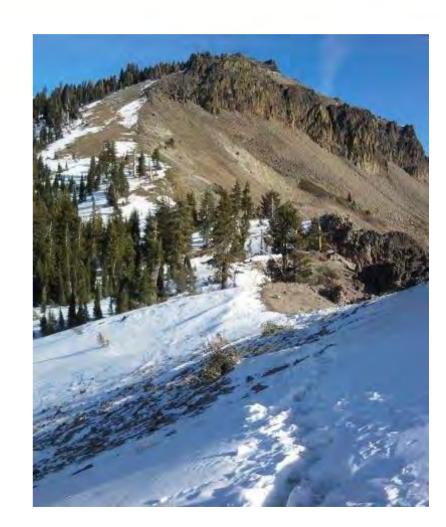
Drought Response and Drought Rates

October 23, 2014

Water supply review

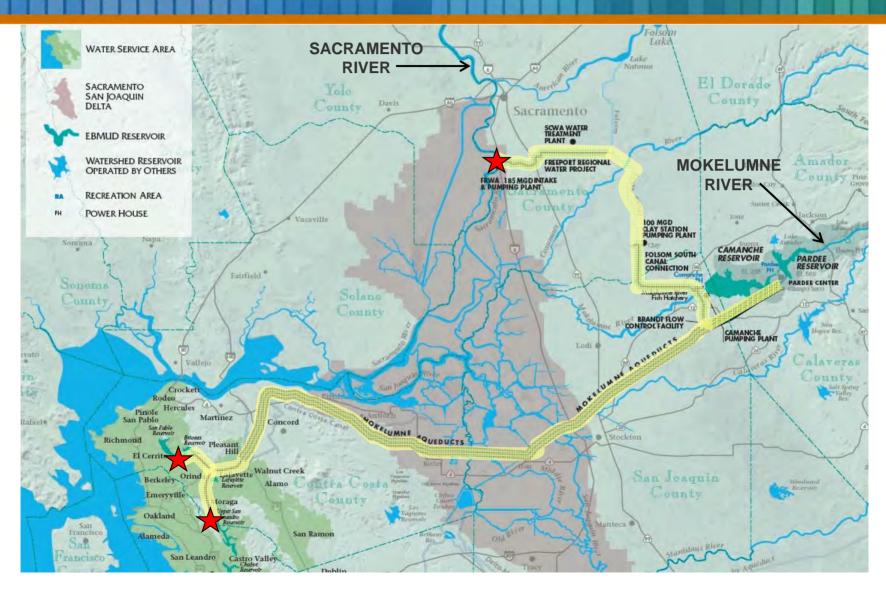


EBMUD Water Supply 2014 Water Year 2015 Water Supply Plan



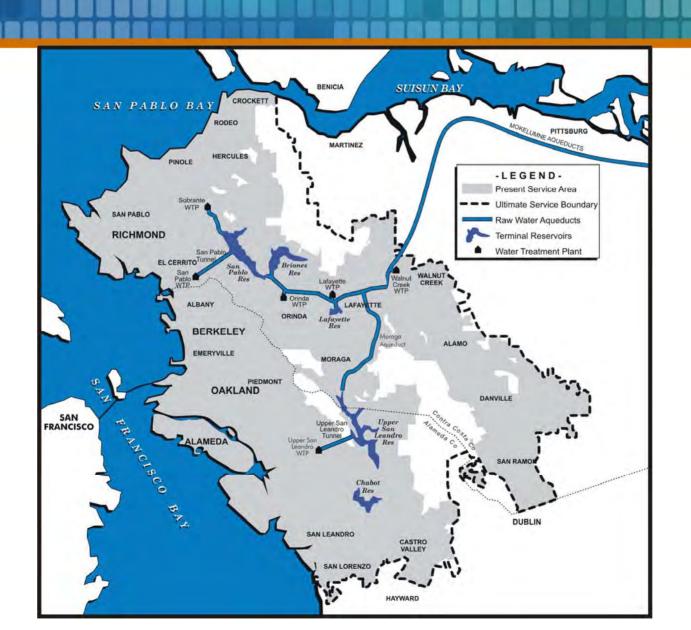
Water supply system





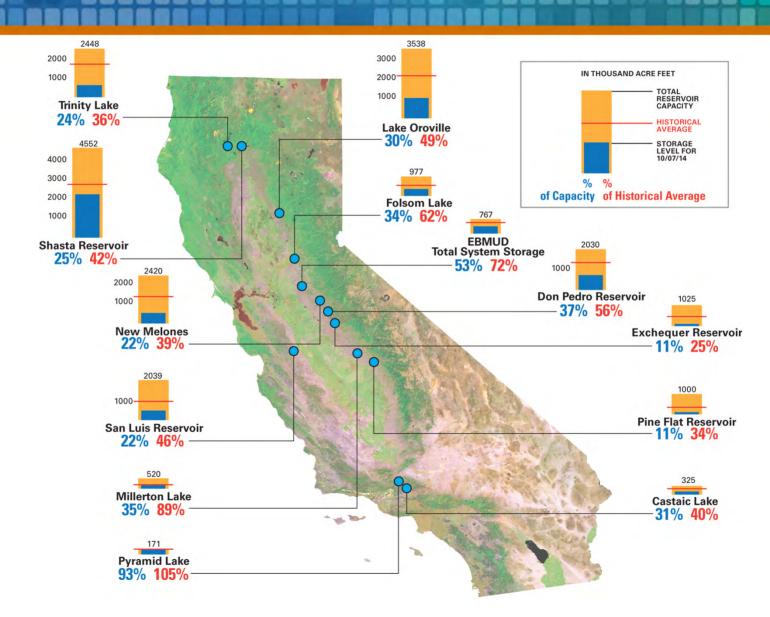
EBMUD service area





Statewide water supply status

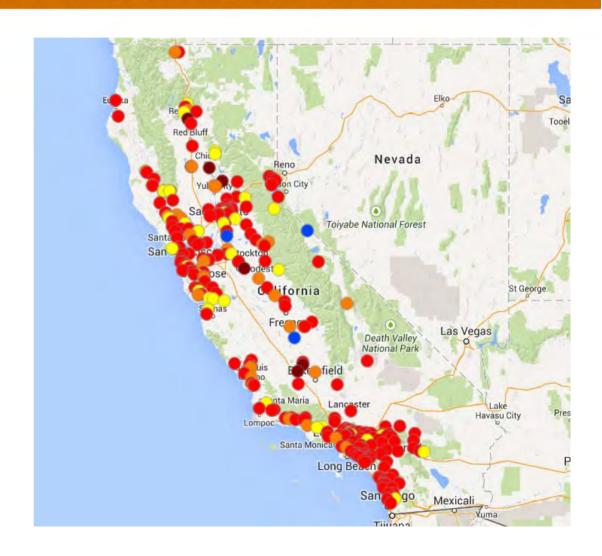




California drought



- Mandatory Restrictions
- Voluntary Measures
- Agricultural Reductions
- Drought Emergency or Water Shortage Declared
- Other Actions



2014 State drought actions



January

Governor declares State of Emergency

April

- State cuts Water Project contractors' allocations by 95%
- Bureau of Reclamation cuts municipal and industrial allocations by 50%
- Governor's Executive Order on Drought

July

State Board Emergency Regulations

EBMUD water system

EBMUD

Water year 2014 compared to "average"

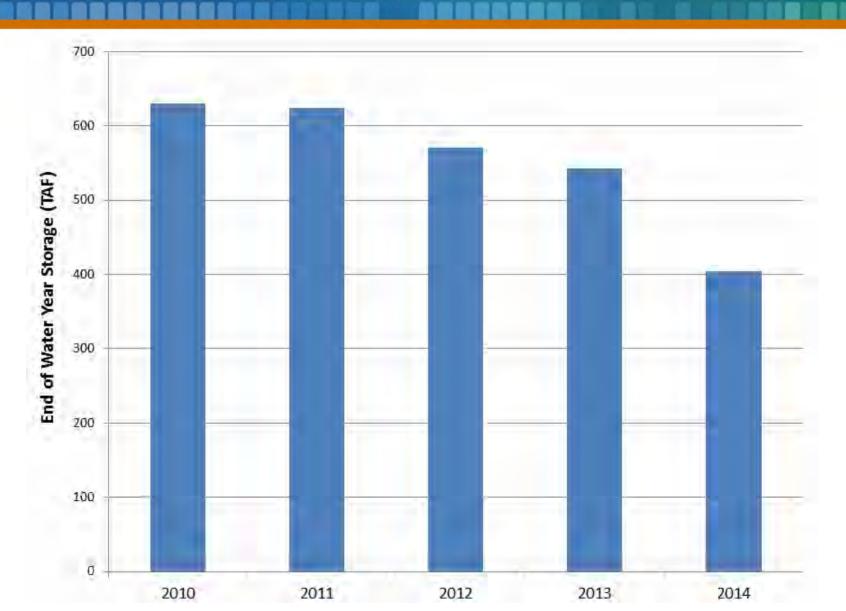


| Period | Precipitation* inches | Runoff* acre feet | Supplemental Supply acre feet | Conservation Savings acre feet | Total System Storage acre feet |
|---------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2014 | 26.69 | 262,000 | 23,390 | 17,000 | 404,000 |
| Average | 48.00 | 745,000 | | | 600,000 |

^{*} Mokelumne Watershed

EBMUD 5-year storage trend





2014 EBMUD drought actions



February

- 10% voluntary cuts requested
- · Water supply action plan established

April

- Declared water supply deficiency
- Acted on need for supplemental supply

August

- Declared water shortage emergency
- Adopted outdoor use restrictions
- · Revised action plan

Water year 2015 plan

Be ready to take extra supplies if needed





- Continue to monitor water supply conditions
- EBMUD will need to take supplemental supply if conditions continue dry
- Board will consider taking supplemental supply on December 9th, if needed

Water year 2015 plan

Conservation is part of supply



 Continue monitoring customer water use and asking for 10% voluntary water conservation

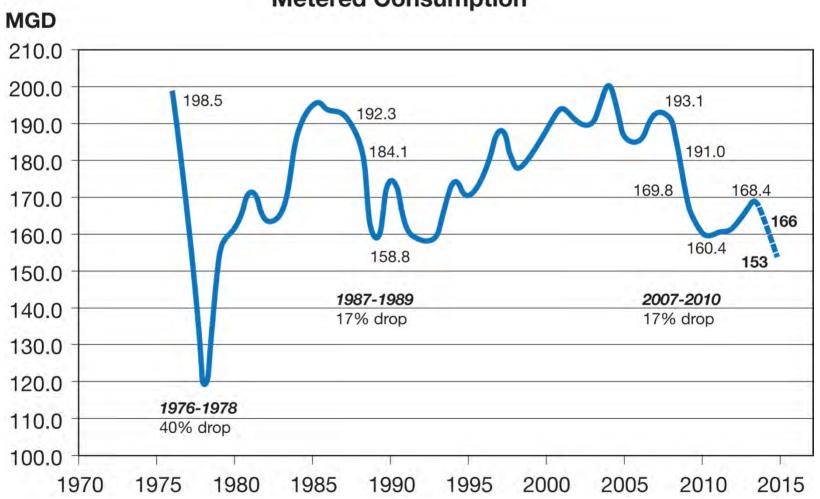




Historic metered consumption







2015 Water supply probabilities



Based on 84 years of supply history:

- 56% probability Mokelumne runoff will refill the system (600 TAF)
- 64% probability runoff will avoid a shortage (500 TAF)
- 36% probability will not get enough runoff to avoid a shortage

Drought financing

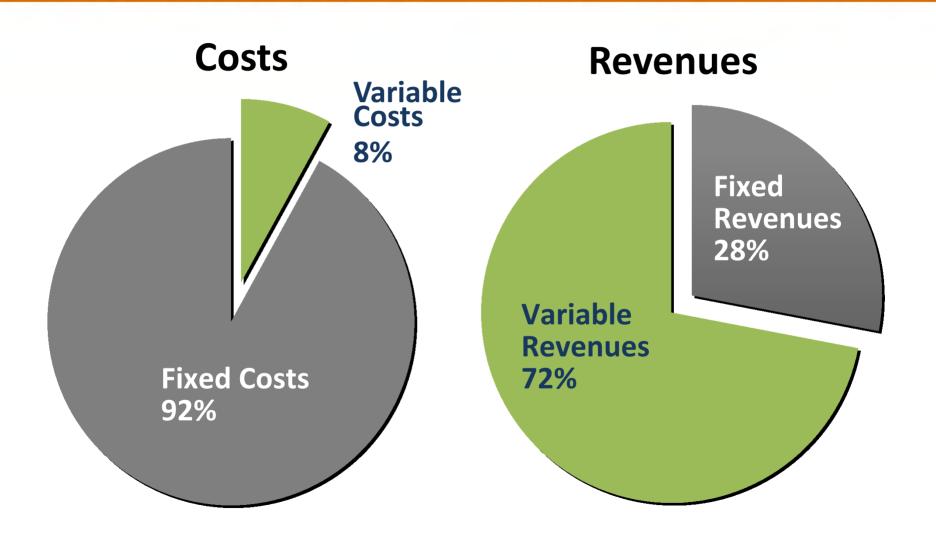


- Drought's Budget Impacts
- · Lessons Learned
- Proposed Drought Rate System



Our costs are fixed... Our revenues are not





Basic drought response



Increase supply

Purchase more water

Drought is an emergency with financial impacts.

Cut demand

- Ask for voluntary cutbacks
- Require mandatory cutbacks
- Enact drought rates
- Implement tougher water restrictions

Projected financial impacts



| Lost revenues from mandatory 15% conservation | \$41 M |
|--|--------|
| 65,000* acre-feet of supplemental water supplies purchased | \$23 M |
| Total financial impact | \$64 M |

^{*}This provides four months of water for EBMUD customers

Why do we need drought rates?



- Encourage increased conservation
- Discourage waste
- Recover drought costs

We must pay for emergency costs

How did EBMUD respond in the 2007-2008 drought?



- Set goals for each customer class and created allocations for each customer based on July 2005- June 2007 use
- Customers who did not cut back enough were charged \$2/unit for units used over their allocation
- Customers felt very strongly that the allocation approach penalized them for their past conservation

essons learned and current plan



Lessons learned:

- Develop a plan for drought rates in advance of the need to implement
- Clear messaging is key
- Allocations are confusing and can be perceived as unfair

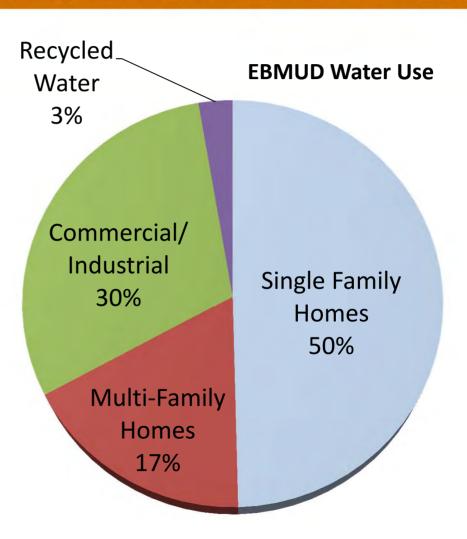
Current plan:

- Staged system of drought rates with time for public input
- · Create a financial response linked to the severity of the drought
- No allocations

Water use by customer class



Approximately 67% of total water is used by residential customers



Current water rate structure has four customer classes





Single-Family (homes) Fixed + Tiered Use Charge



Multi-Family (apartments/condominiums) Fixed + Use Charge



Commercial/Industrial (businesses) Fixed + Use Charge

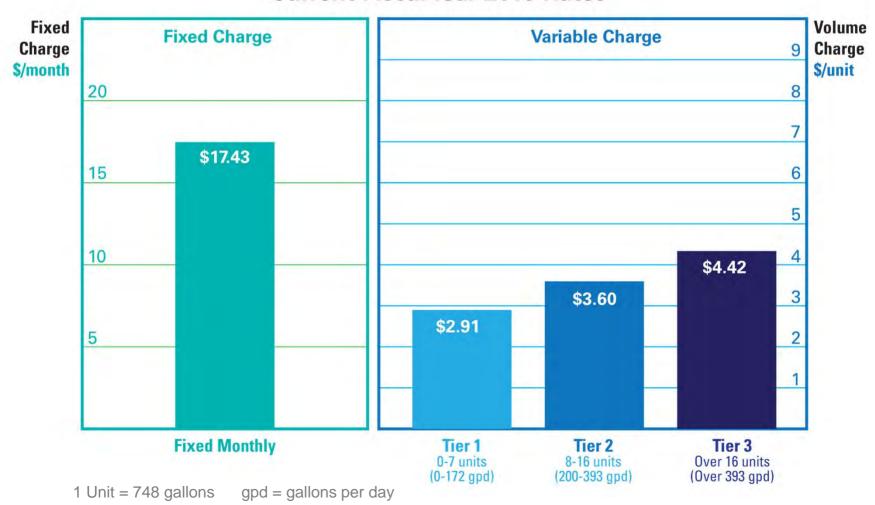


Recycled Water (industry and irrigation) Fixed + Use Charge

Current residential rates



Current Fiscal Year 2015 Rates



Benefits of current rate structure



- Encourages water use efficiency and provides an economic incentive to conserve
- Easy to understand
 Customers are familiar with our long-standing rate structure
- Perceived as equitable by most customers
- Recovers sufficient revenue

Proposed drought rate stages

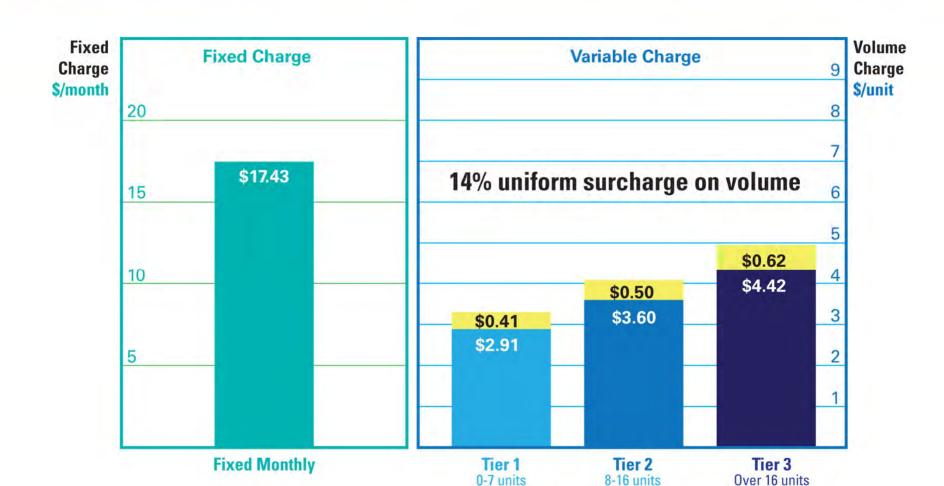


| Stage | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|--------------------------|-------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Demand Reduction | | Voluntary 0-15% | Voluntary 0-15% | Mandatory up to 15% | Mandatory 15% |
| Supplemental Supplies | | | Up to 35,000 acre feet | 35,000-65,000 acre feet | > 65,000 acre feet |
| Rates and Charges | ratae | | Normal rates | Normal rates | Normal rates |
| | | | Supplemental supply surcharge | Drought surcharge* | Higher drought surcharge* |
| | | | | Supersaver credit | Supersaver credit |
| | | | | | Excessive use penalty |
| | | | | | |

^{*}Drought surcharge supersedes those of the prior stage

Stage 2 drought rate





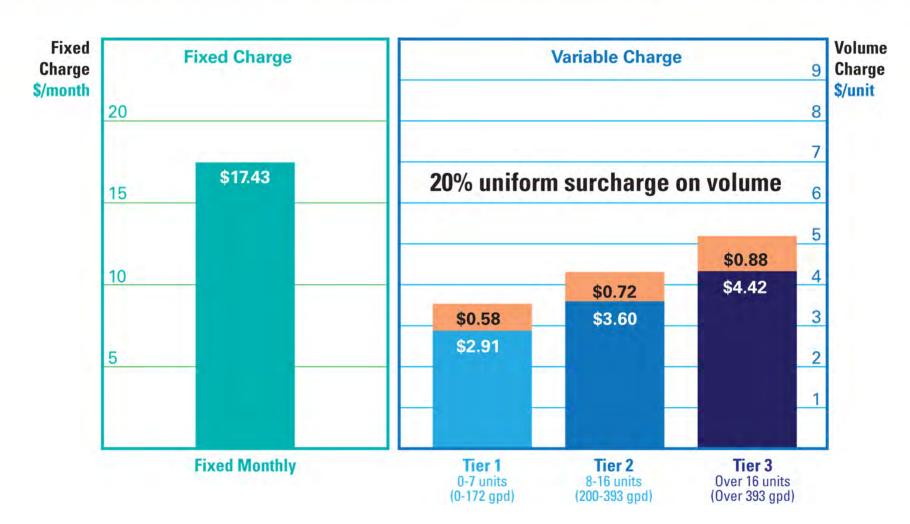
(0-172 gpd)

(200-393 gpd)

(Over 393 gpd)

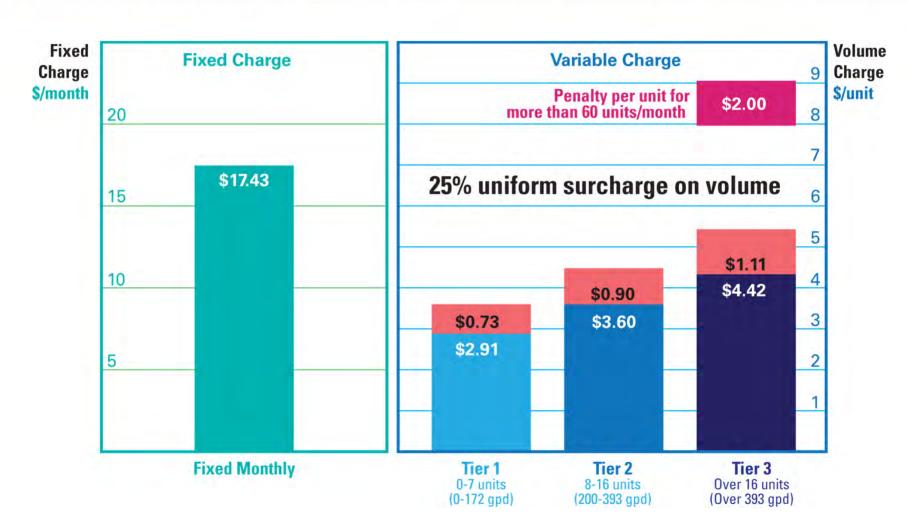
Stage 3 drought rate





Stage 4 drought rate





Penalties for water wasters



Who would be penalized?

- Households using over 60 units/month (about 1,500 gallons per day)
- Penalty of \$2/unit for each unit over
 60 units in addition to tiered rate
- There will be an appeals process



Reward for supersavers



Proposed reward rebate for continuous conservers



- Must save continuously
- 50 gallons per day (2 units/month)
- Proposed one-time bill credit of \$2/month at the end of the drought or the fiscal year not to exceed \$24 on the annual bill

Drought rate impact summary



Average Use

Excessive Use

| Gallons | Monthly | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------|
| per Day | Units Used | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Stage 4 | |
| 49 | 2 | \$23.25 | \$24.07 | \$24.41 | \$ | 24.71 |
| 98 | 4 | \$29.07 | \$30.71 | \$31.39 | \$ | 31.99 |
| 172 | 7 | \$37.80 | \$40.67 | \$41.86 | \$ | 42.91 |
| 246 | 10 | \$48.60 | \$52.97 | \$54.82 | \$ | 56.41 |
| 491 | 20 | \$87.88 | \$97.73 | \$101.94 | \$ | 105.53 |
| 737 | 30 | \$132.08 | \$148.13 | \$154.94 | \$ | 160.83 |
| 1,229 | 50 | \$220.48 | \$248.93 | \$260.94 | \$ | 271.43 |
| 1,474 | 60 | \$264.68 | \$299.33 | \$313.94 | \$ | 326.73 |
| 1,720 | 70 | \$308.88 | \$349.73 | \$366.94 | \$ | 402.03 |
| 1,966 | 80 | \$353.08 | \$400.13 | \$419.94 | \$ | 477.33 |
| 2,211 | 90 | \$397.28 | \$450.53 | \$472.94 | \$ | 552.63 |
| 2,457 | 100 | \$441.48 | \$500.93 | \$525.94 | \$ | 627.93 |

Next steps on drought rates



2014

Oct-Nov Public outreach on drought

Nov Cost of service review

Dec Board considers staged system of drought

rates and potential action to declare Stage 2

imposing supplemental supply surcharge if

dry conditions continue

2015

April Prop 218 notice for increases to rates and

charges including drought rates

June Public hearing on rates and charges

including drought rates

Conservation services



Conservation Program Overview Conservation Tips and Tools

Water conservation master plan implementation strategies















EBMUD section 28 regulation water use prohibitions



- Watering more than 2 days per week or causing excess runoff
- Using hoses without shut-off nozzles to wash vehicles, boats, trailers, aircraft
- Washing driveways and sidewalks
- Using potable water in fountains or water features unless it is recirculated
- Flushing sewers or hydrants (except for health & safety, operational need)





2014 drought services



- Providing specific information to customers on how to save
- Offering free devices, technical assistance and rebates
- Commercial and residential landscape water budgets
- WaterSmart business certification
- Thanking our routine conservers

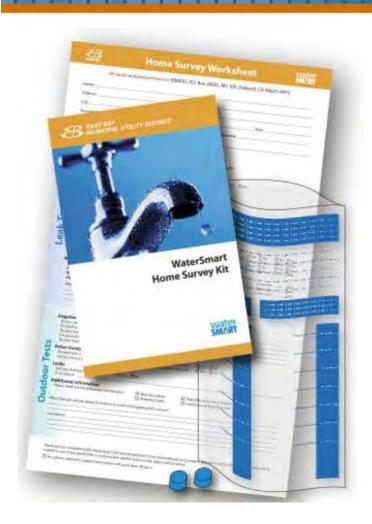




We make it easy to conserve

WaterSmart home survey kit

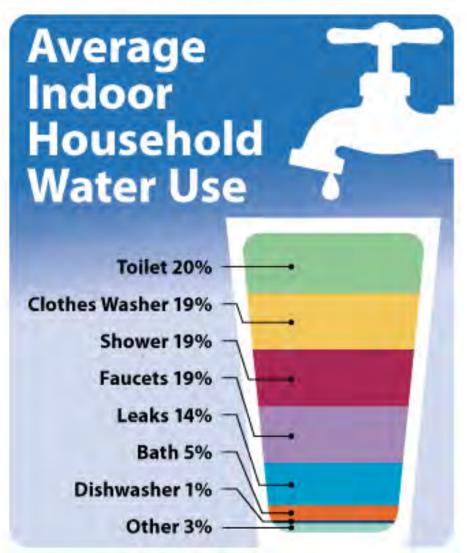




- Indoor/outdoor water use assessment
- Learn how to read your meter to calculate your own water use
- Test for and fix leaks (toilets, faucets, showers, irrigation)
- Return form, receive free water saving devices (showerheads, faucet aerators, hose nozzles)

Indoor water savings tips





- Set a personal goal for gallons/person/day
- Install water-saving showerheads and faucet aerators
- Keep showers short, use less bath water
- Upgrade to high-efficiency toilets, clothes washers and dishwashers
- Run fewer and fuller water appliance loads

Outdoor water savings tips



- Cut outdoor watering to no more than two days per week
- Irrigate before dawn or at dusk
- Use a broom to clean sidewalks
- Use mulch around plants to prevent evaporation
- Mow lawns less frequently
- Convert landscape to low-water use plants, warm season grasses
- Use a commercial car wash that recycles water





Water conservation master plan: 2014 conservation incentives





Plumbing Fixtures

Appliances

Landscape

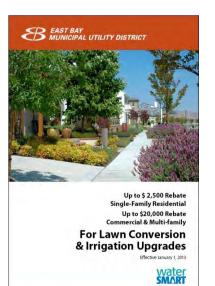
Irrigation Systems

Process Equipment

Customized

- High-efficiency clothes washers
- High-efficiency toilets
- Lawn conversions
- Drip irrigation
- Weather-based irrigation controllers
- Commercial process equipment
- Graywater "laundry 2 landscape"





WaterSmart gardener program: nursery plant tags & mulch coupons



vvater SMART Plants

- Beautiful plants that thrive in the East Bay's winter-wet and summer-dry climate
- Water misers that require little to no water once grown
- Resilient plants that resist diseases and pests













