations of other governments. It also pertains to constraints imposed by law or constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

• Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is the operating statement for proprietary funds. Revenues are reported by major source. This statement distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses and presents a separate subtotal for operating revenues, operating expenses, and other income.

E. Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Capital Assets

Utility Plant – at Original Cost

The cost of additions to utility plant and replacement of retired units of property are capitalized. Cost includes material, direct labor and fringe benefits, transportation, and such indirect items as engineering, supervision, and interest during construction based on the interest rate on outstanding debt of the system in the prior fiscal year as allowed by GASB 76. Repairs, maintenance, and minor purchases of equipment are charged to expenses as incurred.

The depreciated cost of capital assets, plus removal costs, less salvage, is charged to expense upon retirement.

Water Supply Management Program

Costs incurred in this program are debt funded and capitalized in construction in progress. These costs are transferred to utility plant upon completion of the project and depreciated over their useful life. Debt service costs on the debt used to finance the program are recovered in future through connection fees and rates and charges for service to those benefiting from the program.

Preliminary Survey and Investigation Costs

The District capitalizes initial costs incurred to study and evaluate certain potential long-term capital projects. These costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment upon completion of the project and are depreciated over the life of the asset. In the event the project is abandoned, these costs are expensed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Contract Water Rights

The District has contracted with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for water deliveries from the Central Valley Project (CVP) through February 2046 (Long Term Renewal Contract), with the anticipation of subsequent renewals of 40 year terms. Payments under the contract include reimbursement based on the amounts of water delivered to EBMUD of capital costs for CVP storage and conveyance facilities (EBMUD's current allocation is \$2,965) and the Operation & Maintenance Deficit (EBMUD's current balance is \$6,242). The Water Enterprise Fund capitalized the two components.

G. Depreciation

Depreciation of capital assets is computed on a straight-line basis using the estimated service lives of the related assets (5 to 100 years).

H. Restricted Assets

The District segregates cash and investments into funds that are "Restricted" and "Unrestricted." Funds are "restricted" when limitations on use of the resources are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provision or by enabling legislation. "Unrestricted" resources are committed by the Board of Directors through the passage of a resolution, or constrained for a specific purpose by committees or officials with authority delegated by the Board. The exception is the Reserve for Capital Projects which is anticipated but not committed or constrained to be used for the District's capital improvement program.

Unrestricted cash and investments are further categorized into Operating and Capital Reserves:

Operating Reserves:

- Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) reserve is established by Policy 4.02, as adopted by the Board of Directors in the biennial budget, to maintain at least 20% of projected annual water volume revenues for Water and at least 5% of annual operating and maintenance expenses for Wastewater. Funding of the RSF is consistent with the District's Bond indentures. In fiscal year 2014, the District combined the Rate Stabilization Fund referenced in the Bond indentures and the Contingency and Rate Stabilization Reserve referenced in Policy 4.02 into a single Rate Stabilization Fund reserve to enhance transparency.
- Working Capital reserve is established by Policy 4.02, as adopted by the Board of Directors in the biennial budget, to maintain at least three times the District's monthly net operating and maintenance expenses.
- Self-insurance reserve is established by Policy 4.02, as adopted by the Board of Directors in the biennial budget, to maintain a level based on the Actuarial Self-Insured Retention (SIR) funding recommendation for the following year's discounted loss and allocated loss adjustment expenses (ALAE) funding guidelines. Reserve amount should be calculated at a high (85%) confidence level. If an actuarial study is not available before close of the prior fiscal year end, the reserve shall equal 1.15 times the prior year reserve.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

• Workers' compensation reserve is established by Policy 4.02, as adopted by the Board of Directors in the biennial budget, to maintain a level based on the Actuarial SIR funding recommendation for the following year's discounted loss and ALAE funding guidelines. Reserve amount should be calculated at a high (85%) confidence level. If an actuarial study is not available before close of the prior fiscal year end, the reserve shall equal 1.15 times the prior year reserve.

Capital Reserves:

- Reserve for Capital Projects comprises the resources available for cash funding of the District's capital improvement program as projected in conjunction with the biennial budget.
- Reserve Funded CIP (Wastewater) balance is a specific designation [Board Motion No. 029-94] used to fund wet and dry weather eligible construction projects.
- Vehicle Replacement Fund [Board Motion No. 030-94] is financed by deposits based on internal user rate charges and used to reimburse operational expenditures and vehicle replacement purchases.
- Equipment Replacement Fund was established by the District with the implementation of the Wastewater Capacity Fees effective July 1, 1984. The balance in this account represents funds set aside for future wastewater department equipment replacements.

Restricted funds include the following:

- Debt funded construction funds are the proceeds of bond or commercial paper issues that are restricted for use on eligible projects in the District's capital program.
- Capitalized Interest fund is restricted by the District's bond indenture for the purpose of defraying that bond issue's debt service payments for a specified period.
- Bond Interest and Redemption fund is required, under the District's bond indentures, in order for the District to transfer funds to the Trustee for the payment of principal and interest on the outstanding bonds one business day prior to the date such payment is due. The District uses the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund to segregate funds accumulated for such payments. In addition, under certain of the interest rate swap agreements related to the District's outstanding bonds, the District is required to post collateral to the swap counterparty to the extent that the District's total exposure for termination payments under the swap agreement exceeds the threshold amount specified in the applicable swap agreement. The District also uses the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund to segregate District funds held by the applicable custodian to satisfy this collateral posting obligation.
- Debt Service Reserve fund is created and required to be maintained at a specified level in connection with certain series of the District's outstanding bonds. Amounts in a Bond Reserve Fund may only be used (a) for the payment of principal of and interest on the related series of bonds in the event the District fails to transfer the required payment from the related system Revenue Fund (the respective designated part of the General Fund) (b) for the payment of redemption of all of the related series of bonds then outstanding or (c) for the payment of the final principal and interest payments on the related series of bonds.
- Funds received for construction reflect advances received from applicants for work to be performed by the District and the unspent future water supply component of system capacity charges. This fund is used for the construction of major facilities, applicant requested services, and the design and construction of water supply improvement program projects.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- FERC partnership fund of \$2 million was established January 11, 1999, in compliance with Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) order which brought resolution to its Mokelumne River Proceeding. The District manages the fund and income derived from investing the funds to provide operating support to the Joint Settlement Agreement with US Fish and Wildlife and California Fish and Game to protect the Mokelumne River Ecosystem from Pardee Reservoir to the Delta. The principal and any unused earnings shall remain the property of the District and will revert to the District upon expiration of the agreement in March 2031 or upon withdrawal of any party to the agreement.
- Monetary Reserve represents money on deposit in the name of the District with the Automated Power Exchange Inc. (APX) in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Automated Power Exchange Inc. California Master Service Agreement of July 15, 1999, entered between the District and APX for the sale and purchase of electric power. The funds held on deposit shall be withdrawn by the Depository and Clearing Agent in the event that sufficient funds are not deposited in the District settlement account to cover power exchange transactions.

I. Deferred Amount on Bond Refunding's

Gains and losses incurred in connection with debt refunding transactions are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the new debt.

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

K. District Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Included in investment income (loss) is the net change in the fair value of investments, which consists of the realized gains or losses and the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of those investments.

Measurement of the fair value of investments is based upon quoted market prices, if available. The estimated fair value of investments that have no quoted market price is determined based on equivalent yields for such securities or for securities of comparable maturity, quality, and type as obtained from market makers.

Each of the financial instruments invested in by the District represents a potential concentration of credit risk. However, as the portfolio and the components of the various instruments are diversified, and issuers of securities are dispersed throughout many industries and geographic locations, the concentrations of credit risk are limited.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Retirement System Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities and bonds traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that have no quoted market price are reported at estimated fair value, which is determined based on yields equivalent for such securities or for securities of comparable maturity, quality, and type as obtained from market makers. Measurement of the fair value of real estate investments is estimated by the investment managers and reflects both internal and independent appraisals of real estate properties.

The System presents in the Statements of Changes in Plan Net Position the net change in the fair value of its investments, which consists of the realized gains or losses and the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on those investments. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Each of the financial instruments invested in by the System represents a potential concentration of credit risk. However, as the portfolio and the components of the various instruments are diversified and issuers of securities are dispersed throughout many industries and geographical locations, the concentrations of credit risk are limited.

The System invests in a combination of stocks, bonds, fixed income securities, real estate, and other investment securities. These investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate and market risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and those such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Plan Net Position.

Retirement Board policies permit the System to use investments of the Plan to enter into securities lending transactions, which are loans of securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return collateral for the same securities in the future. The System's securities custodian is an agent in lending the Plan's securities for cash collateral, U.S. government securities, and irrevocable letters of credit of 102% for domestic securities and 105% for international securities lent.

As of June 30, 2019, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the System owed the borrowers exceeded the amounts the borrowers owed the System. Contracts with the lending agent require them to indemnify the System under certain circumstances if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the System for income distributions by the securities issuers while the securities are on loan. The risk of any loss of collateral or investment of cash collateral (including a loss of income or principal, or loss of market value thereon) lies with the System, except for losses resulting from negligence or intentional misconduct of the agent in performing the duties allocated under the securities lending agreement with respect to collateral. During the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no violations of legal or contractual provisions, and no borrower or lending agent default losses known to the securities lending agent.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In lending securities, cash collateral is invested in the lending agent's short-term investment pool, which as of June 30, 2019, had a weighted average maturity of 35 days. The relationship between the maturities of the investment pool and the System's loans is affected by the maturities of the securities loans made by other entities that use the agent's pool, which the System cannot determine. Cash collateral may also be invested separately in term loans, in which case the maturity of the collateral investment generally matches the term of the loan. Noncash collateral cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower, although the average term of overall loans for the System was approximately 53 days. There are no dividends or coupon payments owing on the securities lent. Cash received as collateral on securities lending transactions is reported as an asset of the System with a corresponding liability.

As of June 30, 2019, the fair value of securities on loan was \$47,954. The total cash and noncash collateral held by the System's custodian to secure these securities on loan was valued at \$48,857 (all cash collateral).

M. Material and Supplies

Material and supplies inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the averagecost method.

N. Revenue

Water billings include charges for water flow, elevation, and a monthly meter charge. Customer water meters are read on a cyclical basis throughout a monthly or bimonthly period. Bills are rendered and revenue is recognized in the period that meters are read.

Wastewater treatment billings are a combination of flow, strength charges, and a monthly service charge. Customer bills are rendered on a cyclical basis throughout a monthly or bimonthly period, and revenue is recognized in the period in which bills are rendered.

Wet weather facilities charges are designed to finance the operating and capital costs related to wet weather sewage flows and are billed annually on the property tax bill.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Interest Rate Swap

The District enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on some outstanding debt. The net interest is recorded in the financial statements annually.

In June 2008, GASB issued Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments (GASB 53). The statement specifically requires governments to measure and report most derivative instruments at fair value in their financial statements that are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The requirement of reporting the derivative instruments at fair value on the face of the basic financial statements gives the users of those statements a clearer look into the risks their governments are sometimes exposed to when they enter into these transactions and how those risks are managed. The statement also addresses hedge accounting requirements and improves disclosures, providing a summary of the government's derivative instrument activity, its objectives for entering into derivative instruments, and their significant terms and risks. The District implemented GASB 53 in fiscal 2010.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Q. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 88 – *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, significant termination be provided for direct borrowings and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Classification

Reconciliations of cash and investments reported on the financial statements as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Water	Wastewater	
District Enterprise Funds:	System	System	Total
Cash and investments included in current assets	\$604,210	\$115,866	\$720,076
Cash and investments included in restricted investments	46,246	18	46,264
Total District cash and investments	650,456	115,884	766,340
Less investments	(558,038)	(30,123)	(588,161)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$92,418	\$85,761	\$178,179
	Pension Plan	Post-employment	
System Pension Trust Funds:	Benefits	Healthcare Benefits	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$41,794	\$935	\$42,729
Invested securities lending collateral	47,787	1,070	48,857
Retirement system investments	1,756,501	39,312	1,795,813
Total System cash and investments	¢1.046.00 2	¢ 41 217	\$1,887,399
	\$1,846,082	\$41,317	\$1,887,399

Reconciliations of cash and investments reported on the financial statements as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Water	Wastewater		
District Enterprise Funds:	System	System	Total	
Cash and investments included in current assets	\$441,259	\$112,249	\$553,508	
Cash and investments included in restricted investments	50,115	18	50,133	
Total District cash and investments	491,374	112,267	603,641	
Less investments	(448,401)	(54,297)	(502,698)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$42,973	\$57,970	\$100,943	
	Pension Plan	Post-employment		
System Pension Trust Funds:	Benefits	Healthcare Benefits	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$40,348	\$848	\$41,196	
Invested securities lending collateral	46,134	970	47,104	
Retirement system investments	1,682,125	35,384	1,717,509	
Total System cash and investments	\$1,768,607	\$37,202	\$1,805,809	

B. District Enterprise Fund Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District; and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the District's Investment Policy where the District's Investment Policy is more restrictive and provides information as to the limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration risk.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum in Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer/Fun
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	5 Years	N/A	up to 100%	N/A
U.S. Government Agency and				100/ 1
U.S. Government-Sponsored				40% in each
Enterprise Obligation	5 Years	N/A	up to 100%	Agency
State of California Local Agency			\$65,000	
Investment Fund (LAIF Pool)	N/A	N/A	per account	N/A
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	N/A	AAAm	20%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	AAAm	20%	5%
Certificates of Time Deposit	1Year	AA-	20%	\$250
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	AA-	20%	\$250
Commercial Paper	270 Days	A-1+ and A	20%	10%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	AA- and A	30%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	270 Days	N/A	20%	N/A
Municipal Bonds	5 Years	AA- and A	40%	20%
Municipal Notes	N/A	SP-1+	40%	20%

The District does not enter into reverse repurchase agreements.

C. District Enterprise Fund Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The District must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the District fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with District resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Minimum Credit Quality
Demonstrate Agenciente	Ton Form Chart Tonne Dating Category
Repurchase Agreements	Top Four Short Term Rating Category
U.S. Treasury Bonds, Notes and Bills	N/A
U.S. Government Agency and	
U.S. Government-Sponsored	
Enterprise Obligation	N/A
State Obligations	Not lower than the District's bond rating
Commercial Paper	Top Rating Category
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	FDIC insured or collateralised
Time Certificates of Deposits - Banks	
or Savings and Loans	FDIC insured or collateralised
Corporate Notes (up to 3 years)	Top Short-Term Rating Category
Corporate Bonds (longer than 3 years)	Not lower than District's bond rating
Variable Rate Obligations	Top Short-Term Rating Category
Cash Sweep Agreements	Top Rating Category
Guaranteed Investement Contract	Not lower than District's bond rating
Shares of Beneficial Interest	Top Rating Category

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Employees Retirement System Authorized Investment Strategy

The System's investment policies authorize the System to invest in financial instruments in three broad investment categories: equity, fixed income, and real estate. These financial instruments can include, but are not limited to, corporate bonds, commercial paper, U.S. government securities, common and preferred stock, real estate investment trusts, and mutual funds. Fixed income investments may include futures and options contracts in order to provide added flexibility in managing the fixed income portfolio. The following is a summary of the System investment policy adopted by the System on March 21, 2019.

The Retirement Board is authorized to designate multiple investment managers to manage the assets under their supervision subject to the laws of the State of California and the Investment Guidelines established by the Retirement Board. Allocation of assets to the investment managers are determined by the Retirement Board to accommodate changing conditions and laws.

On March 15, 2018, the System adopted an updated asset allocation, which is shown in the table below.

US Equity	25%
Non-US Equity	25%
Core Fixed-Income	20%
Non-Core Fixed Income	5%
Covered Calls	20%
Real Estate	5%

The Director of Finance is authorized to transfer assets from any asset class which varies from the long-term asset allocation goal by more than 3% at the end of two or more consecutive quarters, allocating the excess assets to a manager or group of managers with the exception of real estate managers. The Director of Finance is further authorized to withdraw assets from assigned managers as necessary to efficiently meet operating needs.

The core fixed income target allocation (20% of the total portfolio) will primarily consist of U.S. denominated fixed income securities.

The non-core fixed income target allocation (5% of the total portfolio) will primarily consist of U.S. denominated fixed income securities. It is expected that this allocation may have a material allocation to below investment grade securities.

The domestic equity allocation target (25% of the total portfolio) will consist of the allocation to securities that corresponds to the weight of securities within the Russell 3000 Index.

The covered calls target allocation (20% of the total portfolio) may consist of a combination of Chicago Board Options Exchange S&P 500 BuyWrite Index (the "BXM Index") replication strategy and/or active non-replication strategies and their underlying domestic equity portfolios

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The international equity target allocation (25% of the total portfolio) will consist of the allocation to securities that correspond to the weight of securities within the MSCI ACWI xUS Index for 10% of the total portfolio and of active strategies for 15% of the total portfolio.

The real estate target allocation (5% of the total portfolio) will consist of either equity (ownership) and/or fixed income participation in commercial, industrial, or residential properties. Investments may include interests in mortgages pools secured by loans of underlying properties.

The asset allocation does allow for the fact that at any time equity and fixed income managers may have transactional cash on hand and the District will maintain enough cash as working capital to effectively meet cash flow demands on the system. However, there is no specific allocation for cash as all investable cash is allocated to specific investment mandates.

E. Fair Value Hierarchy

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the District as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

District Enterprise Funds:

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the District as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Level 2	Total
Investments by Fair Value Level:		
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:		
Non-callable	\$32,770	\$32,770
Callable	471,620	471,620
Corporate Securities	70,455	70,455
Municipal Bonds	13,316	13,316
Total Investments at Fair Value	588,161	588,161
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Per Share: California Asset Management Program		72,665
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:		
California Local Agency Investment Fund		61,628
Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)		3,747
Total Investments		726,201
Cash in banks		40,139
Total District Cash and Investments		\$766,340

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

In fiscal year 2019, the U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agency securities totaled \$504,390, Corporate securities totaled \$70,455, and Municipal Bonds total \$133,16, are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the District as of June 30, 2018:

Investment Type	Level 2	Total
Investments by Fair Value Level:		
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:		
Non-callable	\$55,381	\$55,381
Callable	400,091	400,091
Corporate Securities	21,297	21,297
Municipal Bonds	25,928	25,928
Total Investments at Fair Value	502,697	502,697
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Per Share: California Asset Management Program		10,542
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:		
California Local Agency Investment Fund		60,372
Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)		8,676
Total Investments		52,287
Cash in banks		21,354
Total District Cash and Investments		\$603,641

In fiscal year 2018, the U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agency securities totaled \$455,472, Corporate securities totaled \$21,297, and Municipal Bonds total \$25,928, are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

System Pension Trust Fund:

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the Pension Trust Fund as of June 30, 2019:

Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments by Fair Value:				
Asset Backed Securities	\$ -	\$ 17,742	\$ -	\$ 17,742
Equities	651,192	-	87	651,279
Bank Loans	-	5,986	-	5,986
Commercial Mortage-Backed	-	9,542	-	9,542
Commercial Paper	-	369	-	369
Corporate Bonds	-	117,786	-	117,786
Corporate Convertible Bonds	-	236	-	236
Govt Agencies	-	24,943	-	24,943
Govt Bonds	-	28,311	-	28,311
Govt Issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed	-	37	-	37
Govt Mortage Backed Securities	-	38,430	-	38,430
Index Linked Govt Bonds	-	4,770	-	4,770
Municipal/Provincial Bonds	-	1,870	-	1,870
Non-Govt Backed CMO's	-	849	-	849
Other Fixed Income	-	30,079	-	30,079
Real Estate- Partnerships		-	46,191	46,191
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$ 651,192	\$ 280,950	\$ 46,278	978,420
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value: Comingled Funds and Other				817,393
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost: Invested Securities Lending Collateral				48,857
Investments Not Categorized: California Local Agency Investment Fund				4,958
Cash in Banks				37,771
Total System Cash and Investments				\$ 1,887,399

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, valued at \$651,192, are valued using quoted prices in active markets. \$280,950 of investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Investments totaling \$46,278 classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using appraisals and estimates by investment managers. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by our custodian bank.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the Pension Trust Fund as of June 30, 2018:

Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments by Fair Value:				
Asset Backed Securities		\$15,638		\$15,638
Equity Securities	\$633,179		\$630	633,809
Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities		9,808		9,808
Commercial Paper		5,340		5,340
Corporate Bonds		87,409		87,409
Government Agencies		36,639		36,639
Government Bonds		37,354		37,354
Government Mortgage - Backed Securities		30,117		30,117
Government Issued				0
Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities		44		44
Non-Government Backed				0
Commercial Mortgage Obligation		1,974		1,974
Index Linked Government Bonds		1,542		1,542
Municipal Bonds		2,463		2,463
Real Estate			37,231	37,231
Other Fixed Income		8,146		8,146
Short Term Bill and Notes		1,765		1,765
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$633,179	\$238,239	\$37,861	909,279
Investments Measure at Net Asset Value:				
Comingled Funds and Other				809,119
Investments Measure at Amortized Cost:				
California Local Agency Investment Fund				4,582
Invested securities lending collateral				47,104
Cash in banks				36,614
Total System Cash and Investments			_	\$1,806,698

During fiscal year 2018, investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, valued at \$633,179, are valued using quoted prices in active markets. \$238,239 of investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Investments totaling \$37,861 classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using appraisals and estimates by investment managers. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by our custodian bank.

F. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the market value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its market value to changes in market interest rates. The District generally manages its interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the market values of the District's and System's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity or earliest call date.

District Enterprise Funds:

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided in the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity or earliest call date for June 30, 2019:

	12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	
Investment Type	or less	Months	Months	Total
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies				
Non-callable	\$29,766	\$2,003	\$1,001	\$32,770
Callable	94,862	93,966	282,792	471,620
Corporate Securities	32,251	17,813	20,391	70,455
Municipal Bonds	7,145	5,672	499	13,316
Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	3,747			3,747
California Asset Management Program	72,665			72,665
California Local Agency Investment Fund	61,628			61,628
Total Investments	\$302,064	\$119,454	\$304,683	726,201
Cash in banks				40,139
Total District Cash and Investments				\$766,340

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided in the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity or earliest call date for June 30, 2018:

	12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	
Investment Type	or less	Months	Months	Total
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies				
Non-callable	\$46,131	\$9,250		\$55,381
Callable	169,200	118,490	\$112,401	400,091
Corporate Securities	18,329	2,968		21,297
Municipal Bonds	13,054	6,824	6,050	25,928
Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	8,676			8,676
California Asset Management Program	10,542			10,542
California Local Agency Investment Fund	60,372			60,372
Total Investments	\$326,304	\$137,532	\$118,451	582,287
Cash in banks				21,354
Total District Cash and Investments				\$603,641

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

System Pension Trust Fund:

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the Pension Trust Fund's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is date provided in the following table that shows the distribution of the System's investments by maturity or earliest call for June 30, 2019:

	Less than 12	12 to 72	72 to 120	More than	Maturity not	
Investment Type	Months	Months	Months	120 Months	Determined	Total
Asset Backed Securities	\$ -	\$ 9,138	\$ 6,857	\$ 1,747	\$ -	\$ 17,742
Equity Securities	651,279	-	-	-	-	651,279
Bank Loans	298	2,265	3,423	-	-	5,986
Commercial Mortage-Backed	-	740	275	8,527	-	9,542
Commercial Paper	369	-	-	-	-	369
Corporate Bonds	7,252	69,097	21,389	19,958	90	117,786
Corporate Convertible Bonds	97	139	-	-	-	236
Govt Agencies	149	4,325	15,604	4,865	-	24,943
Govt Bonds	1,136	9,739	8,176	9,260	-	28,311
Govt Issued Commercial Mortgage-Backed	-	37	-	-	-	37
Govt Mortage Backed Securities	-	3	1,893	36,534	-	38,430
Index Linked Govt Bonds	-	500	2,879	1,391	-	4,770
Municipal/Provincial Bonds	-	-	-	1,870	-	1,870
Non-Govt Backed CMO's	-	-	158	691	-	849
Other Fixed Income	1,406	28,673	-	-	-	30,079
Real Estate-Partnerships	-	-	-	-	46,191	46,191
Comingled Funds and Other	155				817,238	817,393
Total System Investments	\$ 662,141	\$ 124,656	\$ 60,654	\$ 84,843	\$ 863,519	\$ 1,795,813

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the Pension Trust Fund's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is date provided in the following table that shows the distribution of the System's investments by maturity or earliest call for June 30, 2018:

					Maturity	
	Less than 12		72 to 120	More than 120	not	
Investment Type	Months	12 to 72 Months	Months	Months	Determined	Total
Asset Backed Securities	\$7	\$10,182	\$3,230	\$2,219		\$15,638
Equity Securities	633,809					633,809
Commercial Mortgage						
-Backed Securities			401	9,407		9,808
Commercial paper	5,340					5,340
Corporate Bonds	8,412	49,198	15,631	14,168		87,409
Government Agencies		10,044	23,099	3,496		36,639
Government Bonds	189	9,635	17,025	10,505		37,354
Government Mortgage						
-Backed Securities		3	994	29,120		30,117
Government Issued Commercial Mortgage						
-Backed Securities		44				44
Non-Government Backed						
Collateralized Mortgage Obligation			153	1,821		1,974
Index Linked Government Bonds			1,542			1,542
Municipal Bonds		706		1,757		2,463
Mutual Funds					809,119	809,119
Real Estate					37,231	37,231
Other Fixed Income		8,146				8,146
Short Term Bills and Notes	1,765				. <u> </u>	1,765
Total System Investments	\$649,522	\$87,958	\$62,075	\$72,493	\$846,350	\$1,718,398

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District and System are participants in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. They report their investment in LAIF at the market value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. On June 30, 2019, these investments matured in an average of 180 days.

The System's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations to a greater degree than already indicated above as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Highly Sensitive Investments		Value at ear End
Government Mortgage - Backed Securities	\$	38,430
Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities		9,542
Government Issued Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities		37
	Fair	Value at
Highly Sensitive Investments	Ye	ear End
Government Mortgage - Backed Securities	\$	30,117
Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities		9,808
Government Issued Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities		44

G. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical credit rating organization.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

District Enterprise Funds:

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2019 for each investment type as provided by Moody's.

Investment Type	Aaa	Aal	Aa2	Aa3	Total
U.S. Government-Sponsored					
Non-Callable	\$32,770				\$32,770
Callable	471,620				471,620
Corporate Securities	2,314	\$63,660		\$4,481	70,455
Muncipal Bonds	2,629		\$500	278	3,407
Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	3,747				3,747
Totals	\$513,080	\$63,660	\$500	\$4,759	581,999
Not rated by Moody's:					
Muncipal Bonds					9,909
California Local Agency Investment Fund					61,628
California Asset Management Program					72,665
Cash in Banks				-	40,139
Total District Cash and Investments				_	\$766,340

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2018 for each investment type as provided by Moody's.

Investment Type	Aaa	Aal	Aa2	Aa3	Total
U.S. Government-Sponsored					
Non-Callable	\$55,381				\$55,381
Callable	400,091				400,091
Corporate Securities	11,143	\$2,968		\$7,186	21,297
Muncipal Bonds	2,616		\$496	5,241	8,353
Mutual Funds (U.S. Securities)	8,676				8,676
Totals	\$477,907	\$2,968	\$496	\$12,427	493,798
Not rated by Moody's:					
Muncipal Bonds					17,575
California Local Agency Investment Fund					60,372
California Asset Management Program					10,542
Cash in Banks					21,354
Total District Cash and Investments					\$603,641

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

System Pension Trust Fund:

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2019 for each investment type as provided by Moody's.

nicedy 5.	·						~	U.S. Government		
Investment Type	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Ba	В	Caa	Guaranteed	Not Rated	Total
Asset Backed Securities	\$ 9,395	\$ 1,029	\$ 310	\$ 87	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,921	\$ 17,742
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	651,279	651,279
Bank Loans	-	-	-	400	2,548	1,998	-	-	1,040	5,986
Commercial Mortgage - Backed Securities	5,042	-	-	526	-	-	-	-	3,974	9,542
Commercial Paper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	369	369
Corporate Bonds	3,549	11,893	46,360	19,819	19,104	13,976	1,185	-	1,900	117,786
Corporate Convertible Bonds	-	-	-	-	139	97	-	-	-	236
Government Agencies	24,595	-	-	348	-	-	-	-	-	24,943
Government Bonds	27,968	-	-	343	-	-	-	-	-	28,311
Government Issued Commercial Mortgage										
- Backed Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	37
Government Mortgage - Backed Securities	-	111	-	-	-	-	-	37,969	350	38,430
Index Linked Government Bonds	4,770	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,770
Municipal Bonds	-	1,763	-	-	-	-	-	-	107	1,870
Non-Government Backed CMO's	469	121	38	147	-	-	-	-	74	849
Other Fixed Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,079	30,079
Real Estate - Partnerships	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,191	46,191
Comingled Funds and Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	817,393	817,393
Total System Investments	\$ 75,788	\$ 14,917	\$ 46,708	\$ 21,670	\$ 21,791	\$ 16,071	\$ 1,185	\$ 38,006	\$ 1,559,677	\$ 1,795,813

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2018 for each investment type as provided by Moody's.

						U.S. Governmnet		
Investment Type	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Ba	Guaranteed	Not Rated	Total
Asset Backed Securities	\$8,280	\$499	\$630	\$189	\$184		\$5,856	\$15,638
Equity Securities							633,809	633,809
Commercial Mortgage								
-Backed Securities	5,094			513			4,201	9,808
Commercial paper							5,340	5,340
Corporate Bonds	3,390	11,789	45,581	23,965	2,255		429	87,409
Government Agencies	33,643			1,333		\$1,663		36,639
Government Bonds	35,917	315	808	314				37,354
Government Mortgage								
-Backed Securities			217			29,505	395	30,117
Government Issued Commercial Mortgage								
-Backed Securities						44		44
Non-Government Backed								
Collateralized Mortgage Obligation	1,517		88	349			20	1,974
Index Linked Government Bonds	1,542							1,542
Municipal Bonds		2,333					130	2,463
Mutual Funds							809,119	809,119
Real Estate							37,231	37,231
Other Fixed Income							8,146	8,146
Short Term Bills and Notes			·			1,765		1,765
Total System Investments	\$89,383	\$14,936	\$47,324	\$26,663	\$2,439	\$32,977	\$1,504,676	\$1,718,398

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

H. Concentration Risk

Significant District investments in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U. S. Treasury securities, LAIF, and mutual funds, are set forth below as of June 30, 2019:

District Enterprise Funds:

Reporting Unit	Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount
District-Wide			
	FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	\$133,649
	FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	50,668
	FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	245,614
	FFCB	Federal Agency Securities	73,959
Major Funds:			
Water System			
	FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	121,926
	FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	239,129
	FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	46,235
	FFCB	Federal Agency Securities	71,644
Wastewater System			
	FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	11,723
	FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	4,433
	FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	6,485

Significant District investments in the securities of any individual issuers, other than U. S. Treasury securities, LAIF, and mutual funds, are set forth below as of June 30, 2018:

Reporting Unit	Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount
District-Wide			
	FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	\$206,007
	FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	89,818
	FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	88,663
	FFCB	Federal Agency Securities	69,271
Major Funds:			
Water System			
	FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	184,926
	FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	83,082
	FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	72,607
	FFCB	Federal Agency Securities	66,975
Wastewater System			
-	FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	21,081
	FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	17,212
	FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	5,580

District Enterprise Funds:

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

System Pension Trust Fund:

As of June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018, the System did not have investments in any one organization exceeding 5% of the System's investments.

The District held demand deposits (overdrafts) amounting to \$4,941 and \$4,793 on behalf of the System as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The financial institution which holds these deposits is required by state law to maintain collateral pools against all public deposits they hold.

I. Foreign Currency Risk

System Pension Trust Fund:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the fair values of an investment or deposit.

Presented below in US dollars is the fair market value of the System's foreign investments at June 30, 2019:

	Equit	Equity Securities		
Foreign Currency	Inves	tment Type		
Euro	\$	92,700		
British Pound Sterling		33,678		
Japanese Yen		28,915		
Hong Kong Dollar		19,130		
South Korean Won		10,605		
Swiss Franc		8,140		
Danish Krone		5,530		
Canadian Dollar		5,147		
Australian Dollar		4,382		
Norwegian Krone		3,333		
Indonesian Rupiah		2,487		
Singapore Dollar		1,849		
Thai Baht		206		
Total	\$	216,102		

The Fund's investment policy permits it to invest 20% of total investment on foreign currency denominated investments. The Fund's current position is 12.03%.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Presented below in US dollars is the fair market value of the System's foreign investments at June 30, 2018:

Foreign Currency	Equity Securities Investment Type
Euro	\$91,660
British Pound Sterling	35,464
Japanese Yen	30,051
Hong Kong Dollar	18,447
Swiss Franc	10,609
South Korean Won	9,355
Canadian Dollar	7,864
Danish Krone	5,611
Singapore Dollar	1,614
Australian Dollar	3,160
Norwegian Krone	4,272
Indonesian Rupiah	1,597
Swedish Krona	1,080
Thai Baht	1,591
Mexican Peso	861
Total	\$223,236

The Fund's investment policy permits it to invest 20% of total investment on foreign currencydenominated investments. The Fund's prior year position is 13%.

J. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *cash on deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the District or System will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District and System invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to increase security, the District and System employ the Trust Department of a bank or trustee as the custodian of certain District and System managed investments, regardless of their form.

As of June 30, 2019, and 2018, the System's brokers/dealers held \$0 in cash exposed to custodial credit risk.

K. Joint Powers Authority

DSRSD/EBMUD Regional Water Authority - On June 28, 1995, the Dublin San Ramon Service District (DSRSD) and East Bay Municipal Utility District (District) entered into a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) and established the DSRSD/EBMUD Recycled Water Authority (DERWA) with the purpose of creating a recycled water program in the San Ramon and Livermore-Amador Valleys. The JPA governing body is not substantially the same as the District and its independent Board consists of two directors each from the DSRSD and District. The JPA books and records are being maintained separately from DSRSD and the District. The DSRSD and District made member contributions to fund the JPA start-up and continue to fund capital projects at the request of the JPA on an as needed basis. Although DERWA has a significant relationship with the District, DERWA does not provide services solely to the District, and therefore is not considered a component unit of the District.

Freeport Regional Water Authority - The Freeport Regional Water Project (FRWP) is a regional water supply project undertaken by the District in partnership with the Sacramento County Water Agency (SCWA). In February 2002, with the support of the United States Bureau of Reclamation, the District and SCWA formed the Freeport Regional Water Authority (FRWA) under a joint powers agreement to develop the FRWP. The FRWP provides the permanent infrastructure to allow the District to receive water deliveries pursuant to the Long-Term Renewal Central Valley Project Contract at a new point of diversion along the Sacramento River. In addition to providing the District up to 100 MGD of supplemental water in dry years, the FRWP can provide up to 85 MGD to SCWA in all years. The District's share of the facilities is recorded as Investment in JPA and is presented on the balance sheet. To increase the District's reserve of water supply due to the recent drought, the District activated the pumping of water from the Sacramento River via the Freeport facility during Fiscal Year 2015.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Summary

The District capitalizes all assets with a historical cost of at least \$5 and a useful life of at least three years. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all customers over the life of these assets, so that each customer's bill includes a pro rata share of the cost of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of depreciable capital assets.

Depreciation of all capital assets in service, excluding land, is charged as an expense against operations each year and the total amount of depreciation taken over the years, called accumulated depreciation, is reported on the balance sheet as a reduction in the book value of the capital assets.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation, which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Utility plant:	Years
Source of supply	25-100
Raw water transmission and storage	20-100
Interception and outfall	60-75
Pumping	25-75
Treatment	20-75
Distribution	25-75
Power Generation	25-75
Equipment	5-20
Plant Structures	25-75
Other	5-40

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Additions and Retirements

Capital assets activity for all business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2018	Additions and Transfers, net	Retirements and Transfers, net	Balance at June 30, 2019
Water System:		110001010, 1100	114121012, 1100	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$61,958	\$5,916		\$67,874
Rights-of-way	3,043			3,043
Construction in progress - Land/Rights of Way	178	5,919	(\$5,916)	181
Construction in progress	472,268	288,149	(237,679)	522,738
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	537,447	299,984	(243,595)	593,836
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	244,400	2,581		246,981
System and improvements	4,790,942	211,992	(15,109)	4,987,825
Machinery and equipment	112,450	13,561	(3,719)	122,292
Intangible Assets	349,942	9,545		359,487
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:	5,497,734	237,679	(18,828)	5,716,585
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(112,373)	(5,658)		(118,031)
System and improvements	(1,423,291)	(85,842)	1,815	(1,507,318)
Machinery and equipment	(66,927)	(6,165)	3,402	(69,690)
Intangible Assets	(292,570)	(12,680)		(305,250)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,895,161)	(110,345)	5,217	(2,000,289)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	3,602,573	127,334	(13,611)	3,716,296
Water System capital assets, net	\$4,140,020	\$427,318	(\$257,206)	\$4,310,132
Wastewater System: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Rights-of-way Construction in progress - Land/Rights of Way	\$21,166 191 327	\$52 (145)	(\$52)	\$21,218 191 130
Construction in progress	43,619	50,110	(25,667)	68,062
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	65,303	50,017	(25,719)	89,601
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:	·		<u>, </u>	i
Buildings and improvements	87,522	3,038		90,560
System and improvements	974,320	21,757	(1,793)	994,284
Machinery and equipment	14,217	872		15,089
Intangible Assets	38,496			38,496
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:	1,114,555	25,667	(1,793)	1,138,429
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(39,851)	(1,575)		(41,426)
System and improvements	(388,286)	(18,760)		(407,046)
Machinery and equipment	(9,430)	(951)		(10,381)
Intangible Assets	(26,404)	(1,793)		(28,197)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(463,971)	(23,079)		(487,050)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	650,584	2,588	(1,793)	651,379
Wastewater System capital assets, net	\$715,887	\$52,605	(\$27,512)	\$740,980
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$4,855,907	\$479,923	(\$284,718)	\$5,051,112
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NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets activity for all business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2017	Additions and Transfers, net	Retirements and Transfers, net	Balance at June 30, 2018
Water System:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$61,465	\$495	(\$2)	\$61,958
Rights-of-way	3,043			3,043
Construction in progress - Land/Rights of Way	178	495	(495)	178
Construction in progress	405,179	321,703	(254,614)	472,268
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	469,865	322,693	(255,111)	537,447
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	242,094	2,306		244,400
System and improvements	4,572,260	236,676	(17,994)	4,790,942
Machinery and equipment	104,516	11,359	(3,425)	112,450
Intangible Assets	345,669	4,273		349,942
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:	5,264,539	254,614	(21,419)	5,497,734
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(106,756)	(5,617)		(112,373)
System and improvements	(1,343,831)	(82,103)	2,643	(1,423,291)
Machinery and equipment	(64,754)	(5,173)	3,000	(66,927)
Intangible Assets	(278,570)	(14,000)		(292,570)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,793,911)	(106,893)	5,643	(1,895,161)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	3,470,628	147,721	(15,776)	3,602,573
Water System capital assets, net	\$3,940,493	\$470,414	(\$270,887)	\$4,140,020
Wastewater System:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$21,094	\$72		\$21,166
Rights-of-way	191	Ф <i>Т</i> <u>–</u>		191
Construction in progress - Land/Rights of Way	311	88	(\$72)	327
Construction in progress	56,924	30,026	(43,331)	43,619
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	78,520	30,186	(43,403)	65,303
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	85,248	2,274		87,522
System and improvements	938,262	38,329	(2,271)	974,320
Machinery and equipment	13,290	927		14,217
Intangible Assets	36,695	1,801		38,496
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:	1,073,495	43,331	(2,271)	1,114,555
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(39,193)	(1,658)		(40,851)
System and improvements	(370,428)	(17,858)		(388,286)
Machinery and equipment	(8,516)	(914)		(9,430)
Intangible Assets	(24,134)	(2,270)		(26,404)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(442,271)	(22,700)		(464,971)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		20,631	(2,271)	649,584
Wastewater System capital assets, net	\$709,744	\$50,817	(\$45,674)	\$714,887
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$4,650,237	\$521,231	(\$316,561)	\$4,854,907
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NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

C. Construction in Progress

Construction in Progress in fiscal 2018-2019 comprises:

We for the second	Expended to Date
Water System:	# 07 (20)
Treatment Plant Upgrades	\$86,638
Pipeline Infrastructure Renewals	47,944
Reservoir Rehab/Maintenance	43,092
Open Cut Reservoir Rehab	40,835
Summit Pressure Zone Improve	35,785
Large Diameter Pipelines	25,774
Pumping Plant Rehabilitation	22,614
Faria PZI (formerly Purdue)	17,224
Additional Supplemental Supply Projects	17,221
Trench Soils Storage Sites	16,734
Service Lateral Replacements	11,744
Maloney PZ Improvements	9,060
Raw Water Studies and Improves	9,035
SRV Recycled Water Program	8,990
Mok Aqu No 2 & 3 Relining Projects	8,682
West of Hills Master Plan	8,290
Pipeline Relocations	7,134
Adm Bldg Modifications	7,002
Water Conservation Project	5,827
Water Capital Costs Misc.	5,433
Other Construction Projects	<u> </u>
Wastewater System:	
3rd St Sewer Interceptor Rehab	\$11,205
Concrete Rehab at SD1	9,166
Digester Upgrade	8,065
Treatment Plant Infrastructure	6,648
Routine Cap Equip Replacement	5,443
PS Q FM Dual-Mode Operation	3,911
Infiltration/Inflow Control Project	3,331
MWWTP Master Planning	2,919
Resource Recovery Project	2,793
Treatment Plant Infrastructure Phase 2	2,723
PGS Engine Overhaul	1,782
Interceptor Corrosion Prevent	1,374
MWWTP Pwr Dist System Upgrade	1,207
Pump Station M Improvements	1,105
Seismic Retrofits	924
Other Construction Projects	5,596
	\$68,192
Total District Construction in Progress	\$591,111

At June 30, 2019, the District's remaining current major project commitments are estimated to be \$86,882 for the Water System and \$16,089 for the Wastewater System.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Construction in Progress in fiscal 2017-2018 comprises:

WTITP WTP Improvements55,000Reservoir Rehab/Maintenance37,941Summit Pressure Zone Improve32,622Open Cute Reservoir Rehab31,781Pumping Plant Rehabilitation28,595Large Diameter Pipelines24,565Additional Supplemental Supply Projects15,855Faria PZ1 (formerly Purdue)14,737Treatment Plant Updgrades14,410Reservoir Tower Modifications13,599Raw Water Studies and Improves12,655Water Conservation Project9,249Service Lateral Replacements8,155SRV Recycled Water Program7,199Water Capital Costs Mise.6,655Pipeline Relocations62,233West of Hills Master Plan6,167Trench Soils Storage Sites5,200Mok Aqu No. 2 & 3 Relining Project42,833Vest of Hills Master Plan6,167Treatment Plant Infrastructure\$7,6793rd Street Sewer Interceptor Rehab5,988PS Q FM Dual-Mode Operation4,863Treatment Plant Infrastructure Phase 24,073Jögester Updgrade3,800Infiltration/Inflow Control Project2,837Resource Recovery Project2,092WWWTP Master Planning1,663Order Lage Engine Overhaul5,818So Interceptor Relocation High Street544Other Construction Projects2,538So Interceptor Relocation High Street544Other Construction Projects2,511So Interceptor Relocation High Street <t< th=""><th>instruction in Progress in fiscal 2017-2018 comprises:</th><th>Expended to Date</th></t<>	instruction in Progress in fiscal 2017-2018 comprises:	Expended to Date
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\$43,946	· ·	
	Other Construction Projects	
	Total District Construction in Progress	\$516,392

At June 30, 2018, the District's remaining current major project commitments are estimated to be \$52,328 for the Water System and \$14,130 for the Wastewater System.

NOTE 4 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE & ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2019 and 2018 consist of:

	Water S	Water System		Wastewater System		Total	
	June 30,	June 30, June 30,		June 30, June 30,		June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Accounts payable	\$24,490	\$35,966	\$7,341	\$3,304	\$31,831	\$39,270	
Accrued salaries	3,853	2,965	642	548	4,495	3,513	
Other	21,214	21,689	1,251	951	22,465	22,640	
Total	\$49,557	\$60,620	\$9,234	\$4,803	\$58,791	\$65,423	

NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, are included on the balance sheet in accounts payable and accrued expenses. In previous years, trends have shown that the District employees utilize the accruals annually, therefore, amounts payable are accrued and reported as a current liability on the financial statements.

The changes in compensated absences were as follows:

	Water System		Wastewa	ter System	Total	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Beginning Balance Additions	\$28,506 31,761	\$26,545 30,153	\$4,827 5,325	\$4,130 5,137	\$33,333 37,086	\$30,675 35,290
Payments	(30,985)	(28,192)	(4,928)	(4,440)	(35,913)	(32,632)
Ending Balance	\$29,282	\$28,506	\$5,224	\$4,827	\$34,506	\$33,333

NOTE 6 – COMMERCIAL PAPER NOTES

The District's Board of Directors has authorized the issuance of short-term indebtedness of the District in a maximum principal amount of up to the lesser of either the average of the total annual revenue for the three preceding years or 25% of the District's total outstanding bonds. Under this authority the District has established two commercial paper programs: an extendable commercial paper program and a traditional commercial paper program. The proceeds from the issuance of commercial paper under these programs are restricted as to use. Under the programs, which must be authorized by the Board of Directors every seven years by resolution subject to the right of referendum, the Water System or the Wastewater System may issue commercial paper and bank notes at prevailing interest rates for periods of not more than 270 days from the date of issuance. The programs were last authorized on April 28, 2015.

NOTE 6 – COMMERCIAL PAPER NOTES (Continued)

The District initially established its extendable commercial paper program in March 2009. Under the extendable commercial paper program, no liquidity support agreement with a commercial bank is needed. Instead, the District limits the term of the extendable commercial paper to 120 days, and the investor agrees to extend the maturity of their investment by 150 days at a higher interest rate in the event of a failed remarketing, giving the District sufficient time to find a replacement investor or refund the extendable commercial paper with a different form of debt to repay the investor.

As of June 30, 2019, \$0 million in Water Series and \$15.0 million in Wastewater Series extendable commercial paper notes were outstanding under this program. The Wastewater Series included the term of 70 days and an interest rate of 1.37% as of June 30, 2019, and the term of 58 days and an interest rate of 1.28% as of June 30, 2018.

The District established its current traditional commercial paper program in December 2015. As of June 30, 2019, \$359.8 million in Water Series and \$0 in Wastewater Series commercial paper notes were outstanding under this program. The Water Series commercial paper notes included the terms of 28 to 94 days and interest rates ranging from 1.24% to 1.60% as of June 30, 2019, and the terms of 26 to 146 days and interest rates ranging from 1.19% to 1.69% as of June 30, 2018.

To provide liquidity for the Water Series notes issued under the traditional commercial paper program, the District maintains two liquidity support facilities with commercial banks: a standby letter of credit in the amount of \$200,000,000 and a revolving credit agreement in the amount of \$160,000,000. Borrowings by the Water System for commercial paper notes and bank notes under the traditional commercial paper program cannot exceed the aggregate amount available under these agreements. Drawings under the liquidity support facilities are restricted to pay principal on maturing Water Series commercial paper notes. There were no borrowings under the liquidity support facilities as of June 30, 2019. The liquidity support facilities expire on December 1, 2020 and November 30, 2021, respectively, and are subject to extension at the request of the District upon agreement by the issuing bank.

There were no unused proceeds of commercial paper notes as of June 30, 2019. It is the District's practice to use the commercial paper programs as a portion of the District's long-term variable rate debt exposure.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Composition and Changes

The District generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The District's debt issues and transactions are summarized below and discussed in detail thereafter.

The District's debt issues and transactions during fiscal year 2018-2019 are summarized below.

	Original Issue Amount	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019	Amount due within one year
Water System Revenue Bonds:						
Subordinated Series 2008 A	\$222 525	\$105 0 50			¢105.050	
1.55% variable rate, due 6/1/38 Subordinated Series 2010 A	\$322,525	\$105,250			\$105,250	
	102 820	4 4 9 0		\$2,200	2 000	\$2,000
3.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/36 Subordinated Series 2010 B	192,830	4,480		\$2,390	2,090	\$2,090
5.87%, due 6/1/40	400.000	400.000			400.000	
Series 2012 A	400,000	400,000			400,000	
5.00%, due 6/1/37	191,750	81,750			81,750	
Series 2012 B	191,750	81,750			81,750	
1.00 -5.00%, due 6/1/26	358,620	214,850		36,110	178,740	45,160
Series 2013 A	556,620	211,000		50,110	170,710	10,100
5.00%, due 6/1/21	48,670	21,600		6,820	14,780	7,195
Series 2014 A	,	, • • •		•,•=•	,,	,,=,=
3.00-5.00%, due 6/1/35	128,315	128,315			128,315	
Series 2014 B	-)	- ,			- ,	
2.00-5.00%, due 6/1/30	242,730	225,410		8,425	216,985	8,720
Series 2014 C						
5.00%, due 6/1/44	75,000	75,000			75,000	
Series 2015 A						
4.00-5.00%, due 6/1/37	429,360	429,360			429,360	
Series 2015 B						
4.00-5.00%, due 6/1/45	74,335	74,335			74,335	
Series 2015C						
4.00-5.00%, due 6/1/45	110,715	110,715			110,715	
Series 2017 A						
3.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/45	185,355	185,355			185,355	
Series 2017 B						
3.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/37	309,665	303,475		6,345	297,130	
Series 2019 A						
5.00%, due 6/1/49	161,820		161,820		161,820	2,270
Total water long-term bonds		2,359,895	161,820	60,090	2,461,625	65,435

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Original Issue Amount	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019	Amount due within one year
Wastewater System Revenue Bond	s:					
Subordinated Series 2010 A						
2.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/29	\$58,095	\$5,295		\$2,615	\$2,680	\$2,680
Subordinated Series 2010 B						
5.03 - 5.18%, due 6/1/40	150,000	150,000			150,000	
Series 2012 A						
5.00%, due 6/1/37	20,000	20,000			20,000	
Series 2014 A						
2.00 - 5.00%, due $6/1/31$	82,150	67,570		4,635	62,935	6,100
Series 2015 A-1						
5.00%, due 6/1/37	54,805	54,805			54,805	
Series 2015 A-2						
5.00%, due 6/1/38	13,565	13,565			13,565	
Series 2015 B	2 505	2 210		1.65	0.145	150
2.10 - 3.35% , due 6/1/30 Series 2017 A	2,795	2,310		165	2,145	170
4.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/37	69,420	66,530		2,955	63,575	1,910
Total wastewater long-term bonds		380,075		10,370	369,705	10,860
Total long-term bonds		2,739,970	161,820	70,460	2,831,330	76,295
Water Loans:						
State Water Resources Control Bod	ard					
2004 Upper San Leandro Reservoir Project						
2.51%, due 1/1/24	\$2,188	\$713		\$123	\$590	\$126
2008 East Bayshore, Recycled Water Project						
2.40%, due 4/1/28	20,100	11,087		994	10,093	1,018
2018 South Reservoir Replacement						
Project						
1.70%, due 7/1/28	2,260	2,260		58	2,202	59
Total water loans		14,060		1,175	12,885	1,203
Total long-term loans		14,060		1,175	12,885	1,203
Commercial Paper (see Note 6)						
Water System Commercial Paper		359,800	2,287,565	2,287,565	359,800	
Wastewater System Commercial Paper		15,000	76,500	76,500	15,000	
······································					,	
Total commercial paper		374,800	2,364,065	2,364,065	374,800	
Amount due within one year		(71,635)	(5,863)		(77,498)	
Add: Unamortized premium, net		260,105	64,579	23,544	301,140	
Total long-term liabilities, net		\$3,317,300	\$2,584,601	\$2,459,244	\$3,442,657	\$77,498

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

The District's debt issues and transactions during fiscal year 2017-2018 are summarized below.

	Original Issue Amount	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2018	Amount due within one year
Water System Revenue Bonds:						
Subordinated Series 2008 A						
1.31 variable rate, due 6/1/38	\$322,525	\$105,250			\$105,250	
Subordinated Series 2010 A						
3.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/36	192,830	7,020		\$2,540	4,480	\$2,390
Subordinated Series 2010 B						
5.87%, due 6/1/40	400,000	400,000			400,000	
Series 2012 A						
5.00%, due 6/1/37	191,750	81,750			81,750	
Series 2012 B						
1.00-5.00%, due 6/1/26	358,620	249,450		34,600	214,850	36,110
Series 2013 A						
5.00%, due 6/1/21	48,670	28,065		6,465	21,600	6,820
Series 2014 A						
3.00-5.00%, due 6/1/35	128,315	128,315			128,315	
Series 2014 B						
2.00-5.00%, due 6/1/30	242,730	233,450		8,040	225,410	8,425
Series 2014 C						
5.00%, due 6/1/44	75,000	75,000			75,000	
Series 2015 A						
4.00-5.00%, due 6/1/37	429,360	429,360			429,360	
Series 2015 B						
4.00-5.00%, due 6/1/45	74,335	74,335			74,335	
Series 2015 C						
4.00-5.00%, due 6/1/45	110,715	110,715			110,715	
Series 2017 A						
3.00-5.00%, due 6/1/45	185,355	185,355			185,355	
Series 2017 B						
3.00-5.00%, due 6/1/37	309,665	309,665		6,190	303,475	6,345
Total water long-term bonds		2,417,730		57,835	2,359,895	60,090

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Original Issue Amount	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2018	Amount due within one year
Wastewater System General						
Obligation Bonds:						
Series G 5.00%, due 4/1/18	\$14,160	\$3,515		\$3,515		
		\$5,515		\$5,515		
Wastewater System Revenue Bond Subordinated Series 2010 A						
2.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/29 Subordinated Series 2010 B	58,095	7,805		2,510	\$5,295	\$2,615
5.03 - 5.18%, due 6/1/40	150,000	150,000			150,000	
Series 2012 A						
5.00% , due 6/1/37	20,000	20,000			20,000	
Series 2014 A						
2.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/31 Series 2015 A-1	82,150	72,040		4,470	67,570	4,635
5.00%, due 6/1/37	54,805	54,805			54,805	
Series 2015 A-2						
5.00%, due 6/1/38	13,565	13,565			13,565	
Series 2015 B 2.10 - 3.35%, due 6/1/30	2,795	2,475		165	2,310	165
Series 2017 A	2,795	2,475		105	2,510	105
4.00 - 5.00%, due 6/1/37	69,420	69,420		2,890	66,530	2,955
Total wastewater long-term bonds		393,625		13,550	380,075	10,370
Total long-term bonds		2,811,355	161,820	71,385	2,739,970	70,460
Water Loans:						
State Water Resources Control Bo	ard					
2004 Upper San Leandro Reservoir Project						
2.51%, due 1/1/24	\$2,188	\$833		\$120	\$713	\$123
2008 East Bayshore, Recycled Water Project						
2.40%, due 4/1/28	20,100	12,058		971	11,087	994
2018 South Reservoir Replacement						
Project 1.70%, due 7/1/28	2,260		\$2,260		2,260	58
Total water loans		12,891		1,091	14,060	1,175
Total long-term loans		12,891		1,091	14,060	1,175
Commercial Paper (see Note 6)						
Water System Commercial Paper		359,800	2,043,600	2,043,600	359,800	
Wastewater System Commercial Paper		15,000	76,500	76,500	15,000	
Total commercial paper		374,800	2,120,100	2,120,100	374,800	
Amount due within one year		(72,476)	841		(71,635)	
Add: Unamortized premium, net		286,067		25,962	260,105	
Total long-term liabilities, net		\$3,412,637	\$2,282,761	\$2,218,538	\$3,317,300	\$71,635

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

B. Description of the District's Long-Term Debt Issues

General obligation and revenue bonds are generally callable at future dates. The general obligation bonds are repaid from property taxes levied on property within the District.

Revenue-supported debt can be authorized by the District's Board of Directors, subject to a referendum process.

The net revenues of the Water System are pledged toward the repayment of the Water Revenue Bonds and the State Water Resources Control Board Parity Loans of the Water System. The net revenues of the Wastewater System are pledged toward the repayment of the Wastewater Revenue Bonds of the Wastewater System.

The District is subject to certain revenue bond covenants on outstanding debt which require the setting of rates and charges to yield net revenues of the respective Water System or Wastewater System, as applicable, equal to at least 110% of the current annual debt service requirements for all revenue bonds and other parity obligations of the respective Water System or Wastewater System. The District has designated \$119.1 million (\$95.0 million for the Water System and \$24.1 million for the Wastewater System) of operating reserves as a rate stabilization fund, which is available to satisfy the coverage requirements for debt service in future years. There have never been any draws for this purpose.

Upon the occurrence and continuation of an event of default under the Water System Revenue Bond Indenture or Wastewater System Revenue Bond indenture, the principal amounts of (and accrued interest on) the respective system's revenue bonds can be accelerated and declared immediately due and payable by the registered bondholders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding bonds upon written notice delivered to the District. Failure to pay debt service when due and the occurrence of certain insolvency or bankruptcy-related events are events of default. Failure to observe or perform the covenants and agreements under the Indenture for a period of 60 days after written notice of such failure is given to the District is also an event of default unless the District has taken all action reasonably possible to remedy such failure within 60 days and the District diligently proceeds to remedy the failure. A default by the District under any agreement governing parity debt which continues after the applicable grace period, if any, is also an event of default.

Water Issuance During the Year

2019 Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2019A (Green Bonds) – The District issued \$161.8 million principal amount of Series 2019A Bonds on June 27, 2019, to provide moneys to finance and/or to reimburse to the District for certain costs of improvements to the Water System and to pay costs of issuance in connection with the Series 2019A Bonds. The Series 2019A Bonds are special obligations of the District and are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of Subordinated Water Revenue. Principal payments commence on June 1, 2020 and are payable annually on June 1 thereafter. Interest payments are payable on June 1st and December 1st of each year, commencing December 1, 2019.

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

2018 South Reservoir Replacement Project Loan – The District entered into a \$18.9 million loan agreement with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) to fund construction for the South Reservoir Replacement Project. The project will replace the existing South Reservoir with 8.5 MG partially buried concrete reservoir to meet demand and increase system reliability. As of June 30, 2019, this project is still in progress and the District has received \$2.3 million out of \$18.95 million from SWRCB. The District intends to request additional disbursements for project expenses under the loan agreement in the fiscal year following June 30, 2019. The loan repayments are payable solely from Operating Revenues. Interest payments on the outstanding loan balance commenced on July 1, 2018 and principal payments commenced on January 1, 2019. Principal and interest are payable semi-annually thereafter.

2018 MacArthur Davenport Pipeline Replacement Project Loan – The District entered into a \$18.0 million loan agreement with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) to fund construction for the MacArthur Davenport Pipeline Replacement Project. The project will re-align part of the transmission main and install approximately 7,000 feet of 8-inch and 10,900 feet of 24-inch steel water pipes away from the Hayward fault reducing the likelihood of failure during a seismic event. The existing 20-inch pipeline crosses the Hayward fault in several locations. This project was completed in June 2019. As of June 30, 2019, the District has not received any disbursements from SWRCB. The District intends to request disbursements for project expenses under the loan agreement in the fiscal year following June 30, 2019. The loan repayments are payable solely from Operating Revenues.

C. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements for fiscal year 2018-2019, including the swap payments discussed in F., are shown below for the above debt issues:

Ending	Ending Water System		Wastewate	r System	Total			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2020	\$66,638	\$121,636	\$10,860	\$18,364	\$77,498	\$140,000		
2021	68,617	118,438	10,955	17,875	79,572	136,313		
2022	71,540	115,239	11,480	17,329	83,020	132,568		
2023	75,001	111,815	12,010	16,757	87,011	128,572		
2024	78,257	108,176	12,575	16,158	90,832	124,334		
2025 - 2029	442,806	480,430	71,730	70,806	514,536	551,236		
2030 - 2034	560,078	359,295	90,780	51,187	650,858	410,482		
2035 - 2039	708,520	210,751	116,620	26,144	825,140	236,895		
2040 - 2044	317,901	63,868	31,595	2,082	349,496	65,950		
2045 - 2049	85,152	8,488	1,100	40	86,252	8,528		
Totals	\$2,474,510	\$1,698,136	\$369,705	\$236,742	\$2,844,215	\$1,934,878		

Annual debt service requirements for fiscal year 2017-2018, including the swap payments discussed in F., are shown below for the above debt issues:

Ending	Water Sys	tem	Wastewater S	bystem	Total			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$61,265	\$116,440	\$10,370	\$18,851	\$71,635	\$135,291		
2020	64,368	113,511	10,860	18,364	75,228	131,875		
2021	66,057	110,427	10,955	17,875	77,012	128,302		
2022	68,851	107,357	11,480	17,329	80,331	124,686		
2023	72,176	104,069	12,010	16,757	84,186	120,826		
2024 - 2028	407,873	464,798	68,635	74,231	476,508	539,029		
2029 - 2033	513,362	353,576	86,495	55,490	599,857	409,066		
2034 - 2038	648,068	218,294	110,325	31,696	758,393	249,990		
2039 - 2043	374,689	66,196	56,790	4,877	431,479	71,073		
2044 - 2045	97,246	5,812	2,155	123	99,401	5,935		
Totals	\$2,373,955	\$1,660,480	\$380,075	\$255,593	\$2,754,030	\$1,916,07		

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Interest payments on debt subject to swap agreements were calculated using the variable rates at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

D. Prior-Year Defeasances

In prior years, the District defeased certain debt issues by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, and 2018, \$318 million of the bonds outstanding are considered defeased, respectively.

E. Variable Rate Debt

The District has a number of bond issues with variable interest rates. The Water Series 2008A Bonds are subject to purchase on the demand of the holder with seven days prior notice at a price equal to the principal plus accrued interest. The remarketing agent is authorized to use its best efforts to sell the repurchased bonds at a price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount by adjusting the interest rate. In the event that they are not sold, under Standby Bond Purchase Agreements (SBPAs) issued by banks for the above variable rate debt issues, the trustee or the remarketing agent is entitled to draw an amount sufficient to pay the purchase price of delivered bonds. The District is required to pay an annual commitment fee to the banks issuing SBPAs. Expiration dates of these SBPAs are presented below by debt issue. In addition, the remarketing agent receives an annual fee of seven basis points of the outstanding principal amount of the bonds.

	Standby	Standby Purchase Agreement Terms					
Issue	Expiration Date	Interest Rate	Interest Rate Swap				
Water System Revenue							
Subordinated Bonds:							
Series 2008A-1	12/9/2019	Reset Weekly	See below				
Series 2008A-2	11/24/2021	Reset Weekly	See below				
Series 2008A-3	11/24/2021	Reset Weekly	See below				
Series 2008A-4	12/9/2019	Reset Weekly	See below				

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

F. Interest Rate Swap Agreements

The District has entered into a number of matched interest rate swap contracts with providers in which the District contracted to pay a fixed rate on the nominal amount of outstanding bonds, in exchange for a floating rate payment, set monthly on the first day of each calendar month for its LIBOR based swaps. The combination of variable rate bonds and a floating-rate swap creates synthetic fixed-rate debt for the District. The synthetic fixed rate on the bonds protects the District against increases in short-term interest rates. The terms, fair value, and credit risk of each of the swap agreements are discussed below.

Term and credit risks. The terms and credit ratings of the outstanding swaps, as of June 30, 2019, are included below. The District's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to follow scheduled reductions in the associated bonds.

Related Bond Issue	Notional Amount	Date	Counterparty	Counterparty Credit Ratings (Moody's/ S&P)	Issuer Pays	Issuer Receives	Maturity/ Termination Date
2008A Water System Refunding Bonds	37,240	6/2/2005	JP Morgan Chase & Co.	Aa2/A+	3.115%	62.3% of 30- day LIBOR	6/1/2038
2008A Water System Refunding Bonds	37,240	6/1/2011	Bank of America National Assoc.	Aa2/A+	3.115%	62.3% of 30- day LIBOR	6/1/2038
2008A Water System Refunding Bonds	16,195	6/1/2012	Merrill Lynch Capital Services	A2/A-	3.115%	62.3% of 30- day LIBOR	6/1/2038
2008A Water System Refunding Bonds	14,575	9/25/2008	The Bank of New York Mellon	Aa2/AA-	3.115%	62.3% of 30- day LIBOR	6/1/2038

The effect of these transactions is structured to result in the approximate equivalent of the District paying a fixed rate on the bonds, since the inflow of payments from the LIBOR based swaps are anticipated to approximate the outflow of payments on the variable rate bonds. Only the net difference in interest payments to the swap providers is made under the swap contracts.

NOTE 7 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Fair value. The fair value of the swaps takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon discounting method. This method calculates the future payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the LIBOR swap yield curve are the market's best estimate of future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for a hypothetical zero-coupon rate bond due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps. The fair values of each swap at June 30, 2019 and 2018, are included below:

Related Bond Issuance		alue
	2019	2018
2008A Water System Refunding Bonds	(\$26,819)	(\$18,256)

Credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the District was not exposed to credit risk on its outstanding swaps because the swaps had a negative fair value of \$26.8 million. The District faces a maximum possible loss equivalent to the swaps' fair value. However, if interest rates increase and the fair value of the swaps were to become positive, the District would be exposed to credit risk.

The District will be exposed to interest rate risk only if the counterparty to the swap defaults or if the swap is terminated. The swap agreements contain provisions that determine if and when the District or the counterparty must provide collateral. The agreements require full collateralization of the fair value of the swap should the counterparty's credit rating fall below a certain threshold. As of June 30, 2019, the District was not required to provide collateral to any swap counterparty.

Basis risk. Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the District on underlying variable rate bonds to bondholders temporarily differs from the variable swap rate received from the applicable counterparty. The District is exposed to basis risk as the District receives payments based on LIBOR rates to offset the actual variable interest rate the District pays on its bonds. The District is exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the District pays on the bonds. Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost of the basis risk may vary. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District has a cumulative average basis difference on its swaps of a positive 19 basis points (the District received more from its swap floating rate payment than it pays out on its variable rate debt).

Termination risk. The District or the counterparty may terminate if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the swap contract. The District will be exposed to variable rates if the providers to the swap contracts default or if the swap contracts are terminated as it will lose the hedge provided by the swap. A termination of the swap contracts may also result in the District's making or receiving a termination payment based on market interest rates at the time of the termination. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the District would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Swap payments and associated debt. Using rates as of June 30, 2019, debt service requirements of the District's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments are as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. These payments below are included in the Debt Service Requirements at C. above:

For the Year Ending	Variable-Ra	ite Bonds			
June 30	June 30 Principal Interest		Interest	Total	
2020		\$1,631	\$1,705	\$3,336	
2021		1,630	1,704	3,334	
2022		1,631	1,705	3,336	
2023		1,630	1,705	3,335	
2024		1,631	1,705	3,336	
2025 - 2029		8,152	8,524	16,676	
2030 - 2034	\$49,125	6,282	6,568	61,975	
2035 - 2039	56,125	1,341	1,402	58,868	
Totals	\$105,250	\$23,928	\$25,018	\$154,196	

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities and deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets and any related deferred outflows and inflows.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the District cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and fees charged for the provision of future water resources.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

A. Description

The Employees' Retirement System is a single-employer, contributory, defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) which provides retirement, disability, survivorship, and post-employment healthcare benefits for eligible directors, officers, and employees of the District. The Plan is administered by a Retirement Board composed of three members appointed by the District's Board of Directors and two members elected by and from the active membership of the Plan, and a nonvoting member elected by the retirees of the Plan. Retirement Ordinance No. 40 assigns the authority to establish Plan benefit provisions to the District's Board of Directors. A stand-alone financial report of the Employees' Retirement System is available. Please send request to the Controller, Accounting Division, P.O. Box 24055, Oakland, CA 94623-1055 or visit the District website at http://www.ebmud.com.

All regular full-time employees of the District are members of the Plan in addition to certain job share and intermittent employees. In accordance with the ordinance governing the System, eligible employees become members on the first day they are physically on the job. Members become vested in the Plan after five years of continuous full-time employment. Vested members who terminate employment may elect a refund of their contributions or leave them in the Plan until eligible to receive benefits.

The Plan is funded by contributions from its members and from the District. District contribution percentages are recommended by the Retirement Board; employee contribution rates are established by the Board of Directors pursuant to the Ordinance, giving consideration to actuarial recommendations and prospective changes in factors which affect funding.

B. Retirement Benefits and Allowances

There are two tiers in effect currently, the 1980 Plan and the 2013 Plan. Employees who became Members of the retirement system prior to January 1, 2013, or who have reciprocal Membership are in the 1980 Plan, Employees who became Members on or after January 1, 2013 are in the 2013 Plan.

1980 Plan Members may elect voluntary reduced service retirement upon attaining the age of 54 and completing 5 years of continuous full-time employment. Members may elect voluntary unreduced service retirement upon attaining the age of 62 and completing 5 years of continuous full-time employment or age 65 without restriction. Members who continue to work upon attaining the normal retirement age of 65 continue to contribute to the Plan, and at the time they retire, computation of their retirement allowance is based upon their compensation and length of service as of the date of retirement. Service retirement allowances are computed by formulas specified in the Ordinance and are based on date of employment, length of employment, age at date of retirement, and compensation earned during employment.

2013 Plan Members may elect voluntary reduced service upon attaining the age of 52 and completing 5 years of continuous full-time employment. Members may elect voluntary unreduced service retirement upon attaining the age of 67 and completing 5 years of continuous full-time employment. Members who continue to work upon attaining the normal retirement age of 67 continue to contribute to the Plan, and at the time they retire, computation of their allowance is based upon their compensation and length of service as of the date of retirement. Service retirement allowances are computed by formulas specified in the Ordinance and are based on length of service, age at retirement, and compensation earned during employment.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

C. Post-employment Healthcare Cost

In addition to retirement benefits, the District provides post-employment health benefits assistance (administered by the Employees' Retirement System) for employees who retire from the District or their surviving spouses. As of June 30, 2019, there were 1,591 participants receiving these health care benefits.

Effective July 1, 1996, a 20-year vesting schedule for full benefits was implemented for all new participants. Effective January 1, 1999, retired members who had separated from the District prior to their retirement who has at least 10 years of service also became eligible for the post-employment health benefits based on the same sliding scale. The scale provides for 25% of healthcare benefits for service from 5 through 10 years, 50% of healthcare benefits for service from 10 through 15 years, 75% of healthcare benefits for service from 15 through 20 years, and 100% of healthcare benefits for service of 20 years or more. Effective July 1, 2003, the District reimbursed up to \$450 per month (\$550 per month effective July 1, 2004, for membership of a spouse or registered domestic partner) for any health, dental, or long-term care insurance premiums paid by the retiree for themselves, current spouse, or domestic partner, or any health, dental, or long-term care insurance premiums paid by the eligible surviving spouse of a retiree. These benefits are paid from a separate post-employment healthcare benefits fund which up until June 17, 2002, was advance funded entirely by the District on an actuarially determined basis. Cash reimbursement of these benefits totaled \$8,650 in the year ended June 30, 2019. Effective June 18, 2002, a portion of the post-employment healthcare benefits costs is recovered through employee contributions.

Through June 30, 1999, the medical premium subsidy was not a vested benefit and the District reserved the right to modify or terminate the benefit at any time. If the medical subsidy were terminated, assets accumulated from contributions made for the subsidy would be used to provide other pension benefits. Effective July 1, 1999, the medical premium subsidy became a vested benefit to a maximum of \$200 per month, was changed effective October 1, 2000, to a maximum of \$250 per month, and was changed effective July 1, 2002, to a maximum of \$400 per month per month, and was changed effective July 1, 2002, to a maximum of \$450 per month, and was changed again effective July 1, 2004, to a maximum of \$450 per month and \$550 per month for membership of a spouse or registered domestic partner.

D. Actuarial Assumptions and Funding Policy

The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic District contributions at actuarially determined amounts sufficient to accumulate the necessary assets to pay benefits when due as specified by ordinance. The individual entry age normal method is used to determine the normal cost for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and service cost for pension, and the OPEB unfunded actuarial accrued liability (past service liability) is amortized as a level percentage of future payroll over 30 years open period.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

District adopted contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

1980 Plan:	
Pension plan:	
Employer service cost	15.56%
Toward unfunded pension liability	22.30%
Other post-employment benefits:	
Employer normal cost	1.14%
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	4.18%
2013 Plan	
Pension plan:	
Employer service cost	8.81%
Toward unfunded pension liability	22.43%
Other post-employment benefits:	
Employer normal cost	0.74%
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	4.18%

District adopted contribution rates for fiscal year 2019-2020 are as follows:

1980 Plan:	
Pension plan:	
Employer service cost	15.56%
Toward unfunded pension liability	22.30%
Other post-employment benefits:	
Employer normal cost	1.14%
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	4.18%
2013 Plan	
Pension plan:	
Employer service cost	8.81%
Toward unfunded pension liability	22.43%
Other post-employment benefits:	
Employer normal cost	0.74%
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	4.18%

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing the costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

A summary of the actuarial assumption as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	June 30, 2018 Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll Plan changes, assumption changes, and experience gains/losses prior to July 1, 2011 are amortized over separate decreasing 30-year amortization periods. On or after July 1, 2011, plan changes are amortized over separate decreasing 15-year periods; assumptions changes are amortized over separate decreasing 25 year periods; experience gains/losses are amortized over separate decreasing 20 year periods.
Assets valuation method	Market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the of the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 30% of the market value.
Actuarial assumptions:	
Net Investment Return Average projected salary increases* Inflation rate Cost-of-living adjustments	 7.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses. Ranges from 3.75% to 9.25% based on years of service* 2.75% 3.00% per annum
Mortality	Pre-retirement: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. After Service Retirement and All Beneficiaries: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females.
	After Disability Retirement: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward nine years for males and females.

*Includes inflation of 2.75% plus across the board salary increase of 0.50% plus merit and promotional increases.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

E. Contributions Required and Contributions Made

Contributions for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, based on the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation (latest available and includes amounts for post-employment healthcare benefits), were as follows:

		2019						2018		
		Healthcare								
		Benefit								
	P	ension		Plan		To	otals			
Regular contributions:										
District contributions	\$	74,033	\$	10,518	\$	84,551	\$	81,096		
Member contributions		17,641		184		17,825		17,026		
		91,674		10,702		102,376		98,122		
Other contributions:										
Member buybacks		40		-		40		53		
	\$	91,714	\$	10,702	\$	102,416	\$	98,175		

Regular District and member contributions in fiscal year 2019 represent an aggregate of 41.38% and 8.74% of covered payroll, respectively. The District's contributions include amounts for postemployment healthcare benefits at a rate of 5.10% of covered payroll, determined by the actuarial dated June 30, 2018. The actual payroll for the District employees covered by the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$204,331 which was 90.61% of the total District payroll of \$225,512.

The total District contribution \$84,551 in regular contributions (\$30,506 for normal cost and service cost) also includes \$54,045 for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Regular District and member contributions in fiscal year 2018 represent an aggregate of 41.70 % and 8.78% of covered payroll, respectively. The District's contributions include amounts for post-employment healthcare benefits at a rate of 5.36% of covered payroll, determined by the actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017. The actual payroll for the District employees covered by the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$194,498 which was 91.10% of the total District payroll of \$213,505.

The total District contribution of \$81,096 as of June 30, 2018, in regular contributions (\$29,576 for normal cost and service cost; also includes \$51,520 for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability).

Member buyback contributions relate to prior years' service credits for Plan participants. The Plan was amended in 1998 for limited temporary construction workers and in 2003 for intermittent employees to allow current members, who previously worked for the District in a status which did not qualify for membership in the System, to establish retirement service credit for prior service with payments over a period of two to eight years.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

F. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (i.e., the Plan's liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 68 less the fiduciary net position) as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 is as shown below:

	2019			2018
Total Pension Liability	\$	2,220,978	\$	2,068,015
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,716,478)		(1,716,478) (1	
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$	504,500	\$	487,459
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a				
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		77.28%		76.43%
Covered Payroll	\$	193,717	\$	182,032
Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		260.43%		267.79%

Actuarial valuation of the ongoing System involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Employers' net pension liability presents multi-year trend information about whether the plan fiduciary net positions are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability. These schedules are presented in the Required Supplementary Information section. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 and are not adjusted or rolled forward to the June 30, 2019 and 2018 reporting dates, respectively.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense as follows:

	Water		Wastewater		 Total
Contirbutions made after measurement date	\$	(63,371)	\$	(10,662)	\$ (74,033)
Current year changes in the net pension liability:					
Service cost		34,692		5,944	40,636
Interest on total pension liability		127,480		21,842	149,322
Member contributions		(14,394)		(2,466)	(16,860)
Projected earnings on investments		(97,472)		(16,701)	(114,173)
Difference in expected and actual earnings		(5,677)		(973)	(6,650)
Other		4,167		(668)	 3,499
Total current year activity		48,796		6,978	 55,774
Total pension expense		(14,575)		(3,684)	 (18,259)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	Water		Water Wastewater		Water		Was	tewater
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	63,371	\$	10,662	\$	-	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		35,556		6,092		12,236		2,096
Changes of assumption		27,932		4,786		-		-
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportioante share of contributions		1,424		16		16		1,424
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		35,168		6,026
Total	\$	128,283	\$	21,556	\$	47,420	\$	9,546

A total of \$74,033 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as net deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30	 Water	Was	ste wate r
2020	\$ 15,936	\$	1,855
2021	8,976		1,048
2022	(13,460)		(2,549)
2023	3,276		520
2024	2,764		474

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for each major asset class are summarized below:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Large Cap Equity	22.5%	5.32%
Domestic Small Cap Equity	2.5%	6.07%
Developed Internantional Large	20.0%	6.67%
Cap	20.0%	0.0770
Emerging Market Equity	5.0%	8.87%
Core Bond	20.0%	1.04%
High-Yield Bond	2.5%	3.31%
Bank Loan	2.5%	3.14%
Real Estate	5.0%	4.68%
Covered Calls	20.0%	4.00%
Total	100.0%	

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2019 and 7.25% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long- term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of both June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Changes in net pension liability for fiscal year 2018-19 were as follows:

Changes in het pension naointy for fiscar year 2018-19				se (Decreas	e)	
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Liability Net Position		•	
Beginning Balance	\$	2,068,015	\$	1,580,556	\$	487,459
Changes Recognized during the Measurement Period:						
Service cost		40,636		-		40,636
Interest on total pension liability		149,324		-		149,324
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		48,581		-		48,581
Changes of assumptions		12,484		-		12,484
Contributions from the employer		-		71,221		(71,221)
Contributions from the employee		-		16,860		(16,860)
Net investment income		-		147,424		(147,424)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contribution	r	(98,062)		(98,062)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(1,521)		1,521
Net Changes during the Measurement Period		152,963		135,922	_	17,041
Ending Balance	\$	2,220,978	\$	1,716,478	\$	504,500

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the following table presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Discount		1% Increase
		(6.00) (7.00%)			(8.00%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	790,475	\$	504,500	\$	266,514

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

G. Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (The Plan's liability determined according to GASB 75) as of June 30, is shown below:

		2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability	\$	167,770	\$ 167,894
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	(36,762)	 (32,088)
Employer Net OPEB Liability	\$	131,008	\$ 135,806
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		21.91%	19.11%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. They are the same as the assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 funding actuarial valuation except the discount rate is calculated as a blend of the investment return on plan assets and municipal bond rate in accordance with GASB 75, and implicit subsidy benefit payments are based on the age-based costs. The net OPEB liability is measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 and is not adjusted or rolled forward to the June 30, 2018 reporting dates.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

A summary of the actuarial assumption as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	June 30, 2018 Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll Plan changes, assumption changes, and experience gains/losses prior to July 1, 2011 are amortized over separate decreasing 30-year amortization periods. On or after July 1, 2011, plan changes are amortized over separate decreasing 15-year periods; assumption changes are amortized over separate decreasing 25-year periods; and experience gains/losses are amortized over separate decreasing 20-year periods.
Assets valuation method	Market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 30% of the market value.
Actuarial assumptions:	
Net Investment Return	5.59%, net of investment and administrative expenses.
Average projected salary increases*	•
Inflation rate	2.75%
Health Care Trend	Non-Medicare: 7.00% graded to ultimate 4.50% over 10 years Medicare: 6.50% graded to ultimate 4.50% over 8 years
HIB increases	0.00%
Mortality	Pre-retirement: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. After Service Retirement and All Beneficiaries: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. After Disability Retirement: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward nine years for males and females.

*Includes inflation of 2.75% plus across the board salary increase of 0.50% plus merit and promotional increases.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin.

The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for each major asset class are summarized below:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Large Cap Equity	22.5%	5.32%
Domestic Small Cap Equity	2.5%	6.07%
Developed Internantional Large	20.0%	6.67%
Cap	20.0%	0.0770
Emerging Market Equity	5.0%	8.87%
Core Bond	20.0%	1.04%
High-Yield Bond	2.5%	3.31%
Bank Loan	2.5%	3.14%
Real Estate	5.0%	4.68%
Covered Calls	20.0%	4.00%
Total	100.0%	

The municipal bond rates used to determine the blended discount rate, as discussed below, were 3.87% and 3.58% which are based on the 20-year municipal bond rate for the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

The discount rates used to measure the total OPEB liability were 5.59% and 5.53% as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates for the \$450/\$550 HIB Subsidy excluding the implicit subsidy that will continue to be paid on a pay-as-you-go basis. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments for current plan members through June 30, 2043. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments (7.00%) was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through June 30, 2043, and the 20-year municipal bond rate (3.87%) to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Change in Net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2018-19 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		L	t OPEB .iability = (a) - (b)
Beginning Balance	\$	167,894	\$	32,088	\$	135,806
Changes Recognized during the Measurement Period:						
Service cost		4,827		-		4,827
Interest on total OPEB liability		9,265		-		9,265
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(3,299)		-		(3,299)
Changes of assumptions		(527)		-		(527)
Contributions from the employer		-		9,875		(9,875)
Contributions from the employee		-		219		(219)
Net investment income		-		2,925		(2,925)
Administrative expenses		-		2,075		(2,075)
Benefit payments, including implicit subsidies*		(10,390)		(10,390)		-
Other**		-		(30)		30
Net Changes during the Measurement Period		(124)		4,674		(4,798)
Ending Balance	\$	167,770	\$	36,762	\$	131,008

* Sum of cash benefit payments (\$8,315) and estimated implicit subsidy benefit payments (\$2,075)

** The total employer contribuions for estimated implicit subsidy

In accordance with GASB 75 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, the following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 5.59% as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.59%) or 1-percentage point higher (6.59%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease Current Discount				6 Increase		
		(4.59)	(5.59%)		(5.59%)			(6.59%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	147,858	\$	131,008	\$	116,549		

Additionally, in accordance with GASB 75 regarding disclosure of the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the trend rate (only applied to implicit subsidy and not the \$450/\$550 cash subsidy), the following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the trend rate of 7.00% as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00% graded to ultimate 4.50% over 10 years) or 1- percentage-point higher (6.50% graded to ultimate 4.50% over 8years) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Trend	1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	128,460	\$	131,008	\$	133,877	

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Components of OPEB Expense for fiscal year 2018-19 were as follows:

	Water			stewater	Total
Contirbutions made after measurement date	\$	(9,003)	\$	(1,515)	\$ (10,518)
Current year changes in the net OPEB liability:					
Service cost		4,121		706	4,827
Interest on total OPEB liability		7,909		1,355	9,264
Member contributions		(187)		(32)	(219)
Projected earnings on investments		(1,556)		(267)	(1,823)
Difference in expected and actual earnings		(188)		(32)	(220)
Other		(3,903)		(720)	 (4,623)
Total current year activity		6,196		1,010	 7,206
Total OPEB expense		(2,807)		(505)	 (3,312)

Components of deferred outflows and resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Defe	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	<u> </u>	Wate r	Was	Was te wate r		Vater	Was	ste wate r	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	9,003	\$	1,515	\$	-	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		-		-		3,235		554	
Changes of assumption		-		-		3,683		631	
Change in proportion and difference between employer contributions and proportioante share of contributions		155		-		-		155	
Net diferrence between projected and actual earnings on									
OPEB plan investments		-		-		1,933		331	
Total	\$	9,158	\$	1,515	\$	8,851	\$	1,671	

\$10,518 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as net deferred outflows and resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended					
June 30	 Water	Was te wate r			
2020	\$ (2,346)	\$	(453)		
2021	(2,346)		(453)		
2022	(2,346)		(453)		
2023	(1,352)		(259)		
2024	(306)		(53)		

NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

I. Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA)

Assembly Bill 340 (AB 340) created the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) that implemented new benefit formulas and final compensation periods, as well as new contribution requirements for new employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who meet the definition of new member under PEPRA.

The table below provides the details of the PEPRA pension contribution provisions.

Benefit Formula	2.5% at Age 67
Final Compensation Period	Average of last 3 years
Employer Normal Cost Contribution Rate as a percentage payroll	8.81% of Reportable Compensation
Member Normal Cost Contribution Rate as a percentage of payroll	8.75% of Reportable Compensation

The employer contribution rate listed above was in effect until June 30, 2019. In accordance with the provisions of AB 340, the member contribution rate shown above was set at 50 percent of the expected total normal cost rate for the benefits that will apply to new members on January 1, 2013. The total normal cost rate used for this calculation is 17.56% of payroll for new members.

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has purchased commercial insurance for general, property, public officials' liability and workers' compensation. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$1,432 for current year coverage.

The District's liability, property, and workers' compensation risks are insured by commercial insurance carriers, all of which are subject to the District's self-insurance retentions, which vary by type of coverage.

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Selected other coverages are:

Coverage	Policy Limit	Self-insurance retention
Workers' Compensation	Statutory Limit	\$5,000
All risk property (except flood)	\$200,000	500
Flood	25,000	1,500
Liability	90,000	10,000 Water/
		10,000 Wastewater
Crime	10,000	25
Boiler and Machinery	25,000	25
Pardee and Camanche Dams	25,000	25
Main Wastewater Treatment Plant	25,000	25

Settled claims have not exceeded the District's policy limits in any of the past five fiscal years.

Claim expenses and liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. As of June 30, 2019, the amount of these liabilities was \$49,391. This amount (which has not been discounted) has been actuarially determined and includes an estimate of incurred but not reported losses. Changes in the reported liability are as follows:

	2019	2018
Liability at beginning of year	\$51,001	\$47,454
Current year claims and changes in estimates	8,161	8,735
Payments of claims	(9,771)	(5,188)
Liability at end of year	\$49,391	\$51,001
Estimated liability:		
Due within one year	\$10,193	\$9,725
Due in more than one year	39,198	41,276
	\$49,391	\$51,001
	,	

NOTE 11 – KNOWN ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES

GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, provides guidance on accounting and financial reporting for pollution remediation obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities. Pollution remediation activities include: pre-cleanup activities, cleanup activities, external government oversight and enforcement, and operation and maintenance of the remedy. The following is a summary of the District's known environmental liabilities as of August 14, 2019, that may meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 49:

NOTE 11 – KNOWN ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

- Under a NPDES permit issued by the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board, discharges from the District's wet weather facilities are prohibited. In 2014, the District signed a Consent Decree on this matter that focuses on the excess wet weather flow entering the District's system and allows discharges to continue while work to reduce them is performed. The Consent Decree requires the District and its seven satellite agencies to do a range of work to reduce flows, including working with property owners to address leaks in their private sewer laterals. The Consent Decree is expected to be in place until 2036, at which time discharges will have ceased. The District's cost to meet the requirements in the Consent Decree is approximately \$5M/year.
- In summer 2016, the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (CVRWQCB) requested that the District produce a technical report to reexamine the groundwater network at the Camanche North Shore (CANS) and Camanche South Shore (CASS) Wastewater Treatment Plants including the effectiveness of existing monitoring wells and hydraulic connections between the wastewater ponds and the aquifers. The technical report was provided in March 2017. The CVRWQCB stated in its winter 2018 response that it agreed with the CANS recommendations in the technical report and subsequently required the District to submit a work plan for new well installations as well as conduct additional monitoring. In May 2018, the District submitted its response to the CVRWQCB, including the work plan for the new CANS wells. The CVRWOCB has not yet responded to the District's May 2018 submittal of an updated work plan for installation of additional groundwater wells at CANS. In August 2018, the District submitted a required technical memorandum for CASS. In September 2018, the District submitted an assessment report for the cap on the closed CASS landfill also required by the CVRWQCB. The CVRWQCB has not responded to either submittal. The CVRWQCB requested additional analysis for the CASS facility which is ongoing. It is possible that the CVRWQCB could mandate the District to construct wastewater treatment pond upgrades. At this preliminary planning stage, it is estimated that the cost would be approximately \$6.6M to upgrade the existing facilities or, alternatively, approximately \$7.8M to construct a joint wastewater project with Amador County.
- The Alameda County Environmental Health Agency (County) requested that the District conduct site investigations at the Adeline Maintenance Center (AMC) Shops to define the extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in soil and groundwater associated with former underground storage tanks (USTs). The District completed site investigations in accordance with an approved work plan in 2009. The results indicated that elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons remain in soil and groundwater in localized areas near the former USTs. In June 2016, the County then requested that the District conduct a Sensitive Receptor Survey for the AMC Shops parcel as well as a Site Conceptual Model for the Anderson Building (located within the AMC complex parcel but regulated as a separate site by the County). They requested that all environmental data collected during previous investigations be posted to the State's GeoTracker website, after which a meeting would be scheduled to agree upon final actions necessary to obtain regulatory closure of the site under the State Water Resource Control Board's Low Threat Closure Policy. The District has submitted the requested Sensitive Receptor Survey, Site Conceptual Model, as well as a Site Investigation Work Plan for the Anderson Building and the AMC Shops parcel. The County met with the District in July 2018 to discuss next steps towards site closure. The County concurred with the submittals with some conditions, and additional sampling was performed per their request during the fall of 2018. Based on the most recent sampling results, the County requested that the District perform a final drinking water well survey for the Anderson Building site. The District is awaiting further direction from the County in order to determine regulatory closure status of both of the sites.

NOTE 11 – KNOWN ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES (Continued)

• The District operates many facilities throughout Northern California that have NPDES permits, waste discharge requirements, and air permits. The total estimated liability for all known violations, excluding the items detailed above, is less than \$350.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District is a defendant in a number of lawsuits which have arisen in the normal course of business including challenges over certain rates and charges. The ultimate outcome of these matters is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the District, these actions when finally adjudicated will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Central Valley Project

In December 1970, the District entered into a contract with the US Bureau of Reclamation for access to up to 150,000 acre feet per year of Central Valley Project (CVP) water from a diversion point on the American River. The successor contract, the Long Term Renewal Contract, was executed in in April 2006 with a 40 year term. The Long Term Renewal Contract provides for delivery of up to 133,000 acre feet per year of CVP water in dry years to supplement the District's surface water supplies. Deliveries to the District are limited to a 165,000 acre foot total over any three successive dry years. In years in which the District takes delivery of CVP water, the District's allocated CVP capital cost and the District's operations and maintenance deficit balance will be paid down commensurately with the quantity of water delivered. For example, if the District had to take delivery of 80,000 acre feet in fiscal year 15, the District's CVP capital and deficit balances would each be reduced by approximately 20%. The balances must be paid off by 2030.

NOTE 14 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Changes in accounting estimates for Wastewater System Inventories

Since inception, the District expensed current Wastewater Systems Fund inventory balance each year. The inventory value has become material at \$4,870 based on average-cost method (see Note 1M); therefore, it is disclosed in current assets section on balance sheet. As a result, the beginning net position of the Wastewater System Fund was restated and had a net increase of \$4,478.

Unamortized bond premiums/discounts and refunding costs

GASB Statement No. 65 – *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* defines the net carrying value as the amount due at maturity, adjusted for any unamortized premium or discount related to the old debt, as well as any deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources associated with a derivative instrument that is an effective hedge of the old debt.

NOTE 14 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

The District is required to recognize the deferred gain/loss on defeasance of debt to be the difference between the acquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, and amortized over the shorter of the original amortization period remaining from the prior refunding or the life of the latest refunding debt (that is, the new debt). As a result, \$1,754 of refunding costs was reclassified into deferred outflows of resources and the beginning net position was restated and had a net decrease of \$19,710 for Water System Fund. The refunding costs of \$187 was reclassified into deferred outflows of resources and the beginning net position was restated and had a net decrease of \$4,092 for Wastewater System Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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(1) Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability (in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 40,636	\$ 41,106	\$ 37,828	\$ 36,791	\$ 34,987
Interest	149,324	144,392	138,135	131,595	127,558
Change of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual	-	-	-	-	-
experience	48,581	(22,641)	5,278	(1,390)	438
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	12,484	-	52,596	-	18,421
contributions	(98,062)	(90,705)	(83,886)	(77,790)	(71,232)
Net change in total pension liability	152,963	72,152	149,951	89,206	110,172
Total pension liability - beginning	2,068,015	1,995,863	1,845,912	1,756,706	1,646,534
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,220,978	\$ 2,068,015	\$ 1,995,863	\$ 1,845,912	\$ 1,756,706
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 71,221	\$ 67,096	\$ 65,218	\$ 64,177	\$ 61,660
Contributions - employee	16,860	15,820	14,741	13,260	11,963
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	147,424	197,977	13,934	59,288	216,601
contributions	(98,062)	(90,705)	(83,886)	(77,790)	(71,232)
Administrative expense	(1,521)	(1,403)	(1,289)	(1,269)	(1,233)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	135,922	188,785	8,718	57,666	217,759
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,580,556	1,391,771	1,383,053	1,325,387	1,107,628
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,716,478	\$ 1,580,556	\$ 1,391,771	\$ 1,383,053	\$ 1,325,387
Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 504,500	\$ 487,459	\$ 604,092	\$ 462,859	\$ 431,319

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(2) Pension Plan

Schedule of Employer's Net Pension Liability (in thousands):

	2019		 2018	2017		2016		2015		2014	
Total Pension Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,220,978 (1,716,478)	\$ 2,068,015	\$	1,995,863 (1,391,771)	\$	1,845,912 (1,383,053)	\$	1,756,706	\$	1,646,534 (1,107,628)
Net pension liability	\$	504,500	\$ 487,459	\$	604,092	\$	462,859	\$	431,319	\$	538,906
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of											
total pension liability		77.28%	76.43%		69.73%		74.93%		75.45%		67.27%
Covered payroll* Plan net pension liability as a percentage of	\$	193,717	\$ 182,032	\$	174,586	\$	166,886	\$	159,513	\$	153,707
covered payroll		260.43%	267.79%		346.01%		277.35%		270.40%		350.61%

*In accordance with GASB 82, the covered payroll amounts are defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The covered payroll amounts for fiscal year 2014 through fiscal year 2016, were updated to adopt the provisions of GASB 82.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(3) Pension Plan

Schedule of Employer's Contributions (in thousands):

Year	tuarially	relat ac	ributions in ion to the tuarially	ibutions		0	Contributions as a
ended June 30	ermined tributions		termined tributions	ciency (cess)	ciency Covered cess) payroll*		percentage of covered payroll
)		<u></u>	
2010	\$ 44,031	\$	44,031	\$ -	\$	161,641	27.24%
2011	50,987		50,987	-		160,336	31.80%
2012	52,156		52,156	-		158,481	32.91%
2013	53,795		53,795	-	153,707		35.00%
2014	61,660		61,660	-		159,513	38.66%
2015	64,177		64,177	-		166,886	38.46%
2016	65,218		65,218	-		174,586	37.36%
2017	67,096		67,096	-		182,032	36.86%
2018	71,221		71,221	-		193,717	36.77%
2019	74,033		74,033	-		204,331	36.23%

* Derived by dividing the contributions in relation to the actuarial determined contributions by the contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll. These amounts may there be different from the actual payrolls of the District. However, in accordance with GASB 82, the covered payroll amounts for the actuarial valuations for the fiscal year 2013 through current are defined as the payroll on which contributions to the pension plan are based.

(4) Pension Plan

Schedule of Investment Returns:

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money weighted rate of return,						
net of investment expense	12.24%	16.46%	19.72%	4.46%	6.67%	19.42%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(5) Post-Employment Healthcare Plan

Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net OPEB Liability (in thousands):

	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016		
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 4,827	\$ 5,276	\$ 4,514	\$	4,460	
Interest	9,265	8,797	9,374		9,159	
Change of benefit terms	-	-	-		-	
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	(3,299)	(1,711)	(3,286)		(309)	
Changes of assumptions	(527)	(6,107)	12,471		-	
Benefit payments - cash*	-	-	(7,685)		(7,394)	
Benefit payments - estimated implicit subsidy	 (10,390)	 (9,804)	 (2,164)		(2,241)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(124)	(3,549)	13,224		3,675	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 167,894	 171,443	 158,219		154,544	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 167,770	\$ 167,894	\$ 171,443	\$	158,219	
Plan fiduciary net position						
Employer contributions - cash	\$ 9,875	\$ 9,764	\$ 9,454	\$	8,964	
Employer contributions - estimated implicit subsidy	 -	 -	 2,164		2,241	
Employer contributions - total	 9,875	 9,764	 11,618		11,205	
Employee contributions	219	198	184		167	
Net investment income	2,925	3,706	271		938	
Benefit payments - cash*	-	-	(7,685)		(7,394)	
Benefit payments - estimated implicit subsidy	(10,390)	(9,804)	(2,164)		(2,241)	
Administrative expense	(30)	(26)	(22)		(20)	
Other	 2,075	 1,892	 -		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,674	5,730	2,202		2,655	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 32,088	 26,358	 24,156		21,501	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 36,762	\$ 32,088	\$ 26,358	\$	24,156	
Plan's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 131,008	\$ 135,806	\$ 145,085	\$	134,063	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

* Benefit Payments and Employer contributions - cash and estimated implicit subsidy report together starting fiscal year 2018.

(6) Post-Employment Healthcare Plan

Schedule of Employer's Net OPEB Liability (in thousands):

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total OPEB Liability	\$167,770	\$167,894	\$171,443	\$158,219
Plan fiduciary net position	(36,762)	(32,088)	(26,358)	(24,156)
Net OPEB liability	\$131,008	\$135,806	\$145,085	\$134,063
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB				
liability	21.91%	19.11%	15.37%	15.27%
Covered- employee payroll	\$193,717	\$182,032	\$174,586	\$166,886
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee				
payroll	67.63%	74.61%	83.10%	80.33%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(7) Post-Employment Healthcare Plan

Schedule of Employer's Contributions (in thousands):

			Contrib	outions in					
			relation	n to the					
Year	Ac	tuarially	actu	arially	Cont	ributions			Contributions as a
ended	det	ermined	deter	rmined	def	ficiency	Cover	ed-employee	percentage of covered
June 30 contributions c		contri	ibutions	(excess)		payroll*		employee payroll	
2010	\$	7,725	\$	7,725	\$	-	\$	161,641	4.78%
2011		7,494		7,494		-		160,336	4.67%
2012		7,495		7,495		-		158,481	4.73%
2013		7,772		7,772		-		153,707	5.06%
2014		8,457		8,457		-		159,513	5.30%
2015		8,964		8,964		-		166,886	5.37%
2016		9,454		9,454		-		174,586	5.42%
2017		9,764		9,764		-		182,032	5.36%
2018		9,875		9,875		-		193,717	5.10%
2019		10,518		10,518		-		204,331	5.15%

* Derived by dividing the contributions in relation to the actuarial determined contributions by the contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll. These amounts may there be different from the actual payrolls of the District. However, in accordance with GASB 82, the covered payroll amounts for the actuarial valuations for the fiscal year 2013 through current are defined as the payroll on which contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan are based.

(8) Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The pension-related information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the Pension actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest Pension actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	June 30, 2016 Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll Plan changes, assumption changes, and experience gains/losses prior toJuly 1, 2011 are amortized over separate decreasing 30-year amortization periods. On or after July 1, 2011, plan changes are amortized over separate decreasing 15-year periods; assumptions
Assets valuation method	changes are amortized over separate decreasing 25-year periods; and experience gains/losses (including year-to-year health assumption changes) are amortized over separate decreasing 20-year periods. Market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the of the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 30% of the market value.
Actuarial assumptions:	
Net Investment Return	7.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses.
Average projected salary increases*	Ranges from 4.00% to 9.50% based on years of service*
Inflation rate	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	3.00% per annum
Mortality	<i>Pre-retirement</i> : Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. <i>After Service Retirement and All Beneficiaries</i> : Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. <i>After Disability Retirement:</i> Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy
	Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward nine years for males and females.
*I I I ' CI (: C 2 0 0 0 / I	

*Includes inflation of 3.00% plus across the board salary increases of 0.50% plus merit and promotional increases.

(8) Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

The OPEB-related information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the OPEB actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest OPEB actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	June 30, 2016 Entry Age Normal Cost Method Level percent of payroll Plan changes, assumption changes, and experience gains/losses prior to July 1, 2011 are amortized over separate decreasing 30-year amortization periods. On or after July 1, 2011, plan changes are amortized over separate decreasing 15-year periods; assumptions changes are amortized over separate decreasing 25-year periods; and experience gains/losses (including year-to-year health assumption
Assets valuation method	changes) are amortized over separate decreasing 20-year periods. Market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each last five years. Unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and the of the expected return on the market value, and is recognized over a five year period, further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 30% of the market value.
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment Rate of Return Average projected salary	7.25%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense, including inflation
increases*	Ranges from 4.00% to 9.50% based on years of service*
Inflation rate	3.00%
Health care trend	Non-Medicare: 7.25% graded to ultimate 4.50% over 10 years Medicare: 7.05% graded to ultimate 4.50% over 8 years
HIB increases	0.00%
Mortality	<i>Pre-retirement</i> : Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. <i>After Service Retirement and All Beneficiaries</i> : Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward two years for males and one year for females. <i>After Disability Retirement:</i> Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy
	Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2015, set forward nine years for males and females.

*Includes inflation of 3.00% plus across the board salary increases of 0.50% plus merit and promotional increases.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM TRUST FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019 (With summarized comparative financial information as of June 30, 2018) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	2019							
	Pension plan benefits		Post- employment healthcare benefits		Total		2018 Total	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents, at fair value								
(Note 5)	\$	41,794	\$	935	\$	42,729	\$	41,196
Invested securities lending collateral		47,787		1,070		48,857		47,104
Prepaid expenses		-		560		560		536
Receivables:								a (a (
Brokers, securities sold		1,611		36		1,647		2,424
Employer		1,462		212		1,674		1,360
Plan members		357		-		357		288
Interest, dividends and recoverable taxes		4,206		94		4,300		3,562
Total Receivables		7,636		342		7,978		7,634
Investments, at fair value (Note 5):								
U.S. government obligations		93,702		2,097		95,799		107,464
Municipal bonds		1,830		41		1,871		2,464
Domestic corporate bonds		334,564		7,488		342,052		303,506
International bonds		22,781		510		23,291		18,275
Domestic stocks		801,096		17,929		819,025		777,595
International stocks		406,543		9,099		415,642		418,576
Real estate		95,985		2,148		98,133		89,629
Total Investments		1,756,501		39,312		1,795,813		1,717,509
Total Assets		1,853,718		42,219		1,895,937		1,813,979
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,697		60		2,757		2,167
Payables to brokers, securities purchased		11,110		248		11,358		11,468
Securities lending collateral (Note 2B)		47,787		1,070		48,857		47,104
-								
Total Liabilities		61,594		1,378		62,972		60,739
Net position restricted for pension benefits and post-employment healthcare								
benefits		1,792,124		40,841		1,832,965		1,753,240
Total Net Position	\$	1,792,124	\$	40,841	\$	1,832,965	\$	1,753,240

EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM TRUST FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With summarized comparative financial information for the year ended June 30, 2018) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Plan members 17,681 184 17,865 1	
Contributions: Employers \$ 74,033 \$ 10,518 \$ 84,551 \$ 88 Plan members 17,681 184 17,865 1 Total contributions 91,714 10,702 102,416 9 Investment income: Net appreciation (depreciation)	7,079
Employers \$ 74,033 \$ 10,518 \$ 84,551 \$ 88 Plan members 17,681 184 17,865 1 Total contributions 91,714 10,702 102,416 9 Investment income: Net appreciation (depreciation)	7,079
Investment income: Net appreciation (depreciation)	8,175
Net appreciation (depreciation)	
	3,096
	1,392 7,981
	2,218
	1,166
Total investment income 97,273 2,193 99,466 15	5,853
Less:	
	(4,037)
Borrowers' rebates and other agent fees	
on securities lending transactions (1,193) (26) (1,219) ((1,467)
Net investment income 91,194 2,060 93,254 15	0,349
Total Additions, net 182,908 12,762 195,670 24	8,524
Deductions:	
	5,984
Refunds of contributions (Note 4)267-267Administrative expenses1,477331,510	393 1,551
	1,551
Total Deductions 107,262 8,683 115,945 10	7,928
Changes in Net Position 75,646 4,079 79,725 14	0,596
Net Position - Beginning of the Year 1,716,478 36,762 1,753,240 1,61	2,644
Net Position - End of the Year <u>\$ 1,792,124 \$ 40,841 \$ 1,832,965 \$ 1,75</u>	2 2 40

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the East Bay Municipal Utility District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.





To the Board of Directors East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Sacramento, California August 29, 2019