

- District Overview
- Water System Budget
- Wastewater System Budget



# Photos on cover: Examples of EBMUD's vast operations such as water storage, treatment and distribution, wastewater treatment plant energy, fire suppression programs, and staff that provide service around the clock supporting watershed management, water sampling/testing, pipeline maintenance/repairs, and customer service.

# **Fiscal Years 2018 & 2019**

# Biennial Budget

**Volume 1** District Overview

**Water System Budget** 

**Wastewater System Budget** 

Volume 2 Supplemental Material:

Capital Project Summaries

Adopted by the Board of Directors
June 27, 2017

**East Bay Municipal Utility District** 

# EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BIENNIAL BUDGET FY18 & FY19 TABLE OF CONTENTS

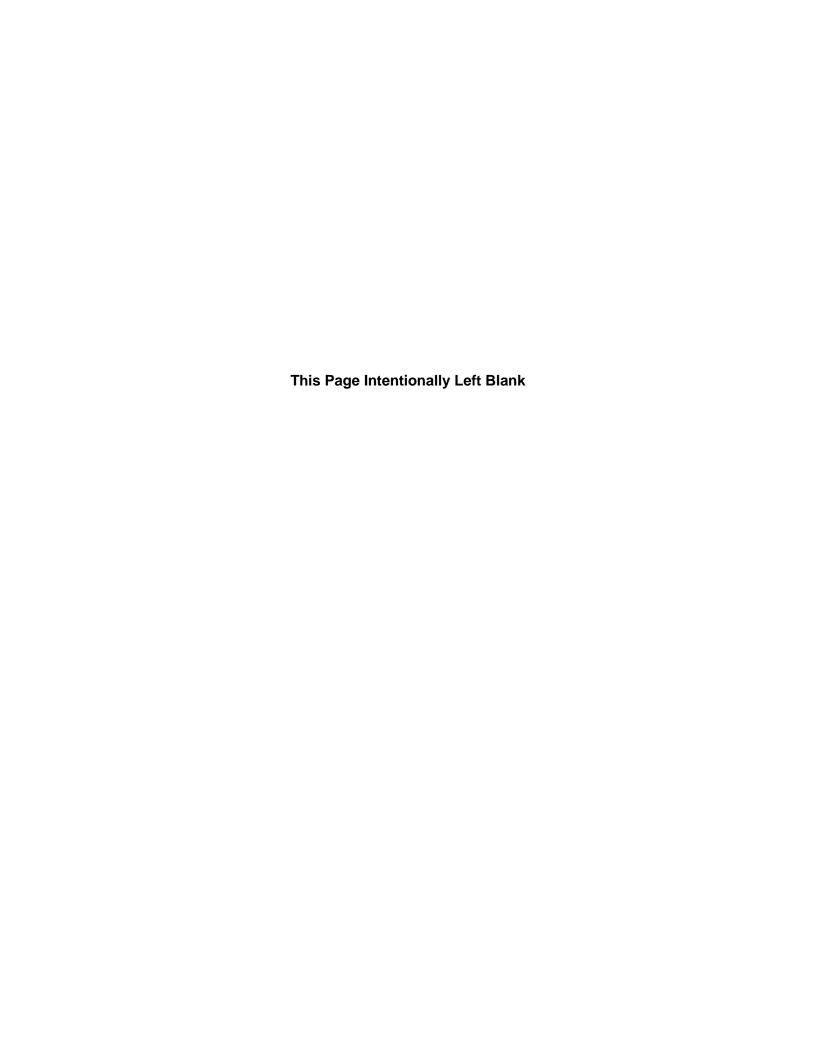
| GENERAL MANAGER'S MESSAGE   | 1  |
|---|----|
| INTRODUCTION: DISTRICT OVERVIEW   |    |
| District Profile and Mission  |    |
| Community   | 14 |
| Water and Wastewater Systems  |    |
| District Organization   |    |
| Board of Directors  | 19 |
| Senior Management   | 21 |
| District Organization Chart   | 22 |
| Workforce   | 23 |
| Strategic Plan Summary  | 24 |
| CHAPTER 1: FINANCIAL ORGANIZATION & BUDGET PROC<br>Financial Organization |    |
| Budget Process  | 32 |
| CHAPTER 2: DISTRICT BUDGET SUMMARY  Budget Appropriations                 | 30 |
| Use of Funds  |    |
| Budget Allocated by Services Provided                                     |    |
| Operations  |    |
| Debt Service  | 45 |
| Capital Expenditures  | 46 |
| Staffing  | 50 |
| Labor and Benefits  | 54 |
| Sources of Funds  |    |
| Water and Wastewater System Fund Summaries                                |    |
| Rates, Charges, and Fees  |    |
| Water System  |    |
| Wastewater System   |    |

# EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT BIENNIAL BUDGET FY18 & FY19 TABLE OF CONTENTS

| CHAPTER 3: WATER SYSTEM                          |     |
|--|-----|
| Fund Summary                                     | 75  |
| FY 2018 & FY 2019 Budget                         |     |
| Sources of Funds                                 | 77  |
| Source Descriptions                              | 79  |
| Use of Funds                                     | 82  |
| Operations                                       | 83  |
| Staffed Department Descriptions                  | 89  |
| Staffing   | 131 |
| Debt Service and Financing                       | 133 |
| Capital Expenditures                             | 140 |
| Five-Year Financial Forecast                     |     |
| Summary  | 168 |
| Operations                                       | 169 |
| Capital Investments and Financing                | 173 |
| CHARTER 4. WASTEWATER SYSTEM                     |     |
| CHAPTER 4: WASTEWATER SYSTEM Fund Summary        | 175 |
| FY 2018 & FY 2019 Budget                         |     |
| Sources of Funds                                 | 177 |
| Source Descriptions                              |     |
| Use of Funds                                     |     |
| Operations                                       |     |
| Staffed Department Descriptions                  |     |
| Staffing   |     |
| Debt Service and Financing                       |     |
| Capital Expenditures                             |     |
| Five-Year Financial Forecast                     |     |
| Summary  | 211 |
| Operations                                       |     |
| Capital Investments and Financing                |     |
| Capital invocation and i martering infinition    |     |
| Appendices                                       |     |
| A. Statistical and Supplemental Information      | 219 |
| B. Board of Directors' Resolutions               | 227 |
| C. Financial Policies                            | 277 |
| D. Strategic Plan and Key Performance Indicators | 293 |
| E. Glossary                                      | 349 |

# **SUPPLEMENTAL VOLUME**

Capital Project Summaries



#### Honorable Members of the Board of Directors:

I am pleased to present the water and wastewater adopted budgets for Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019. This budget continues our efforts to move forward with key goals of reinvesting in our infrastructure and expanding preventative maintenance. The budget does so while recognizing the need to recover from the financial and operational impacts of the most severe drought the District has experienced followed closely by significant regional storms producing an above average amount of rainfall.

The budget controls spending as we implement long-planned initiatives while considering the impact on our customers. We are grateful for the strong community response to our calls for wise water use which is supported by a rate structure with a large volume-based component which is one of our best conservation tools. However, most water and wastewater utilities, including the District, are essentially fixed-cost enterprises: few of our costs go down when we produce and treat less water. The District is experiencing record low water sales as a result of the long drought, followed by lower outdoor water use due to continued customer conservation and above average precipitation. The District therefore requires increases to our water rates to continue to maintain the high level of service which we are proud to provide.

The FY18 and FY19 water rates and customer bill impacts are higher than those projected two years ago because water sales are significantly below projections. The average user reduced water use in response to the drought and now consumes only 8 CCF per month (about 200 gallons per day) as compared to 10 CCF previously. The reduced consumption of the average user has partially offset the bill impact of recent rate increases. The average 8 CCF user will see an increase of \$4.34 per month in FY18 and an increase of \$4.63 per month in FY19, based on the adopted rate increases of 9.25 percent in FY18 and 9.0 percent in FY19. The budget draws upon Rate Stabilization Funds to lessen the rate impact on our customers as the District recovers from the multi-year drought.

Many customers who live in the western part of our service area also receive a wastewater treatment charge on their EBMUD bill. The wastewater rate increases will be exactly as projected as the Wastewater System is less affected than the Water System by the challenges associated with drought. The average single family residential bill for wastewater treatment based on the average of 6 CCF will increase by \$0.96 per month in FY18 and \$1.06 per month in FY19. This reflects adopted wastewater increases of 5.0 percent in FY18 and 5.0 percent in FY19. Wastewater customers also pay an annual Wet Weather Facilities Charge collected on the property tax bill. Depending on lot size, this charge will increase 5.0 percent in FY18 between \$4.70 to \$16.80 per year, and in FY19 an increase of 5.0 percent between \$4.94 to \$17.64 per year.

A potential challenge on the horizon for the Wastewater System is the need to reduce nutrient discharge (nitrogen and phosphorus) to the San Francisco Bay. The District is still working to understand the cost impacts and this budget includes an appropriation for nutrient management studies. The District will work to meet this evolving challenge as cost effectively as possible while doing our part to protect the environment.

Board of Directors July 1, 2017 Page 2

With the adopted rate increases, EBMUD water rates will remain similar to rates for comparable northern California water agencies, in the lower third of agencies we survey. For the Wastewater System, as EBMUD provides only treatment and not collection of wastewater, we will maintain our current position in the top third of surveyed agencies, driven by the rates of the wastewater collection agencies in our service area. As part of our continued efforts towards ensuring greater understanding of District activities and what they cost, the bill impacts for a wide range of use levels and customer classes are presented in this budget book.

#### **GENERAL MANAGER'S ADOPTED BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The budget priorities for FY18 and FY19 emerged from a planning process that began with the adoption of the District's latest update of its Strategic Plan on June 14, 2016. The Strategic Plan outlines the goals, strategies, and objectives we will pursue to meet future challenges and fulfill the District's mission. Priorities were developed for the Strategic Plan goals, and are reflected in this budget.

#### Increase Investments in and Maintenance of Aging Infrastructure

EBMUD operates and maintains a vast network of pipelines, storage and treatment facilities to deliver water and provide wastewater services to customers. Reaching from the Sierra Nevada foothills to the San Francisco Bay, this network has an estimated replacement cost exceeding \$14.4 billion. Maintaining high-quality service requires ongoing reinvestment in reservoirs, aqueducts, pump stations, distribution pipelines, sewer interceptors, treatment plants, transmission pipelines, service laterals and buildings. Increases in sustained infrastructure funding are necessary to continue providing high quality and reliable service. The budget was developed after analyzing a portfolio of capital investments and determining the highest priority projects based on regulatory compliance, safety, cost-effectiveness and improving service to our customers.

We continue with our long-term goal of increasing investments in infrastructure. Capital investments typically represent about 65 percent of our budget. This five year capital budget reflects spending of nearly \$1.5 billion on water infrastructure and \$188 million on wastewater infrastructure. The two-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) cash flow for both Water and Wastewater totals \$618.5 million, a 15 percent increase over the prior two-year budget.

This budget reflects a significant commitment in capital investments to replace aging infrastructure. In FY18-22, projected Water System capital cash flow spending totals \$1.5 billion, an increase of \$126.0 million or 9 percent from the prior total. The projected Wastewater System capital cash flow spending from FY18-22 totals \$187.7 million, an increase of \$19.2 million or 11 percent from the prior total.

The largest share of projected cash flow spending on the Water System is for replacing deteriorated distribution pipelines, large diameter transmission pipelines and service laterals. These three capital projects account for over 25 percent of the cash flow. The rehabilitation and replacement of water transmission facilities such as water treatment plants, pumping plants, and reservoirs account for almost another 25 percent of the cash flow. Optimizing the performance of various pressure zones to improve water quality is another significant portion of our infrastructure investment.

The largest share, over 40 percent, of projected cash flow spending on the Wastewater System is for rehabilitating and making improvements to the infrastructure at the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant. The rehabilitation of interceptors and pumping plants accounts for over 20 percent of the cash flow. Rehabilitating digesters, controlling plant odors and studying nutrients are also a significant portion of our infrastructure investment.

#### Managing the Financial and Operational Impacts of Severely Reduced Consumption

The FY16 and FY17 budget was developed using prudent assumptions that dramatically reduced billed water consumption to 151 million gallons per day (MGD) for both years, a drop of 25 percent below the peak consumption level of just over 200 MGD in 2007. As ratepayers met and exceeded the call for conservation, the reality outpaced even these conservative assumptions: the District sold just 128 MGD in FY16. This remarkable response from customers led the District to again reset the projected billed water consumption in this budget.

The FY18 and FY19 budget is based on assumptions of 137 MGD for FY18 and a slight increase to 141 MGD for FY19. Despite the fact that the recent drought has ended and water use restrictions have been lifted, the budget assumes that customers will generally maintain their conservation habits.

Low water use affects system operations as well as finances. For example, the increased average age of water in our reservoirs may cause issues including taste and odor, challenging our water quality teams to manage these impacts. The effects of the drought are wide ranging and will continue to be felt for years.

The District does not anticipate any water shortage emergencies in FY18 and FY19 as a result of the very high levels of water currently in storage due to recent storms. Therefore, no drought contingency is included in this budget. If the District experiences a water shortage emergency, staff will develop a budget to bring to the Board for consideration.

In the FY16 and FY17 budget, the Board adopted a staged system of drought rates to recover drought-related costs. The District's 2015 Cost of Service study developed drought surcharges on volume use of up to 8 percent, 20 percent and 25 percent to be levied for drought Stages 2, 3 and 4, respectively. The District's Proposition 218 will continue to notice these surcharges so that they remain available to the Board to implement the next time the District is in a water shortage emergency.

#### **Negotiating Labor Agreements**

District employees are represented by AFSCME Local 2019, AFSCME Local 444, IFPTE Local 21, and IUOE Local 39. The labor agreements expired in April 2017. The District is in the process of negotiating wage and benefit agreements with represented employees, and working with management and non-represented employees as well.

#### **ADOPTED BUDGET OVERVIEW**

The following charts summarize the budget for FY18 and FY19. The District-wide total appropriation is \$2.03 billion for Water System and Wastewater System operations, debt service and capital appropriations.

The Water and Wastewater System biennial budget is \$2.03 billion, a 19 percent increase over the previous two-year adopted budget that includes appropriations for operations (35 percent), debt service (24 percent), and the capital budget (41 percent).

| COMPARISON OF FY17, FY18, AND FY19 BUDGETS (\$ Millions) |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
|  | FY17<br>Amended<br>Budget | FY18<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY18<br>vs<br>FY17 | FY19<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY19<br>vs<br>FY18 |  |  |
| Water System   |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |
| Operations   | 262.4                     | 277.9                     | 5.9%               | 292.5                     | 5.2%               |  |  |
| Debt Service   | 180.2                     | 199.6                     | 10.7%              | 210.0                     | 5.3%               |  |  |
| Capital Appropriation                                    | <u>290.4</u>              | <u>386.5</u>              | 33.1%              | <u>367.5</u>              | -4.9%              |  |  |
| Total  | 733.0                     | 863.9                     | 17.9%              | 869.9                     | 0.7%               |  |  |
| Wastewater System  |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |
| Operations   | 70.7                      | 70.6                      | -0.2%              | 73.1                      | 3.7%               |  |  |
| Debt Service   | 34.0                      | 34.7                      | 2.1%               | 31.9                      | -7.9%              |  |  |
| Capital Appropriation                                    | <u>32.6</u>               | <u>34.4</u>               | 5.5%               | <u>51.1</u>               | 48.7%              |  |  |
| Total  | 137.3                     | 139.6                     | 1.7%               | 156.2                     | 11.9%              |  |  |
| District   |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |
| Operations   | 333.1                     | 348.5                     | 4.6%               | 365.6                     | 4.9%               |  |  |
| Debt Service   | 214.1                     | 234.2                     | 9.4%               | 242.0                     | 3.3%               |  |  |
| Capital Appropriation                                    | <u>323.0</u>              | <u>420.8</u>              | 30.3%              | <u>418.6</u>              | -0.5%              |  |  |
| District-wide Total                                      | 870.2                     | 1,003.5                   | 15.3%              | 1,026.1                   | 2.3%               |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

(\$ Millions)

Capital \$839.4 41%

Debt Service \$476.2 24%

FY18 & FY19 Water and Wastewater Budgets

Water System The total two-year budget is \$1.7 billion. In FY18, the budget is \$863.9 million, or \$130.9 million (17.9 percent) greater than the FY17 amended budget. In FY19, the total budget is \$869.9 million, or \$6.0 million (0.7 percent) greater than FY18. In both fiscal years combined, more than two-thirds of the budget is related to the Capital Improvement Program. The adopted FY18 and FY19 budget includes the additional staffing considerations of 17.5 full-time equivalents (FTEs) discussed at the March 14, 2017 workshop to address capital projects and a variety of operation programs such as preventative maintenance, information systems security, diversity and inclusion outreach, intern program, and water treatment plant distributed control systems support. Hiring for these positions is contingent upon planned water sales during the peak summer months. If water sales fall below the planned projection, then recruitment for these positions may be delayed.

Of the \$130.9 million increase in FY18, \$15.5 million is due to operations, \$19.4 million to debt service, and \$96.0 million for capital. Of the operations budget total increase, \$11.6 million is attributable to labor costs and \$3.9 million is driven by non-labor. The primary increase in the operations labor budget is to fund additional staff as shown in Chapters 2 and 3, but the cost is partially offset by a decrease in budgeted overtime. The additional staff will address the budget priority of infrastructure maintenance including water operations needs identified during the most recent drought. In Chapter 3, the major drivers for the increase in the operations non-labor budget are discussed. Many costs are rising, but a significant new driver is a requirement for lead sampling in schools and a voluntary customer tap lead sampling program costing \$1.5 million each year of this biennial budget. The rising expenses are partially offset by lower potable water production costs due to reduced water sales, and decreases for other costs such as petroleum and fees. Debt service in FY18 will increase \$19.4 million due to the issuance of new bonds for the Capital Improvement Program. The FY18 capital appropriation increase of approximately \$96.0 million will fund work such as water treatment plant upgrades, pumping plant rehabilitation, and large diameter pipeline replacements.

Board of Directors July 1, 2017 Page 6

The FY19 increase of \$6.0 million reflects \$14.5 million for operations, \$10.5 million for debt service, and a decrease in the capital appropriation of \$19.0 million. Of the operations budget increase, \$9.9 million is attributable to labor costs and approximately \$4.6 million is driven by non-labor. As discussed in Chapter 3, the non-labor budget increase is primarily due to a variety of operations costs such as higher potable water production expenses as a result of price increases for chemicals, energy and disposal combined with a slight growth in water sales, fleet vehicle expenses, Board election fees, and other operating costs relative to FY18. Debt service will increase \$10.5 million due to the issuance of new bonds to fund the CIP. The \$19.0 million decrease in capital appropriation is the result of several multi-year projects being fully appropriated in FY18.

<u>Wastewater System</u> The total two-year budget is \$295.8 million. In FY18, the budget is \$139.6 million, or \$2.3 million (1.7 percent) greater than the FY17 amended budget. In FY19, the total budget is \$156.2 million, or \$16.6 million (11.9 percent) greater than FY18.

Of the \$2.3 million increase in FY18, a decrease of approximately \$0.2 million is attributable to operations, offset by an increase of \$0.7 million in debt service and \$1.8 million in the capital appropriation. As detailed in Chapter 2 and 4, additional positions are funded in FY18. Compared to the prior fiscal year, the operations labor budget increase is \$0.3 million and the non-labor budget will decrease \$0.5 million primarily due to favorable chemical pricing combined with operational efficiencies and lower reimbursable costs for services provided by the Water System. Debt service expenses in FY18 will increase \$0.7 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Of the increase to the capital appropriation, \$1.5 million will fund nutrient management studies.

The FY19 increase of \$16.6 million reflects \$2.6 million for operations, a decrease of \$2.7 million for debt service, and an increase of \$16.7 million in the capital appropriation. Of the operations budget total increase, \$1.8 million is attributable to labor costs and \$0.8 million for non-labor. The total operations non-labor budget increases are primarily for plant operating costs such as chemicals, disposal, fleet expenses and Water System reimbursable costs. Debt service will decrease a net of \$2.7 million due to the retirement of the General Obligation bond, but is offset by the issuance of new bonds. The \$16.7 million increase in the capital appropriation will fund work such as the rehabilitation of sections of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Street sewer interceptor, odor control improvements, and improving the infrastructure at the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant.

#### **Five-Year Capital Improvement Program Budget**

The FY18-22 combined Water and Wastewater System CIP includes \$1.85 billion of appropriations. Of this total, the Board of Directors approves the first two years or \$839.4 million.

The following discussion focuses on the CIP cash flows as they establish the fiscal years' project spending and are a significant component of the rates. The FY18-22 combined Water and Wastewater System CIP planned cash flow spending will increase by 14 percent over the five year span, from \$309.1 million in FY18 to \$355.4 million in FY22.

Water System Top Programs EBMUD is continuing its focus on investments in infrastructure rehabilitation, repair and replacement. The following table shows the major Water System capital programs and the projected cash flow spending. The largest program spending over the next five years is for Pipelines and Regulators which includes replacing 15 to 20 miles of distribution pipelines per year, and replacing large transmission pipelines. The Pressure Zone Improvements program is the next largest area of spending and includes upgrading or replacing reservoirs, pumping plants and transmission systems throughout the District to optimize storage capacity and improve water quality. The Water Treatment Plant Upgrade program focuses on improvements to the operation, reliability and safety of plants and includes upgrading filter systems, chemical systems, and control systems. The other programs will make improvements to the Mokelumne aqueducts, storage reservoirs and pumping plants, and replace polybutylene and copper service laterals. The Water Recycling program will focus on expanding the San Ramon Valley recycled water project.

| Water System Major Capital Programs Five-Year CIP (\$ Millions) |           |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|--|--|--|
|   | FY18-FY22 |  |  |  |
| Programs  | Cash Flow |  |  |  |
| Pipelines and Regulators  | 458       |  |  |  |
| Pressure Zone Improvements                                      | 150       |  |  |  |
| Water Treatment Plant Upgrade                                   | 139       |  |  |  |
| Raw Water Aqueducts   | 104       |  |  |  |
| Reservoir Rehabilitation  | 103       |  |  |  |
| Water Recycling   | 90        |  |  |  |
| Pumping Plant Rehabilitation                                    | 79        |  |  |  |
| Polybutylene Lateral Replacement                                | 74        |  |  |  |

<u>Wastewater System Top Projects</u> The following table shows the continued focus on making improvements to the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant to maintain our strong record of complying with permit requirements. Work addresses various aspects of the facility including drains, clarifiers, digesters, grit handling and other equipment, concrete structures, and controlling odors. In addition, work on the 3<sup>rd</sup> Street sewer interceptor rehabilitation will continue. A new project is for nutrients management to identify cost-effective solutions as the discharge of nutrients to San Francisco Bay continues to be a key area of concern.

| Wastewater System Major Capital Projects Five-Year CIP (\$ Millions) |           |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|--|--|--|
|  | FY18-FY22 |  |  |  |
| Projects   | Cash Flow |  |  |  |
| Treatment Plant Infrastructure                                       | 44        |  |  |  |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> Street Sewer Interceptor Rehabilitation              | 32        |  |  |  |
| Odor Control Improvements  | 23        |  |  |  |
| Digester Upgrades  | 21        |  |  |  |
| Concrete Rehabilitation  | 19        |  |  |  |
| Nutrient Management  | 15        |  |  |  |
| Capital Equipment Replacement 13                                     |           |  |  |  |

#### **CUSTOMER BILL IMPACTS**

As a community, our quality of life depends on reliable, environmentally-sound water and wastewater services. In this message, a summary of bill impacts for the average single family residential user is shown. The attachment provides detailed information for a wide range of use levels.

Customer bill impacts for FY18 and FY19 reflect the revenue requirement necessary to meet the adopted budget needs and low projected water sales. The adopted rates and charges are consistent with the District's 2015 Cost of Service study that allocates costs among customer classes based on usage characteristics. State law requires basing rates and charges on cost of service.

- An average single family residential customer now uses 8 centum cubic feet (CCF) per month or approximately 200 gallons per day (gpd). This customer's monthly water charges would increase \$4.34 in FY18 and an additional \$4.63 in FY19.
- An average single family residential customer discharges 6 CCF per month to the sewer system. This customer's monthly wastewater treatment charges collected on the water bill would increase \$0.96 in FY18 and an additional \$1.06 in FY19.
- An average single family residential customer receiving both EBMUD water and wastewater treatment services would see a combined monthly increase of \$5.30 in FY18 and an additional \$5.69 in FY19.
- The wastewater Wet Weather Facilities Charge, collected on the property tax bill, is based on a customer's lot size. For most single family residential customers the annual wastewater Wet Weather Facilities Charge will increase by \$4.70 in FY18 and an additional \$4.94 in FY19. For single family residential customers with the largest lot size, over 10,000 square feet, the annual increase would be \$16.80 in FY18 and an additional \$17.64 in FY19.

#### **USING THE BUDGET DOCUMENT**

EBMUD's FY18 and FY19 biennial budget document is comprised of two volumes. This volume contains all of the key biennial budget information for both the Water and Wastewater Systems, including a District overview, detailed operating and capital budgets, and five-year financial forecasts. The supplemental volume provides





summaries for all projects in the Capital Improvement Program. Since 1996, the District's budget documents have consistently received the Government Finance Officers Association's coveted Distinguished Budget Presentation Award. In addition, the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers has given awards for the District's biennial budget documents.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The FY18 and FY19 budget continues our commitment to providing high quality, reliable water and wastewater services for our customers. We will closely monitor our costs and continue to look for opportunities to maximize efficiency and productivity. We will also look for ways to restructure the workloads, and leverage technology as employees retire or leave the District. With the ongoing support of the Board and the staff of the District, I am confident that we will meet our challenges well into the future.

In closing, I want to thank the staff who worked so diligently to develop the budget and in particular to acknowledge their work in preparing the budget document. Their collective efforts have enabled us to develop a budget that serves as an effective policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and an information resource that explains to ratepayers the benefits of necessary rate increases.

Respectfully submitted,

Studuals R. Cent

ALEXANDER R. COATE
General Manager

ARC:SDS

Attachment

To enhance transparency, we are providing this attachment to the General Manager's message. The tables contain additional detail on bill impacts of the changes to water and wastewater rates and charges. The tables present FY18 and FY19 water and wastewater charges. To better demonstrate the full impacts of rate changes, they cover a range of customer classes and use levels.

#### Water Charge Bill: Monthly Impacts

The table titled **Single Family Residential Water Charges on Water Bill** addresses a broad cross-section of single family residential users which represent the majority of District accounts. The impact of rate increases is illustrated for users ranging from 4 CCF (25<sup>th</sup> percentile) to 22 CCF (95<sup>th</sup> percentile) per month. The impact is also provided for both the median single family user of 6 CCF and the recent average of 8 CCF. The tables present monthly impacts for ease of use, although residential single family customers receive bills covering two month periods.

**Multi-Family Residential and Non-Residential Water Charges on Water Bill** demonstrates the impact on adopted rate increases for two multi-family residential users: one with 4 units at 25 CCF monthly use, and one with 5+ units at 50 CCF monthly use. Information is also included for sample commercial users at 50 CCF per month and industrial users at 500 CCF per month.

Wastewater Treatment Charge Bill: Monthly Impacts and Wastewater Wet Weather Facilities Charge: Annual Impacts

Wastewater customers' charges appear in two separate places, their water bill and their property tax bill. The two tables presented in this section, **Wastewater Charges on Water Bill** and **Wet Weather Facilities Charge on Property Tax Bill**, address each of these bills.

Wastewater charges are based on volume, but are capped at a maximum of 9 CCF per month per single family residential user. The table titled **Wastewater Charges on Water Bill** shows bill impacts for both an average single family residential user discharging 6 CCF per month and a single family residential user discharging at the maximum, capped amount. In addition, impacts are shown for two multi-family residential users: one with 4 units at 25 CCF per month, and one with 5+ units at 50 CCF per month. Information is also included for sample commercial users at 50 CCF per month and industrial users at 500 CCF per month.

The table titled **Wet Weather Facilities Charge on Property Tax Bill** shows updated annual Wet Weather Facilities Charges based on lot size.

# Water Charge Bill: Monthly Impacts

| Single Family Residential Water Charges on Water Bill |              |           |           |                       |                   |           |                       |                   |
|---|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|
|   | Use<br>(CCF) | FY17 Bill | FY18 Bill | Increase<br>from FY17 | Percent<br>Change | FY19 Bill | Increase<br>from FY18 | Percent<br>Change |
| 25 <sup>th</sup> Percentile                           | 4            | \$33.33   | \$36.40   | \$3.07                | 9.2%              | \$39.67   | \$3.27                | 9.0%              |
| 50 <sup>th</sup> Percentile<br>(median use)           | 6            | \$39.65   | \$43.30   | \$3.65                | 9.2%              | \$47.19   | \$3.89                | 9.0%              |
| 75 <sup>th</sup> Percentile                           | 10           | \$55.83   | \$60.97   | \$5.14                | 9.2%              | \$66.46   | \$5.49                | 9.0%              |
| 95 <sup>th</sup> Percentile                           | 22           | \$116.31  | \$127.03  | \$10.72               | 9.2%              | \$138.46  | \$11.43               | 9.0%              |
| Average Single Family<br>Residential Use*             | 8            | \$47.15   | \$51.49   | \$4.34                | 9.2%              | \$56.12   | \$4.63                | 9.0%              |

<sup>\*8</sup> CCF/month represents recent average single-family residential use. Previous comparisons used 10 CCF/month, which represented historic average single-family residential use prior to recent drought conditions.

| Multi-Family Residential and Non-Residential Water Charges on Water Bill |                   |              |            |            |                    |                   |            |                       |                   |
|--|-------------------|--------------|------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
|  | Meter<br>(Inches) | Use<br>(CCF) | FY17 Bill  | FY18 Bill  | Increase from FY17 | Percent<br>Change | FY19 Bill  | Increase<br>from FY18 | Percent<br>Change |
| Multi-Family<br>Residential<br>4 units                                   | 1                 | 25           | \$142.74   | \$155.88   | \$13.14            | 9.2%              | \$169.95   | \$14.07               | 9.0%              |
| Multi-Family<br>Residential<br>5+units                                   | 1                 | 50           | \$254.24   | \$277.63   | \$23.39            | 9.2%              | \$302.70   | \$25.07               | 9.0%              |
| Commercial   | 1                 | 50           | \$253.24   | \$276.63   | \$23.39            | 9.2%              | \$301.70   | \$25.07               | 9.1%              |
| Industrial   | 2                 | 500          | \$2,309.32 | \$2,522.58 | \$213.26           | 9.2%              | \$2,751.36 | \$228.78              | 9.1%              |

# Wastewater Treatment Charge Bill: Monthly Impacts

| Wastewater Charges on Water Bill        |                   |              |            |            |                       |                   |            |                       |                   |
|---|-------------------|--------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
|   | Meter<br>(Inches) | Use<br>(CCF) | FY17 Bill  | FY18 Bill  | Increase<br>from FY17 | Percent<br>Change | FY19 Bill  | Increase<br>from FY18 | Percent<br>Change |
| Average<br>Single Family<br>Residential | 5/8               | 6            | \$19.93    | \$20.89    | \$0.96                | 4.8%              | \$21.95    | \$1.06                | 5.1%              |
| Single Family<br>Residential            | 5/8               | 9            | \$23.20    | \$24.31    | \$1.11                | 4.8%              | \$25.55    | \$1.24                | 5.1%              |
| Multi-Family<br>Residential<br>4 units  | 1                 | 25           | \$64.16    | \$67.21    | \$3.05                | 4.8%              | \$70.64    | \$3.43                | 5.1%              |
| Multi-Family<br>Residential<br>5+units  | 1                 | 50           | \$130.55   | \$136.33   | \$5.78                | 4.4%              | \$143.62   | \$7.29                | 5.3%              |
| Commercial                              | 1                 | 50           | \$135.03   | \$140.81   | \$5.78                | 4.3%              | \$148.10   | \$7.29                | 5.2%              |
| Industrial                              | 2                 | 500          | \$7,261.03 | \$7,621.31 | \$360.28              | 5.0%              | \$8,006.60 | \$385.29              | 5.1%              |

# Wastewater Wet Weather Facilities Charge: Annual Impacts

| Wet Weather Facilities Charge on Property Tax Bill |           |           |                    |                   |           |                       |                   |  |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
|  | FY17 Bill | FY18 Bill | Increase from FY17 | Percent<br>Change | FY19 Bill | Increase<br>from FY18 | Percent<br>Change |  |
| Small Lot<br>0-5,000 sq. ft.                       | \$94.10   | \$98.80   | \$4.70             | 5.0%              | \$103.74  | \$4.94                | 5.0%              |  |
| Medium Lot<br>5,001 - 10,000 sq.ft.                | \$147.00  | \$154.34  | \$7.34             | 5.0%              | \$162.06  | \$7.72                | 5.0%              |  |
| Large Lot<br>>10,000 sq. ft.                       | \$336.00  | \$352.80  | \$16.80            | 5.0%              | \$370.44  | \$17.64               | 5.0%              |  |

#### INTRODUCTION: DISTRICT OVERVIEW

East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) supplies water and wastewater treatment for East Bay communities located within Alameda and Contra Costa Counties in California. It is a publicly owned utility formed under the Municipal Utility District (MUD) Act passed by the state legislature in 1921. The Act permits the formation of multipurpose government agencies to provide needed public services on a regional basis.



The mission of the District is:

"To manage the natural resources with which the District is entrusted; to provide reliable, high quality water and wastewater services at fair and reasonable rates for the people of the East Bay: and to preserve and protect the environment for future generations."

In 1923, voters in the eastern San Francisco Bay Area created EBMUD to provide water service. Ninety percent of the water used by EBMUD comes from rain and melted snow within the 627-square mile protected watershed of the Mokelumne River located on the western slope of the Sierra Nevada. Raw or untreated water from Pardee Reservoir is transported more than 90 miles west via three parallel aqueducts to East Bay water treatment plants or terminal reservoirs, and from there to 170 local reservoirs and 4,200 miles of distribution pipeline. To protect EBMUD's customers from the effects of a severe drought, in 2002 the District created the Freeport Regional Water Project to convey up to 100 million gallons per day of supplemental Sacramento River water. The first water deliveries to the East Bay were in 2014 due to the drought that was being experienced at that time.

In 1944, voters in six of the East Bay cities served by EBMUD elected to form Special District No. 1 to treat wastewater before being released into San Francisco Bay. In 1951, EBMUD began to provide wastewater treatment. Laboratory services operate 365 days a year to constantly monitor water quality for drinking water and wastewater systems.

EBMUD is a California Special District and has a seven-member Board of Directors publically elected from wards within the service area. The Board is committed to governing through an open, public process, guided by the District's Mission Statement. Policies are then implemented under the direction of the General Manager. The General Manager and General Counsel are appointed by and report directly to the Board. The Senior Management Team is responsible for managing the operations of the District. EBMUD employs over 1,800 people in service to its mission. The Water and Wastewater Systems are legally distinct entities managed by the same Board.

For a complete history of the East Bay Municipal Utility District, please visit the history page at <a href="https://www.ebmud.com/about-us/who-we-are/mission-and-history/">www.ebmud.com/about-us/who-we-are/mission-and-history/</a>.

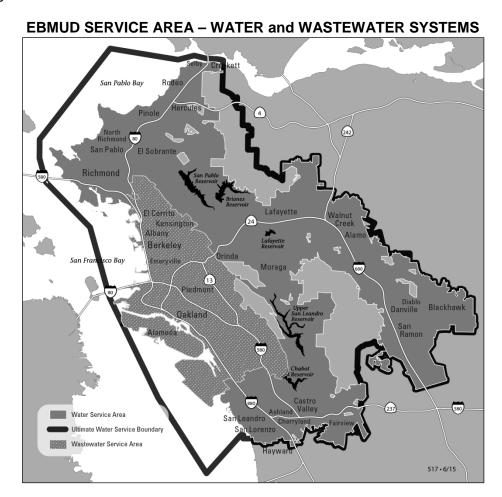
# **COMMUNITY**

# **Service Area Description**

Since 1929, when EBMUD first delivered water from the Sierra Mountains to the East Bay, the population served has grown from approximately 0.5 million to 1.4 million. Today the service area includes many of the region's large employers. The District's vitality is inseparable from the \$667 billion Bay Area regional economy which is essential to the economic health of California and the nation. The gross domestic product (GDP) of the Bay Area is one of the highest in the United States. The District's infrastructure is diverse and extensive, with a replacement cost conservatively estimated at more than \$14.4 billion.

The EBMUD water service area includes a large part of urban and suburban development in Alameda and Contra Costa Counties. The service area includes 20 cities and 15 unincorporated communities located on the eastern shore of San Francisco Bay (the "East Bay"). It is a 332-square mile area extending from Crockett in the north to San Lorenzo in the south, and eastward from San Francisco Bay through the Oakland-Berkeley hills to Walnut Creek and south through the San Ramon Valley.

The wastewater service area is an 88-square mile area along the east shore of the bay extending from Richmond in the north to Oakland in the south.



# **Population**

Approximately 1.4 million people are served by the Water System, 685,000 of whom are also served by the Wastewater System. Alameda County is the second fastest growing county in the state. Oakland is the eighth largest city in the state. The following table includes population data for the largest cities in the District's service area.

Population Trends\*

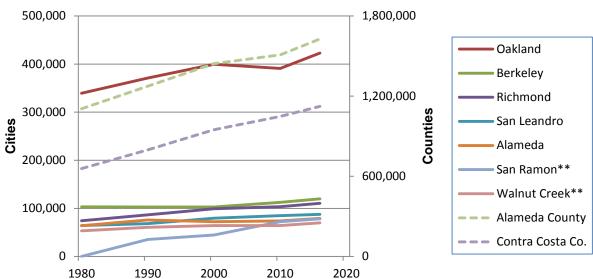
Seven Largest Cities in Service Area

Alameda and Contra Costa Counties, and California

| City/County      | 1/1/1980   | 1/1/1990   | 1/1/2000   | 1/1/2010   | 1/1/2016   |
|------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Oakland          | 339,300    | 371,100    | 399,500    | 390,757    | 422,856    |
| Berkeley         | 103,300    | 102,700    | 102,700    | 112,621    | 119,915    |
| Richmond         | 74,300     | 86,600     | 99,200     | 103,661    | 110,378    |
| San Leandro      | 64,200     | 68,100     | 79,500     | 84,977     | 87,700     |
| Alameda          | 63,900     | 75,900     | 72,300     | 73,835     | 79,277     |
| San Ramon**      | ***        | 35,300     | 44,800     | 72,148     | 78,363     |
| Walnut Creek**   | 53,300     | 60,600     | 64,300     | 64,140     | 70,018     |
| Alameda County   | 1,105,380  | 1,274,700  | 1,443,700  | 1,509,240  | 1,627,865  |
| Contra Costa Co. | 657,250    | 797,600    | 948,800    | 1,047,948  | 1,123,429  |
| California       | 23,669,000 | 29,558,000 | 33,872,000 | 37,223,900 | 39,255,883 |

California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit. Population Estimates for California Cities – Released May 2016.

# **Population Trends**Seven Largest Cities in Service Area and Both Counties



<sup>\*\*</sup> Total Population shown even though EBMUD does not serve the entire community.

<sup>\*\*</sup> EBMUD does not serve all of San Ramon or Walnut Creek, but total population is shown for each.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> San Ramon was unincorporated in 1980, data not available.

# WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEMS

# Water Supply

This section describes how EBMUD delivers water from the Sierra Nevada foothills to the Bay Area and how the wastewater plant treats municipal wastewater. During its 90 years, the population has grown and the system has expanded to meet increasing needs.

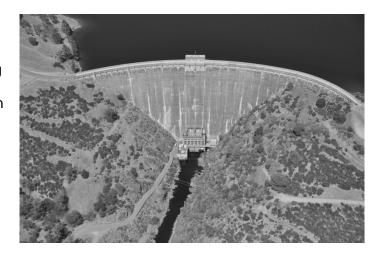
Ensuring a reliable, high quality water supply for today and the future is one of the District's highest priorities. Significant capital investments have been made to ensure a reliable water supply such as securing supplemental water supplies and expanding recycled water supply programs.



One of the most important factors in water quality is the source: the purer the source the better the water. Ninety percent of EBMUD's water comes from the 627-square mile watershed of the Mokelumne River located on the western slope of the Sierra Nevada. This area is mostly national forest, EBMUD-owned lands and other undeveloped lands little affected by human activity. The Mokelumne watershed collects snowmelt which flows into Pardee Reservoir near the town of Valley Springs.

Three large aqueducts carry this water more than 90 miles from Pardee Reservoir to the East Bay and protect it from pesticides, agricultural and urban runoff, municipal sewage and industrial discharges. When water demand is high or during times of operational need, EBMUD also draws water from protected local watersheds.

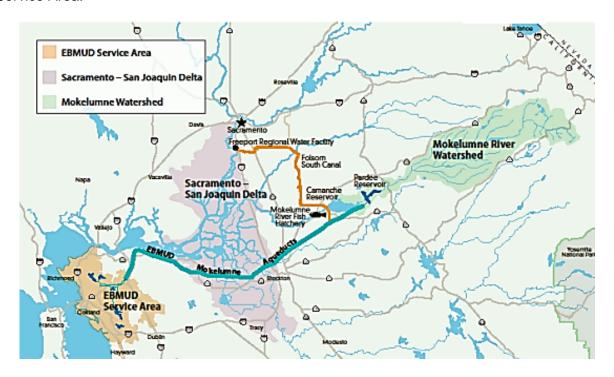
Before water reaches the tap, EBMUD takes many steps to ensure its quality. This includes carefully managing watershed lands and reservoirs; treating the water; maintaining water quality through a complex system of distribution pipes, pumping plants and reservoirs; testing water samples in our lab and in the field; and addressing consumer concerns. These efforts ensure that all customers receive high-quality drinking water that meets or surpasses all state and federal regulatory requirements.





Every five years, EBMUD updates its Urban Water Management Plan to ensure a reliable water supply for the next generation. This includes making the best use of limited supplies through water conservation and recycling and developing long-term projects to augment the water supply.

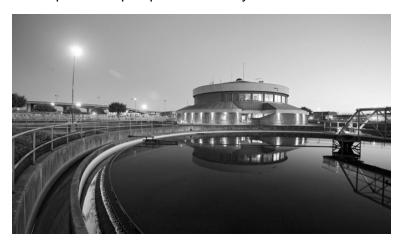
This map shows how the water travels from the Mokelumne River watershed into Pardee Reservoir, across the Central Valley in EBMUD's Mokelumne Aqueducts, and to the EBMUD Service Area.



The indoor water used by customers is discharged into the sewer system and makes its way to the Wastewater Treatment Plant for treatment, and finally to the San Francisco Bay.

#### **Wastewater Treatment**

EBMUD's wastewater treatment plant provides service for 685,000 people along the eastern shore of the San Francisco Bay, and treats approximately 56 million gallons of municipal wastewater per day. Wastewater is collected from homes and businesses through privately owned sewer laterals that feed into a network of city and other regional sewers. EBMUD's sewer interceptors and pump stations carry the wastewater to its treatment plant located in Oakland.



Stormwater is collected through a separate community-owned system. The plant treats sewage to meet stringent state and federal standards before recycling it or releasing it to the Bay. Prior to its construction, raw sewage was discharged directly into the Bay. As a partner in the stewardship of the Bay, EBMUD works with residents and businesses to help them keep contaminants out of the sewer system.

EBMUD has been recycling and producing renewable energy at its wastewater plant since the mid-1980s. EBMUD's plant transforms sewage and other organic wastes into green energy, nutrient-rich soil conditioner and recycled water. EBMUD produces sufficient renewable energy to meet its onsite power demands. In addition, excess energy is sold to the neighboring Port of Oakland.

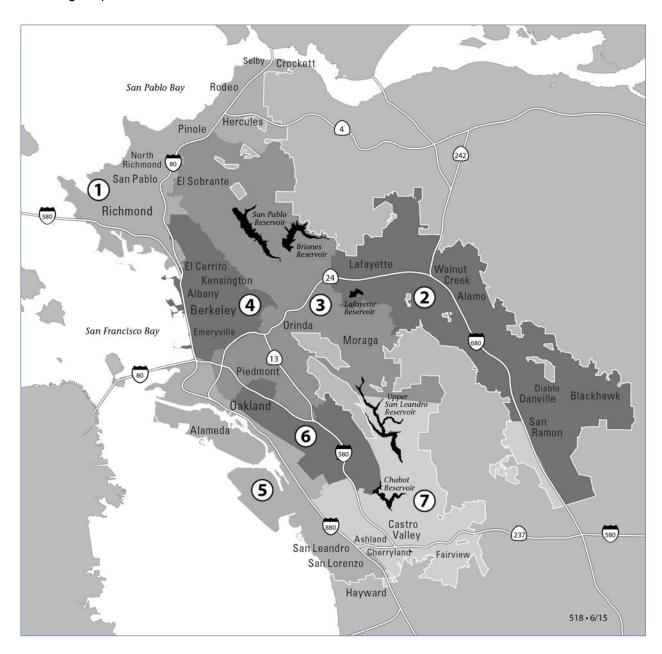


# **DISTRICT ORGANIZATION**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

EBMUD has a seven-member elected Board of Directors who determines overall policies, which are then implemented under the direction of the General Manager. The Board of Directors believes that EBMUD has a public responsibility to preserve the region's resources and set industry standards for water and wastewater utilities.

Directors are publicly elected to four-year terms from seven wards within the service area. The following map shows the areas included in each ward.



The current Board of Directors is shown below. More information on the Board of Directors can be found at: <a href="https://www.ebmud.com/about-us/board-directors/your-board-members/">www.ebmud.com/about-us/board-directors/your-board-members/</a>.

#### WARD 1 Lesa R. McIntosh - President

**Term expires 12/31/2020** 

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: Cities of Crockett, Hercules, Rodeo, and San Pablo; portions of Richmond and Pinole; and communities of North Richmond and Selby.

#### WARD 2 John A. Coleman

Term expires 12/31/2018

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: Cities of Alamo, Lafayette, Walnut Creek, Town of Danville; portions of San Ramon and Pleasant Hill and communities of Blackhawk and Diablo.

# WARD 3 Marguerite Young

**Term expires 12/31/2018** 

ALAMEDA COUNTY: City of Piedmont, and a substantial portion of Oakland. CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: Cities of Orinda and El Sobrante; Town of Moraga, and portions of Pinole and Richmond.

# WARD 4 Andy Katz

Term expires 12/31/2018

ALAMEDA COUNTY: Cities of Albany, Berkeley, and Emeryville; and a portion of Oakland.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: Cities of El Cerrito and Kensington.

# WARD 5 Doug Linney

Term expires 12/31/2020

ALAMEDA COUNTY: Cities of Alameda and San Lorenzo; West Oakland and Oakland Airport Area, and a portion of San Leandro.

#### WARD 6 William B. Patterson - Vice-President

Term expires 12/31/2020

ALAMEDA COUNTY: Portions of Oakland (East Oakland and south of Park Boulevard/5<sup>th</sup> Avenue) to the San Leandro City boundary.

#### WARD 7 Frank Mellon

**Term expires 12/31/2018** 

ALAMEDA COUNTY: Castro Valley; portions of San Leandro and Hayward; communities of Cherryland and Fairview.

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY: Portion of San Ramon.

Board meetings are open to the public and are held twice monthly on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. The Board may also meet at other times as needed. The Board is committed to governing through an open, public process, guided by the EBMUD Mission Statement.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

The General Manager and General Counsel are appointed by and report directly to the Board of Directors.

Alexander R. Coate General Manager Craig S. Spencer General Counsel

The Senior Management Team listed below is responsible for managing the operations of the District.

Laura A. Brunson Manager of Human Resources

Clifford C. Chan Operations and Maintenance Department Manager

Rischa S. Cole Secretary of the District

Marlaigne K. Dumaine Special Assistant to the General Manager – Governmental Affairs

Sherri A. Hong Manager of Customer and Community Services

Nicholas J. Irias Manager of Information Systems

Xavier J. Irias Director of Engineering and Construction

Alison A. Kastama Special Assistant to the General Manager – Communications

Sophia D. Skoda Director of Finance

Richard G. Sykes Director of Water and Natural Resources
Michael J. Wallis Director of Operations and Maintenance

Eileen M. White Director of Wastewater

Vacant Operations and Maintenance Department Manager

Vacant Director of Administration
Vacant Manager of Natural Resources

The chart on the following page provides an overview of the organization and shows the relationships between different departments and divisions within the District. It can also be found at <a href="https://www.ebmud.com/about-us/board-directors/management/">www.ebmud.com/about-us/board-directors/management/</a>.

**April 2017** 



#### WORKFORCE

EBMUD has over 1,800 employees. Most are represented by the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, Locals 444 and 2019; the International Federation of Professional and Technical Engineers, Local 21; and the International Union of Operating Engineers, Local 39. The majority of employees work in the East Bay, but employees also work in the Central Valley and Mokelumne watershed area.

EBMUD is an equal employment opportunity (EEO) employer, and a proud leader in taking legal, proactive steps that support a diverse, inclusive workforce. From Board policies that ensure equal employment opportunities for all persons based on job-related merit, the District uses inclusive and creative recruitment, professional development and placement methods to enhance the District's efforts to achieve a workforce reflective of the labor market in the communities we serve.



#### **EBMUD OFFICES**



**Administration Building** 375 Eleventh Street, Oakland, 94607

Wastewater Treatment Plant 2020 Wake Ave, Oakland, 94607



# STRATEGIC PLAN SUMMARY

The District's Strategic Plan incorporates its mission and principles, and identifies its goals, strategies, objectives, and key performance indicators. The plan guides staff in the management and allocation of resources and assets. The Strategic Plan precedes and guides the development of the biennial budget and the five-year capital improvement program to ensure that necessary resources are provided to implement the strategies and objectives.

The District's current Strategic Plan was adopted by the Board of Directors in July 2016. It is a blueprint for how EBMUD will respond to and prioritize challenges and evolving priorities. The plan incorporates the principles of fiscal responsibility, sustainability and effective use of resources that minimize the District's environmental footprint.

The Strategic Plan includes the following elements:

- Goals that define what the District wants to achieve:
- Strategies that define which actions to take to reach each goal;
- Objectives that reflect what needs to be accomplished in the near term; and
- Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) that measure how well the District is doing in achieving its goals.

# **Strategic Plan Goals**

The District has established the following comprehensive set of goals integrating sustainability principles:

#### Long-Term Water Supply

Ensure a reliable high-quality water supply for the future.

#### Water Quality and Environmental Protection

Meet or surpass environmental and public health standards and protect public trust values.

#### Long-Term Infrastructure Investment

Maintain and improve the District's infrastructure in a cost-effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality service now and in the future, addressing economic, environmental, and social concerns.

#### Long-Term Financial Stability

Manage the District's finances to meet funding needs and maintain fair and reasonable water and wastewater rates.

#### Customer and Community Services

Maintain and enhance service excellence through continuous improvement.

#### Workforce Planning and Development

Create an environment that attracts, retains, and engages a high performing diverse workforce in support of the District's mission and core values.

# Implementing the Plan

The fundamental purpose of the strategic planning process is to define the actions in the next two to five years which are necessary to meet the District's mission now and well into the future. The General Manager and the Senior Management Team lead the implementation of the Strategic Plan, with input from various sources such as master plans and long-range plans, new initiatives, and employee and customer feedback.

The Strategic Plan is adopted by the Board of Directors. Upon adoption, development of actions to implement the Strategic Plan can begin. The Strategic Plan provides an overall high-level direction to prioritize resources to achieve future success, but it does not describe all of the specific actions. By developing actions that are linked to the Strategic Plan, the District can ensure that it focuses its resources on the District's highest priorities.

# **Strategic Plan Process**



Annual individual employee performance plans are prepared to establish and communicate responsibilities, accountabilities, and performance expectations for priorities contained in the Strategic Plan.

The plan includes a series of KPIs that are measurable, comprehensive, and reflect the various strategies contained within the six Strategic Plan goals. KPIs are measured against targets annually to enable the District to evaluate its progress. The latest KPI report was presented to the Finance Committee in September 2016.

Strategic Plan 2016 goals, strategies, objectives, and KPIs are contained in the Appendix to this volume.

For a complete copy of the 2016 Strategic Plan, go to <a href="www.ebmud.com/about-us/who-we-are/">www.ebmud.com/about-us/who-we-are/</a>.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

# CHAPTER 1: FINANCIAL ORGANIZATION & BUDGET PROCESS

The Introduction discussed the District's Strategic Plan which guides the development of the biennial budget and the five-year capital improvement program. This chapter describes the District's financial structure and organization, and budget development process. It provides the parameters under which the budget is created and a comprehensive financial overview.

#### FINANCIAL ORGANIZATION

# **Fund Structure and Descriptions**

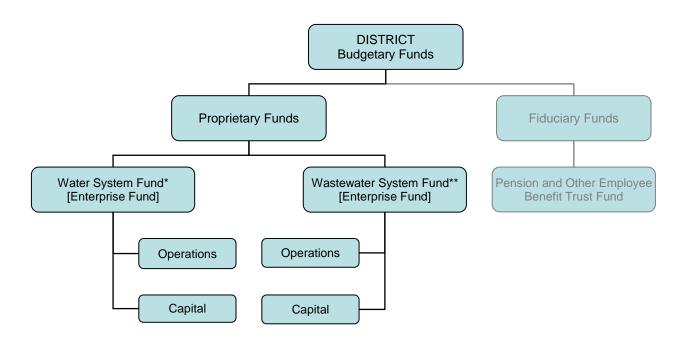
As illustrated in the graphic on the following page, the District's financial structure is composed of proprietary and fiduciary funds (see glossary for definitions of terms). The proprietary funds include two legally distinct and financially independent enterprise funds: the Water System and the Wastewater System. The two separate funds preserve the unique expenditure and revenue distinction between the two entities. When services are provided by one system for the benefit of the other, the appropriate fund is billed and cash transfers are made to the other.

- The Water System is engaged in the collection, transmission, and distribution of water to communities within Alameda and Contra Costa Counties of California. In addition, the Water System provides administrative, financial, and other support services to the Wastewater System. These costs are charged to the Wastewater System. The Water System consists of fourteen staffed departments.
- The Wastewater System is engaged in the interception and treatment of wastewater from residences and industries in the California communities of Alameda, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, Piedmont, and the Stege Sanitary District. The Wastewater System consists of one staffed department.

Both systems are proprietary, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the expense of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The Water System performs many support functions for the Wastewater System. These functions include but are not limited to financial services such as accounting, human resources services such as recruitment, information technology, customer services, legal services, and general oversight and governance. The Wastewater System reimburses the Water System directly for these services through a joint administrative and general annual expense.

Both systems are governed by the same elected Board of Directors, and share policies and procedures. Throughout this book, the 'District' refers to the East Bay Municipal Utility District and is understood to encompass both the Water and Wastewater Funds.



#### \*Departments

Maintenance & Construction Water Operations Water Resources Natural Resources Engineering & Construction Office of the General Manager

Operations and Maintenance Support

Finance

Information Systems

**Customer & Community Services** 

**Human Resources** 

Office of the General Counsel

Water Recycling Program

Administration

Department Wastewater

These funds are organized according to the Uniform System of Accounts for Water Utilities, as established by the California Public Utilities Commission, and adhere to the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) requirements for enterprise funds.

In addition to the District's proprietary funds, the District maintains a fiduciary fund used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The District's fiduciary fund consists of the Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust fund, which is maintained to account for assets held by the Employees' Retirement System in a trustee capacity for vested and retired employees. This book does not address the District's fiduciary funds.

# **Financial Reporting**

The District prepares its financial reports in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles used in the United States of America. At the conclusion of each fiscal year, the Finance Department prepares the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) in compliance with principles and standards for financial reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada. An application has been submitted to GFOA for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This would be the twelfth consecutive year that EBMUD has received this award.

# **Budgetary and Accounting Basis**

The basis of budgeting and accounting refers to the method of recognition of revenue and expenses in financial and budgetary reporting.

EBMUD's budgets are prepared on a modified cash flow basis which projects the District's cash inflows and outflows over the course of a fiscal year (July 1 through June 30) excluding physical and intangible assets such as depreciation. Revenues are recognized as they are received and accounted for while obligations for expenditures are recognized when a commitment is made through an encumbered purchase order or actual expense.

EBMUD's accounts and transactions are tracked on an accrual basis, which is the basis of accounting under generally accepted accounting principles. Under this method, all assets and liabilities associated with operations are included on the balance sheet; and revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time commitments are incurred.

Depreciation and amortization are handled differently in budgetary reporting and in financial reporting. In budgetary reporting, depreciation and amortization are excluded, and the repayment of the principal on debt as expense is included. In financial reporting, depreciation and amortization are included, and the repayment of the principal on debt as expense is excluded.

This table illustrates the differences between the budget and accounting basis described above.

|                                | BUDGETARY<br>Modified Cash Flow Basis                               | ACCOUNTING<br>Accrual Basis                   |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Revenue                        | Recognized when received and accounted for                          | Recorded when earned                          |
| Obligations                    | Recognized when a commitment is made through encumbrance or expense | Recorded at the time commitments are incurred |
| Depreciation and amortization  | Excluded  | Included                                      |
| Repayment of principal on debt | Included  | Excluded                                      |

# **Financial Planning**

The District prepares a biennial strategic plan and annual financial forecasts that provide the basis for developing the budget. Long-term financial stability is a goal in the District's Strategic Plan, which includes managing the District's finances to support its needs and maintain reasonable water and wastewater rates.

Revenue requirements over a five-year planning horizon are evaluated to determine the level of rate adjustments required for the upcoming budget years. To the extent possible, increases in water and wastewater rates are adjusted to avoid large fluctuations.

#### **Financial Policies**

The District establishes policies and resolutions to comply with the stipulations set forth in the MUD Act. The majority of District policies are reviewed biennially; some policies, such as the Investment Policy shown below, are reviewed annually. The adoption date changes only if revisions are made to the policy. The policies described below set forth key objectives for long-range financial planning and control.

The following policies are included in the Appendices as a reference:

| Policy 4.02 | Cash Reserves and Debt Management        | Adopted April 2017 |
|-------------|--|--------------------|
| Policy 4.04 | Financial Planning and Budgetary Control | Adopted April 2009 |
| Policy 4.07 | Investment Policy                        | Adopted April 2017 |
| Policy 4.13 | Establishing Water and Wastewater Rates  | Adopted April 2016 |

**Policy 4.02: Cash Reserves and Debt Management:** identifies specific financial metric targets to ensure the District is maintaining operating and self-insurance reserves necessary to provide ongoing working capital while maintaining a reasonable balance between debt and current revenue financing of capital projects.

The District strives to maintain operating reserves at a level sufficient to meet working capital and unanticipated needs, specifically:

- Maintaining Working Capital Reserve of at least 3.0 times monthly net operating and maintenance expenses.
- Maintaining Self-Insured Liability Program Reserve based on the Actuarial Self-Insured Retention (SIR) funding recommendation.
- Maintaining Workers' Compensation Program Reserve based on the Actuarial SIR funding recommendation.
- Maintaining Rate Stabilization Reserve:
  - For Water System a minimum of 20 percent of projected annual water volume revenues.
  - For Wastewater System a minimum of 5 percent of operating and maintenance expenses.

When issuing debt, the District will comply with all applicable requirements and ensure that issuance of all debt conforms to the District's overriding principle of exercising responsible financial management. The District strives to maintain a reasonably conservative ratio between current funding sources and debt financing:

- Maintaining an annual revenue bond debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.6 times.
- Limiting debt-funded capital to no more than 65 percent of the total capital program over each five-year planning period.
- Limiting commercial paper/variable rate debt to 25 percent of outstanding long-term debt.

**Policy 4.04: Financial Planning and Budgetary Control:** provides for the efficient use of District resources through financial planning and cost control; keeps total annual expenditures to the level of total annual revenue; provides periodic status reports on revenues, expenditures, and investments; and establishes the authority of the General Manager to transfer up to 5 percent of each fiscal years' budget between the capital and operating budgets within each System's funds, provided that the total budget for each System fund remains unchanged.

**Policy 4.07: Investment Policy:** guides the investment of District funds. The policy ensures that all investments are compliant with State law, and prioritizes the protection of the investments (safety), the availability of funds when needed (liquidity), earnings on the investment portfolio (yield), and reduces risk by investing in a variety of instruments (diversity). Among the key guidelines included in the policy are the types and characteristics of permitted investments, parameters for investment decisions, reporting requirements, and internal controls.

**Policy 4.13: Establishing Water and Wastewater Rates:** sets forth the rate methodology, rate design, and rate distribution that provide adequate revenues while keeping rates affordable, encouraging conservation and efficient use of water, and reflecting the cost of providing service to customers. Rates should provide sufficient revenue to support a safe, reliable, and sufficient water supply and wastewater treatment services to its customers over the long term.

#### **BUDGET PROCESS**

During the budget process, the District makes decisions on the efficient use of its resources using the Strategic Plan for guidance. A financial plan and biennial budget are established for the Water and the Wastewater Systems that includes the operations and capital programs and sets levels of related operations, capital and debt service expenditures that may be made.

The budget reflects the costs necessary to provide customers with safe, reliable water and wastewater service over the long term while keeping rates fair and reasonable. The budget is also used to develop rates and charges that provide adequate revenues to meet the District's needs, and encourages the efficient use of water.

Decisions on allocating resources and addressing budget needs do not end when the Board adopts the budget. Throughout the year, departments are responsible for implementing the budget and monitoring budget performance, responding to unforeseen or emergency circumstances, and participating in long-range financial planning.

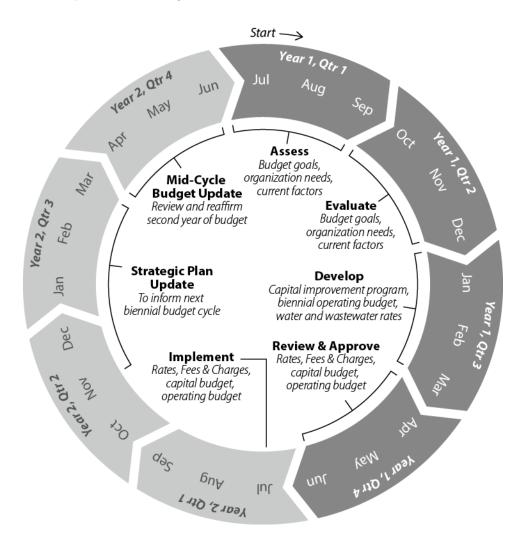
The District received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its FY16 and FY17 biennial budget document dated June 9, 2015. This is the fourteenth consecutive budget document for which the District has received the GFOA award. For the third time, the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) has presented the Excellence in Budgeting Award to the District. To qualify for these awards, the budget document had to meet stringent guidelines and criteria.

## **Balanced Budget**

The District budget is balanced when operating revenues are equal to or greater than operating expenditures including debt service, and ending fund balances meet minimum policy levels. The District establishes its budget on the principle of overall revenue neutrality, as outlined in the American Water Works Association (AWWA) Principles of Water Rates, Fees and Charges recommendations for government-owned utilities. The District's rates and charges are set to ensure that revenues are sufficient to recover the total cash needs in a given fiscal year.

## **Budget Development Calendar**

The District has a biennial budget process which is represented in the graphic below and described more fully in the following text.



Assess: Budget goals, organization needs, and current factors

July Strategic Plan adopted.

August Budget guidelines and assumptions prepared.

September Capital budget development starts.

Evaluate: Budget goals, organization needs, and current factors

October Operating budget development starts.

November Review of capital budget requests begins.

December Review of operating budget requests begins.

Develop: Biennial operating budget, capital improvement program, water

and wastewater rates

January / February Operating budget and capital improvement program recommendations

are developed by Senior Management with input from the Board of

Directors.

Water and Wastewater rates to fund budget needs are proposed.

March Documents prepared to present proposed budget and rates to the

Board and the public.

The General Manager presents the proposed operating and capital budgets, and proposed rates, fees and charges to the Board at budget

workshops.

Review & Approve: Rates, fees & charges, capital budget, operating budget

April Another budget workshop occurs if needed to address any direction

given by the Board at previous budget workshops.

California Proposition 218 notices are distributed to property owners.

May The General Manager's recommendations on the proposed rates,

charges, and fees are filed with the Board of Directors.

June Board adopts operating and capital budgets.

Implement: Adopted rates, fees & charges, capital and operating budgets

July Public hearing on rates is held.\*

Board adopts rates, fees and charges schedules; and positions

authorization.\*

Adopted rates and budget implementation begins.

Adopted Budget, and rates and charges schedules, published.

\*Represents a one-time deviation in this budget cycle from the District's standard process of adopting the proposed budget at the same public Board meeting as the rates and charges. Please see Rates, Fees, and Charges section for further details.

#### **Strategic Plan Update**

The Strategic Plan is updated every other year. This plan provides the District with overall direction for the next two to five years, sets priorities, and guides the development of the operating and capital budgets with those priorities.

#### Mid-Cycle Budget Update

The Board of Directors approves the budget covering a two-year period. The Board reviews and reaffirms the second year of the two-year budget prior to the start of a new fiscal year in July. A Mid-Cycle Budget Update workshop given to the Board of Directors provides a budget status and any projected changes to revenues, expenditures and staffing.

#### **Annual and Semi-Annual Budget Performance Reports**

At the mid-point and conclusion of each fiscal year, the Board of Directors is provided with a comparative analysis of expenditures to budget.

## **Budget Responsibilities**

Budget decisions are made through a process that involves the Board of Directors, District staff and the public. The responsibilities for financial management planning and budget control are as follows:

## **Departmental Responsibilities**

- Prepare capital improvement program and biennial budget requests.
- Monitor financial performance and take prompt corrective action, as needed.
- Monitor key performance indicators and take corrective action, as appropriate.
- Inform the General Manager when unforeseen circumstances indicate that budget amounts may be exceeded or that expected revenues may be less than planned.

## **Finance Department Responsibilities**

#### **Treasury Operations**

- Monitor District's liquidity and ensure funds are available as needed, invest funds in accordance with Board policy, wire funds to pay approved demands, and take other actions associated with the prudent management of the District's financial resources.
- Provide for the issuance of debt to fund the capital improvement program.
- Prepare financial projections, schedules of rates and charges, tax rate proposals and other financial materials.

#### **Accounting**

- Produce monthly and annual expenditure and revenue reports.
- Prepare and present information on financial trends to facilitate evaluation of the District's financial position and identify conditions requiring management attention.
- Prepare periodic reports on the status of expenditures, revenues, investments and actions taken to ensure the financial stability of the District.

#### **Budget Office**

- Support the development of the Strategic Plan.
- Project short-range and long-range financial needs, and recommend methods for meeting those needs.
- Prepare the District's biennial operations and capital improvement program budgets.
- Prepare budget performance reports on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual and annual basis.
- Prepare the mid-cycle budget update.
- Develop procedures and controls to monitor and ensure compliance with the budget.
- Assist departments throughout the year with their budgets and financial issues.

#### **General Manager's Responsibilities**

- Review and present to the Board of Directors long range plans, budgets and revisions, schedules of rates and charges, payments of financial demands and other financial transactions, as necessary.
- Authorize budget transfers up to 5 percent of the fiscal years' budget between the
  operations and capital budgets in each of the Water and Wastewater System's budgets,
  provided that the total budget for each of the two systems remains unchanged.
- Authorize the allocation of budgeted funds from contingency.
- Implement emergency financial procedures within approved limits, when necessary.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

Automated District-wide budgetary controls track spending to the amounts set in the budget. Budgetary controls function differently for operations and capital budget expenditures.

For the operations budget, each department is controlled within each expenditure category: personnel costs, contract services, and operations and maintenance. Departments are not allowed to exceed their authorized operations budget for each fiscal year.

For the capital budget, each capital project is controlled based on its appropriation. A project may not exceed its total appropriation. Unlike the operations budget, which expires on June 30 of each fiscal year, capital appropriations are multi-year and will last the life of the project.

## **Budget Adjustments**

Adjustments to the operations budget are reallocations of funds between organizational units, categories, and/or line items, which allow departments to have financial flexibility within established budgetary controls. Budget adjustments to the capital budget are reallocations of funds within or between projects. Approval from the affected department(s) and the Budget Office is required for all budget adjustments.

General Manager approval is required for the reallocation of funds from contingency, and the reallocation of funds between the operations and capital budgets in both the Water and Wastewater Systems. Approval from the Board of Directors is required for increases to the total adopted budget of the Water or Wastewater System.

## **Capital Improvement Program Preparation**

The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget communicates the capital priorities of the District for the next five years to enable the District to identify and prioritize its infrastructure needs and plan for infrastructure investments.

The CIP consists of three primary levels:

The highest level of the CIP is a strategy, which groups several programs representing key capital objectives as identified in the EBMUD's Strategic Plan. The nine Water System and three Wastewater System strategies are summarized in the Capital Expenditures sections of the Water System and Wastewater System chapters.

The second level in the CIP is a program, which represents a group of related projects combined to facilitate planning and decision-making. A discussion of the significant programs included in the CIP can be found in the CIP program highlights sections of the Water System and Wastewater System chapters.

The third level in the CIP is a project, which is a discrete set of capital improvement tasks, coordinated by a project manager. Appropriation requests and projected spending (cash flow) are authorized at the project level. A discussion of each project included in the CIP can be found in the supplemental volume of the budget document.

#### **CIP Budget Preparation**

The CIP is prepared as part of the District's biennial budget process. The responsibilities for preparing and managing the CIP are shared among District staff as follows:

#### **Project Management**

Project managers work together to meet the requirements of the biennial CIP budget process and to implement a specific program or project. During the budget process, the project managers update project appropriations and cash flows, and modify project descriptions and justifications to identify recent and anticipated major accomplishments. Managers also work together to identify the most effective ways to schedule, staff, and coordinate projects.

The steps used to budget for the CIP are:

- Propose and justify new capital projects needed to carry out the goals of the District;
- Identify how resources will be allocated to accomplish the work;
- Identify the required appropriation and estimated cash flow for each project; and
- Include direct costs (without overhead), contingency and an inflation factor in the recommended appropriations and cash flows for projects.

#### **Capital Steering Committee (CSC)**

The CSC consists of Department Directors and Managers responsible for the overall management of the CIP during the budget preparation process.

#### Responsibilities include:

- Serve as an advisory group to the General Manager and the Budget Office;
- Review projects for opportunities to combine programs and projects, streamline costs, and determine the necessity for proposed new projects;
- Confirm the adequacy of District resources to complete proposed projects;
- Scrutinize proposed project cash flow amounts;
- Establish priorities and finalize the list of individual projects to be presented to the General Manager and Board of Directors based on available resources and project justification;
- Review the status of the CIP regularly;
- Work with project management staff to resolve administrative issues; and
- Authorize necessary changes to project scope, schedule and budget that are within staff's administrative authority.

## **Budget Office**

The office is responsible for the overall management of the budget process which includes:

- Manage the CIP budget preparation and planning process;
- Provide staff support to the CSC;
- Ensure that the decisions of the CSC and General Manager are reflected in the budget;
- Determine types and levels of funding necessary for the CIP;
- Report to the General Manager and CSC the status of capital project appropriations and cash flow spending; and
- Report CSC recommendations regarding adjustments to the CIP that require either General Manager or Board approval.

#### **CHAPTER 2: DISTRICT BUDGET SUMMARY**

The District budget summary provides an overview of the District-wide biennial budget. Subsequent chapters describe the budgets for each of the two distinct funds: Water and Wastewater. This chapter includes the appropriations, a summary of operational priorities, and discussions of the following topics:

- Operations
- Debt service
- Capital expenditures
- Staffing
- Labor and benefits
- Sources of funds
- Fund summaries

#### **BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS**

The FY18 and FY19 District-wide total appropriation is \$2.03 billion for water system and wastewater system operations, debt service, and capital appropriations.

The FY18 budget of \$1.00 billion is comprised of \$348.5 million or 35 percent for operations expense, \$234.2 million or 23 percent for debt service and \$420.8 million or 42 percent for capital appropriation. The FY19 budget of \$1.03 billion is comprised of \$365.6 million or approximately 35 percent for operations expense, \$242.0 million or 24 percent for debt service and \$418.6 million or 41 percent for capital appropriation.

The following table shows the major components and the total appropriation approved by the Board of Directors for this biennial budget.

| FY18 & FY19 APPROPRIATIONS (\$ Millions) |              |             |              |              |             |              |              |  |  |
|--|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
|  |              | FY18        | ,            | FY19         |             |              | FY18 & FY19  |  |  |
| Components                               | Water        | Wastewater  | Total        | Water        | Wastewater  | Total        | Grand Total  |  |  |
| Operations                               | 277.9        | 70.6        | 348.5        | 292.5        | 73.1        | 365.6        | 714.1        |  |  |
| Debt Service                             | 199.6        | 34.7        | 234.2        | 210.0        | 31.9        | 242.0        | 476.2        |  |  |
| Capital Appropriation                    | <u>386.5</u> | <u>34.4</u> | <u>420.8</u> | <u>367.5</u> | <u>51.1</u> | <u>418.6</u> | <u>839.4</u> |  |  |
| Total                                    | 863.9        | 139.6       | 1,003.5      | 869.9        | 156.2       | 1,026.1      | 2,029.7      |  |  |

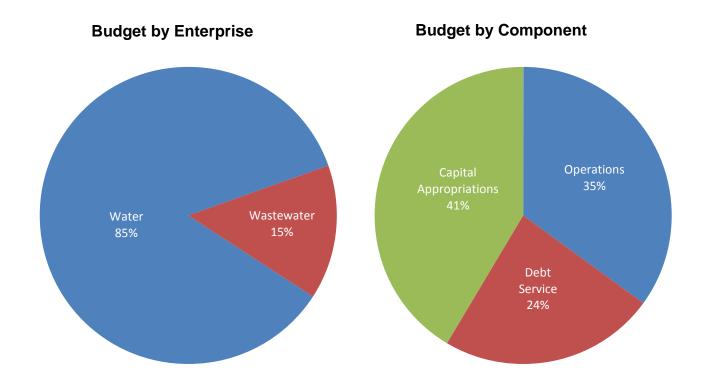
Numbers in the table may be rounded.

## **USE OF FUNDS**

The District's use of funds are divided into three major components in both the Water System and Wastewater System:

- Operations and maintenance of the District, including the annual cost of providing all water and wastewater services, labor and benefits;
- Debt Service on previously issued bonds to pay for the investments in infrastructure in the capital improvement program; and
- Capital Appropriation, which is for long-term projects to upgrade aging infrastructure, prepare for earthquakes, protect natural resources, ensure a future water supply, and, like operating expenses, includes equipment and salaries.

The following charts characterize the combined FY18 and FY19 budget in two aspects. First, the chart on the left compares the size of the Water System budget to the Wastewater System budget. The second chart depicts the three separate components of the budget (i.e., operations, debt service and capital appropriation). Financing, or debt service, is only incurred to support the capital program. The total capital and debt service appropriation when combined represent 65 percent of the budget dedicated to capital investment activities.



#### **BUDGET ALLOCATED BY SERVICES PROVIDED**

The following table provides a summary of the FY18 and FY19 appropriations grouped by services provided by the District. In addition to providing water and wastewater services, significant funds are used for making capital improvements and repaying bonds used to fund previous capital work. As shown, almost two-thirds of the total budget is spent on capital infrastructure investment, and almost one fourth will be spent on water and wastewater service.

Amounts shown below will not necessarily match the amounts shown in the department budget sections later in this volume.

| FY18 & FY19 BUDGETS BY SERVICES PROVIDED (\$ Millions)   |         |         |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| SERVICES   | FY18    | FY19    |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Improvement Program Long-term projects to upgrade aging infrastructure, protect natural resources, provide high quality water and wastewater services. Projects typically result in the construction of new facilities, or the rehabilitation or upgrade of existing facilities. | 420.8   | 418.6   |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Debt Service</b> Repayment of bonds that have been sold to pay for long-term investments in infrastructure.   | 234.2   | 242.0   |  |  |  |  |
| Water Service Storage, treatment and delivery of high-quality water to 1.4 million customers; day-to-day maintenance of water supply and distribution systems; planning and engineering for future water supply; recycled water; and meter reading.                                      | 171.9   | 181.0   |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Service Operation and engineering at wastewater treatment plant, laboratory and wet weather facilities that serve more than 685,000 customers; educational outreach to residences, businesses and communities for industrial discharge, source control, and sewer programs.   | 70.6    | 73.1    |  |  |  |  |
| Support Services Human resources, finance, information technology and other internal support services.   | 68.6    | 72.6    |  |  |  |  |
| Customer Service Water conservation programs, public information, school outreach, billing services, call center and additional services to customers.   | 21.2    | 22.1    |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resource Management and Protection Environmentally sound management of nearly 56,000 acres of watershed lands, operation of public recreation facilities and fisheries programs.   | 16.3    | 16.8    |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL BUDGET   | 1,003.5 | 1,026.1 |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

#### **OPERATIONS**

As shown in the FY18 & FY19 Appropriations table at the beginning of this chapter, the budget is categorized into three components: Operations, Debt Service and Capital Appropriations. This section will address the operations budget component which is 35 percent of the total District-wide budget.

The operations portion of each fund (i.e., Water or Wastewater) budget is categorized into various departments. The majority of these departments are referred to as *staffed departments* indicating employees are assigned to work in these areas. The staffed departments' budgets fund the day-to-day operations of the District and include funding for labor, benefits, outside contract services and other non-labor expenses such as electricity, chemicals, fuel, computer hardware, self-insured liability claims, workers compensation claims, etc. A detailed description of each staffed department is included in the corresponding Water and Wastewater System chapter of this document.

A small number of departments do not have personnel assigned to them. These departments are referred to as *non-staffed departments*. The impact on the budget by each of these departments varies:

**Contingency -** Funds budgeted each fiscal year to primarily cover projected labor-related expenses such as the employee cost of living adjustment which is based upon each year's February Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) in the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose area. The index is published in March of each year. The contingency budget also includes funding for unanticipated needs which may arise before the next budget cycle.

**Intradistrict -** Certain internal service accounts are included in balance sheets to assure that internal expenses are not counted twice within the operations budget. Examples of these accounts include warehouse stores loading overhead and fleet vehicle expenses.

**Administration of Capital -** The administration of capital represents those costs that are not directly attributable to specific capital projects but are more generalized indirect support of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The administration of capital in the operations budget will decrease operating expenses by a like amount and reallocate the costs to the capital budget.

While contingency adds costs to the staffed departments, intradistrict and administration of capital subtracts costs at the Water System and Wastewater System Fund level as shown in the following table.

## FY18 & FY19 Budget

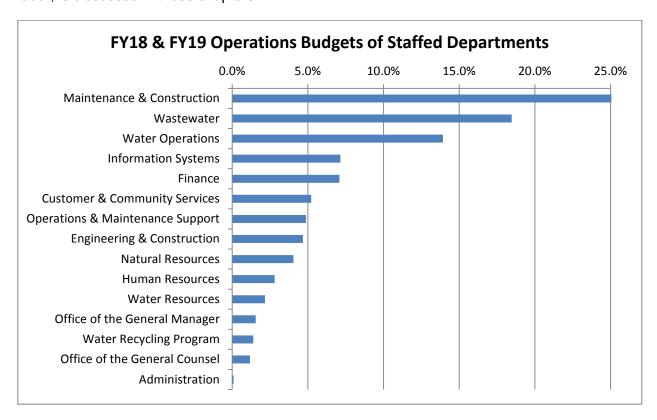
The table below illustrates each staffed and non-staffed department's portion of District-wide operations of \$348.5 million in FY18 and \$365.6 million in FY19, ordered by size within each system (Water and Wastewater). For the Water System, operations will be \$277.9 million in FY18 and \$292.5 million in FY19. For the Wastewater System, operations will be \$70.6 million in FY18 and \$73.1 million in FY19. The totals can be compared to the operations appropriation at the start of this chapter.

| FY18 & FY19 DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS (\$ Thousands) |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| WATER SYSTEM                                     | FY18       | FY19       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance & Construction                       | 99,161.8   | 101,632.4  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Operations                                 | 53,576.1   | 55,346.6   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Information Systems                              | 27,837.1   | 28,955.4   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finance  | 27,339.2   | 28,094.6   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customer & Community Services                    | 20,194.1   | 20,634.1   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operations & Maintenance Support                 | 18,842.7   | 19,479.6   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engineering & Construction                       | 18,269.2   | 18,661.6   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resources                                | 15,690.3   | 15,997.0   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Resources                                  | 11,067.6   | 11,213.0   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Resources                                  | 8,486.9    | 8,471.3    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office of the General Manager                    | 5,881.8    | 6,317.8    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Recycling Program                          | 5,418.6    | 5,509.9    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office of the General Counsel                    | 4,576.2    | 4,592.4    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration                                   | 376.2      | 376.9      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal Water Staffed Departments               | 316,717.6  | 325,282.5  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contingency                                      | 12,905.7   | 18,871.5   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intradistrict                                    | (11,700.0) | (11,700.0) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital                        | (40,000.0) | (40,000.0) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Water Operations                           | 277,923.4  | 292,454.0  |  |  |  |  |  |
| WASTEWATER SYSTEM                                |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater                                       | 71,479.8   | 72,981.5   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal Wastewater Staffed Departments          | 71,479.8   | 72,981.5   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contingency                                      | 2,078.0    | 3,156.0    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital                        | (3,000.0)  | (3,000.0)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Wastewater Operations                      | 70,557.8   | 73,137.4   |  |  |  |  |  |
| DISTRICT   |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total District Operations                        | 348,481.2  | 365,591.4  |  |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

## **Staffed Departments**

The chart below shows the share of the total operations budget of each staffed department. Maintenance and Construction is the largest staffed department and is responsible for services such as water distribution pipelines including installation of new services, repairing leaks, replacing meters, fleet operations and maintaining the water treatment infrastructure and other facilities located throughout the District. A detailed description of each department's services is shown in the Water and Wastewater System chapters. The full cost of labor, including capital labor, is discussed in those chapters.



#### **DEBT SERVICE**

As shown in the FY18 & FY19 Appropriations table at the beginning of this chapter, the budget is categorized into three components: Operations, Debt Service and Capital Appropriations. This section will address the debt service component which is 24 percent of the total District-wide budget.

Capital expenditures can either be funded through debt financing (bonds and loans), or on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, or in some cases, by reimbursements. Debt financing is generally more suited to large capital projects with long useful lives. If the capital expenditure is significant, debt financing may be a better option since large capital expenditures can be difficult to accommodate on a "pay-as-you-go" basis without spiking rates. Debt financing also creates a measure of intergenerational equity in that future ratepayers will participate in the financing of the capital projects over their useful life. The "pay-as-you-go" option is also referred to as revenue funded capital. It is a source of funding the District utilizes to reduce its reliance on debt, and is funded from current year revenues.

The District's policy is that over any five-year planning period no more than 65 percent of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) will be funded from debt. The prior biennial budget as well as this budget supports additional "pay-as-you-go" funding to reduce the debt-financed portion of the CIP. Although debt service payments are considered to be part of the operations budget, debt proceeds are used to finance capital investment activities.

#### FY18 & FY19 Debt Service

Debt service will be \$199.6 million in FY18 and \$210.0 million in FY19 for the Water System, and \$34.7 million in FY18 and \$31.9 million in FY19 for the Wastewater System. Total outstanding debt on the Water System is projected to be \$2.59 billion as of June 30, 2017. Total outstanding debt on the Wastewater System is projected to be \$397.2 million as of June 30, 2017.

The Water System budget assumes issuance of \$179.5 million in new revenue bonds in FY18, and \$151.6 million in FY19. The Wastewater System budget assumes issuance of approximately \$20.5 million of new revenue bonds in FY18 and \$14.0 million in FY19.

#### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURES**

As shown in the FY18 & FY19 Appropriations table at the beginning of this chapter, the budget is categorized into three components: Operations, Debt Service and Capital Appropriations. This section addresses the capital appropriations component which is 41 percent of the total District-wide budget and funds the District's Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The CIP is a set of projects approved by the Board of Directors that define the capital priorities of the District for the next five years.

#### **Appropriations**

Appropriations are the amounts approved by the Board to be spent on capital projects. The Board adopts the appropriations for the first two years of the five-year CIP. The remaining years are for planning purposes only and are subject to revision. Appropriations may be expended over multiple years, and any unspent appropriations automatically carry forward to the next fiscal year. Appropriations vary from year-to-year depending upon the funding needs for the projected work.

Administration of capital is included in the capital appropriation, and consists of costs incurred by administrative support functions that are not directly charged to individual capital projects, such as work performed in support departments including Finance, Human Resources, and Information Systems. These costs support the CIP as a whole, and are deducted from the operating budget and included in the CIP budget.

## FY18 – FY22 Capital Appropriation

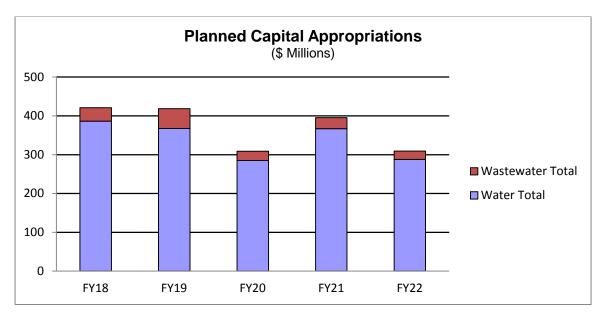
The FY18 capital appropriation, including administration of capital, is \$386.5 million for the Water System and \$34.4 million for the Wastewater System, for an approximate total of \$420.8 million. In FY19, the capital appropriation is \$367.5 million for the Water System and \$51.1 million for the Wastewater System, for a total of \$418.6 million. As in previous years, this CIP balances the need to continue to replace and rehabilitate system infrastructure to meet the needs of our customers at reasonable costs. Key programs and projects are discussed in Chapters 3 and 4 for the Water System and Wastewater System, respectively. In addition, a full description of each project can be found in the supplemental volume to this budget document.

The following table presents the planned appropriations for the five-year CIP by fund, plus the administration of capital. The total planned FY18-22 capital appropriation is \$1.85 billion, which includes \$1.69 billion for the Water System and \$159.2 million for the Wastewater System.

| Capital Improvement Program Planned Appropriations within Fund (\$ Millions) |             |             |             |             |             |              |  |  |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
|  | FY18        | FY19        | FY20        | FY21        | FY22        | Total        |  |  |
| Water  | 346.5       | 327.5       | 243.8       | 324.7       | 244.2       | 1,486.6      |  |  |
| Administration of Capital  | <u>40.0</u> | <u>40.0</u> | <u>41.2</u> | <u>42.4</u> | <u>43.7</u> | <u>207.3</u> |  |  |
| Water Total  | 386.5       | 367.5       | 285.0       | 367.1       | 287.9       | 1,693.9      |  |  |
| Wastewater   | 31.4        | 48.1        | 20.9        | 25.1        | 18.1        | 143.6        |  |  |
| Administration of Capital  | <u>3.0</u>  | <u>3.0</u>  | <u>3.1</u>  | <u>3.2</u>  | <u>3.3</u>  | <u>15.6</u>  |  |  |
| Wastewater Total   | 34.4        | 51.1        | 24.0        | 28.3        | 21.4        | 159.2        |  |  |
| District Total   | 420.8       | 418.6       | 309.0       | 395.5       | 309.3       | 1,853.2      |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The relationship between the Water System and Wastewater System five-year planned appropriations can also be seen in the following chart:



Water System appropriations are increasing \$82.1 million in FY21 compared to FY20. In FY21, a large planned increase is needed for the Encinal Cascade and Leland pressure zone projects; one of the Alameda Crossing pipelines; Briones reservoir tower modifications; construction of 21,600 feet of pipeline in St. Mary's Road/Rohrer Drive in Moraga, Lafayette, and Walnut Creek to improve distribution system hydraulics; and improvements to the Camanche wastewater treatment plant.

Wastewater appropriations will increase \$16.7 million in FY19 compared to FY18. In FY19, a large planned increase is needed for the 3<sup>rd</sup> Street sewer interceptor rehabilitation; pump station M improvements; upgrades to the fats, oils and grease trucked waste receiving station; odor control improvements; grit handling equipment replacement; plant gallery drain improvements; and improvements to the Operations Center building.

## **Capital Cash Flow**

Cash flow is the amount projected to be spent each fiscal year on projects in the CIP. The cash flow varies each year as projects progress from one phase of the work to another, such as from planning to design and then construction. Cash flow includes spending on contracts, equipment and supplies, and District labor. Capital labor is budgeted by departments for the time staff will work on capital projects.

Administration of capital expenses are allocated to the capital program for costs not directly attributable to specific capital projects, but indirectly support the CIP. Therefore, the administration of capital is not allocated to each individual project's cash flow, but is applied to the CIP as a whole.

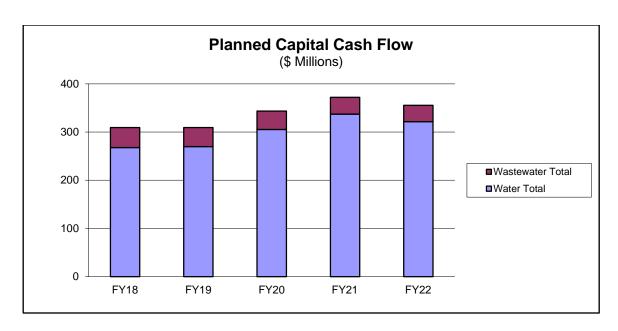
#### FY18 - FY22 Capital Cash Flow

The FY18 capital cash flow, including administration of capital expenses is \$267.7 million for the Water System and \$41.4 million for the Wastewater System, for a total of \$309.1 million. In FY19, the capital cash flow is \$269.8 million for the Water System and \$39.5 million for the Wastewater System, for a total of \$309.4 million. The five-year planned cash flows can be seen in this table:

| Capital Improvement Program Planned Cash Flow within Fund (\$ Millions) |             |             |             |             |             |              |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
|   | FY18        | FY19        | FY20        | FY21        | FY22        | Total        |  |  |  |
| Water   | 227.7       | 229.8       | 264.2       | 294.7       | 277.8       | 1,294.3      |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital   | <u>40.0</u> | <u>40.0</u> | <u>41.2</u> | <u>42.4</u> | <u>43.7</u> | <u>207.3</u> |  |  |  |
| Water Total   | 267.7       | 269.8       | 305.4       | 337.1       | 321.5       | 1,501.6      |  |  |  |
| Wastewater  | 38.4        | 36.5        | 34.9        | 31.7        | 30.6        | 172.1        |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital   | <u>3.0</u>  | <u>3.0</u>  | <u>3.1</u>  | <u>3.2</u>  | <u>3.3</u>  | <u>15.6</u>  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Total  | 41.4        | 39.5        | 38.0        | 34.8        | 33.9        | 187.7        |  |  |  |
| District Total  | 309.1       | 309.4       | 343.4       | 372.0       | 355.4       | 1,689.3      |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The relationship between the Water System and Wastewater System five-year planned cash flows can also be seen in the following chart:



The most significant change over the five-year period is the planned increase in the Water System cash flow by \$35.6 million between FY19 and FY20, and an additional \$31.7 million between FY20 and FY21. The increase encompasses pressure zone improvements that will take place west of the hills, increased pipeline replacements, and temperature anchor retrofit and base isolator replacement on the Mokelumne Aqueducts.

#### **STAFFING**

The District maintains a Staffing Plan that relates specifically to positions authorized by the Board of Directors. The Staffing Plan includes the job titles, positions and appointment types that have been authorized by the Board of Directors to carry out District functions. The Staffing Plan balances departmental efforts to allocate human resources effectively. Departments look for opportunities to restructure the workload as employees retire or leave the District and continue to evaluate staffing plans based on operational need. Staffing changes that require Board action are supported with a Position Resolution. Positions are only created by the Board of Directors.

The Staffing Plan and the Position Resolution do not address whether a position is funded in a particular fiscal year. Decisions regarding funding positions are made during the biennial budget process.

The District utilizes different position appointment types to meet its range of staffing needs. The appointment types include full-time civil service, full-time civil service exempt, limited-term, temporary construction, intermittent, part-time and temporary.

Staffing is shown by number of full-time equivalents (FTE). Depending upon the appointment type, the FTE value will be different. Civil service, non-civil service, limited-term, and temporary construction appointment types are full-time and equivalent to 1.0 FTE. Intermittent appointment types are equivalent to 0.75 FTE. Part-time and temporary appointment types count as 0.5 FTE.

## **Appointment Types**

The majority of the District's workforce is full-time civil service or full-time civil service exempt positions.

Limited-term positions are intended to augment regular District staff to accomplish extra work or other operational programs or activities of a limited duration, with appointments for a maximum of 4 years.

Temporary construction positions are also of a limited and specified duration typically associated with capital projects and facilities.

Intermittent positions represent the smallest number of positions of the appointment types. These positions typically work 32 hours per week, instead of 40 hours per week for full-time positions.

Part-time positions are normally restricted to 832 hours per year.

Temporary positions are limited to 6 month duration, and are full-time during that duration.

## FY18 & FY19 Budget

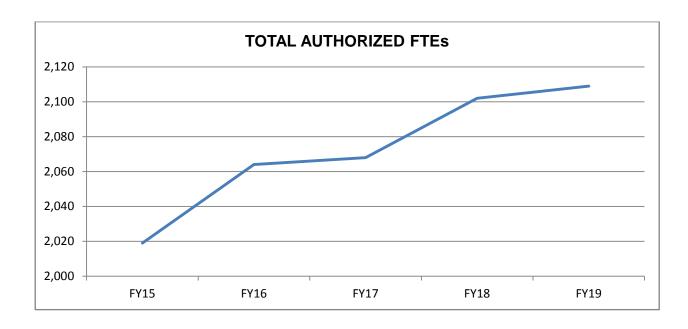
Staff will enable the District to address key priority areas such as the investment and maintenance of aging water and wastewater infrastructure. The majority of the staffing changes occur in the first year of the biennial budget.

The following pages show the District-wide authorized FTEs in the FY18 and FY19 biennial budget.

#### **Authorized Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs)**

In FY18, the total number of authorized FTEs is 2,102, or 34 more FTEs than the prior fiscal year. In FY19, an additional 7 FTEs are included to bring the total FTEs to 2,109. The following table and graph show the number of authorized FTEs in the Staffing Plan for FY15 through FY19. Staffing for FY15 through FY17 represents adopted annual staffing as amended by Board actions.

| DISTRICT STAFFING (NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED FTES) |           |           |           |           |           |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| APPOINTMENT TYPE                              | FY15      | FY16      | FY17      | FY18      | FY19      |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-Time Civil Service and C.S. Exempt       | 1,943     | 1,970     | 1,971     | 2,008     | 2,016     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Limited-Term / Temporary Construction         | 36        | 53        | 56        | 54        | 53        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intermittent                                  | 3         | 3         | 3         | 3         | 3         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temporary / Part-Time                         | <u>37</u> | <u>38</u> | <u>38</u> | <u>37</u> | <u>37</u> |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL AUTHORIZED FTES                         | 2,019     | 2,064     | 2,068     | 2,102     | 2,109     |  |  |  |  |  |
| FTE Change From Previous FY                   | 0         | 45        | 4         | 34        | 7         |  |  |  |  |  |



#### **Authorized FTE Detail**

The number of District-wide authorized full-time equivalents is increasing 34.0 in FY18 and 7.0 in FY19 in comparison to the prior fiscal year, respectively. The net total increases are derived through the addition of 39.0 FTEs combined with the deletion of 5.0 FTEs in FY18. In FY19, 7.0 FTEs will be added. These staffing changes are attributable to each specific enterprise system and will amend the authorized number of FTEs as shown below.

#### **Water System**

#### FY18

A net total of 33.0 FTEs are added in FY18. This total is derived through the addition of 35.0 FTEs and the deletion of 2.0 FTEs.

#### The 35.0 FTEs added are comprised of:

- Infrastructure Maintenance / Pipeline Construction 20.0 FTEs added: 11.0 FTEs to support distribution system maintenance, and 9.0 FTEs to reduce reliance on contract services
- Infrastructure Investment 9.0 FTEs to support the capital improvement program
- Regulatory Compliance 1.0 FTE to support required lead testing in schools and a voluntary customer tap lead sampling program
- *Technology Infrastructure* 3.0 FTEs to address the replacement of the aging human resources information system and accelerated security risk-reduction
- Human Resources 2.0 FTEs to support an increase in employee recruitment and workforce development

#### The 2.0 deleted FTEs are comprised of:

 Technology Infrastructure – 2.0 FTEs, one vacant temporary construction FTE supporting the customer information system now fully implemented, and the responsibility of one vacant limited-term FTE supporting advanced meter infrastructure is transferred to another department

#### FY19

A net total of 6.0 additional FTEs are added in FY19 are comprised of:

- Infrastructure Maintenance / Pipeline Construction 5.0 FTEs to further reduce reliance on contract services
- Technology Infrastructure 1.0 FTE to support the water control systems which monitor and manage the water treatment plants, the distribution system, and the water supply systems

#### **Wastewater System**

#### FY18

A net total of 1.0 FTE is added in FY18. This total is derived through the addition of 4.0 FTEs and the deletion of 3.0 FTEs.

#### The 4.0 added FTEs are comprised of:

- Infrastructure Investment 2.0 FTEs added to support the capital improvement program
- Infrastructure Maintenance 1.0 FTE added to reduce reliance on outside services
- Information Technology 1.0 FTE added to provide data systems supervision

#### The 3.0 deleted FTEs are comprised of:

- Workload Efficiencies 1.0 FTE (two temporary positions) that are no longer needed since a full-time position has been filled
- Inflow and Infiltration and Resource Recovery 2.0 vacant limited-term FTEs due to term completion

## FY19

#### One FTE is added in FY19, as follows:

• Infrastructure Maintenance – 1.0 FTE to address treatment plant electrical integrity

#### LABOR AND BENEFITS

This section provides a description of the District-wide labor and benefit costs for both the Water and Wastewater Systems. Labor includes all compensation such as wages, salaries, cost of living adjustment, and overtime. Benefits include payments to cover the employer costs associated with retirement, health care, Social Security, and other programs such as disability and unemployment insurance. The District does not pay for the employee share of retirement contributions.

## FY18 & FY19 Budget

#### **Labor and Benefits**

The table below summarizes the District-wide labor and benefits from FY16 through FY19. Of the District-wide total FY18 and FY19 labor and benefits budgets, the Water System represents 86 percent and the Wastewater System is 14 percent.

| Operations & Capital Itemized by Labor and Benefits (\$ Millions) |                |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |  |
|---|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
|   | FY16<br>Actual | FY17<br>Amended<br>Budget | FY18<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY18<br>vs<br>FY17 | FY19<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY19<br>vs<br>FY18 |  |  |  |
| Water   |                |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |  |
| Labor   | 164.3          | 176.4                     | 189.0                     | 7.1%               | 198.1                     | 4.8%               |  |  |  |
| Benefits  | 107.5          | 115.8                     | 118.9                     | 2.7%               | 124.9                     | 5.0%               |  |  |  |
| Wastewater  |                |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |  |
| Labor   | 28.3           | 31.3                      | 32.2                      | 2.9%               | 33.7                      | 4.7%               |  |  |  |
| Benefits  | 18.1           | 19.9                      | 19.5                      | -2.0%              | 20.4                      | 4.5%               |  |  |  |
| District-wide   |                |                           |                           |                    |                           |                    |  |  |  |
| Labor   | 192.6          | 207.6                     | 221.2                     | 6.5%               | 231.9                     | 4.8%               |  |  |  |
| Benefits  | 125.6          | 135.7                     | 138.4                     | 2.0%               | 145.3                     | 5.0%               |  |  |  |
| Grand Total   | 318.2          | 343.3                     | 359.6                     | 4.8%               | 377.2                     | 4.9%               |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

Includes cost of living adjustment.

Excludes the Administration of Capital overhead allocated from Operations to Capital.

Total labor and benefits are projected to be \$359.6 million in FY18, an increase of \$16.3 million or 4.8 percent, and \$377.2 million in FY19, an increase of approximately \$17.5 million, or 4.9 percent in comparison with the prior fiscal years, respectively. Of the increase in FY18, labor costs will increase \$13.6 million, and \$2.7 million is attributable to benefits. In FY19, an increase of approximately \$10.6 million is attributable to labor costs and \$6.9 million to benefits.

The increase in labor and benefit costs are attributable to funding additional positions, rising costs primarily for health care, and a cost of living adjustment. The additional positions are principally funded in the Water System to support capital-related projects, infrastructure maintenance, pipeline construction, water operations, and other support functions such as human resources. A number of complex drivers impact the labor and benefits budget beyond funding additional positions. One of the major complex drivers is a slower than projected rise in benefit costs.

The FY18 and FY19 budget continues to build on past efforts to contain benefit costs. The benefits budget comprises several drivers, the largest is the employer pension contribution followed by the health care expense. In 2012, pursuant to State legislation referred to as the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA), the Board of Directors implemented this change in the District's Employee Retirement System, referred to as the 2013 Plan. New employees receive a reduced pension benefit and fund a greater share of that benefit themselves. The assumption utilized for this budget projects a growth in the number of employees in the 2013 Plan thereby slowing the projected increase for this cost.

The following table shows the different employer pension contribution rates since FY16. Most new employees are part of the 2013 Plan and all other employees participate in the 1955/1980 Plan. The FY18 contribution rate is slightly higher than the prior year in large part due to lower earnings levels and the decrease in the assumed investment rate of return. The actual FY19 rate will not be available until it is calculated by the actuary and adopted by the Retirement Board in 2018.

| Employer Pension Contribution Rates |        |        |        |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Plan                                | FY16   | FY17   | FY18   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955/1980 Plan                      | 37.71% | 37.71% | 37.92% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013 Plan                           | 30.92% | 30.92% | 31.30% |  |  |  |  |  |

In the District's continuing pursuit of cost containment, it offers employees traditional health care plans, and a consumer-driven health plan paired with a health savings account which is also available for non-represented employees. The premium rates may be lower for a consumer-driven health plan than a traditional plan. The health benefit assumption utilized for this budget represents a cost increase range of 5 to 12 percent for FY18 and the same additional increase for FY19.

#### **Operations and Capital**

Depending upon the work being performed, labor and benefit costs are allocated to either operations or capital. The majority of these costs are charged to the operations budget. Typical duties performed by employees that charge to the operations budget include pipeline system maintenance, meter maintenance, electrical / structural / mechanical maintenance, customer contact center support, managing watershed properties, human resources, information systems and treatment plant operations for both water and wastewater. Duties of employees that typically charge the capital budget include pipeline replacements, significant treatment plant upgrades or wastewater plant improvements.

The table below shows labor and benefits allocated between the operations and capital budgets. Of the total FY18 and FY19 budgets, 75 percent of the District's labor and benefits budget is attributable to operations. The remaining 25 percent is attributable to the capital budget.

| Labor and Benefits Itemized by Operations and Capital (\$ Millions) |        |         |         |      |         |      |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------|---------|---------|------|---------|------|--|--|--|--|
|   | FY16   | FY17    | FY18    | FY18 | FY19    | FY19 |  |  |  |  |
|   | Actual | Amended | Adopted | vs   | Adopted | vs   |  |  |  |  |
|   |        | Budget  | Budget  | FY17 | Budget  | FY18 |  |  |  |  |
| Water   |        |         |         |      |         |      |  |  |  |  |
| Operations  | 197.1  | 216.7   | 226.6   | 4.6% | 237.6   | 4.9% |  |  |  |  |
| Capital   | 74.7   | 75.5    | 81.3    | 7.8% | 85.5    | 5.1% |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater  |        |         |         |      |         |      |  |  |  |  |
| Operations  | 36.2   | 41.4    | 41.5    | 0.2% | 43.5    | 4.9% |  |  |  |  |
| Capital   | 10.2   | 9.7     | 10.2    | 5.1% | 10.5    | 3.4% |  |  |  |  |
| District-wide   |        |         |         |      |         |      |  |  |  |  |
| Operations  | 233.3  | 258.1   | 268.1   | 3.9% | 281.1   | 4.9% |  |  |  |  |
| Capital   | 84.9   | 85.2    | 91.5    | 7.5% | 96.0    | 4.9% |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Total   | 318.2  | 343.3   | 359.6   | 4.8% | 377.2   | 4.9% |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

Includes cost of living adjustment.

Excludes the Administration of Capital overhead allocated from Operations to Capital.

The District-wide total operations labor and benefits budget will increase \$10.0 million, or 3.9 percent in FY18 and the capital budget will increase \$6.3 million, or 7.5 percent. As mentioned earlier, these increases are primarily driven by funding additional positions, rising costs for health care, and a cost of living adjustment.

In FY19, the District-wide operations budget will increase \$13.0 million, or 4.9 percent and capital will increase \$4.5 million, or 4.9 percent primarily due to projected increases in labor costs such as scheduled salary step changes, an anticipated increase in health care cost, and a cost of living adjustment.

Please see the Water and Wastewater System chapters for more details.

## **SOURCES OF FUNDS**

Operating expenses are funded by a group of revenues approved by the Board of Directors. Capital expenses are funded primarily by bond proceeds, which results in annual debt service payments, and rate revenue. The complete discussion of the types of operating and capital funding sources is included in the subsequent chapters on the Water System and the Wastewater System.

A summary table below shows the amounts to be collected from revenue sources and the amounts that are expected to be received from the issuance of debt to fund a portion of the capital program for the Water and Wastewater Systems.

| TOTAL SOURCES OF FY18 & FY19 FUNDS (\$ Millions) |               |                |               |               |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
|  | Water Sys     | tem            | Wastewater S  | System        |  |  |  |  |
|  | FY18          | FY19           | FY18          | FY19          |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Revenues:                              |               |                |               |               |  |  |  |  |
| Total Operating Revenues                         | 552.2         | 607.2          | 127.0         | 129.9         |  |  |  |  |
| Less Revenue Funded Capital                      | <u>(70.7)</u> | <u>(101.1)</u> | <u>(21.3)</u> | <u>(25.8)</u> |  |  |  |  |
| Net Operating Revenues                           | 481.5         | 506.2          | 105.7         | 104.1         |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Funding Sources:                         |               |                |               |               |  |  |  |  |
| New Bond Proceeds                                | 175.9         | 148.6          | 20.1          | 13.7          |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Funded Capital                           | 70.7          | 101.1          | 21.3          | 25.8          |  |  |  |  |
| Other  | <u>21.1</u>   | <u>20.2</u>    | <u>0.0</u>    | <u>0.0</u>    |  |  |  |  |
| Total Capital Funding Sources                    | 267.7         | 269.8          | 41.4          | 39.5          |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL FUND SOURCES                               | 749.2         | 776.0          | 147.1         | 143.6         |  |  |  |  |

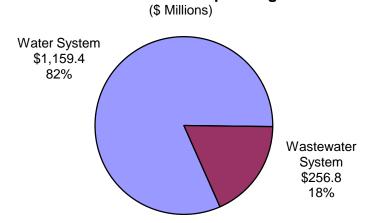
Numbers in the table may be rounded.

#### **Operating Revenue**

The principal source of operating revenues is water sales and wastewater treatment charges. The budget includes rate increases for the Water System of 9.25 percent in FY18 and an additional 9.0 percent in FY19, and rate increases for the Wastewater System of 5.0 percent in FY18 and an additional 5.0 percent in FY19. The total operating revenue for the combined Water and Wastewater Systems is \$1.42 billion in this budget.

Water System and Wastewater System operating revenues totaling \$679.2 million are needed during FY18. Of this amount, \$552.2 million is for the Water System and approximately \$127.0 million is for the Wastewater System.

Water System and Wastewater System operating revenues totaling \$737.1 million are needed for FY19. Of this amount, \$607.2 million is for the Water System and approximately \$129.9 million is for the Wastewater System.



FY18 & FY19 Sources of Operating Revenue

#### **Capital Funding Sources**

Funding for the projects in the CIP is drawn from multiple sources including bonds, commercial paper, grants, reimbursements from other agencies, and current reserves and revenues. In accordance with the District's financial policies, the maximum percentage of capital funded from debt is 65 percent. As a result, a substantial portion of capital expenditures are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis which uses current and accumulated revenues rather than debt.

The FY18 and FY19 CIP will be funded with bond proceeds, water and wastewater revenues, reimbursements, and grants and loans.

For the Water System, it is anticipated that the District will receive \$175.9 million in FY18 and \$148.6 million in FY19 in new revenue bond proceeds, combined with revenue funded capital of \$70.7 million in FY18 and \$101.1 million in FY19. Additional proceeds from grants, loans and reimbursements will make up the rest of the capital funding.

For the Wastewater System, it is anticipated that the District will receive \$20.1 million in FY18 and \$13.7 million in FY19 in new revenue bonds proceeds, combined with revenue funded capital of \$21.3 million in FY18 and \$25.8 million in FY19 to fund the CIP.

## WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND SUMMARIES

The following tables summarize the fund balance, projected revenues and expenditures for the Water System and the Wastewater System. The tables include the information presented earlier in this chapter on the sources of funds and the use of funds for operations, debt, and capital expenses. Please refer to the chapters entitled Water System and Wastewater System for detailed fund summaries.

# Water System Fund Summary Operating and Capital Budgets

(\$ Millions)

|                                       |           | FY18         |                 |                | FY19         |                 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
|                                       | Operating | Capital      | Fund<br>Balance | Operating      | Capital      | Fund<br>Balance |
| Beginning FY Fund Balance (Projected) | 348.6     | 0.0          | 348.6           | 352.6          | 0.0          | 352.6           |
| Sources of Funds                      |           |              |                 |                |              |                 |
| Operating Revenues                    | 552.2     |              | 552.2           | 607.2          |              | 607.2           |
| Capital Sources                       |           | 197.0        | 197.0           |                | 168.8        | 168.8           |
| Revenue Funded Capital                | (70.7)    | <u>70.7</u>  | <u>0.0</u>      | <u>(101.1)</u> | <u>101.1</u> | <u>0.0</u>      |
| Total Sources of Funds                | 481.5     | 267.7        | 749.2           | 506.2          | 269.8        | 776.0           |
| Use of Funds                          |           |              |                 |                |              |                 |
| Operations                            | 277.9     |              | 277.9           | 292.5          |              | 292.5           |
| Debt Service                          | 199.6     |              | 199.6           | 210.0          |              | 210.0           |
| Capital Cash Flow                     |           | <u>267.7</u> | <u>267.7</u>    |                | <u>269.8</u> | <u>269.8</u>    |
| Total Use of Funds                    | 477.5     | 267.7        | 745.2           | 502.5          | 269.8        | 772.3           |
| Ending Balance *                      | 352.6     | 0.0          | 352.6           | 356.3          | 0.0          | 356.3           |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

See Wastewater System Fund Summary on the next page.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes reserves for working capital, self-insurance, worker's compensation, contingency and rate stabilization, and for capital projects.

## Wastewater System Fund Summary Operating and Capital Budgets

(\$ Millions)

|                                       |           | FY18        |                 |           | FY19        |                 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|
|                                       | Operating | Capital     | Fund<br>Balance | Operating | Capital     | Fund<br>Balance |
| Beginning FY Fund Balance (Projected) | 77.5      | 0.0         | 77.5            | 78.0      | 0.0         | 78.0            |
| Sources of Funds                      |           |             |                 |           |             |                 |
| Operating Revenues                    | 127.0     |             | 127.0           | 129.9     |             | 129.9           |
| Capital Sources                       |           | 20.1        | 20.1            |           | 13.7        | 13.7            |
| Revenue Funded Capital                | (21.3)    | <u>21.3</u> | 0.0             | (25.8)    | <u>25.8</u> | (0.0)           |
| Total Sources of Funds                | 105.7     | 41.4        | 147.1           | 104.1     | 39.5        | 143.6           |
| Use of Funds                          |           |             |                 |           |             |                 |
| Operations                            | 70.6      |             | 70.6            | 73.1      |             | 73.1            |
| Debt Service                          | 34.7      |             | 34.7            | 31.9      |             | 31.9            |
| Capital Cash Flow                     |           | <u>41.4</u> | <u>41.4</u>     |           | <u>39.5</u> | <u>39.5</u>     |
| Total Use of Funds                    | 105.2     | 41.4        | 146.6           | 105.1     | 39.5        | 144.6           |
| Ending Balance *                      | 78.0      | 0.0         | 78.0            | 77.0      | 0.0         | 77.0            |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes reserves for working capital, self-insurance, worker's compensation, contingency and rate stabilization, and for capital projects.

## RATES, CHARGES, AND FEES

This section explains the components of the District's water and wastewater rates, charges, and fees. Rates, charges and fees for water and wastewater services are used to fund operating costs, debt service requirements, and revenue funded capital projects. An increase is necessary to fund the FY18 and FY19 operating and capital budgets.

## **FY18 Rates Adoption Process Deviation**

In April 2017, the District mailed the Proposition 218 notice to property owners' and/or account holders' addresses within the EBMUD service area to inform them of the proposed rate increases to the FY18 and FY19 water and wastewater service charges. As stated on that notice, the public hearing on the District's proposed FY18 and FY19 rates and charges was originally scheduled for June 13, 2017. After the April mailing of the Proposition 218 notice, the District became aware of a data processing error that resulted in a number of property owners and/or account holders not receiving the notice. To ensure all property owners and account holders had adequate time to consider the proposed rate increases and participate in the public hearing process, the District reissued the Proposition 218 notice to all property owners/account holders and rescheduled the hearing for Tuesday, July 11, 2017. The rescheduling of the public hearing is a deviation from the District's standard process of adopting the proposed rates and charges prior to July 1. The FY18 rates and charges go into effect on July 12, 2017 which is later than assumed in the adopted FY18 budget. Budgeted FY18 revenues will be affected by this delay. The amount of revenue shortfall is estimated to be less than \$2 million, or under 0.3 percent of total revenue. The District will absorb the shortfall by managing expenditures during the fiscal year.

#### WATER SYSTEM

#### **Water Rates**

To meet revenue requirements with the lower consumption levels, overall water rate increases of 9.25 percent for FY18 and 9.0 percent for FY19 have been adopted, and will apply to the water service charge, water flow charge, elevation surcharge, and private fire service charge. Water charges have five customer classes: single family residential, multi-family residential, non-residential, private fire service, and nonpotable/recycled water; and the charges have the following components:

- Water Service Charge (paid by all customers): a fixed charge based on the size of the water meter servicing the property and is calculated to recover a portion of the District's fixed costs, such as meter reading, billing, repairs and customer service. Water meters range in size from 5/8" up to 18".
- Water Flow Charge (paid by all customers): a variable charge calculated per CCF (one hundred cubic feet which equals 748 gallons) of water delivered to a property. It is designed to recover the cost of providing water, including water supply, treatment and distribution. For single family residential customers, the charge consists of three tiers that impose higher rates per CCF of water as consumption increases.

Tier 1 = First 172 gallons per day (gpd) (0 - 7 CCF per month)

Tier 2 = All water used in excess of 172 gpd up to 393 gpd (8 – 16 CCF per month)

Tier 3 = All water used in excess of 393 gpd (in excess of 16 CCF per month)

• Elevation Surcharge (only paid by certain customers based on their location): applied to each CCF of water delivered to properties only in pressure zones located 200 feet or more above sea level, and is calculated to recover the increased cost of power and facility costs required to pump water to these higher elevations.

Band 1 = 0 to 199 feet (no elevation surcharge)

Band 2 = 200 to 600 feet

Band 3 = above 600 feet

Private Fire Service Charge (only paid by customers with private fire service): a
fixed charge based on the size of the meter, applicable only to properties that have
private fire service connections and is calculated based on EBMUD's costs of
maintaining adequate water pressure to serve the fire service connection.

Details of the rates and charges can be accessed on line at EBMUD.com under Water rates.

For FY18, the average single family residential (SFR) customer using 200 gallons per day (8 CCF per month) will see an increase in their monthly water bill of \$4.34, or 9.2 percent over their FY17 water bill.

For FY19, the average single family residential customer will see an increase in their monthly water bill of \$4.63 or 9.0 percent over their FY18 water bill.

The following table illustrate by customer class monthly water charges based on the adopted FY18 and FY19 rates, and average water use.

| AVERAGE WATER BILLS BY CUSTOMER CLASS (\$/Month) |              |          |                 |                           |             |                 |                           |             |
|--|--------------|----------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Customer Class /<br>Meter Size                   | Water<br>Use | FY17     | FY18<br>Adopted | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | %<br>Change | FY19<br>Adopted | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 | %<br>Change |
| SFR 5/8" or 3/4"                                 | 8 ccf        | 47.15    | 51.49           | 4.34                      | 9.2%        | 56.12           | 4.63                      | 9.0%        |
| Multi-Family<br>4 units 1"                       | 25 ccf       | 142.74   | 155.88          | 13.14                     | 9.2%        | 169.95          | 14.07                     | 9.0%        |
| Multi-Family<br>5+ Units 1"                      | 50 ccf       | 254.24   | 277.63          | 23.39                     | 9.2%        | 302.70          | 25.07                     | 9.0%        |
| Commercial 1"                                    | 50 ccf       | 253.24   | 276.63          | 23.39                     | 9.2%        | 301.70          | 25.07                     | 9.1%        |
| Industrial 2"                                    | 500 ccf      | 2,309.32 | 2,522.58        | 213.26                    | 9.2%        | 2,751.36        | 228.78                    | 9.1%        |

The following table illustrates the history of monthly water bills for the average single family residential customer based on average use of 8 CCF per month.

| AVERAGE SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL WATER CHARGE (\$/Month) |                        |                           |                        |  |  |  |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year   | Monthly Water<br>Bills | Residential %<br>Increase | Overall %<br>Increase* |  |  |  |
| 2010  | 28.51                  | 8.6%                      | 7.5%                   |  |  |  |
| 2011  | 30.65                  | 7.5%                      | 7.5%                   |  |  |  |
| 2012  | 32.49                  | 6.0%                      | 6.0%                   |  |  |  |
| 2013  | 34.45                  | 6.0%                      | 6.0%                   |  |  |  |
| 2014  | 37.83                  | 9.8%                      | 9.7%                   |  |  |  |
| 2015  | 41.40                  | 9.4%                      | 9.5%                   |  |  |  |
| 2016  | 44.05                  | 6.4%                      | 8.0%                   |  |  |  |
| 2017  | 47.15                  | 7.0%                      | 7.0%                   |  |  |  |
| 2018  | 51.49                  | 9.2%                      | 9.2%                   |  |  |  |
| 2019  | 56.12                  | 9.0%                      | 9.0%                   |  |  |  |

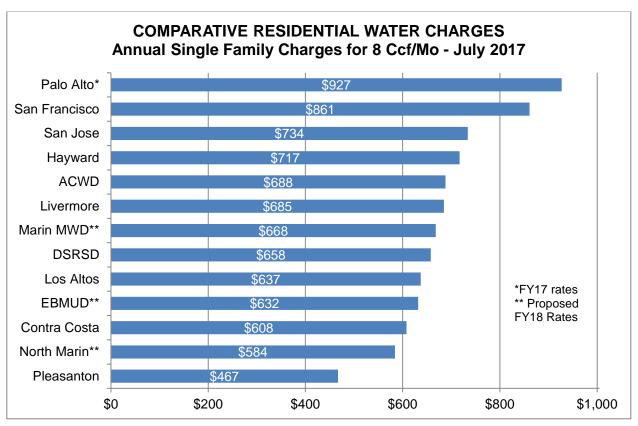
<sup>\*</sup> Overall % increase includes the water charge for all customer classes.

The table below shows the various adopted water rate components.

| WATER RATE COMPONENTS    |                          |        |                 |             |                 |             |  |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| (\$/Month)               |                          |        |                 |             |                 |             |  |
| Charge Type              | Components               | FY17   | FY18<br>Adopted | %<br>Change | FY19<br>Adopted | %<br>Change |  |
| Service<br>Charge*       | 5/8" or 3/4" meters      | 20.69  | 22.60           | 9.2%        |                 | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | 2" meter                 | 89.32  | 97.58           | 9.2%        | 106.36          | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | 4" meter                 | 268.83 | 293.70          | 9.3%        | 320.13          | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | 6" meter                 | 532.77 | 582.05          | 9.2%        | 634.43          | 9.0%        |  |
| Flow<br>Charge           | SFR - Tier 1 (0-7 ccf)   | 3.16   | 3.45            | 9.2%        | 3.76            | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | SFR - Tier 2 (7-16 ccf)  | 4.34   | 4.74            | 9.2%        | 5.17            | 9.1%        |  |
|                          | SFR - Tier 3 (>16 ccf)   | 5.74   | 6.27            | 9.2%        | 6.83            | 8.9%        |  |
|                          | Multi-family residential | 4.46   | 4.87            | 9.2%        | 5.31            | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | All other                | 4.44   | 4.85            | 9.2%        | 5.29            | 9.1%        |  |
|                          | Nonpotable / Recycled    | 3.46   | 3.78            | 9.2%        | 4.12            | 9.0%        |  |
| Elevation Surcharge      | Elevation band 1 / ccf   | 0.00   | 0.00            | 0.0%        | 0.00            | 0.0%        |  |
|                          | Elevation band 2 / ccf   | 0.64   | 0.70            | 9.4%        | 0.76            | 8.6%        |  |
|                          | Elevation band 3 / ccf   | 1.33   | 1.45            | 9.0%        | 1.58            | 9.0%        |  |
| Private Fire<br>Service* | 5/8" & 3/4" meters       | 11.01  | 12.03           | 9.3%        | 13.11           | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | 2" meter                 | 37.66  | 41.14           | 9.2%        | 44.84           | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | 4" meter                 | 107.36 | 117.29          | 9.2%        | 127.85          | 9.0%        |  |
|                          | 6" meter                 | 209.87 | 229.28          | 9.2%        | 249.92          | 9.0%        |  |

<sup>\*</sup> These charges are based on meter sizes that can range up to 18"

The following chart is a comparison of the average annual SFR water bill based on water use of 8 CCF per month for EBMUD and other local water agencies for their proposed FY18 rates or adopted FY17 rates. The District is below the median of these other agencies.



For comparative purposes, the chart displays the average SFR water use based on EBMUD's average SFR water use of 8 ccf/mo. The actual consumption at other agencies may be lower or higher.

#### **Customer Assistance Program**

EBMUD offers a Customer Assistance Program (CAP) to help pay a portion of the water bill for qualified low-income residential customers and eligible homeless shelters. For residential customers the dwelling unit must be a single unit for receiving water service, have an individual water meter, be the primary residence of the applicant, and customers must meet household income requirements. Eligible customers may qualify for:

- A 50 percent discount on the water service charge and a 50 percent discount on the water flow charge, up to a maximum of 1,050 gallons per person per month.
- A 35 percent discount on the wastewater service charge and flow charges.

## **Water System Capacity Charges**

There is a continuing need to construct both water supply and water distribution system improvements to assure that there will be reliable and secure water service for each new connection to the District's system. The System Capacity Charge (SCC) was established to assess new water customers an appropriate share of the costs of existing water distribution capital improvements and future water supply improvements within the SCC regions.

All applicants for water service are required to pay the SCC when the installation of a new service or upsizing of an existing connection is needed. The SCC is applied on a regional basis and is updated annually to reflect construction cost escalation for facilities that have already been built or increased cost estimates for facilities yet to be constructed.

## **East Bay Municipal Utility District SCC Regions**



The adopted FY18 SCC rates are based on updates to a 2007 SCC Study performed by Bartle Wells Associates. FY19 rates are tied to the 2018 Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index and are not available until 2018. For FY18, the SCC rate was adjusted for an additional year of the Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index escalation to reflect increasing costs to reproduce existing plant assets needed to serve prospective customers.

The adopted FY18 SCC rates are shown in the following table for single family residential 3/4" and non-residential 5/8" customers. These meter connections account for the majority of all future water service connections. Large meters pay proportionately more than the residential 3/4" and non-residential 5/8" customers based on expected water use. Non-residential and single family residential connections pay more in some regions due to higher consumption in those regions.

| CURRENT AND ADOPTED SCC RATES (\$)     |        |            |                 |          |            |  |
|--|--------|------------|-----------------|----------|------------|--|
| Customer Type                          | Region | FY17       | FY18<br>Adopted | Increase | % Increase |  |
| Single Family<br>Residential<br>(3/4") | 1      | 16,740     | 17,530          | 790      | 4.7%       |  |
|  | 2      | 29,040     | 30,340          | 1,300    | 4.5%       |  |
|  | 3      | 37,050     | 38,770          | 1,720    | 4.6%       |  |
|  | 3C     | 86,590     | 89,640          | 3,050    | 3.5%       |  |
|  | 3D     | 96,870     | 100,850         | 3,980    | 4.1%       |  |
| Non Residential<br>(5/8")              | 1      | 23,920     | 25,040          | 1,120    | 4.7%       |  |
|  | 2      | 43,160     | 45,080          | 1,920    | 4.4%       |  |
|  | 3      | 39,930     | 41,780          | 1,850    | 4.6%       |  |
|  | 3C     | See Note 1 | See Note 1      |          | -          |  |
|  | 3D     | 96,870     | 100,850         | 3,980    | 4.1%       |  |

Note 1: Calculated based on a 1993 Agreement with HCV & Associates LTD, Wiedemann Ranch, Inc., and Sue Christensen.

The SCC Rates consist of the following components:

- System-Wide Buy-In Component calculated to recover a portion of the cost of existing facilities that serve the system as a whole;
- Regional Facilities Buy-In Component calculated to recover a portion of the costs of existing facilities that serve one of the three SCC Regions;
- Future Water Supply (FWS) Component calculated to recover a portion of the costs of future water supply projects that are allocated to new connections; and
- Additional Region Post 2000 applies only to regions 3C and 3D to recover the costs of the additional facilities that were built to serve new connections in these regions.

The District also has a Standard Participation Charge (SPC), a District-wide connection charge that is applicable to only a few remaining contracts for service entered into prior to 1983. The SPC was designed to recover the District-wide average cost of distribution facilities constructed to serve new connections and was superseded by the SCC in 1983, and is less than the SCC in most regions. Customers eligible for service under the SPC regulations can pay for service under the more favorable of either the SPC or SCC terms and conditions.

The following table shows the various components that comprise the SCC charges for each region, and the charges are calculated based on each 100 gpd of consumption:

| ADOPTED FY18 WATER UNIT CHARGES (\$/100 GPD)  |       |       |       |       |        |  |  |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--|--|
| System-Wide Regional Future Additional Facilities Water Region Region Buy-In Supply Post-2000 Total |       |       |       |       |        |  |  |
| 1   | 2,109 | 2,104 | 2,046 | n/a   | 6,259  |  |  |
| 2   | 2,109 | 4,272 | 2,046 | n/a   | 8,427  |  |  |
| 3   | 2,109 | 2,529 | 2,046 | n/a   | 6,684  |  |  |
| 3C  | 2,109 | 1,897 | 600*  | 6,960 | 11,566 |  |  |
| 3D  | 2,109 | 1,897 | 2,046 | 6,960 | 13,012 |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Future Water Supply component is set by the July 20, 1993 Weidemann Agreement, indexed to the U.S. City Average of the Consumer Price Index.

The SCC for each region is derived from the total of the unit charges of each of the SCC components, multiplied by the estimated average daily water consumption in that SCC region SFR and non-residential consumption as listed in the table below. Because of the large number of SCCs processed each year, the District has determined average daily water consumption for single family residential and non-residential meters up through 1.5 inches within each SCC region, and established SCC rates based on those averages. For larger meters the SCC is determined using the same methodology as for smaller meters but is calculated on a case by case basis from the unit charges of the SCC components multiplied by the estimated required demand of the requested service installation.

The following table shows calculations of SCC Rates for single family residential 3/4" connections and non-residential 5/8" connections.

| SCC RATE CALCULATION |        |  |   |                  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|--------|--|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| Customer Type        | Region | Consumption<br>Per Connection<br>(per 100 GPD) | SCC Charge for<br>Each 100 GPD<br>Consumption<br>(\$) | SCC Rate<br>(\$) |  |  |  |
|                      | 1      | 2.80   | 6,259   | 17,530           |  |  |  |
| Single Familiy       | 2      | 3.60   | 8,427   | 30,340           |  |  |  |
| Residential          | 3      | 5.80   | 6,684   | 38,770           |  |  |  |
| (3/4")               | 3C     | 7.75   | 11,566  | 89,640           |  |  |  |
|                      | 3D     | 7.75   | 13,012  | 100,850          |  |  |  |
|                      | 1      | 4.00   | 6,259   | 25,040           |  |  |  |
|                      | 2      | 5.35   | 8,427   | 45,080           |  |  |  |
| Non-Residential      | 3      | 6.25   | 6,684   | 41,780           |  |  |  |
| (5/8")               | 3C     | 7.75   | 11,566  | See Note 1       |  |  |  |
|                      | 3D     | 7.75   | 13,012  | 100,850          |  |  |  |

Note 1: Calculated based on a 1993 Agreement with HCV & Associates LTD, Wiedemann Ranch, Inc., and Sue Christensen.

Applicants for nonpotable/recycled water service have their SCC calculated based solely on the FWS Component. These customers are not served by the potable water system; they are served through a separate nonpotable/recycled water system.

See the Biennial Report and Recommendation of the General Manager FY18 & FY19 for additional details. This report can be accessed on-line at EBMUD.com under Water, Water Rates, Budget and Rates, or at <u>Biennial Report and Recommendation of The General Manager Fiscal Years 2018 & 2019.</u>

#### **WASTEWATER SYSTEM**

#### **Wastewater Rates**

To meet revenue requirements, overall wastewater rate increases of 5.0 percent for FY18 and 5.0 percent for FY19 have been adopted, and will apply to the treatment service charge, flow charge and strength charge, and the Wet Weather Facilities Charge. There is no increase to the pollution prevention fee. Wastewater charges have three customer classes: residential, multifamily residential, and non-residential. Non-residential customers are further classified based on the type of business operated: their business classification code (BCC). The wastewater charges have the following components:

- Service Charge: a fixed monthly charge per service connection/account and is calculated to recover a portion of EBMUD's fixed costs of providing wastewater services.
- Flow Charge: a variable monthly charge determined on the basis of a customer's
  metered water use and assumptions regarding the volume of water returned to the
  sewer system. For residential customers in dwellings up to four units the charge is
  capped at 9 CCF per month. The charge recovers a portion of EBMUD's costs of
  collecting and treating wastewater.
- Strength Charge: a monthly charged based on the estimated amount of constituents
  that a customer discharges into the sewer system and is calculated to recover EBMUD's
  costs of treating such constituents. Since residential customers' wastewater is very
  homogeneous, their treatment strength costs are recovered from a fixed strength
  charge.
- **SF Bay Pollution Prevention Fee:** a fixed monthly charge calculated on the basis of the costs of EBMUD's pollution prevention program, established in the 1980s, to prevent pollutants from reaching the San Francisco Bay.
- Wet Weather Facilities Charge collected on the property tax bill: a fixed annual
  charge assessed by lot size for properties connected to the wastewater system. It is
  calculated on the basis of EBMUD's costs of its multi-million dollar Wet Weather
  Program mandated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to improve the
  District's capacity to collect and treat all sewer flows during rainy weather.

Details of the rates and charges can be accessed on line at EBMUD.com under <u>Wastewater</u> rates.

For FY18, the average single family residential customer that discharges 6.0 CCF per month will see a monthly wastewater treatment charge increase from \$19.93 to \$20.89, a 4.8 percent increase. Overall, the treatment charges for the commercial and industrial customer classes will increase by approximately 4.9 percent.

For FY19, the average single family residential customer will see a monthly wastewater treatment charge increase from \$20.89 to \$21.95 or 5.1 percent. Overall, the treatment charges for the commercial and industrial customer classes will increase by approximately 5.1 percent.

The following table illustrates by customer class the monthly wastewater charges collected on the water service bill based on the adopted FY18 and FY19 rates.

| WASTEWATER CHARGES ON WATER BILL (\$/Month)   |          |          |        |      |          |        |      |  |
|---|----------|----------|--------|------|----------|--------|------|--|
| FY18 FY19 FY19 Change % Customer Class FY17 Adopted vs FY17 Change Adopted vs FY18 Change |          |          |        |      |          |        |      |  |
| Average Single Family Residential   | 19.93    | 20.89    | 0.96   | 4.8% | 21.95    | 1.06   | 5.1% |  |
| Multi-Family<br>Residential 4 units   | 64.16    | 67.21    | 3.05   | 4.8% | 70.64    | 3.43   | 5.1% |  |
| Multi-Family<br>Residential 5+ units  | 130.55   | 136.33   | 5.78   | 4.4% | 143.62   | 7.29   | 5.3% |  |
| Commercial  | 135.03   | 140.81   | 5.78   | 4.3% | 148.10   | 7.29   | 5.2% |  |
| Industrial  | 7,261.03 | 7,621.31 | 360.28 | 5.0% | 8,006.60 | 385.29 | 5.1% |  |

Includes Service, Flow and Strength Charges and SF Bay Pollution Prevention Fee.

The Wet Weather Facilities Charge is collected on the property tax bill and is based on the square footage of each customer's lot. The Wet Weather Facilities Charge will increase by 5.0 percent in FY18 and 5.0 percent in FY19.

The following table illustrates the annual Wet Weather Facilities Charge collected on the property tax bill based on the adopted FY18 and FY19 rates.

| ANNUAL WET WEATHER FACILITIES CHARGE (\$/Lot) |        |        |  |  |  |
|---|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Lot Size                                      | FY18   | FY19   |  |  |  |
| Small Lot<br>0 - 5,000 sq. ft.                | 98.80  | 103.74 |  |  |  |
| Medium Lot<br>5,000 - 10,000 sq. ft.          | 154.34 | 162.06 |  |  |  |
| Large Lot >10,000 sq. ft.                     | 352.80 | 370.44 |  |  |  |

The following table illustrates the history of annual total wastewater charges, including Wet Weather and SF Bay Residential Pollution Prevention fee for the average single family residential customer discharging 6 CCF per month.

| AVERAGE SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL SEWER CHARGE (\$/Year) |                         |                           |                         |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year  | Annual Sewer<br>Charge* | Residential %<br>Increase | Overall %<br>Increase** |  |  |  |
| 2010   | 231.89                  | 4.61%                     | 5.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2011   | 243.48                  | 5.00%                     | 5.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2012   | 258.01                  | 5.97%                     | 6.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2013   | 273.30                  | 5.93%                     | 6.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2014   | 295.82                  | 8.24%                     | 9.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2015   | 320.34                  | 8.29%                     | 8.50%                   |  |  |  |
| 2016***  | 317.74                  | -0.81%                    | 5.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2017   | 333.26                  | 4.88%                     | 5.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2018   | 349.48                  | 4.87%                     | 5.00%                   |  |  |  |
| 2019   | 367.14                  | 5.05%                     | 5.00%                   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Annual Sew er Charge includes the Wet Weather Facilities Charge collected on the property tax bill for an under 5,000 square foot lot.

The table below shows the various adopted wastewater rate components including the service charge, flow, strength which is comprised of Chemical Oxygen Demand filtered (CODF) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and San Francisco Bay Pollution Prevention Fee.

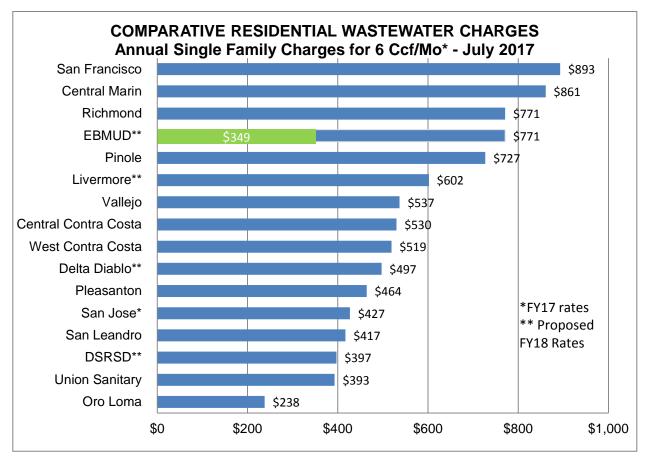
| WASTEWATER TREATMENT UNIT RATE COMPONENTS                                      |       |         |        |         |        |  |  |  |
|--|-------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| (\$)   |       |         |        |         |        |  |  |  |
| FY18 % FY19 %  |       |         |        |         |        |  |  |  |
| Unit Rates   | FY17  | Adopted | Change | Adopted | Change |  |  |  |
| Service Charge (\$/month)  | 5.55  | 5.83    | 5.0%   | 6.12    | 5.0%   |  |  |  |
| Flow (\$/ccf)  | 1.085 | 1.139   | 5.0%   | 1.196   | 5.0%   |  |  |  |
| Strength - CODF (\$/pound)   | 0.321 | 0.337   | 5.0%   | 0.354   | 5.0%   |  |  |  |
| Strength - Total TSS (\$/pound)  | 0.469 | 0.492   | 4.9%   | 0.517   | 5.1%   |  |  |  |
| Residential Pollution Prevention Fee \$/dwelling unit (up to 4 dwelling units) | 0.20  | 0.20    | 0.0%   | 0.20    | 0.0%   |  |  |  |
| Multi-Family Pollution Prevention Fee for 5+ dwelling units                    | 1.00  | 1.00    | 0.0%   | 1.00    | 0.0%   |  |  |  |
| Non-Residential Pollution Prevention Fee                                       | 5.48  | 5.48    | 0.0%   | 5.48    | 0.0%   |  |  |  |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Overall % increase includes the treatment rates for all customer classes.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> In 2016 the Cost of Service Study resulted in decreased charges for SFR customers.

The following chart is a comparison of the average annual SFR wastewater bill on flows of 6 CCF per month for EBMUD and other local communities. EBMUD provides only a portion of the total wastewater service in its operating area; other local collection system agencies provide service from the customer to the EBMUD sewer interceptor. The total charge varies by community according to the level of local agency charges.

EBMUD's FY18 Wastewater charge for the average single family residential customer is \$349 annually, which includes treatment charges on the water bill of \$250 and the Wet Weather Facilities Charge on the property tax bill of \$99.



Includes collection and treatment based on flow of 6 ccf/mo.

EBMUD rate based on proposed Treatment rate, SF Bay Residential Pollution Prevention Fee, and Wet Weather Fee, \$349/year plus average community collection charge of \$422/year.

# **Wastewater Capacity Fees**

The Wastewater Capacity Fee (WCF) was established in 1984 to recover costs for providing wastewater treatment capacity for new or expanded system use. The WCF is based on an equity approach whereby new users "buy-in" to a wastewater system that has adequate capacity to serve both existing demands and new growth. The WCF is expressed in terms of wastewater flow volume (flow) and strength factors including chemical oxygen demand filtered (CODF) and total suspended solids (TSS). The WCF applies to all new customers and dischargers who increase wastewater volume or strength.

For example, an additional capacity fee may be required if a property is developed and connects to the wastewater system, changes use, or is redeveloped and increases the volume or strength of the wastewater it discharges. An additional capacity fee may also be required if a flow review by the District demonstrates the volume and/or strength of the wastewater discharged from a non-residential property has significantly increased or is greater than anticipated at the time a WCF was first paid.

The WCF is based on the anticipated flow contributions multiplied by the average wastewater strength measured or assigned for each customer classification, and the unit capacity rates for flow and strength factors. The single family residential capacity fee is based on a standard flow and strength of new single family residential accounts to the wastewater system. For non-residential customers, a review of the actual flow and strength may be conducted within 24 months, once the business is fully established, to verify the estimated demand for wastewater capacity. The review may result in the assessment of additional capacity fees if the actual flow or strength exceeds the original estimate.

For FY18, the WCF was adjusted for the fifth and final year of the 5-year phase-in of the revised WCF calculations approved by the Board in 2013, and updated for the construction of additional facilities and construction cost escalations.

The adopted FY18 WCF unit capacity rates and the single family residential capacity fee are shown in the tables below. FY19 rates are tied to the 2018 Engineering News Record Construction Cost Index and are not available until 2018.

| NON-RESIDENTIAL UNIT CAPACITY FEE RATES (\$) |        |        |       |  |  |  |
|--|--------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| Unit Capacity Rate FY17 FY18 % Increase      |        |        |       |  |  |  |
| Flow /ccf/Month                              | 159.07 | 184.44 | 15.9% |  |  |  |
| CODF /lbs/Month                              | 46.88  | 57.27  | 22.2% |  |  |  |
| TSS /lbs/Month                               | 63.10  | 72.96  | 15.6% |  |  |  |

| SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL CAPACITY FEE |       |       |       |  |  |  |
|--|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| (\$)                                   |       |       |       |  |  |  |
| Customer Class FY17 FY18 % Increase    |       |       |       |  |  |  |
| Single-Family                          | 2,150 | 2,510 | 16.7% |  |  |  |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

# **CHAPTER 3: WATER SYSTEM**

This chapter provides a detailed description of the Water System sources of funds, use of funds, department operations budgets including staffing, capital expenditures and a Five-Year Financial Forecast.

The Water System Fund is an enterprise fund consisting of an operating and a capital budget. The function of the Water System is the collection, transmission, and distribution of water to communities within Alameda and Contra Costa Counties. In addition, the Water System provides administrative, financial, and other support services to the Wastewater System. These costs are charged to the Wastewater System.

This chapter is organized into the following sections:

| Pages 77 - 167 | A detailed description of the FY18 and FY19 budgets including |
|----------------|---|
|                | sources of revenues and use of funds for operations, debt     |
|                | financing, and capital programs. This section also includes   |
|                | detailed department budgets.                                  |

Pages 168 - 174 A five-year forecast of the Water System projected revenues and expenditures for operations, debt financing, and capital programs.

# **FUND SUMMARY**

The following are key projections and assumptions utilized in the FY18 and FY19 budget.

| WATER SYSTEM FUND – KEY ASSUMPTIONS                                 |         |         |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|
|   | FY18    | FY19    |  |  |  |  |
| Sales Volume (mgd)  | 137.0   | 141.0   |  |  |  |  |
| % Rate Increase   | 9.25%   | 9.00%   |  |  |  |  |
| Average monthly single family residential bill based on 8 ccf/month | \$51.49 | \$56.12 |  |  |  |  |

The fund summary illustrates the beginning and ending fund balances as well as revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources/uses. The following table shows the fund balance, and projected revenues and expenditures for the Water System for FY18 and FY19. The table is an expansion of the Water System Fund Summary table presented at the end of Chapter 2.

# Water System Fund Summary Operating and Capital Budgets

(\$ Millions)

|                                       |             | 7 (11)       |                 |             |              |                 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|
|                                       |             | FY18         |                 |             | FY19         |                 |
|                                       | Operating   | Capital      | Fund<br>Balance | Operating   | Capital      | Fund<br>Balance |
| Beginning FY Fund Balance (Projected) | 348.6       | 0.0          | 348.6           | 352.6       | 0.0          | 352.6           |
| Sources of Funds                      |             |              |                 |             |              |                 |
| Operating Revenues                    |             |              |                 |             |              |                 |
| Water Charges                         | 454.7       |              | 454.7           | 507.5       |              | 507.5           |
| Property Taxes                        | 30.0        |              | 30.0            | 30.7        |              | 30.7            |
| Power Sales                           | 3.7         |              | 3.7             | 3.7         |              | 3.7             |
| Interest Income                       | 7.3         |              | 7.3             | 7.4         |              | 7.4             |
| SCC Revenue                           | 27.0        |              | 27.0            | 28.0        |              | 28.0            |
| Reimbursements                        | 11.6        |              | 11.6            | 11.9        |              | 11.9            |
| All Other Revenue                     | <u>17.9</u> |              | <u>17.9</u>     | <u>18.1</u> |              | <u>18.1</u>     |
| Total Operating Revenues              | 552.2       |              | 552.2           | 607.2       |              | 607.2           |
| Capital Funding Sources               |             |              |                 |             |              |                 |
| New Bond Proceeds                     |             | 175.9        | 175.9           |             | 148.6        | 148.6           |
| Loans Proceeds                        |             | 0.0          | 0.0             |             | 0.0          | 0.0             |
| Grants                                |             | 0.5          | 0.5             |             | 0.3          | 0.3             |
| Reimbursements                        |             | 20.6         | 20.6            |             | 19.9         | 19.9            |
| Commercial Paper                      |             | 0.0          | 0.0             |             | 0.0          | 0.0             |
| Total Capital Sources                 |             | 197.0        | 197.0           |             | 168.8        | 168.8           |
| Revenue Funded Capital                | (70.7)      | <u>70.7</u>  | 0.0             | (101.1)     | <u>101.1</u> | 0.0             |
| Total Sources of Funds                | 481.5       | 267.7        | 749.2           | 506.2       | 269.8        | 776.0           |
| Use of Funds                          |             |              |                 |             |              |                 |
| Operations                            | 277.9       |              | 277.9           | 292.5       |              | 292.5           |
| Debt Service                          | 199.6       |              | 199.6           | 210.0       |              | 210.0           |
| Capital Cash Flow                     |             | <u>267.7</u> | <u>267.7</u>    |             | <u>269.8</u> | <u>269.8</u>    |
| Total Use of Funds                    | 477.5       | 267.7        | 745.2           | 502.5       | 269.8        | 772.3           |
| Ending Balance *                      | 352.6       | 0.0          | 352.6           | 356.3       | 0.0          | 356.3           |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes reserves for working capital, self-insurance, worker's compensation, contingency and rate stabilization, and for capital projects.

# FY 2018 & FY 2019 BUDGET

# **SOURCES OF FUNDS**

Operating expenses are funded by a group of revenue sources approved by the Board of Directors. Capital expenses are funded primarily by a combination of bond issues, which results in annual debt service payments, and operating revenue.

The table below displays the amounts to be collected from revenue sources and shows the amounts that are expected to be received to fund the capital program for the Water System.

| WATER SYSTEM SOURCES OF FUNDS |              |             |             |             |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
|                               | \$ Millions) |             |             |             |  |  |
| ,                             | FY16         | FY17        | FY18        | FY19        |  |  |
|                               | Actuals      | Amended     | Adopted     | Adopted     |  |  |
|                               |              | Budget      | Budget      | Budget      |  |  |
| Operating Revenues:           |              |             |             |             |  |  |
| Water Charges                 | 369.9        | 453.0       | 454.7       | 507.5       |  |  |
| Property Taxes                | 29.9         | 25.1        | 30.0        | 30.7        |  |  |
| Power Sales                   | 3.2          | 3.5         | 3.7         | 3.7         |  |  |
| Interest Income               | 2.1          | 3.3         | 7.3         | 7.4         |  |  |
| SCC Revenue                   | 39.3         | 26.0        | 27.0        | 28.0        |  |  |
| Reimbursements                | 11.3         | 11.2        | 11.6        | 11.9        |  |  |
| All Other Revenue             | <u>18.7</u>  | <u>17.4</u> | <u>17.9</u> | <u>18.1</u> |  |  |
| Total Operating Revenues      | 474.4        | 539.5       | 552.2       | 607.2       |  |  |
| Revenue Funded Capital        | (207.6)      | (100.5)     | (70.7)      | (101.1)     |  |  |
| Capital Funding Sources:      |              |             |             |             |  |  |
| Revenue Funded Capital        | 207.6        | 100.5       | 70.7        | 101.1       |  |  |
| New Bond Proceeds             | 0.0          | 108.9       | 175.9       | 148.6       |  |  |
| Loans Proceeds                | 0.0          | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         |  |  |
| Grants                        | 4.4          | 1.8         | 0.5         | 0.3         |  |  |
| Reimbursements                | 17.0         | 24.9        | 20.6        | 19.9        |  |  |
| Commercial Paper              | 0.0          | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         |  |  |
| Construction Fund             | <u>0.0</u>   | <u>0.0</u>  | <u>0.0</u>  | 0.0         |  |  |
| Total Capital Funding Sources | 229.0        | 236.1       | 267.7       | 269.8       |  |  |
| Total Water Sources           | 495.8        | 675.1       | 749.2       | 776.0       |  |  |

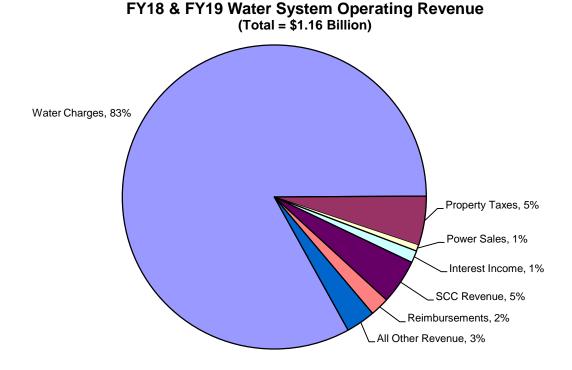
Numbers in the table may be rounded.

# **Operating Revenue**

Water System operating revenues for FY18 are increasing \$12.7 million, or 2.4 percent compared to FY17 for a total of \$552.2 million. This increase reflects the net impact of lower water sales than budgeted in FY17 and the adopted rate increase of 9.25 percent. The FY18 budget also includes a rise in property tax receipts of \$4.9 million and interest income of \$4.0 million compared to the FY17 budgeted revenue.

In FY19, Water System operating revenues will increase \$55.0 million, or approximately 9.9 percent for a total of \$607.2 million. This increase is comprised primarily of \$52.8 million from water charges due to higher projected consumption and an increase in the water rates.

The figure below illustrates the various sources of revenue and the relative percentage each contributes to the total. Water charges revenue is the largest source of revenue for EBMUD comprising 83 percent of FY18 and FY19 total revenues.



The following pages provide more detail on each of the revenue categories.

# **Source Descriptions**

# **Operating Revenue**

The following are descriptions of the seven sources of operating revenue, including information about the projected revenues for FY18 and FY19.

# **Water Charges**

Water charges consist of a monthly service charge, a volume charge for the amount of water used and an elevation charge for those customers located at higher elevations that require pumping and additional storage facilities. The overall water charges will increase by 9.25 percent in FY18 and an additional 9.0 percent in FY19.

FY18 Revenue (\$ Millions)

|                                      | <u>Amount</u> | % of Total |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Monthly Service Charge               | 137.0         | 30.1       |
| Monthly Service Charge Volume Charge | 294.1         | 64.7       |
| Elevation Charge                     | <u>23.6</u>   | <u>5.2</u> |
| Total                                | 454.7         | 100.0      |

FY19 Revenue (\$ Millions)

|                        | <u>Amount</u> | % of Total |
|------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Monthly Service Charge | 149.7         | 29.5       |
| Volume Charge          | 331.2         | 65.3       |
| Elevation Charge       | <u>26.6</u>   | <u>5.2</u> |
| Total                  | 507.5         | 100.0      |

FY18 water charges are projected to increase by \$1.7 million, for a total of \$454.7 million, or 0.4 percent over the FY17 budgeted revenue of \$453.0 million, due to reduced customer demand and the 9.25 percent rate increase. FY19 water charges are projected to increase by \$52.8 million, for a total of \$507.5 million, or 11.6 percent over the FY18 water charges revenue as projected consumption increases slightly from 137 MGD to 141 MGD.

#### **Property Taxes**

The District receives a portion of the 1 percent county tax levy on properties within District boundaries. The percentage of the county levy received varies, depending on the number of other agencies participating in the distribution. The District's share averages 1.25 percent of the total monies collected. For FY18, property tax revenue of \$30.0 million is based upon FY16 actual property tax receipts. Revenues for FY19 are projected to be \$30.7 million or a 2.3 percent increase over FY18.

#### **Power Sales**

The District operates power generation facilities at the Pardee and Camanche Dams. For FY18 and FY19, projected as years of normal precipitation, the District expects to earn approximately \$3.7 million for each year, primarily from sales of power to other agencies.

#### Interest Income

The District places funds not needed for current expenditures in short-term investments in accordance with the District's investment policy and may include money market funds, commercial paper, medium term corporate notes, bankers' acceptances and short-term U.S. government securities. Interest earned on these funds in FY18 is projected to be \$7.3 million, a \$4.0 million increase from FY17 due to significantly higher interest rates than assumed for the FY17 budget. For FY19 interest income is projected to be \$7.4 million, a \$0.1 million increase compared to the prior year. Interest earned is assumed to be 2 percent in FY18 and FY19.

#### **SCC** Revenue

System Capacity Charges (SCC) are collections from customers requesting new water service. The charges are designed to recover costs of facilities necessary to serve new customers. These costs include distribution facilities, treatment facilities, facilities that serve the system as a whole such as Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs, terminal storage reservoirs, administrative facilities, and a portion of the costs of supplemental water supply. The purpose of the SCC is to assure that existing customers do not bear the cost of customer growth and that new customers pay for their appropriate share of the existing water system facilities. Funds collected from the SCC are held either in dedicated reserves or accounted for as a capital contribution from developers. Funds held in the dedicated reserve account are used to pay the debt service for the bonds issued to build supplemental water supply projects.

SCC revenue for FY18 is projected at \$27.0 million which is a \$1.0 million increase from the amount budgeted for FY17. FY19 SCC revenue is projected at \$28.0 million, a \$1.0 million increase from FY18. This is based on the assumption that the number of new connections for FY18 and FY19 will continue at the average rate of connections over the last five years, plus a 3.5 percent increase in SCC rates. The 3.5 percent increase is based on the increase in the Engineering News Record Construction cost index.

#### Reimbursements

The Water System receives reimbursement for services provided to other agencies. The Wastewater System reimburses the Water System for administrative costs, space rental in the Administration building and for providing billing and collection services. The Water System also receives reimbursements from several cities for providing billing and collection services for the cities' sewer charges. Total reimbursements for FY18 and FY19 are projected at \$11.6 million and \$11.9 million respectively.

#### **All Other Revenue**

Included in this category are receipts from property sales, rental of District properties, fees for use of District recreational lands and facilities, insurance and property damage reimbursements, sales of surplus District equipment and vehicles, sales of District publications, reimbursements from the U.S. Treasury under the Build America Bond program, reimbursement of operating expenses from the Richmond Advanced Recycled Expansion (RARE) project and other miscellaneous revenues. All other revenues are projected at \$17.9 million for FY18 and \$18.1 million for FY19.

# **Capital Funding**

The following are descriptions of the five sources of capital funding. The FY18 and FY19 Capital Improvement Program will be funded with bond proceeds, water revenues, reimbursements, and grants. It is anticipated that the District will receive \$175.9 million in new revenue bond proceeds in FY18 and \$148.6 million in FY19, combined with revenue funded capital of \$70.7 million in FY18 and \$101.1 million in FY19.

Please refer to the section on Debt Service and Financing for additional details on debt funding of capital projects.

#### **New Bond Proceeds**

The District has the ability to issue long-term bonds to fund its capital program. The proceeds of the bond sales can be used to pay for capital expenses over several years. The repayment of the bonds is generally over 30 years and is paid from water rate revenues.

# **Commercial Paper Issues**

In addition to issuing long-term bonds to fund its capital program, the District has used short-term borrowing in the form of commercial paper to raise revenues for capital expenses. The term of commercial paper can be up to 270 days. The repayment of commercial paper is paid from water rate revenues.

#### **Grants and Loans Proceeds**

The District pursues federal and state grants and low-interest loans to fund some of its capital projects when they meet the conditions of the grant and loan programs.

#### Reimbursements

Some of the capital projects in the Water System are done at the request of other agencies, and the District is reimbursed for its expenses. An example would be the relocation of a water main at the request of a city or state agency. Also, work to expand the distribution system to meet new connections that is not covered by the System Capacity Charge is paid directly by the applicants.

#### **Revenue Funded Capital**

Annual capital expenses that are not paid from debt funding, grants, loans or reimbursements are paid from operating revenues, either from current year revenues or from reserves.

# **USE OF FUNDS**

The Water System has three types of expenditures:

**Operations**, or the annual costs of providing all water services;

**Debt service**, or the repayment of bonds for making capital investments in the water system; and

**Capital cash flow**, or the annual costs of the Capital Improvement Program for long-term projects.

The following table shows the breakdown of expenses for operations, debt service, and capital cash flow.

| USE OF FUNDS  |              |              |              |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (\$ Millions)   |              |              |              |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FY16 FY17 FY18 FY19 Expenditure Type Actuals Amended Adopted Adopted Budget Budget Budget |              |              |              |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operations  | 234.9        | 262.4        | 277.9        | 292.5        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Service  | 166.2        | 180.2        | 199.6        | 210.0        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow   | <u>218.5</u> | <u>236.1</u> | <u>267.7</u> | <u>269.8</u> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenditures  | 619.6        | 678.7        | 745.2        | 772.3        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Numbers in the table may be rounded.  |              |              | -            |              |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# **Operations**

This section contains charts and tables which explain the major components of the Water System operations budget. Typical operations expenditures include, but are not limited to labor, benefits, chemicals, energy, parts and materials, insurance, District vehicle fleet costs, and computer hardware and software.

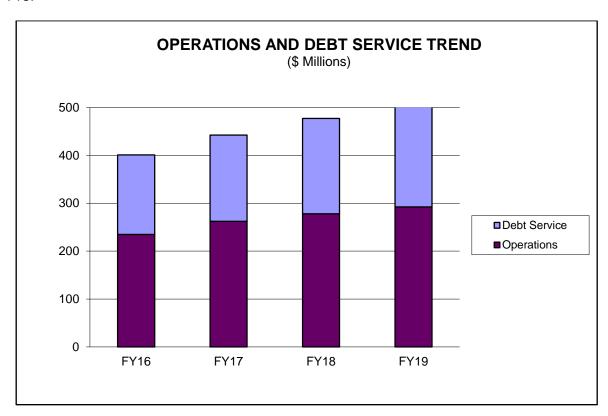
The operations budget is also shown by department. The details of each staffed department include a discussion of services provided, significant budget changes, and staffing and position changes.

The table below details the operations and debt service budget for FY18 and FY19.

|  | Operations and Debt Service |                       |                       |               |                |              |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
|  | _                           | (\$ Mill              | ions)                 |               |                |              |  |  |  |  |
| FY16 FY17 FY18 FY18 FY19 F<br>Actuals Amended Adopted Change Adopted Change<br>Budget Budget vs FY17 Budget vs |                             |                       |                       |               |                |              |  |  |  |  |
| Operations Debt Service  | 234.9<br><u>166.2</u>       | 262.4<br><u>180.2</u> | 277.9<br><u>199.6</u> | 5.9%<br>10.7% | 292.5<br>210.0 | 5.2%<br>5.3% |  |  |  |  |
| Total  | 401.1                       | 442.6                 | 477.5                 | 7.9%          | 502.5          | 5.2%         |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

In FY18, the operations and debt service budget is increasing \$34.9 million or 7.9 percent over the FY17 amended budget, and in FY19 will increase \$25.0 million or 5.2 percent compared to FY18.



#### **Department Operations Budgets**

The operations portion of the Water System budget is divided into various departments. The majority of these departments are referred to as staffed departments indicating employees are assigned to work in these areas. The staffed department budget funds the day-to-day operations of the District, and include funding for labor, benefits, outside contract services and other non-labor expenses such as electricity, chemicals, fuel, computer hardware, self-insured liability claims, and workers compensation claims. A detailed description of each staffed department is included later in this chapter.

A small number of departments do not have personnel assigned to them and are referred to as non-staffed departments. The impact on the budget by each of the following departments varies:

**Contingency -** Funds budgeted each fiscal year to primarily cover projected labor-related expenses such as the employee cost of living adjustment which is based upon each year's February Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) in the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose area. The index is published in March of each year. The contingency budget also includes funding for unanticipated needs which may arise before the next budget cycle.

**Intradistrict -** Certain internal service accounts are included in balance sheets to assure that internal expenses are not counted twice within the operations budget. Examples of these accounts include warehouse stores loading overhead and fleet vehicle expenses.

**Administration of Capital -** The administration of capital represents those costs that are not directly attributable to specific capital projects but are more generalized indirect support of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The administration of capital in the operations budget will decrease operating expense by a like amount and reallocate the costs to the capital budget.

The following table presents the total FY18 and FY19 Water System operations budget by department.

| Operations Budget by Department  |          |                   |                   |                |                   |                   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                  |          | housands)         |                   |                |                   |                   |  |  |  |  |
| DED A DIMENTO                    | FY16     | FY17              | FY18              | FY18           | FY19              | FY19              |  |  |  |  |
| DEPARTMENTS                      | Actuais  | Amended<br>Budget | Adopted<br>Budget | Change vs FY17 | Adopted<br>Budget | Change<br>vs FY18 |  |  |  |  |
| Operations & Maintenance Support | 17,231   | 18,113            | 18,843            | 4.0%           | 19,480            | 3.4%              |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance and Construction     | 92,583   | 96,692            | 99,162            | 2.6%           | 101,632           | 2.5%              |  |  |  |  |
| Water Operations                 | 48,400   | 53,793            | 53,576            | -0.4%          | 55,347            | 3.3%              |  |  |  |  |
| Water Resources                  | 6,748    | 8,259             | 8,487             | 2.8%           | 8,471             | -0.2%             |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resources                | 14,545   | 15,490            | 15,690            | 1.3%           | 15,997            | 2.0%              |  |  |  |  |
| Engineering & Construction       | 15,484   | 17,608            | 18,269            | 3.8%           | 18,662            | 2.1%              |  |  |  |  |
| Office of the General Manager    | 5,398    | 6,474             | 5,882             | -9.2%          | 6,318             | 7.4%              |  |  |  |  |
| Finance                          | 24,699   | 26,584            | 27,339            | 2.8%           | 28,095            | 2.8%              |  |  |  |  |
| Information Systems              | 26,191   | 27,566            | 27,837            | 1.0%           | 28,955            | 4.0%              |  |  |  |  |
| Customer & Community Services    | 18,482   | 20,269            | 20,194            | -0.4%          | 20,634            | 2.2%              |  |  |  |  |
| Human Resources                  | 9,731    | 10,157            | 11,068            | 9.0%           | 11,213            | 1.3%              |  |  |  |  |
| Office of the General Counsel    | 3,970    | 4,764             | 4,576             | -3.9%          | 4,592             | 0.4%              |  |  |  |  |
| Water Recycling Program          | 4,875    | 5,367             | 5,419             | 1.0%           | 5,510             | 1.7%              |  |  |  |  |
| Administration                   | 344      | 356               | 376               | 5.5%           | 377               | 0.2%              |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal Staffed Departments     | 288,681  | 311,493           | 316,718           | 1.7%           | 325,282           | 2.7%              |  |  |  |  |
| Contingency                      | 1,439    | 2,613             | 12,906            | -              | 18,872            | -                 |  |  |  |  |
| Intradistrict                    | (11,600) | (11,700)          | (11,700)          | 0.0%           | (11,700)          | 0.0%              |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital        | (43,627) | (40,000)          | (40,000)          | 0.0%           | (40,000)          | 0.0%              |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal Operations Expenses     | 234,893  | 262,407           | 277,923           | 5.9%           | 292,454           | 5.2%              |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Service                     | 166,245  | 180,191           | 199,551           | 10.7%          | 210,036           | 5.3%              |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL                            | 401,138  | 442,598           | 477,474           | 7.9%           | 502,490           | 5.2%              |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The FY17 amended budget includes a carry forward of approximately \$0.2 million from FY16 which is within the total two-year appropriations approved by the Board.

The FY17 amended staffed department budgets include a cost of living adjustment.

# **Department Operations Budget Highlights**

The Water System is comprised of 14 staffed departments that perform and provide operations and support functions to the Wastewater System. This section details the various departments including the labor and non-labor budgets, department goals and staffing.

The below table is a summary of the Water System departments' budgets, which excludes the administration of capital overhead allocated from operations to capital.

|   | FY16                | FY17                       | FY18                | FY18         | FY19          | FY19         |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| Category  | Actuals             | Amended                    | Adopted             | Change       | Adopted       | Change       |
| (\$ Thousands)  |                     | Budget                     | Budget              | vs FY17      | Budget        | vs FY18      |
| Total Labor and Benefits Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | 270,376<br>(74,670) | 288,881<br><u>(75,392)</u> | 295,367<br>(78,529) | 2.2%<br>4.2% | ,             | 1.9%<br>2.0% |
| Operating Labor and Benefits                              | 195,706             | 213,489                    | 216,838             | 1.6%         | 220,731       | 1.8%         |
| Contract Services   | 14,766              | 14,683                     | 18,911              | 28.8%        | 19,281        | 2.0%         |
| All Other Costs   | <u>78,209</u>       | <u>83,321</u>              | <u>80,969</u>       | -2.8%        | <u>85,271</u> | 5.3%         |
| Operating Total   | 288,681             | 311,493                    | 316,718             | 1.7%         | 325,282       | 2.7%         |

#### **Labor and Benefits**

Labor and benefits are allocated between the staffed department and contingency for cost of living adjustments. Cost of living adjustments are not shown in the staffed departments' FY18 and FY19 labor and benefits budgets since it is based on the CPI-W index and the amount is not known until the index is published annually. Once the index is published, and if funds are needed, contingency would be transferred to departments. The details of the departments' labor and benefits budget are shown later in this chapter.

Labor and benefits will increase as a result of funding additional positions primarily in FY18 compared to the prior fiscal year, and a smaller number of additional positions in FY19. These additional positions support capital projects and operations work such as infrastructure maintenance, pipeline construction, water operations and support functions such as human resources. A number of complex drivers impact the labor and benefits budget beyond funding additional positions. One of the major complex drivers is a slower than projected rise in benefit costs which result in a lower fringe benefit rate compared to the prior fiscal year.

Total labor and benefits in FY18 will increase approximately \$6.4 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Of the increase, approximately \$3.1 million is for capital labor and is attributable to funding additional positions to support capital projects, as well as an increase in overtime to support a ramp-up of pipeline construction and construction inspections that must take place after normal work hours. The remaining amount of \$3.3 million is for additional positions to support operations work such as water operations, replacement of aging financial and human resources information systems, infrastructure maintenance and other support functions such as human resources. Operating overtime is reduced as a result of these additional positions.

In FY19, total labor and benefits will increase \$5.5 million compared to FY18. This increase is attributable to funding additional positions, scheduled salary step increases, and an anticipated increase in health care costs. The operations budget will increase \$3.9 million primarily attributable to the addition of staff to support baseline work in the maintenance and pipeline construction crews to replace outside contract services. The remaining amount of \$1.6 million is for work associated with capital projects.

#### Non-labor

In FY18, staffed department non-labor budgets are increasing a net of \$1.9 million or 1.9 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. The major drivers accounting for the changes include:

- Professional services are increasing \$2.7 million with the largest portion, \$1.5 million, to address a new requirement for lead sampling in schools, and a voluntary customer tap lead sampling program; other increases are to meet equal employment opportunity requirements, benefit consultant services to advise on plan design, cost analysis and regulatory requirements, new leak-detection services, and information technology contracts associated with data warehousing, training and firewall maintenance;
- Maintenance and operations supplies and services are increasing \$1.9 million primarily for building and equipment maintenance contracts, vehicle and construction equipment rentals, and pipeline maintenance supplies such as pipes, backfill, and paving;
- Vehicle use charges are increasing \$1.0 million to fund vehicle replacements which were deferred in prior years as a temporary cost savings strategy;
- Security contract services are increasing \$0.5 million for scheduled annual contract increases, and a new radar-based perimeter detection and integrated video assessment systems;
- Allowance for self-insured liability claims will increase by \$0.5 million;
- California State Drinking Water fees are increasing \$0.4 million based on a new fee schedule;
- Equipment is increasing \$0.3 million to replace aging equipment; and
- Mokelumne River Fish Hatchery operations are increasing of \$0.2 million for contract fees.

Planned reductions of \$5.7 million offset these anticipated increases in FY18.

- Chemicals, energy, and sludge disposal will decrease \$4.0 million associated with potable water production due to lower anticipated water sales; and
- Other drivers of the planned reductions include lower petroleum costs, Board of Director election fees which occur in the second year of the budget, and completion of the FY16 and FY17 budget priority to replace deferred aging computer equipment.

In FY19, staffed department non-labor budgets will increase a net of \$4.7 million or 4.7 percent compared to FY18. The major drivers accounting for the changes include:

- Potable water production costs will increase \$1.1 million for chemicals, energy, and sludge disposal due to an anticipated increase in energy prices, slight growth in water sales and liquid oxygen for new ozone systems at water treatment plants;
- Vehicle use charges will increase \$1.0 million to continue replacing deferred purchases;
- Fees for the Board of Director elections will be incurred for \$0.5 million;
- Computer hardware and equipment will increase \$0.4 million for software, ongoing maintenance and equipment replacement needs;
- Allowance for self-insured liability and workers' compensation claims will increase by \$0.3 million;
- Security contracts will increase \$0.3 million due to scheduled annual contract increases;
   and
- Other operating expenditures of \$0.8 million will increase such as maintenance and operations supplies and services, District laboratory services, mailing costs, telephone expense, and Mokelumne Fish Hatchery operations.

# **Department Operations by Budget Category**

The table below depicts the Water System staffed departments operations by expense category. It does not include capital labor; however, capital labor by department is shown later in this chapter.

| FY18 & FY19 DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS BY CATEGORIES  (\$ Thousands) |                 |                       |        |                 |         |                      |        |                 |  |  |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|----------------------|--------|-----------------|--|--|
|   | FY <sup>'</sup> | 10                    |        |                 |         |                      |        |                 |  |  |
| Department  | Labor           | FY1 Contract Services | All    | Total<br>Budget | Labor   | Contract<br>Services | All    | Total<br>Budget |  |  |
| Operations & Maintenance Supt                                   | 10,060          | 3,667                 | 5,116  | 18,843          | 10,222  | 3,977                | 5,280  | 19,480          |  |  |
| Maintenance and Construction                                    | 71,404          | 3,202                 | 24,556 | 99,162          | 73,110  | 3,157                | 25,365 | 101,632         |  |  |
| Water Operations  | 31,337          | 2,700                 | 19,539 | 53,576          | 31,688  | 2,767                | 20,892 | 55,347          |  |  |
| Water Resources   | 6,536           | 385                   | 1,566  | 8,487           | 6,588   | 200                  | 1,684  | 8,471           |  |  |
| Natural Resources   | 9,337           | 2,970                 | 3,383  | 15,690          | 9,406   | 3,020                | 3,570  | 15,997          |  |  |
| Engineering & Construction                                      | 16,990          | 184                   | 1,095  | 18,269          | 17,349  | 160                  | 1,153  | 18,662          |  |  |
| Office of the General Manager                                   | 5,083           | 221                   | 577    | 5,882           | 5,116   | 125                  | 1,077  | 6,318           |  |  |
| Finance   | 16,506          | 1,301                 | 9,532  | 27,339          | 16,721  | 1,466                | 9,908  | 28,095          |  |  |
| Information Systems   | 19,445          | 1,329                 | 7,063  | 27,837          | 19,899  | 1,470                | 7,586  | 28,955          |  |  |
| Customer & Community Svcs                                       | 16,452          | 349                   | 3,393  | 20,194          | 16,744  | 349                  | 3,541  | 20,634          |  |  |
| Human Resources   | 8,531           | 1,762                 | 775    | 11,068          | 8,698   | 1,757                | 758    | 11,213          |  |  |
| Office of the General Counsel                                   | 3,591           | 750                   | 235    | 4,576           | 3,607   | 750                  | 235    | 4,592           |  |  |
| Water Recycling Program   | 1,566           | 91                    | 3,762  | 5,419           | 1,582   | 83                   | 3,845  | 5,510           |  |  |
| Administration  | 0               | 0                     | 376    | 376             | 0       | 0                    | 377    | 377             |  |  |
| TOTAL   | 216,838         | 18,911                | 80,969 | 316,718         | 220,731 | 19,281               | 85,271 | 325,282         |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

# **Staffed Department Descriptions**

The next section describes each of the staffed departments and includes the following topics:

<u>Overview</u> provides an overall statement about the key responsibilities of the department within the larger mission of the District as a whole.

<u>Description of Services Provided</u> describes the responsibilities of the department, by unit (division) or by function, including services required to meet regulatory or legal requirements.

<u>FY18 & FY19 Goals</u> highlights the highest priority tasks or projects related to the budget, and places these within the context of the overall District Strategic Plan.

<u>Department Budget Summary</u> is a reference table that shows the Department's operating budget expenditures by category (Labor and Benefits, Contract Services, All Other Costs). It also includes capital labor to give a more complete picture of departmental budget.

<u>Budget Highlights</u> shows changes in cost relative to the previous fiscal year and describes reasons for those changes. This section focuses on the significant budget change.

<u>Staffing Summary</u> is a reference table that shows the Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) for the department by appointment type (full-time, part-time, etc.).

<u>Staffing Changes</u> is a section included only for departments that have position changes that require Board approval. It includes a table that enumerates position changes, followed by a brief description of the changes. The change in cost is determined by comparing the annual cost of the salaries and benefits of the current classification with the annual cost of the new classification at the top salary step.

The following guide lists each department by name, the divisions within each department, and includes the page number to locate each department in this chapter.

# Water System Departments and Divisions

| Operations and Maintenance Comment  | 04  |
|---|-----|
| Operations and Maintenance Support  | 91  |
| <ul> <li>Water Quality and Asset Management</li> <li>Regulatory Compliance Office</li> </ul>  |     |
| Regulatory Compliance Office  Maintenance and Construction  | 94  |
| Distribution Maintenance and Construction   | 37  |
| Facilities Maintenance and Construction   |     |
| Pipeline Construction and Equipment   |     |
| Meter Reading and Maintenance   |     |
| Water Operations  | 99  |
| Water Supply  |     |
| Water Treatment and Distribution  |     |
| Water Resources   | 102 |
| Bay-Delta Section   |     |
| Water Resources Planning  |     |
| Water Supply Improvements   |     |
| Natural Resources   | 105 |
| East Bay Watershed and Recreation   |     |
| Mokelumne Watershed and Recreation  |     |
| Fisheries and Wildlife  |     |
| Engineering and Construction  | 107 |
| Water Distribution Planning   |     |
| • Design  |     |
| Construction  |     |
| Pipeline Infrastructure   |     |
| Engineering Services  |     |
| Office of the General Manager   | 111 |
| Office of the General Manager   |     |
| Inter-Governmental Affairs  |     |
| Public Affairs  |     |
| Office of the Secretary of the District   | 440 |
| Finance   | 113 |
| Accounting  Built-1 Office  |     |
| Budget Office    Statement Applied Office   Property   Proper |     |
| Internal Audit Office  Transport Office   |     |
| Treasury Office  Provide a sign of the sign of th |     |
| Purchasing     Piels Management Office  |     |
| Risk Management Office Information Systems  | 116 |
|   | 110 |
| Data Center     Applications Development  |     |
| <ul> <li>Applications Development</li> <li>Information Technology Security</li> </ul>   |     |
| Customer and Community Services   | 119 |
| Contact Center  | 113 |
| Field Services  |     |
| Customer Services Support   |     |
| New Business Office   |     |
| Water Conservation  |     |
| Real Estate Services  |     |
| Contract Equity Office  |     |
| Human Resources   | 122 |
| Office of Diversity and Inclusion   |     |
| Employee Relations  |     |
| Employee Services   |     |
| Recruitment and Classification  |     |
| Employee Development  |     |
| Office of the General Counsel   | 125 |
| Water Recycling Program   |     |
| Administration  | 129 |

#### **OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE SUPPORT DEPARTMENT**

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Operations and Maintenance Support Department is responsible for managing and improving the water system infrastructure, processes and assets, and providing District-wide support and leadership in regulatory compliance, emergency preparedness and facility security.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of the Water Quality program and the Asset Management program which develops and maintains work management systems for field operations and staff. It also contains the Regulatory Compliance Office which provides security services, environmental compliance guidance and assistance, emergency preparedness support and workplace health and safety support to the entire District, and is also responsible for physical plant engineering services.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has primary responsibility for leading the Water Quality and Environmental Protection Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Improving distribution system water quality;
- Implementing lead program, including customer tap sampling, school sampling, and lead service inventory;
- Investigating and reducing disinfection by products; and
- Implementing enhanced compliance activity for pipeline creek crossings.

#### **DEPARTMENT BUDGET SUMMARY**

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16         | FY17         | FY18         | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals      | Amended      | Adopted      | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |              | Budget       | Budget       | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 10,098       | 10,262       | 10,661       | 3.9%    | 10,855       | 1.8%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (777)        | (427)        | <u>(601)</u> | 40.8%   | <u>(632)</u> | 5.3%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 9,321        | 9,835        | 10,060       | 2.3%    | 10,222       | 1.6%    |
| Contract Services                | 3,138        | 3,218        | 3,667        | 13.9%   | 3,977        | 8.5%    |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>4,773</u> | <u>5,059</u> | <u>5,116</u> | 1.1%    | <u>5,280</u> | 3.2%    |
| Operating Total                  | 17,231       | 18,113       | 18,843       | 4.0%    | 19,480       | 3.4%    |

#### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.7 million or 4.0 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase by \$0.6 million or 3.4 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

#### FY18

Total labor and benefits costs are increasing \$0.4 million, while operating labor and benefits are increasing by a smaller amount, primarily due to funding an additional position, scheduled salary step increases, and a higher portion allocated to capital primarily for vulnerability assessment security measures. Contract services are increasing \$0.4 million primarily due to an increase in security contracts that serve the entire District. All other costs are increasing \$0.06 million primarily due to an increase in District laboratory services cost.

# FY19

Total labor and benefits costs will increase \$0.2 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases. Contract services will increase \$0.3 million primarily due to increases in security contracts. All other costs will increase \$0.2 million primarily due to an increase in District laboratory services cost.

#### STAFFING SUMMARY

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                              | FY16        | FY17        | FY18        | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19        | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 49.0<br>0.0 | 49.0<br>0.0 | 50.0<br>1.0 | 1.0<br>1.0                | 50.0<br>1.0 | 0.0<br>0.0                |
| Intermittent                               | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0                       | 0.0         | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time                      | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0                       | 0.0         | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                                  | 49.0        | 49.0        | 51.0        | 2.0                       | 51.0        | 0.0                       |

In FY18, the increase of one full-time FTE reflects a transfer into the department.

#### **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)             | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program  |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|
| 2018          | Add    |                        | (LT) Associate Civil<br>Engineer | 219,822        | 1.0           | Security Systems, Raw Water Studies, and Upcountry Wastewater Treatment Projects |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |        |                        |                                  | 219,822        | 1.0           |  |

In FY18, the department is adding one limited-term FTE to perform design work on selected capital projects. The Upcountry Wastewater Collection and Treatment Systems project will address improvements that minimize risk to the environment, health and safety and regulatory compliance based on the master plan; operational experience; and collection system inspections. Another capital project this position will support is improvements to the security systems at District facilities to minimize risk to the workplace, assets, and operations. These improvements are based on the Security Vulnerability Assessment completed in 2017.

#### MAINTENANCE AND CONSTRUCTION DEPARTMENT

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Maintenance and Construction Department is responsible for maintaining the local water system infrastructure and facilities, performing preventative and corrective maintenance, replacing and rehabilitating the District's infrastructure, reading and maintaining the nearly 400,000 water meters, and maintaining all District owned vehicles and heavy equipment.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of the Distribution Maintenance and Construction (DMC), Facilities Maintenance and Construction (FMC), Pipeline Construction and Equipment (PCE), and Meter Reading and Maintenance (MRM) divisions. DMC installs new services and pipelines and supports the maintenance, replacement, and installation of the water distribution system by repairing leaks, and replacing pipeline appurtenances. FMC provides support for the water treatment and distribution infrastructure and other facilities located throughout the Water System including the computer systems used to operate the water system. PCE installs replacement pipelines, provides District-wide construction support, and is responsible for vehicle and equipment maintenance and replacement. MRM is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and reading of meters, and backflow prevention.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has a key role in the Long-Term Infrastructure Investment Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Meeting Key Performance Indicators for critical meter repair backlog, exercising water system valves, and recording asset maintenance activities for analysis;
- Implementing OP/NET system improvements and cyber security controls for the industrial control systems and centralized security systems; and
- Leading the industry in water loss control through using new and innovative technology, effective maintenance practices, and efficient operations.

#### **DEPARTMENT BUDGET SUMMARY**

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16     | FY17            | FY18          | FY18    | FY19          | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|---------------|---------|---------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals  | Amended         | Adopted       | Change  | Adopted       | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |          | Budget          | Budget        | vs FY17 | Budget        | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 99,000   | 106,452         | 109,005       | 2.4%    | 111,752       | 2.5%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (34,820) | <u>(35,551)</u> | (37,601)      | 5.8%    | (38,642)      | 2.8%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 64,180   | 70,901          | 71,404        | 0.7%    | 73,110        | 2.4%    |
| Contract Services                | 3,513    | 2,435           | 3,202         | 31.5%   | 3,157         | -1.4%   |
| All Other Costs                  | 24,891   | <u>23,355</u>   | <u>24,556</u> | 5.1%    | <u>25,365</u> | 3.3%    |
| Operating Total                  | 92,583   | 96,692          | 99,162        | 2.6%    | 101,632       | 2.5%    |

#### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$2.5 million or 2.6 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$2.5 million or 2.5 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

#### **FY18**

Total labor and benefits costs are increasing \$2.6 million primarily due to funding additional positions to reduce reliance on fully-manned and operated (FM&O) contract services and increase maintenance on the distribution system. Operating labor and benefits are increasing \$0.5 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases. Contract services are increasing \$0.8 million primarily due to satellite leak detection (\$0.2 million), increased vegetation management (\$0.2 million), and to meet the goal of less than 30-day turnaround for concrete work during peak workload periods (\$0.2 million). All other costs are increasing by \$1.2 million primarily due to construction materials and services for increased pipeline repair work (\$1.0 million), and the cost of repairing and maintaining the District's fleet of vehicles and equipment (\$0.1 million).

#### FY19

Total labor and benefits costs will increase by \$2.7 million compared to the prior year primarily due to funding additional positions to further reduce reliance on full-manned and operated contract services, and scheduled salary step increases. All other costs will increase by \$0.8 million related to the District's vehicle and equipment fleet operating expenses.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16  | FY17  | FY18  | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19  | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 682.0 | 686.0 | 713.0 | 27.0                      | 719.0 | 6.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 22.0  | 22.0  | 14.0  | (8.0)                     | 14.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0                       | 0.0   | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 7.0   | 7.0   | 7.0   | 0.0                       | 7.0   | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 711.0 | 715.0 | 734.0 | 19.0                      | 740.0 | 6.0                       |

In FY18, one full-time FTE is transferred to another department.

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY   | Action                       | From Classification(s)               | To Classification(s)  | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program                    |
|------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III                      | 25,974         | 0.0           |                                    |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III                      | 25,974         | 0.0           | Stabilize Pipeline<br>Rebuild Crew |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III                      | 25,974         | 0.0           |                                    |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Utility Laborer /<br>Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III | 25,974         | 0.0           |                                    |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Utility Laborer /<br>Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III | 25,974         | 0.0           | Increased                          |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Utility Laborer /<br>Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III | 25,974         | 0.0           | Maintenance on Distribution System |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Utility Laborer /<br>Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III | 25,974         | 0.0           | oystem .                           |
| 2018 | Flex<br>Class &<br>Character | (TC) Water Distribution<br>Plumber I | Utility Laborer /<br>Water Distribution<br>Plumber I / II / III | 25,974         | 0.0           |                                    |

# (continued next page)

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)            | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program             |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           | Increased                   |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           | Maintenance on Distribution |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           | System                      |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Utility Laborer                 | 118,497        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Maintenance Shift<br>Supervisor | 184,917        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Maintenance Shift<br>Supervisor | 184,917        | 1.0           | Reduce Overtime             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Maintenance Shift<br>Supervisor | 184,917        | 1.0           | Reduce Overline             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Maintenance Shift<br>Supervisor | 184,917        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           | Daduas Dalianas             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           | Reduce Reliance<br>on FM&O  |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           | Contract Services           |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           |                             |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator     | 140,944        | 1.0           |                             |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |        |                        |                                 | 3,045,470      | 20.0          |                             |

(continued next page)

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)             | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program                             |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| 2019          | Add    |                        | Heavy Equipment<br>Operator      | 148,103        | 1.0           |   |
| 2019          | Add    |                        | Truck Driver II                  | 137,584        | 1.0           |   |
| 2019          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator      | 141,037        | 1.0           | Reduce Reliance<br>on FM&O                  |
| 2019          | Add    |                        | Heavy Transport<br>Operator      | 141,037        | 1.0           | Contract Services                           |
| 2019          | Add    |                        | Heavy Equipment<br>Operator      | 148,103        | 1.0           |   |
| 2019          | Add    |                        | Associate Electrical<br>Engineer | 219,822        | 1.0           | Water Treatment<br>Plant Control<br>Systems |
| FY19<br>TOTAL |        |                        |                                  | 935,687        | 6.0           |   |

In FY18, the department is converting eight temporary construction FTEs in the Pipeline Rebuild Program to full-time FTEs, and adding 20 full-time FTEs to increase maintenance on the distribution system, reduce overtime, and reduce reliance on contract services for fully manned and operated (FM&O) equipment. Of the 20 FTEs, seven Utility Laborers are added to increase the support of ongoing maintenance of the water distribution pipelines and appurtenances including leak detection and valve testing.

In FY19, the department is adding six full-time FTEs. Five FTEs will further reduce reliance on contract services for FM&O equipment. One FTE will support the water system control systems used to monitor the water treatment plants, distribution system and water supply systems. In addition, this position will support the cyber security of the network and the new control systems at Orinda, Walnut Creek, Sobrante, and Upper San Leandro water treatment plants.

#### WATER OPERATIONS DEPARTMENT

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Water Operations Department is responsible for operating Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs as an integrated system to achieve multiple objectives including providing high quality water to District customers, stream flow regulation, environmental protection, flood control, hydropower, and releases for downstream requirements. The department delivers water from Pardee Reservoir or the local reservoirs to the water treatment plants, from where it flows into the distribution system and to the District's customers.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of the Water Supply and Water Treatment and Distribution divisions. The Water Supply Division operates and maintains Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs, raw water aqueducts, pumping plants, hydropower facilities, local reservoirs, and the Folsom South Canal Connection system, in compliance with all water rights, contractual requirements, and environmental regulations, and maintenance of the recreation areas. The Water Treatment and Distribution Division operates the potable water treatment plants and distribution facilities, and is responsible for investigating water quality, pressure and flow inquiries, and implementing a comprehensive energy management program.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has a key role in implementing the Water Quality and Environmental Protection Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Operating the water system to meet multiple objectives including municipal water supply, stream flow regulation, environmental protection, flood control, and releases for downstream requirements;
- Meeting Joint Settlement Agreement Mokelumne River minimum flow releases 100% of the time;
- Meeting water quality regulations and water quality goals 100% of the time;
- Managing Freeport operations and supplemental supply evaluations and recommendations;
- Operating the water system to maximize hydropower revenue and minimize chemical, energy, and sludge disposal costs; and
- Leading the District's energy strategy.

#### **DEPARTMENT BUDGET SUMMARY**

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16          | FY17          | FY18          | FY18    | FY19    | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals       | Amended       | Adopted       | Change  | Adopted | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |               | Budget        | Budget        | vs FY17 | Budget  | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 30,341        | 31,320        | 32,546        | 3.9%    | 32,910  | 1.1%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (2,298)       | (1,212)       | (1,209)       | -0.2%   | (1,221) | 1.0%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 28,043        | 30,108        | 31,337        | 4.1%    | 31,688  | 1.1%    |
| Contract Services                | 862           | 865           | 2,700         | 212.0%  | 2,767   | 2.5%    |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>19,495</u> | <u>22,820</u> | <u>19,539</u> | -14.4%  | 20,892  | 6.9%    |
| Operating Total                  | 48,400        | 53,793        | 53,576        | -0.4%   | 55,347  | 3.3%    |

#### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is decreasing \$0.2 million or 0.4 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$1.8 million or 3.3 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

#### FY18

Operating labor and benefits costs are increasing \$1.2 million primarily due to a greater number of funded FTEs to support water treatment and water quality. Contract services are increasing \$1.8 million due to a new requirement for lead sampling in schools and a voluntary customer tap lead sampling program (\$1.5 million), and required disinfection for additional new pipes being put into service (\$0.3 million). All other costs are decreasing a net of \$3.3 million; chemicals, energy, and sludge disposal from water production are decreasing \$4.0 million as a result of reduced water consumption following the recent Stage 4 drought emergency, offset by rising operational costs such as state drinking water fees.

#### FY19

Operating labor and benefits will increase by \$0.4 million due to scheduled salary step increases. All other costs will increase \$1.4 million primarily driven by the unit cost of energy and chemicals compared to the prior year as water demand gradually increases.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16  | FY17  | FY18  | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19  | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 187.0 | 185.0 | 185.0 | 0.0                       | 185.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0   | 0.0   | 1.0   | 1.0                       | 1.0   | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0                       | 0.0   | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 2.0   | 2.0   | 2.0   | 0.0                       | 2.0   | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 189.0 | 187.0 | 188.0 | 1.0                       | 188.0 | 0.0                       |

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)                  | Change in<br>Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program  |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| 2018          | Add    |                        | (LT) Water Distribution<br>Supervisor | 219,822           | 1.0           | Lead Sampling<br>in Schools and<br>Voluntary<br>Customer Tap<br>Lead Sampling<br>Program |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |        |                        |                                       | 219,822           | 1.0           |  |

In FY18, the department is adding one limited-term FTE Water Distribution Supervisor to oversee the new requirement for lead sampling in schools and the District's voluntary customer tap lead sampling program.

#### WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Water Resources Department develops and administers the plans, policies and programs necessary to protect existing District water resources, develops additional water supplies to meet future needs, and assures the availability of adequate physical facilities to meet those needs.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of the Bay Delta Section, the Water Resources Planning and the Water Supply Improvements divisions. The Bay-Delta Section provides the District's technical and policy evaluation and advocacy efforts related to the State and Federal plans to restore the San Francisco Bay-Delta ecosystem. Water Resources Planning Division administers the District's licenses, permits and agreements for current water supplies, conducts water resource analyses to support operations and long-range planning, and prepares reports and implements plans needed to comply with state and federal regulations related to water supply management. Water Supply Improvements Division plans and implements supplemental supply and recycling projects needed to meet current and future needs.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has primary responsibility for the Long-Term Water Supply Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Continuing collaborative partnerships for ensuring dry year water supply with emphasis on a long-term water transfer agreement with Placer County Water Agency, development of a Groundwater Banking Demonstration project with San Joaquin County, and water supply reliability partnerships in the Bay Area;
- Preparing a Recycled Water Master Plan and expanding the current projects to increase total recycled water deliveries:
- Reducing demand on Mokelumne River and East Bay water supplies through expansion of recycled water service along the I-80 corridor, San Ramon Valley, Richmond and the Chevron Refinery;
- Participating in State Water Resources Control Board hearings on the California Water Fix and the Water Quality Control Plan;
- Convening the Mokelumne River Stakeholders forum to coordinate long-term water supply planning;
- Publishing the Water Management Plan for submission to the US Bureau of Reclamation; and
- Amending the District's license with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to facilitate construction activities near Pardee and Camanche Dam.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16         | FY17         | FY18         | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals      | Amended      | Adopted      | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |              | Budget       | Budget       | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 7,513        | 7,878        | 8,058        | 2.3%    | 8,122        | 0.8%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (2,242)      | (1,328)      | (1,522)      | 14.6%   | (1,534)      | 0.8%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 5,272        | 6,551        | 6,536        | -0.2%   | 6,588        | 0.8%    |
| Contract Services                | 160          | 195          | 385          | 97.9%   | 200          | -48.1%  |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>1,316</u> | <u>1,514</u> | <u>1,566</u> | 3.4%    | <u>1,684</u> | 7.5%    |
| Operating Total                  | 6,748        | 8,259        | 8,487        | 2.8%    | 8,471        | -0.2%   |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.2 million or 2.8 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will decrease \$0.02 million or 0.2 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

## FY18

Total labor and benefits costs are increasing \$0.2 million primarily due to a higher portion of labor allocated to capital for recycled water projects. Contract services costs are increasing \$0.2 million to develop a Historical Properties Management Plan (HPMP), and to inspect hydroelectric projects required every five years by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). All other costs are increasing \$0.05 million primarily for water rights fees required by the State Water Resources Control Board.

# FY19

Total labor and benefits costs will increase \$0.06 million due to scheduled salary step increases. Contract services costs will decrease \$0.2 million due to work completed on the HPMP and FERC project inspection. All other costs will increase \$0.1 million primarily due to the District's share of the Upper Mokelumne River Watershed Authority's work focused on forest health issues.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 39.0 | 38.0 | 37.0 | (1.0)                     | 37.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 0.0  | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.0                       | 0.5  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 39.0 | 38.5 | 37.5 | (1.0)                     | 37.5 | 0.0                       |

In FY18, one full-time FTE is transferred to another department.

# NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

## **OVERVIEW**

The Natural Resources Department develops and implements plans, policies, and programs necessary to manage over 50,000 acres of water, watershed lands and related facilities. The department develops and implements programs for water quality, environmental protection and public recreation on these lands, and the reservoirs, rivers and streams within them.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of the East Bay Watershed and Recreation, the Mokelumne Watershed and Recreation, and the Fisheries and Wildlife divisions. Both Watershed and Recreation divisions, East Bay and Mokelumne, manage and protect the local and upcountry watershed lands owned by EBMUD, including overseeing environmental, recreation, and public education programs. The Fisheries and Wildlife Division develops and maintains the scientific information necessary to manage and protect wildlife and fisheries on EBMUD-owned lands and the Lower Mokelumne River fishery, conducts monitoring to comply with water right agreements, provides biological support for capital projects, and responds to service area incidents.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has a key role in the Water Quality and Environmental Protection Strategic Plangoals. Key department goals include:

- Implementing the water quality protection, environmental stewardship and recreation and public use programs consistent with the East Bay and Mokelumne Watershed Master Plans;
- Updating the East Bay Watershed Master Plan;
- Continuing to build on the successful fishery program for the Mokelumne River including expansion of the science programs on outmigration survival, juvenile barging and hatchery genetics management;
- Providing support for Chabot Dam Seismic Upgrade Project;
- Assisting in protocol development for the new National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit for drinking water discharges;
- Establishing and operating the Oursan Ridge Conservation Bank; and
- Developing the San Leandro Creek Management Plan.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16         | FY17         | FY18         | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals      | Amended      | Adopted      | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |              | Budget       | Budget       | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 9,324        | 9,557        | 9,351        | -2.2%   | 9,420        | 0.7%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | <u>(191)</u> | <u>0</u>     | <u>(13)</u>  | 0       | <u>(14)</u>  | 2.2%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 9,132        | 9,557        | 9,337        | -2.3%   | 9,406        | 0.7%    |
| Contract Services                | 2,510        | 2,870        | 2,970        | 3.5%    | 3,020        | 1.7%    |
| All Other Costs                  | 2,902        | <u>3,063</u> | <u>3,383</u> | 10.5%   | <u>3,570</u> | 5.5%    |
| Operating Total                  | 14,545       | 15,490       | 15,690       | 1.3%    | 15,997       | 2.0%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.2 million or 1.3 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$0.3 million or 2.0 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

#### FY18

Total labor and benefits are decreasing \$0.2 million primarily due to a lower fringe benefit rate. Contract services costs are increasing \$0.1 million primarily due to public safety services provided by the East Bay Regional Park District Police and Amador and Calaveras County Sheriff's Department. All other costs are increasing \$0.3 million primarily due to increased costs for the California Department of Fish and Game to operate the Mokelumne River Fish Hatchery, and the continuation of the juvenile salmon outmigration barging study.

# **FY19**

Total labor and benefits costs will increase \$0.07 million due to scheduled salary step increases. Contract services cost will increase \$0.05 million due to anticipated increases for watershed security contracts. All other costs will increase \$0.2 million due to the hatchery operations agreement with the California Department of Fish and Game, and District vehicle fleet cost.

#### STAFFING SUMMARY

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 67.0 | 66.0 | 66.0 | 0.0                       | 66.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 2.5  | 2.5  | 2.5  | 0.0                       | 2.5  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 69.5 | 68.5 | 68.5 | 0.0                       | 68.5 | 0.0                       |

# **ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION DEPARTMENT**

## **OVERVIEW**

The Engineering and Construction Department is responsible for developing plans, policies and programs that assure the availability of physical facilities to meet current and future water service needs; and capital program implementation, including infrastructure management, system expansions, and facility improvements. The department provides technical leadership and innovation in engineering, construction, research and development, and operational efficiency improvements.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of Water Distribution Planning, Design, Construction, Pipeline Infrastructure, and Engineering Services. Direct services include planning, design, and construction management and inspection of water system capital projects. Support services include cost estimating, contract specifications preparation, bid and award management, surveying, mapping, graphic design, hydraulic modeling, geotechnical engineering, materials testing, engineering records storage and engineering support to other departments.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department is primarily responsible for leading the Long-Term Infrastructure Investment goal and providing support to all other goals identified in the District's Strategic Plan. Key department goals include:

- Developing and maintaining coordinated master plans;
- Implementing the Capital Improvement Program based on priorities identified in the plans;
- Continuing support for the ramp-up of planned pipeline infrastructure renewals;
- Planning, designing and overseeing the construction of improvements at the District's water treatment plants identified in a recent comprehensive assessment to ensure high quality water continues to be delivered to customers; and
- Supporting the implementation and use of information technologies that improve the
  efficiency and effectiveness of business processes, such as geospatial tools and radio
  frequency identification.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16       | FY17            | FY18            | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals    | Amended         | Adopted         | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |            | Budget          | Budget          | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 46,065     | 48,957          | 52,139          | 6.5%    | 53,097       | 1.8%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (31,735)   | <u>(32,436)</u> | <u>(35,149)</u> | 8.4%    | (35,748)     | 1.7%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 14,330     | 16,521          | 16,990          | 2.8%    | 17,349       | 2.1%    |
| Contract Services                | 188        | 125             | 184             | 48.0%   | 160          | -13.5%  |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>966</u> | <u>963</u>      | <u>1,095</u>    | 13.8%   | <u>1,153</u> | 5.3%    |
| Operating Total                  | 15,484     | 17,608          | 18,269          | 3.8%    | 18,662       | 2.1%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.7 million or 3.8 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$0.4 million or 2.1 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

#### FY18

Total labor and benefit costs are increasing \$3.2 million due to additional staff associated with applicant pipeline extension work, construction and materials inspections, and support on the Alameda Crossings and the Wildcat Aqueduct Replacement projects. Capital labor and benefits is increasing \$2.7 million due to a higher portion of labor allocated to capital projects, and funding for Engineering Aides. The Engineering Aides is an outreach effort to attract potential future engineering candidates. Contract services are increasing \$0.06 million primarily due to technical training for new hires and engineering professional services. All other costs are increasing \$0.1 million primarily to replace a format scanner, printer, and survey equipment.

# FY19

Total labor and benefit costs will increase \$1.0 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases and to account for a fully staffed department. All other costs will increase \$0.06 million primarily due to higher fees for California State Department of Safety of Dams.

## STAFFING SUMMARY

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16  | FY17  | FY18  | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19  | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 254.0 | 255.0 | 257.0 | 2.0                       | 257.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 8.0   | 9.0   | 15.0  | 6.0                       | 15.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0                       | 0.0   | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 2.0   | 3.5   | 3.5   | 0.0                       | 3.5   | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 264.0 | 267.5 | 275.5 | 8.0                       | 275.5 | 0.0                       |

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action     | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)  | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program   |
|---------------|------------|------------------------|---|----------------|---------------|---|
| 2018          | Add        |                        | (LT) Engineering<br>Designer I / II /<br>Drafter I / II / III                     | 140,944        | 1.0           | Applicant<br>Pipeline<br>Extension                                      |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | (TC) Senior<br>Construction Inspector<br>/ Construction<br>Inspector              | 194,205        | 1.0           | Alameda<br>Crossings and<br>Wildcat Aqueduct<br>Replacement<br>projects |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | (LT) Senior<br>Construction Inspector<br>/ Construction<br>Inspector              | 194,205        | 1.0           | Applicant Pipeline Extension and Pipeline Relocation                    |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | Assistant Surveying<br>Supervisor   | 209,210        | 1.0           | Facility, Pipeline,<br>and Construction<br>Surveying                    |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | (LT) Materials Inspector / Senior Construction Inspector / Construction Inspector | 194,205        | 1.0           | Pipe, Valve,<br>Materials<br>Inspections                                |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | (LT) Materials Inspector / Senior Construction Inspector / Construction Inspector | 194,205        | 1.0           | Pipe, Valve,<br>Materials<br>Inspections                                |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | (LT) Senior<br>Construction Inspector<br>/ Construction<br>Inspector              | 194,205        | 1.0           | Applicant Pipeline Extension and Pipeline Relocation                    |
| 2018          | Add        |                        | Survey Technician I / II  | 155,568        | 1.0           | District-wide<br>Survey Services  |
| 2018          | Reallocate | Management Analyst     | Senior Civil Engineer   | 69,890         | 0.0           | Geospatial<br>Initiatives   |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |            |                        |   | 1,546,637      | 8.0           |   |

In FY18, three limited-term FTEs are needed due to an anticipated increase in applicant pipeline extension work (one Designer/Drafter and two Senior Construction Inspectors). Two limited-term FTEs (Materials Inspectors) are needed to support pipe, valve, and materials inspections, and one full-time FTE (Assistant Surveying Supervisor) is needed due to an increase in baseline surveying work. One temporary construction FTE Senior Construction Inspector is needed to support the Alameda Crossings and the Wildcat Aqueduct Replacement projects. One full-time FTE (Survey Technician I/II) is needed to provide District-wide survey services including the growing volume of infrastructure renewal work. The reallocation of a Management Analyst I/II position to a Senior Civil Engineer is needed to support the advancement of geospatial initiatives such as Radio Frequency Identification (RFID), Geographic Positioning Systems (GPS), and Geographic Information Systems (GIS) which will enhance productivity across the District.

# OFFICE OF THE GENERAL MANAGER

## **OVERVIEW**

The Office of the General Manager manages the overall operations of the District and implements the policies and priority programs of the Board of Directors with an emphasis on effectively communicating with all stakeholders and advancing EBMUD's policy objectives with the state and federal legislatures.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department includes the Office of the General Manager, Inter-Governmental Affairs, Public Affairs and the Office of the Secretary of the District. The Office of the General Manager provides several District-wide functions including: legislative and intergovernmental agency advocacy; public and community education and outreach; support to the Board of Directors and District-wide records management, including managing responses to public records requests.

## **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department supports all six Strategic Plan goals. Key department goals include:

- Supporting EBMUD's water and wastewater program goals through engaging and communicating with the public about District operations and infrastructure, Board policy proposals and decisions, and stewardship of the District's natural, financial and human resources;
- Educating stakeholders on the need for a generational investment in infrastructure and on other District priorities as expressed through the District's Strategic Plan; and
- Supporting EBMUD's water and wastewater program goals through legislative efforts to advance EBMUD's policy objectives and acquire state and federal funding and to proactively support legislation through active outreach and customer education.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16       | FY17         | FY18       | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals    | Amended      | Adopted    | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |            | Budget       | Budget     | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 4,881      | 5,168        | 5,083      | -1.6%   | 5,116        | 0.6%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | <u>(2)</u> | <u>0</u>     | <u>0</u>   | 0       | <u>0</u>     | 0       |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 4,879      | 5,168        | 5,083      | -1.6%   | 5,116        | 0.6%    |
| Contract Services                | 126        | 241          | 221        | -8.3%   | 125          | -43.5%  |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>392</u> | <u>1,065</u> | <u>577</u> | -45.8%  | <u>1,077</u> | 86.6%   |
| Operating Total                  | 5,398      | 6,474        | 5,882      | -9.2%   | 6,318        | 7.4%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is decreasing \$0.6 million or 9.2 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$0.4 million or 7.4 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

## FY18

Total labor and benefits are decreasing \$0.09 million primarily due to a lower fringe benefit rate and new employees with salaries lower than the employees they replaced. All other costs are decreasing \$0.5 million primarily due to Board election fees charged by the counties to participate in the ballot process which occurs in the second year of the biennial budget.

# FY19

Total labor and benefits will increase \$0.03 million due to scheduled salary step increases. Contract services costs will decrease \$0.1 million due to the District-wide customer survey expense which occurred in the prior fiscal period. All other costs will increase \$0.5 million due to the Board election fees mentioned above which occur in the second year of the budget.

# STAFFING SUMMARY

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | EV4.6 | FV47 | EV40 | FY18           | EV40 | FY19              |
|----------------------------------|-------|------|------|----------------|------|-------------------|
| Position Type                    | FY16  | FY17 | FY18 | Change vs FY17 | FY19 | Change<br>vs FY18 |
| Full-Time                        | 25.0  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 0.0            | 25.0 | 0.0               |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0   | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0            | 0.0  | 0.0               |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0   | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0            | 0.0  | 0.0               |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 0.5   | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.0            | 0.5  | 0.0               |
| Total FTE                        | 25.5  | 25.5 | 25.5 | 0.0            | 25.5 | 0.0               |

# FINANCE DEPARTMENT

## **OVERVIEW**

The Finance Department is responsible for providing proactive and strategic management of District finances and ensuring the long-term financial stability of the District. These responsibilities include managing the finances to meet funding needs, ensuring adequate internal financial controls, reporting financials timely and accurately, managing the budget efficiently, implementing reasonable rates and charges, optimizing investment of cash funds, maintaining good standing in the credit markets, and engaging actively with external stakeholders to promote fiscal transparency and accountability.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of Accounting, Budget Office, Internal Audit, Treasury Operations, Purchasing, and Risk Management divisions. It provides a range of financial services including accounts payable and payroll, financial reporting, biennial budget management, grant administration, strategic planning coordination, debt management, credit rating agency and investor relations, rates and charges, investment of funds, procurement and supply chain management, liability and workers compensation claim management, insurance procurement, and internal controls. The department also supports the District's Employee Retirement System with respect to investment management.

## **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department supports all six Strategic Plan goals but is primarily responsible for leading the Long-Term Financial Stability Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Developing a long-range financing plan;
- Increasing fiscal transparency and accountability in financial reporting; and
- Replacing aging financial, materials management, and human resources information systems.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|   | FY16                   | FY17                   | FY18               | FY18            | FY19    | FY19    |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|
| Category  | Actuals                | Amended                | Adopted            | Change          | Adopted | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)  |                        | Budget                 | Budget             | vs FY17         | Budget  | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | 14,376<br><u>(198)</u> | 16,511<br><u>(969)</u> | 16,506<br><u>0</u> | 0.0%<br>-100.0% | - ,     | 1.3%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits                              | 14,178                 |                        | 16,506             | 6.2%            | _       | 1.3%    |
| Contract Services   | 1,142                  | 1,336                  | 1,301              | -2.6%           | 1,466   | 12.7%   |
| All Other Costs   | <u>9,379</u>           | <u>9,706</u>           | <u>9,532</u>       | -1.8%           | 9,908   | 3.9%    |
| Operating Total   | 24,699                 | 26,584                 | 27,339             | 2.8%            | 28,095  | 2.8%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.8 million or 2.8 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$0.8 million or 2.8 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

## FY18

Operating labor and benefits are increasing \$1.0 million primarily due to an increase in funded FTEs for the replacement of three critical computer systems that support financial, materials management, and human resources information. All other costs are decreasing \$0.2 million primarily due to a one-time print shop expenditure in the prior fiscal year for new production equipment.

#### FY19

Total labor and benefit costs will increase \$0.2 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases. Contract services will increase \$0.2 million primarily due to a rates and charges study, worker's compensation administrative costs, and office and print shop equipment maintenance costs. All other costs will increase \$0.4 million consistent with prior years' trends for cost associated with self-insured liability claims.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 97.0 | 98.0 | 99.0 | 1.0                       | 99.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0  | 1.0  | 0.0  | (1.0)                     | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.5  | 0.0                       | 0.5  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 97.5 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 0.0                       | 99.5 | 0.0                       |

In FY18, one full-time FTE is transfer into the department.

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action                       | From Classification(s)  | To Classification(s)   | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program          |
|---------------|------------------------------|---|--|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 2018          | Flex Class<br>&<br>Character | Senior Wastewater<br>Control Inspector  | (TC) Accounting & Financial Systems Analyst / (Reg) Senior Wastewater Control Inspector              | 32,398         | 0.0           | HRIS Project             |
| 2018          | Flex Class<br>&<br>Character | Admin Clerk /<br>Information Systems<br>Support Analyst I / II                        | (Reg/LT) Admin Clerk /<br>(LT) Information<br>Systems Specialist I / II<br>/ III                     | (52,057)       | 0.0           | MMIS Project             |
| 2018          | Flex Class<br>&<br>Character | Senior Accounting &<br>Financial Systems<br>Analyst /<br>Management Analyst<br>I / II | (Reg/LT) Senior<br>Accounting & Financial<br>Systems Analyst /<br>(Reg) Management<br>Analyst I / II | 0              | 0.0           | FIS Project              |
| 2018          | Delete                       | (TC) Information<br>System Support<br>Analyst II                                      |  | (189,551)      | (1.0)         | CIS Project<br>Completed |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |                              |   |  | (209,210)      | (1.0)         |                          |

In FY18, three existing FTEs are temporarily reallocated to the Human Resources Information System (HRIS), Materials Management Information System (MMIS), and Financial Information System (FIS) replacement capital projects currently underway. These FTEs are required to support short-term implementation and streamline business processes that will change as a result of the new computer systems. The department is deleting one temporary construction FTE due to the completion of the Customer Information System (CIS) Project.

# **INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEPARTMENT**

## **OVERVIEW**

The Information Systems Department is responsible for planning, deploying, operating and maintaining information technology and services in support of District functions. These responsibilities include providing security and recoverability for business systems and data critical to the operations of the District.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of the Data Center, Applications Development, and Information Technology Security divisions. These divisions support the lifecycle of the District's technology and communication needs including initial planning, acquisition, development, deployment, and ongoing maintenance. Areas supported include: desktop and mobile computing; remote access; network connectivity; telephone, radio, and microwave communications; application development and integration for a wide range of business functions; risk identification in the computing and network environments; guidance to ensure District systems and data are properly secured and available; and planning to ensure business continuity of District computing resources.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has a key role in the Long-Term Financial Stability Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Ensuring that maintenance and project work is performed in a manner that supports the achievement of goals outlined in the Information Technology (IT) Master Plan;
- Completing planning and beginning implementation of projects to replace the Human Resource Information System and Work Management System;
- Completing planning to replace the Laboratory Information System;
- Implementing a new Materials Management Information Management System and Financial Information System; and
- Implementing the IT Governance FY18-19 Project Portfolio.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16         | FY17         | FY18         | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals      | Amended      | Adopted      | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |              | Budget       | Budget       | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 18,730       | 19,604       | 19,584       | -0.1%   | 20,046       | 2.4%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (253)        | (803)        | (139)        | -82.6%  | (147)        | 5.6%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 18,477       | 18,801       | 19,445       | 3.4%    | 19,899       | 2.3%    |
| Contract Services                | 854          | 994          | 1,329        | 33.6%   | 1,470        | 10.7%   |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>6,859</u> | <u>7,771</u> | <u>7,063</u> | -9.1%   | <u>7,586</u> | 7.4%    |
| Operating Total                  | 26,191       | 27,566       | 27,837       | 1.0%    | 28,955       | 4.0%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.3 million or 1.0 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$1.1 million or 4.0 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

## **FY18**

Total labor and benefit costs are decreasing \$0.02 million. Capital labor and benefits are decreasing \$0.7 million due a lower portion of labor allocated to capital projects. Operating labor and benefits are increasing \$0.6 million primarily due to higher portion of labor allocated to operating compared to FY17, funding the IT intern program, and scheduled salary step increases. The IT intern program is an outreach effort to attract college students for potential future IT candidates. Contract services are increasing \$0.3 million primarily due to a data warehouse consulting contract, project management training, and firewall maintenance costs. All other costs are decreasing by \$0.7 million due to the completion of the FY16 and FY17 budget priority to replace deferred aging equipment. This budget continues to include funding to the equipment replacement fund for ongoing equipment replacement needs.

#### **FY19**

Total labor and benefit costs will increase \$0.5 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases and to account for a fully staffed department. Contract services will increase \$0.1 million primarily due to a cloud service for the Contact Center. All other costs will increase \$0.5 million for computer hardware, software, and communications equipment.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 92.0 | 92.0 | 94.0 | 2.0                       | 94.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 4.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 0.0                       | 2.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 96.0 | 94.0 | 96.0 | 2.0                       | 96.0 | 0.0                       |

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)         | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program    |  |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Senior Systems<br>Programmer | 214,385        | 1.0           | Industrial Control |  |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Senior Systems<br>Programmer | 214,385        | 1.0           | Systems Security   |  |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |        |                        |                              | 428,771        | 2.0           |                    |  |

In FY18, based on a vulnerability assessment, two full-time FTEs (Senior Systems Programmers) will support the implementation and operation of a new, isolated server infrastructure that is necessary to improve security of the District's industrial control systems used for water treatment and distribution, security, and building controls.

# **CUSTOMER AND COMMUNITY SERVICES DEPARTMENT**

## **OVERVIEW**

The Customer and Community Service Department provides quality, responsive customer service through the use of efficient business practices, technology, and value added programs and services to District customers and stakeholders guided by fairness, consistency, efficiency, and high standards of professionalism and fiscal responsibility.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES**

The department's operations include the Contact Center, Field Services, Customer Services Support, New Business, Water Conservation, Real Estate Services, and Contract Equity divisions. These divisions are the direct interface to customers and internal and external stakeholders to support billing, payment, and service inquiries; field service operation requests; customer programs and services; Customer Information System administration, maintenance, systems integration and support; water conservation services and assistance; new service and development requests; property management and land acquisitions; mail distribution and payment processing; and enhance equal opportunities for business owners who are interested in doing business with the District.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department is primarily responsible for the Customer and Community Services Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Providing responsive, quality service to meet and/or exceed customer expectations;
- Implementing new customer and community programs and services to increase customer engagement opportunities:
- Evaluating processes and business operations to enhance the customer experience;
- Promoting water use efficiency and conservation services;
- Completing the expansion of the Automated Metering Infrastructure technology pilot and water loss initiatives;
- Expanding opportunities to utilize land assets more effectively; and
- Promoting contract education and increasing contract equity opportunities.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|  | FY16              | FY17              | FY18                     | FY18            | FY19         | FY19          |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| Category   | Actuals           | Amended           | Adopted                  | Change          | Adopted      | Change        |
| (\$ Thousands)   |                   | Budget            | Budget                   | vs FY17         | Budget       | vs FY18       |
| Total Labor and Benefits  Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | 17,373<br>(2,113) | 19,450<br>(2,648) | 18,746<br><u>(2,293)</u> | -3.6%<br>-13.4% | -,-          | 0.9%<br>-5.0% |
| Operating Labor and Benefits                               | 15,260            | 16,802            | 16,452                   | -13.4%          |              | 1.8%          |
| Contract Services  | 172               | 327               | 349                      | 6.7%            | 349          | 0.0%          |
| All Other Costs  | 3,049             | <u>3,140</u>      | 3,393                    | 8.0%            | <u>3,541</u> | 4.4%          |
| Operating Total  | 18,482            | 20,269            | 20,194                   | -0.4%           | 20,634       | 2.2%          |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is decreasing \$0.08 million or 0.4 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$0.4 million or 2.2 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

## FY18

Total labor and benefits are decreasing \$0.7 million. Operating labor and benefits are decreasing by approximately \$0.4 million due to a lower fringe benefit rate and a reduction in the number of funded positions. Capital labor and benefits are decreasing \$0.4 million primarily due to a lower portion of labor allocated to capital projects. All other costs are increasing \$0.3 million primarily for electronic bill payment and presentment services, District vehicle fleet costs, and U.S. postage costs.

# **FY19**

Total labor and benefits will increase \$0.2 million. Operating labor and benefits will increase \$0.3 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases and a reallocation of a portion of labor from capital to operating. All other costs will increase \$0.1 million primarily for the printing and distribution costs of the Proposition 218 notices for the FY20 and FY21 biennial budget.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16  | FY17  | FY18  | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19  | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 121.0 | 121.0 | 125.0 | 4.0                       | 125.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 1.0   | 1.0   | 0.0   | (1.0)                     | 0.0   | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 3.0   | 3.0   | 3.0   | 0.0                       | 3.0   | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 13.5  | 13.5  | 13.5  | 0.0                       | 13.5  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 138.5 | 138.5 | 141.5 | 3.0                       | 141.5 | 0.0                       |

In FY18, four full-time FTEs are returned to the department.

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s)           | To Classification(s) | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program                         |
|---------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| 2018          | Delete | (LT) Associate Civil<br>Engineer |                      | (219,822)      |               | Automated<br>Metering<br>Infrastructure |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |        |                                  |                      | (219,822)      | (1.0)         |   |

In FY18, the department is deleting one limited-term FTE for program management of Automated Metering Infrastructure. The Operations and Maintenance Support Department will assume program management.

# **HUMAN RESOURCES DEPARTMENT**

## **OVERVIEW**

The Human Resources Department recruits, develops, and retains a diverse, well-qualified and professional workforce that reflects the values of EBMUD. It supports the District's core mission, and leads the organization in positive employee relations, talent management, succession planning and employee engagement.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department consists of Diversity and Inclusion, Employee Relations, Employee Services, Recruitment and Classification, and Employee Development divisions. These divisions administer the District's retirement system, deferred compensation programs and employee benefits; provide guidance to effectively resolve grievances and facilitate labor contract negotiations; implement training and development opportunities to support leadership and managerial skill enhancement; develop a performance recognition program that acknowledges employee contributions toward meeting Districts goals; steward a "grow our own" strategy to address skills shortages by developing employees to meet workforce demands; respond to discrimination and harassment complaints; work with the community on outreach efforts to attract a diverse applicant pool; and recruit and onboard a highly qualified, diverse employee population.

# **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department is primarily responsible for leading the Workforce Planning and Development Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Implementing workforce development plans to identify future employees to fill anticipated vacancies resulting from retirements;
- Completing the labor negotiations process for successor Memoranda of Understanding;
- Implementing a health care strategy that provides a competitive benefit package while recognizing the potential increase in forecasted health care costs;
- Completing recruitments in a timely manner to fill vacancies created by the large number of retirements; and
- Continuing to work with the Values and Organizational Improvements teams to imbed the District's values and implement organizational changes as identified by the teams.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16        | FY17        | FY18       | FY18    | FY19       | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals     | Amended     | Adopted    | Change  | Adopted    | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |             | Budget      | Budget     | vs FY17 | Budget     | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 7,712       | 8,210       | 8,531      | 3.9%    | -,         | 2.0%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | <u>(10)</u> | <u>(18)</u> | <u>0</u>   | -100.0% | <u>0</u>   | 0       |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 7,703       | 8,192       | 8,531      | 4.1%    | 8,698      | 2.0%    |
| Contract Services                | 1,430       | 1,276       | 1,762      | 38.1%   | 1,757      | -0.3%   |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>598</u>  | <u>690</u>  | <u>775</u> | 12.3%   | <u>758</u> | -2.1%   |
| Operating Total                  | 9,731       | 10,157      | 11,068     | 9.0%    | 11,213     | 1.3%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is increasing \$0.9 million or 9.0 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the operating budget will increase \$0.1 million or 1.3 percent. Significant budget changes include:

## FY18

Operating labor and benefits are increasing \$0.3 million due to an increase in funded positions to meet workload needs. Contract services costs are increasing \$0.5 million to meet equal employment opportunity requirements; outreach and workforce development projects; benefit consultant services to advise on plan design, cost analysis and regulatory requirements; and District values and organizational improvement activities. All other costs are increasing \$0.09 million primarily due to the tuition reimbursement program, new employee recognition program, software for eLearning platform, and curriculum development.

## **FY19**

Total labor and benefits costs will increase \$0.2 million due to scheduled salary step increases and to account for a fully staffed department.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 47.0 | 47.0 | 49.0 | 2.0                       | 49.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 5.0  | 4.0  | 5.0  | 1.0                       | 5.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 7.5  | 5.5  | 5.5  | 0.0                       | 5.5  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 59.5 | 56.5 | 59.5 | 3.0                       | 59.5 | 0.0                       |

# **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action | From Classification(s) | To Classification(s)                             | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program                                      |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|--|----------------|---------------|--|
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Senior Human<br>Resources Analyst                | 204,095        | 1.0           | Increase in<br>Ongoing<br>Workload                   |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | Human Resources<br>Analyst I / II                | 184,917        | 1.0           | Outreach and<br>Workforce<br>Development<br>Projects |
| 2018          | Add    |                        | (TC) Information<br>System Support<br>Analyst II | 189,551        | 1.0           | HRIS Project   |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |        |                        |  | 578,562        | 3.0           |  |

In FY18, the department is adding one full-time FTE to support Recruitment and Classification ongoing workload, one full-time FTE to support outreach and workforce development projects including assisting with overflow EEO consultants/investigations, and a temporary construction FTE to support the implementation of the Human Resources Information System (HRIS) project.

# OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

## **OVERVIEW**

The Office of the General Counsel (OGC) provides the legal advice and assistance necessary to implement the District's mission, policies, and programs in a manner consistent with the law and to take charge of litigation and other legal matters in which the District is a party or in which it is legally interested.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department provides legal assistance and litigation support to the Board of Directors, General Manager and staff in such areas as: resources law; municipal and public law; environmental law; public works contracting; construction and real estate law; personnel, benefits, retirement and labor law; risk management and insurance; public finance and governmental law; tort law; and rates, regulations, and public policy matters.

## **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

Key department goals include:

- Providing the District, its officers, and its employees with competent, responsible, and
  effective representation in all proceedings in which the District is a party or has an
  interest and obtain the best results possible given the facts and law applicable to the
  specific case;
- Assuring that all documents with legal significance presented to the OGC for review, or are originally prepared by the OGC, accomplish the purpose for which they are intended, protect the District from legal risk to the full extent administrative staff considers appropriate for the transaction, and are written in clear and understandable language in an appropriate legal form;
- Providing accurate, clear, and practical oral legal advice that is responsible to the questions and facts presented;
- Providing accurate, clear, and practical written legal memoranda and opinions that are thoroughly researched, timely, and in an appropriately professional form;
- Providing forceful and persuasive advocacy on behalf of the District in non-judicial settings when requested to do so;
- Assuring that all legal services provided to the District are cost-effective, responsive to the directions of the Board, and professionally competent; and
- Adhering to the highest standards of professional conduct and legal ethics including those standards set forth in the Rules of Professional Conduct.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16       | FY17       | FY18       | FY18    | FY19       | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals    | Amended    | Adopted    | Change  | Adopted    | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |            | Budget     | Budget     | vs FY17 | Budget     | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 3,209      | 3,778      | 3,591      | -5.0%   | 3,607      | 0.5%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (20)       | <u>0</u>   | <u>0</u>   | 0       | <u>0</u>   | 0       |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 3,189      | 3,778      | 3,591      | -5.0%   | 3,607      | 0.5%    |
| Contract Services                | 664        | 750        | 750        | 0.0%    | 750        | 0.0%    |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>117</u> | <u>236</u> | <u>235</u> | -0.1%   | <u>235</u> | 0.0%    |
| Operating Total                  | 3,970      | 4,764      | 4,576      | -3.9%   | 4,592      | 0.4%    |

# **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's operating budget in FY18 is decreasing \$0.2 million or 3.9 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$0.02 million or 0.4 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

# FY18

Total labor and benefits are decreasing \$0.2 million primarily due to a lower fringe benefit rate and new employees with salaries lower than the employees they replaced.

## <u>FY19</u>

Total labor and benefits will increase \$0.02 million due to scheduled salary step increases.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 0.0                       | 16.0 | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 1.0  | 1.0  | 1.0  | 0.0                       | 1.0  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 17.0 | 17.0 | 17.0 | 0.0                       | 17.0 | 0.0                       |

# WATER RECYCLING PROGRAM

## **OVERVIEW**

The Water Recycling Department develops and implements projects that provide recycled water for appropriate uses by the District and its customers to reduce the demand on high quality drinking water supplies.

## **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department operates and maintains the North Richmond Water Reclamation Plant and the Richmond Advance Recycled Expansion (RARE) facility that provide recycled water for use in the Chevron refinery and the East Bayshore Recycled Water treatment facility that provides recycled water to customers for irrigation applications. While this program is managed and budgeted under the Water System, the Wastewater Department is responsible for the ongoing operations and maintenance of the recycled water treatment plants.

# **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department supports the Long-Term Water Supply Strategic Plan goal. Key department goals include:

- Continuing to operate and maintain the three recycled water treatment facilities (RARE, North Richmond, East Bayshore) to meet regulatory standards for recycled water and maximize the production from these facilities;
- Maintaining contractual obligations with Chevron; and
- Continuing to offset the use of drinking water for nonpotable applications as part of the District's water recycling goal.

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16         | FY17         | FY18         | FY18    | FY19         | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals      | Amended      | Adopted      | Change  | Adopted      | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |              | Budget       | Budget       | vs FY17 | Budget       | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 1,754        | 1,732        | 1,566        | -9.6%   | 1,582        | 1.1%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | <u>(13)</u>  | <u>0</u>     | <u>0</u>     | 0       | <u>0</u>     | 0       |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 1,741        | 1,732        | 1,566        | -9.6%   | 1,582        | 1.1%    |
| Contract Services                | 7            | 52           | 91           | 76.0%   | 83           | -9.0%   |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>3,126</u> | <u>3,583</u> | <u>3,762</u> | 5.0%    | <u>3,845</u> | 2.2%    |
| Operating Total                  | 4,875        | 5,367        | 5,419        | 1.0%    | 5,510        | 1.7%    |

## **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's FY18 operating budget is increasing \$0.05 million or 1.0 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the operating budget will increase \$0.09 million or 1.7 percent. Significant budget changes include:

## FY18

Operating labor costs are decreasing \$0.2 million primarily due to a lower fringe benefit rate and new employees with salaries lower than the employees they replaced. All other costs are increasing \$0.2 million primarily due to chemical and energy costs, and repair work by Wastewater Department staff who maintain the recycling facilities.

# FY19

All other costs will increase \$0.08 million primarily due to chemical and energy costs, and anticipated repair work by Wastewater Department staff.

## STAFFING SUMMARY

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 8.0  | 8.0  | 8.0  | 0.0                       | 8.0  | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 8.0  | 8.0  | 8.0  | 0.0                       | 8.0  | 0.0                       |

# **ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT**

## **OVERVIEW**

The Administration Department is currently unstaffed and the functions of the department have been distributed to the Customer and Community Services Department and the Human Resources Department.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES PROVIDED**

The department has the budget for District memberships in professional and trade organizations.

# **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department does not lead any Strategic Plan goals in FY18 and FY19.

## **DEPARTMENT BUDGET SUMMARY**

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16       | FY17       | FY18       | FY18    | FY19       | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals    | Amended    | Adopted    | Change  | Adopted    | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |            | Budget     | Budget     | vs FY17 | Budget     | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0       | 0          | 0       |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | <u>0</u>   | <u>0</u>   | <u>0</u>   | 0       | <u>0</u>   | 0       |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0       | 0          | 0       |
| Contract Services                | 0          | 0          | 0          | 0       | 0          | 0       |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>344</u> | <u>356</u> | <u>376</u> | 5.5%    | <u>377</u> | 0.2%    |
| Operating Total                  | 344        | 356        | 376        | 5.5%    | 377        | 0.2%    |

# **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

#### FY18

The department has no personnel or contract budget due to transferring services to other departments. All other costs are increasing due to new memberships and an anticipated rise in professional dues.

#### **FY19**

The District membership budget remains flat.

# **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19 | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 0.0                       | 2.0  | 0.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0  | 0.0                       | 0.0  | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 0.0                       | 2.0  | 0.0                       |

# **Staffing**

The table below provides the full-time equivalent (FTE) by department and compares the changes from year-to-year. Depending upon the appointment type, the FTE value will be different. Full-time, limited-term and temporary construction appointment types are equivalent to 1.0 FTE; intermittent appointment types are equivalent to 0.75 FTE; part-time and temporary appointment types are equivalent to 0.5 FTE.

| FY18 & FY19 STAFFING BY DEPARMENT |                     |                                   |                           |                           |                           |  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Department                        | FY17 Amended Budget | ivalent (FTE) FY18 Adopted Budget | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |  |
| Operations & Maintenance Support  | 49.0                | 51.0                              | 2.0                       | 51.0                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Maintenance and Construction      | 715.0               | 734.0                             | 19.0                      | 740.0                     | 6.0                       |  |
| Water Operations                  | 187.0               | 188.0                             | 1.0                       | 188.0                     | 0.0                       |  |
| Water Resources                   | 38.5                | 37.5                              | (1.0)                     | 37.5                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Natural Resources                 | 68.5                | 68.5                              | 0.0                       | 68.5                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Engineering & Construction        | 267.5               | 275.5                             | 8.0                       | 275.5                     | 0.0                       |  |
| Office of the General Manager     | 25.5                | 25.5                              | 0.0                       | 25.5                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Finance                           | 99.5                | 99.5                              | 0.0                       | 99.5                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Information Systems               | 94.0                | 96.0                              | 2.0                       | 96.0                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Customer & Community Services     | 138.5               | 141.5                             | 3.0                       | 141.5                     | 0.0                       |  |
| Human Resources                   | 56.5                | 59.5                              | 3.0                       | 59.5                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Office of the General Counsel     | 17.0                | 17.0                              | 0.0                       | 17.0                      | 0.0                       |  |
| Water Recycling Program           | 8.0                 | 8.0                               | 0.0                       | 8.0                       | 0.0                       |  |
| Administration                    | <u>2.0</u>          | <u>2.0</u>                        | <u>0.0</u>                | <u>2.0</u>                | <u>0.0</u>                |  |
| WATER SYSTEM TOTAL                | 1,766.5             | 1,803.5                           | 37.0                      | 1,809.5                   | 6.0                       |  |

In FY18, a total of 37.0 FTEs are shown as the Water System change from FY17. Chapter 2 shows a net 33.0 FTEs added to the Water System. One additional FTE is being transferred from the Wastewater Department to the Finance Department, and three FTEs are being transferred from the Drought department back to Customer and Community Services. In FY19, six full-time FTEs will be added to the Maintenance and Construction Department.

For a more detailed description of staffing changes, please see the specific department section in this chapter or the Staffing section in the District Budget Summary Chapter 2 of this book.

# **Bargaining Unit Changes**

The following tables show the net change in bargaining unit status of authorized FTEs represented by AFSCME Local 2019, AFSCME Local 444, IFPTE Local 21, and IUOE Local 39; or included in Management/Confidential, non-represented groups, and civil service exempt positions. The tables reflect all staffing changes for FY18 and FY19.

| FY 18 vs. FY 17 Net Change in Bargaining Unit Status (by FTE) |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Department  | Local<br>2019 | Local<br>444 | Local<br>21 | Local<br>39 | MGMT /<br>Confi-<br>dential | Non-<br>Rep | Civil<br>Service<br>Exempt |
| Operations & Maintenance Support                              | 1             |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Maintenance and Construction                                  |               | 16           | 4           |             |                             |             |                            |
| Water Operations  |               |              | 1           |             |                             |             |                            |
| Water Resources   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Natural Resources   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Engineering & Construction                                    | 7             |              | 1           |             |                             |             |                            |
| Office of the General Manager                                 |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Finance   | (1)           |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Information Systems   | 2             |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Customer & Community Services                                 | (1)           |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Human Resources   | 1             |              |             |             | 2                           |             |                            |
| Office of the General Counsel                                 |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Water Recycling Program                                       |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Administration  |               | _            |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Total Net Change  | 9             | 16           | 6           | 0           | 2                           | 0           | 0                          |

| FY 19 vs. FY 18 Net Change in Bargaining Unit Status (by FTE) |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| Department  | Local<br>2019 | Local<br>444 | Local<br>21 | Local<br>39 | MGMT /<br>Confi-<br>dential | Non-<br>Rep | Civil<br>Service<br>Exempt |
| Operations & Maintenance Support                              |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Maintenance and Construction                                  | 1             | 5            |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Water Operations  |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Water Resources   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Natural Resources   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Engineering & Construction                                    |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Office of the General Manager                                 |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Finance   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Information Systems   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Customer & Community Services                                 |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Human Resources   |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Office of the General Counsel                                 |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Water Recycling Program                                       |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Administration  |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |
| Total Net Change  | 1             | 5            | 0           | 0           | 0                           | 0           | 0                          |

# **Debt Service and Financing**

This section describes the Water System's current and projected debt obligations, current credit ratings, and adherence to the District's debt financing policies.

The District incurs debt to finance projects or purchase, repair or replace assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. Issuance of revenue supported debt is authorized by the District's Board of Directors, subject to a referendum process. Individual revenue bond issues are authorized by the District's Board of Directors.

The annual debt service principal and interest payments are charged to the operating budget. However, debt is only issued to finance capital investment activities.

# **Outstanding Debt**

The Water System will have a total outstanding debt of \$2.59 billion as of June 30, 2017. The District's debt issues are summarized on the following page and discussed in detail thereafter.

| OUTSTANDING DEBT As of June 30, 2017 (\$ Thousands) |               |                  |               |                     |  |  |
|---|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Issue   | Date of Issue | Last<br>Maturity | Amount Issued | Debt<br>Outstanding |  |  |
| LONG-TERM DEBT                                      |               |                  |               |                     |  |  |
| Revenue Bonds:                                      |               |                  |               |                     |  |  |
| Series 2007B  | 5/23/2007     | 6/1/2019         | 54,790        | 13,080              |  |  |
| Series 2008A  | 3/20/2008     | 6/1/2038         | 322,525       | 105,250             |  |  |
| Series 2010A  | 2/3/2010      | 6/1/2036         | 192,830       | 180,945             |  |  |
| Series 2010B (Build America Bonds)                  | 2/23/2010     | 6/1/2040         | 400,000       | 400,000             |  |  |
| Series 2012A  | 10/10/2012    | 6/1/2037         | 191,750       | 191,750             |  |  |
| Series 2012B  | 11/13/2012    | 6/1/2026         | 358,620       | 249,450             |  |  |
| Series 2013A  | 3/5/2013      | 6/1/2021         | 48,670        | 28,065              |  |  |
| Series 2014A  | 6/11/2014     | 6/1/2035         | 128,315       | 128,315             |  |  |
| Series 2014B  | 6/11/2014     | 6/1/2030         | 242,730       | 233,450             |  |  |
| Series 2014C  | 6/26/2014     | 6/1/2044         | 75,000        | 75,000              |  |  |
| Series 2015A  | 3/3/2015      | 6/1/2037         | 429,360       | 429,360             |  |  |
| Series 2015B  | 6/2/2015      | 6/1/2045         | 74,335        | 74,335              |  |  |
| Series 2015C  | 6/2/2015      | 6/1/2045         | 110,715       | 110,715             |  |  |
| Total Revenue Bonds                                 | -             | -                | \$2,629,640   | \$2,219,715         |  |  |
| General Obligations Bonds                           | -             | -                | \$0           | \$0                 |  |  |
| Loans:  |               |                  |               |                     |  |  |
| State Loans (Parity)                                | 1/1/2003      | 1/1/2024         | 2,188         | 893                 |  |  |
| State Loans (Parity)                                | 5/22/2008     | 4/1/2028         | 20,100        | 12,058              |  |  |
| Total Loans   |               |                  | \$22,288      | \$12,951            |  |  |
| Total Long-Term Debt                                |               |                  | \$2,651,928   | \$2,232,666         |  |  |
| SHORT-TERM DEBT                                     |               |                  |               |                     |  |  |
| Commercial Paper                                    | Various       | Various          | N/A           | \$359,800           |  |  |

The District may issue Water System revenue refunding bonds in FY17 to take advantage of market interest rates. Refunding debt at lower interest rates can save the District a substantial amount of money if market conditions allow. In addition, not included in the above table, the District also plans to issue approximately \$129 million of new Water System revenue bond debt in FY17. The budget assumes issuance of \$179.5 million in additional new Water System revenue bonds in FY18, and \$151.6 million in FY19.

\$2,592,466

TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT

# **Debt Service**

The Water System total outstanding debt of \$2.59 billion as of June 30, 2017 is projected to cost the District \$1.8 billion in interest payments over the next 28 years, as detailed in the table below. The table does not include additional debt expected to be issued before the end of FY17. The principal payments below do not include the payments of commercial paper principal, as there is no final maturity associated with those notes.

Interest payments on synthetic fixed-rate debt were calculated at their associated swap rates plus a spread (if applicable). Interest on commercial paper (CP) was calculated at 2.5 percent.

| Proj        | ected Debt Service on | Current Outstanding | Debt          |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year | Principal             | Interest            | Debt Service  |
| 2018        | 59,114,024            | 118,733,971         | 177,847,995   |
| 2019        | 61,560,313            | 116,125,682         | 177,685,995   |
| 2020        | 64,307,237            | 113,195,259         | 177,502,496   |
| 2021        | 67,139,811            | 110,109,135         | 177,248,946   |
| 2022        | 69,968,050            | 107,001,545         | 176,969,595   |
| 2023        | 73,226,972            | 103,672,673         | 176,899,645   |
| 2024        | 76,521,592            | 100,130,503         | 176,652,095   |
| 2025        | 80,041,189            | 96,467,397          | 176,508,586   |
| 2026        | 81,683,697            | 92,615,538          | 174,299,235   |
| 2027        | 78,806,866            | 88,585,319          | 167,392,185   |
| 2028        | 82,645,711            | 84,680,725          | 167,326,436   |
| 2029        | 85,405,000            | 80,581,938          | 165,986,938   |
| 2030        | 90,825,000            | 76,351,388          | 167,176,388   |
| 2031        | 96,520,000            | 71,819,638          | 168,339,638   |
| 2032        | 101,155,000           | 67,213,711          | 168,368,711   |
| 2033        | 106,020,000           | 62,384,138          | 168,404,138   |
| 2034        | 110,845,000           | 57,596,985          | 168,441,985   |
| 2035        | 115,840,000           | 52,619,425          | 168,459,425   |
| 2036        | 127,445,000           | 47,172,933          | 174,617,933   |
| 2037        | 132,995,000           | 40,774,295          | 173,769,295   |
| 2038        | 142,520,000           | 33,911,948          | 176,431,948   |
| 2039        | 147,855,000           | 26,121,651          | 173,976,651   |
| 2040        | 45,580,000            | 17,618,520          | 63,198,520    |
| 2041        | 28,415,000            | 15,130,800          | 43,545,800    |
| 2042        | 29,720,000            | 13,820,200          | 43,540,200    |
| 2043        | 31,095,000            | 12,448,700          | 43,543,700    |
| 2044        | 32,530,000            | 11,013,050          | 43,543,050    |
| 2045        | 12,885,000            | 9,510,400           | 22,395,400    |
| Total       | 2,232,665,462         | 1,827,407,467       | 4,060,072,929 |

The difference in the debt service from the budgeted amount results from two factors. First, the figures in the table on the prior page include only debt service on currently outstanding bonds while budgeted debt service includes interest and principal on new bonds expected to be issued in FY17, FY18, and FY19 to fund the Capital Improvement Program. Second, budgeted figures include additional costs associated with the debt portfolio including liquidity fees, re-marketing fees, basis spread, and debt service administration.

# **Debt Ratings**

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of an investment, such as a revenue bond, will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Credit ratings are assigned to bonds by nationally recognized statistical credit rating organizations based on published methodologies. The ratings reflect the organizations' opinions about the issuer's ability and willingness to meet its financial obligations. All investment grade ratings presume the obligation will be paid, in full and on time, currently and in the future.

Strong credit ratings provide tangible benefits to ratepayers in the form of reduced debt service cost. A strong credit rating provides better access to capital markets, lower interest rates, better terms on debt, and access to a greater variety of debt products. Prudent financial management policies have contributed to the District's strong ratings shown in the tables below.

As of January 1, 2017, ratings on the Water System's debt were as follows:

| Water System Debt Ratings                            |                      |                              |       |  |  |  |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Debt by Type   | Standard &<br>Poor's | Moody's<br>Investors Service | Fitch |  |  |  |
| Fixed Rate Revenue Bonds Variable Rate Revenue Bonds | AAA                  | Aa1                          | AA+   |  |  |  |
| Long-term Underlying Rating                          | AAA                  | Aa1                          |       |  |  |  |
| Short-term Rating                                    | A-1+                 | VMIG-1                       |       |  |  |  |
| Commercial Paper                                     | A-1+                 | P-1                          | F1+   |  |  |  |

# **Debt Management Policy and Debt Service Coverage**

The District is subject to legal debt limits prescribed in the Municipal Utility District (MUD) Act. The MUD Act describes three types of legal limitations: general debt limits, revenue bond limits, and short-term borrowing limits.

The District's general debt indebtedness cannot exceed the ordinary annual income and revenue of the District without a two-thirds approval of the voters. However, revenue bonds are not included in general debt limits.

The District is authorized to issue revenue bonds with the approval of a resolution from the Board of Directors, subject to a 60-day referendum period. The resolution specifies the maximum principal amount of bonds that may be issued pursuant to the authorization. The District's Board of Directors also approves individual series of revenue bonds issued under the broader authorization.

The MUD Act authorizes the District to issue short-term indebtedness without an election of the voters. The amount of short-term borrowing cannot exceed the lesser of 1) the annual average total revenue of the three preceding years or 2) twenty-five percent of the District's total outstanding bonds. This provision is substantially the same as the District's internal policy discussed below.

The District has also established its own policy regarding debt management (Policy 4.02: Cash Reserves and Debt Management – see Appendix). The purpose of the debt policy is to maintain a reasonable balance between debt and current revenue financing of capital projects, which is critical to retaining the District's financing flexibility. The policy also calls for the District to comply with all applicable requirements and ensure that issuance of all debt conforms to the District's overriding principle of exercising responsible financial management.

Specific metrics in the debt management policy call for the District to:

- a) maintain an annual revenue bond debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.6 times;
- b) limit debt-funded capital to no more than 65 percent of the total capital program over each five-year planning period; and
- c) limit commercial paper / variable rate debt to 25 percent of outstanding long-term debt.

# Debt Service Coverage Ratio

The debt service coverage policy ensures that the District has sufficient annual operating revenues to pay its operating expenses and meet its debt service obligations on its revenue bonds and other parity debt. The revenue bond debt service coverage ratio is defined as the District's net operating revenue (current year's operating revenue less the current year's operating expenses) divided by the current year's debt service on all revenue bonds and other parity debt. In FY18 and FY19, the projected debt coverage ratios are 1.60 and 1.60 respectively.

## Debt-Funded Capital

The percentage of the capital program that is funded by debt over the five year planning period FY18-22 is projected to average 52.1 percent, which is lower than the financial policy maximum target of 65 percent. The debt percentage funding for FY18 and FY19 is shown in the below table.

| Projected Debt Percentage of Funding |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (\$ Millions)                        |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <u>FY18</u> <u>FY19</u>              |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditures:                        |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow                    | 227.7       | 229.8       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital            | <u>40.0</u> | <u>40.0</u> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenditures                   | 267.7       | 269.8       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Project Funding:                     |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Bond Proceeds                    | 175.9       | 148.6       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans Proceeds                       | 0.0         | 0.0         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial Paper                     | 0.0         | 0.0         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction Fund                    | 0.0         | <u>0.0</u>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Resources                      | 175.9       | 148.6       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Percentage of Funding           | 65.7%       | 55.1%       |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### Commercial Paper and Variable Rate Debt Ratio

The District has authorized a short-term commercial paper (CP) borrowing program consistent with the MUD Act and the District's debt management policy. Under this program, the District may issue commercial paper notes at prevailing interest rates for periods of not more than 120 days from the date of issuance. The program is supported by liquidity agreements. The Water System CP is secured by a pledge of the Water System's net revenues, subordinate to the respective System's revenue bonds.

On June 30, 2017, \$359.8 million of Water System CP is projected to be outstanding under the program. Water System CP will comprise less than 14 percent of the \$2.59 billion in total outstanding debt.

Water System outstanding variable rate debt projected as of June 30, 2017 will be approximately \$105.3 million. Since the beginning of FY14, the District has converted over \$340.0 million of its variable rate debt into fixed rate debt by paying off existing interest rate swap contracts and replacing the underlying variable rate bonds with fixed rate bonds. Going forward, the District expects to finance its construction program through a combination of fixed-rate debt and CP.

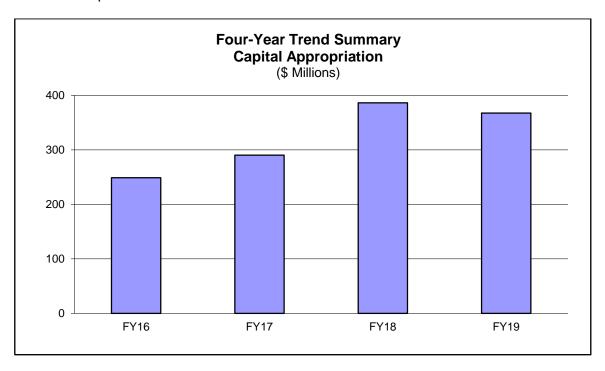
# **Capital Expenditures**

The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) consists of projects that typically result in the construction of new facilities, or the rehabilitation or upgrade of existing facilities. Project costs include all expenditures required to study, plan, design, purchase, construct, or upgrade new or existing facilities. In addition, projects can include large equipment purchases and the creation or replacement of computer systems infrastructure.

# **Capital Appropriation**

Capital appropriations represent the amounts approved by the Board to be spent on projects in the CIP. Since these appropriations are often spent over multiple years, the amounts appropriated for each fiscal year will vary depending upon project scope and timing, and any unspent appropriation a project may have.

The Water System's FY18 appropriation totals \$386.5 million, an increase of \$96.1 million from FY17. In FY19, the appropriation totals \$367.5 million, a decrease of \$19.0 million from FY18. The FY18 and FY19 appropriations reflect the District's continued commitment to maintaining and improving the infrastructure, especially distribution pipelines, large diameter pipelines, and water treatment plants.



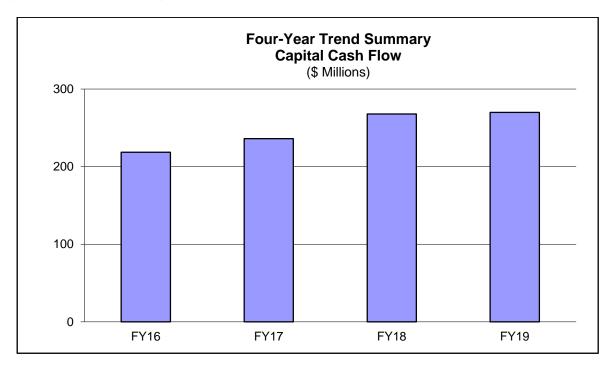
| Capital Appropriation       |         |            |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
|                             |         | (\$ Millio | ons)    |         |         |         |  |  |  |
| FY16 FY17 FY18 FY18 FY19 FY |         |            |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
|                             | Adopted | Adopted    | Adopted | Change  | Adopted | Change  |  |  |  |
|                             | Budget  | Budget     | Budget  | vs FY17 | Budget  | vs FY18 |  |  |  |
|                             |         |            |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
| Capital Appropriation       | 249.0   | 290.4      | 386.5   | 33.1%   | 367.5   | -4.9%   |  |  |  |

Includes Administration of Capital

# **Capital Cash Flow**

Capital cash flows represent the amounts projected to be spent each fiscal year on projects in the CIP. The amount of cash flow each year varies as projects progress from one phase to another, such as from planning to design and then construction, and as projects are completed and new ones started.

The Water System's FY18 cash flow totals \$267.7 million, an increase of \$31.6 million from FY17. In FY19, the cash flow totals \$269.8 million, an increase of \$2.1 million from FY18. Key projects in the FY18 and FY19 cash flows include replacement of distribution pipelines, large diameter transmission pipelines, and service laterals; water treatment plant upgrades; improvements to various pressure zones; and reservoir rehabilitation.



| Capital Cash Flow                                    |                   |                |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |                   | (\$ Millio     | ns) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FY16 FY17 FY18 FY18 FY19 FY                          |                   |                |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Adopted<br>Budget | Change vs FY18 |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow 218.5 236.1 267.7 13.4% 269.8 0.8% |                   |                |     |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Includes Administration of Capital

# **Capital Labor**

The following table shows the capital labor and benefits budget by department for capital project work.

| Са                               | Capital Labor By Department |           |        |         |         |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                  | (9                          | Thousands | 5)     |         |         |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                  | FY16                        | FY17      | FY18   | FY18    | FY19    | FY19    |  |  |  |  |  |
| DEPARTMENTS                      | Actuals                     | Amended   |        | Change  | Adopted | Change  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                  |                             | Budget    | Budget | vs FY17 | Budget  | vs FY18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operations & Maintenance Support | 777                         | 427       | 601    | 40.8%   | 632     | 5.3%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenance and Construction     | 34,820                      | 35,551    | 37,601 | 5.8%    | 38,642  | 2.8%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Operations                 | 2,298                       | 1,212     | 1,209  | -0.2%   | 1,221   | 1.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Resources                  | 2,242                       | 1,328     | 1,522  | 14.6%   | 1,534   | 0.8%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural Resources                | 191                         | 0         | 13     | 0.0%    | 14      | 2.2%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engineering & Construction       | 31,735                      | 32,436    | 35,149 | 8.4%    | 35,748  | 1.7%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office of the General Manager    | 2                           | 0         | 0      | 0.0%    | 0       | 0.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finance                          | 198                         | 969       | 0      | -100.0% | 0       | 0.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Information Systems              | 253                         | 803       | 139    | -82.6%  | 147     | 5.6%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customer & Community Services    | 2,113                       | 2,648     | 2,293  | -13.4%  | 2,179   | -5.0%   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Human Resources                  | 10                          | 18        | 0      | -100.0% | 0       | 0.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Office of the General Counsel    | 20                          | 0         | 0      | 0.0%    | 0       | 0.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Recycling Program          | 13                          | 0         | 0      | 0.0%    | 0       | 0.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration                   | 0                           | 0         | 0      | 0.0%    | 0       | 0.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Departments Total                | 74,670                      | 75,392    | 78,529 | 4.2%    | 80,118  | 2.0%    |  |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The Water System capital labor budget is increasing approximately \$3.2 million in FY18 and \$1.6 million in FY19 compared to the prior fiscal year to reflect the funding associated with additional FTEs supporting capital work. The total labor increase in FY18 is offset due to a lower fringe benefit rate compared to FY17. In FY19, total capital labor increase is primarily attributable to scheduled salary step increases.

# **Capital Program Highlights**

The FY18-22 Water System Capital Improvement Program (CIP) requires \$1.69 billion in project appropriations, an increase of \$77.1 million or 5 percent from the FY16-20 CIP. The increase is primarily due to increased appropriation needs of the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy for replacing deteriorated water distribution pipelines, service laterals, and large diameter transmission pipelines; and pumping plant rehabilitation. Under the Water Quality Strategy, increases are for water treatment plant upgrades. Under the Water Supply Strategy, decreases are associated with moving out the Mokelumne Aqueduct relining project.

In accordance with the District's ten-year capital budget planning horizon, approximately \$1.9 billion of work has been tentatively identified for FY23-27. Key aspects of this future work are discussed in the program and project summaries in the following pages. These future year estimates will be revised as studies are completed, priorities are redefined, and new needs emerge. Therefore, the focus is on the first five years of the CIP.

The Water System appropriations focus on the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy which comprises 53 percent of the CIP appropriations. All Water System appropriations by strategy are summarized below.

| FY16-20 vs. FY18-22 Appropriation Capital Improvement Program by Strategy (\$ Thousands) |           |           |           |      |         |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|------|---------|--|--|--|
|  | Approp    | riation   | Cha       | nge  | % of    |  |  |  |
| Strategy   | FY16-20   | FY18-22   | \$        | %    | FY18-22 |  |  |  |
| Emergency Preparedness*  | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0%   | 0%      |  |  |  |
| Extensions & Improvements  | 237,302   | 194,672   | (42,630)  | -18% | 13%     |  |  |  |
| Facilities, Services & Equipment   | 64,024    | 89,269    | 25,245    | 39%  | 6%      |  |  |  |
| Maintaining Infrastructure   | 615,707   | 790,748   | 175,041   | 28%  | 53%     |  |  |  |
| Regulatory Compliance  | 62,707    | 40,068    | (22,639)  | -36% | 3%      |  |  |  |
| Resource Management  | 4,813     | 12,016    | 7,203     | 150% | 1%      |  |  |  |
| Water Quality  | 48,627    | 147,023   | 98,396    | 202% | 10%     |  |  |  |
| Water Supply   | 362,139   | 186,345   | (175,794) | -49% | 13%     |  |  |  |
| Non-Program Specific   | 14,200    | 26,500    | 12,300    | 87%  | 2%      |  |  |  |
| Water Subtotal   | 1,409,519 | 1,486,641 | 77,122    | 5%   | 100%    |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital  | 207,345   | 207,345   | 0         | 0%   |         |  |  |  |
| Water Total  | 1,616,864 | 1,693,986 | 77,122    | 5%   |         |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

<sup>\*</sup> No new appropriation is required.

The FY18-22 CIP identifies \$1.50 billion in projected cash flow spending, an increase of \$126.0 million or 9 percent compared to the FY16-20 CIP. The increase is primarily attributable to the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy for replacing deteriorated water distribution pipelines, service laterals and large diameter transmission pipelines; and continuing to retrofit the temperature anchors on Mokelumne Aqueduct #1. Under the Water Quality Strategy, new work was identified regarding water treatment plant upgrades. Under the Water Supply Strategy, decreases are associated with moving out the Mokelumne Aqueduct relining project.

All Water System cash flows by strategy are summarized below, with select programs and projects discussed in more detail.

# FY16-20 vs. FY18-22 Cash Flows **Capital Improvement Program by Strategy**

(\$ Thousands)

|                                  | Cash      | Flows     | Cha      | nge  | % of    |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|------|---------|
| Strategy                         | FY16-20   | FY18-22   | \$       | %    | FY18-22 |
| Emergency Preparedness           | 1,268     | 0         | (1,268)  | 0%   | 0%      |
| Extensions & Improvements        | 208,605   | 188,805   | (19,800) | -9%  | 15%     |
| Facilities, Services & Equipment | 60,568    | 85,410    | 24,842   | 41%  | 7%      |
| Maintaining Infrastructure       | 514,023   | 623,807   | 109,784  | 21%  | 48%     |
| Regulatory Compliance            | 73,329    | 70,808    | (2,521)  | -3%  | 5%      |
| Resource Management              | 7,306     | 11,331    | 4,025    | 55%  | 1%      |
| Water Quality                    | 39,625    | 116,811   | 77,186   | 195% | 9%      |
| Water Supply                     | 263,559   | 197,309   | (66,250) | -25% | 15%     |
| Non-Program Specific             | 0         | 0         | 0        | 0%   | 0%      |
| Water Sub-total                  | 1,168,283 | 1,294,281 | 125,998  | 11%  | 100%    |
| Administration of Capital        | 207,345   | 207,345   | 0        | 0%   |         |
| Water Total                      | 1,375,628 | 1,501,626 | 125,998  | 9%   |         |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

### **EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to maintain and improve the infrastructure to ensure delivery of reliable, high quality service now and in the future. In 1994, the Seismic Improvement Program (SIP) was adopted to take a comprehensive approach to mitigate earthquake risk to the water system. The program has been completed and any additional seismic work will take place as part of other programs.

# **Seismic Improvement Program**

The objective of this program was to strengthen and upgrade the water treatment and distribution systems to ensure post-earthquake water service. The program included upgrades to critical facilities including reservoirs, pipelines, pumping plants, water treatment plants, etc. The Southern Loop Pipeline was constructed to connect the water systems between San Ramon and Castro Valley to provide operational redundancy, and improvements were made to the Claremont Tunnel which crosses the Hayward Fault.

### **EXTENSIONS & IMPROVEMENTS TO THE SYSTEM STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to improve the infrastructure to ensure reliable, high quality service, and update and enhance the District's system modeling capabilities. Work under this strategy focuses on making improvements to various components of pressure zones such as pipelines, reservoirs, pumping plants and water treatment plants to improve system reliability for existing customers, and to provide service to new customers. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Αŗ                                  | propriation | s (\$ Thous | ands)  |        |        |         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Programs                            | FY18        | FY19        | FY20   | FY21   | FY22   | Total   |
| Mapping Program                     | 1,211       | 1,458       | 1,706  | 1,757  | 1,810  | 7,942   |
| OP/NET Program                      | 2,909       | 2,712       | 3,108  | 1,123  | 1,057  | 10,909  |
| Pressure Zone Improvements          | 22,666      | 46.964      | 15,298 | 47.946 | 17,192 | 150,066 |
| Program                             | 22,000      | 40,904      | 15,296 | 47,940 | 17,192 | 150,000 |
| Walnut Creek - San Ramon Valley In- | 0           | 0           | 1,980  | 0      | 0      | 1,980   |
| Zone Improvements Program           | U           | U           | 1,960  | U      | U      | 1,960   |
| Water Treatment and Transmission    | 3,306       | 2,200       | 1,303  | 16,966 | 0      | 23,775  |
| Improvements Program                | 3,300       | 2,200       | 1,303  | 10,900 | U      | 23,775  |
| Total                               | 30,092      | 53,334      | 23,395 | 67,792 | 20,059 | 194,672 |

## **Pressure Zone Improvements Program**

The Pressure Zone Improvements Program addresses issues with the District's pressure zones. It includes studying individual pressure zones and compiling the studies into the Distribution System Master Plan. Improvements include upgrading or replacing reservoirs, pumping plants and transmission systems to optimize storage capacity and improve water quality. The following significant pressure zone work is planned:

- Almond/Fire Trail in Castro Valley replace the 6.6 million gallon (MG) open-cut Almond Reservoir with two smaller tanks and demolish the 3.1 MG Cull Creek Reservoir in FY19-23;
- Encinal Cascade in Orinda construct a new Encinal Regulator and demolish the old redwood Encinal Reservoir in FY18-21; replace the Westside Pumping Plant (PP) and associated pipelines in FY18-22; and replace Dos Osos Reservoir with dual tanks at a higher elevation and rehabilitate the Dos Osos Pumping PP in FY21-24;
- Leland in Lafayette/Walnut Creek replace the 18 MG reservoir and associated pipelines with two 8 MG concrete reservoirs in FY21-25;
- Faria in San Ramon is a new pressure zone needed to serve the Faria Preserve Development and includes two new 0.5 MG reservoirs, a new 1.6 million gallon per day (MGD) pumping plant, and related inlet-outlet pipeline;
- Maloney in El Sobrante/Pinole/Crockett increase the capacity of the Maloney PP by 12.5 MGD in FY18-21, make improvements to the Crockett PP in FY21-25, and begin planning for a new 3 to 5 MG Selby Reservoir in FY23;
- Summit in Berkeley complete the replacement of the 37 MG open-cut Summit Reservoir and associated Woods and Shasta PPs in FY18, and begin planning for a new Lawrence Reservoir in FY22; and

• West of Hills Transmission Improvements – to increase transmission capacity to the Wildcat Aqueduct, new pipeline will be constructed in Berkeley and El Cerrito in FY18-21; to increase transmission capacity to the South 30 Aqueduct, new pipeline will be constructed in Oakland in FY20-24; a new Fontaine PP in Oakland will be constructed in FY20-24; to increase transmission capacity associated with North Reservoir in Richmond, new pipeline will be constructed in FY20-23; to operate the Genoa Rate Control Station in Oakland at higher flow rates, new pipeline will be constructed in FY23-25; construction of a new 32 MGD Wildcat PP is scheduled for FY23-26; and to increase transmission capacity to the Sequoia Aqueduct, new pipeline will be constructed in Oakland in FY24-27.

## Water Treatment and Transmission Improvements Program

The Water Treatment and Transmission Improvements Program (WTTIP) calls for new and upgraded facilities to meet current and projected water demands in the Lafayette, Orinda, Moraga and western Walnut Creek area.

The program includes a new 3.2 MGD Happy Valley Pumping Plant in Orinda in FY20-21; a new 1.5 MGD Sunnyside Pumping Plant in Lafayette in FY20-21; a new 2 MG Ardith Reservoir and 1.2 MGD Donald Pumping Plant in Orinda in FY20-22; upgrading the Fay Hill PP in Moraga from 1.6 MGD to 2.6 MGD in FY18-21; constructing 21,600 feet of 20-inch pipeline in St. Mary's Road/Rohrer Drive from Moraga Reservoir to Grizzly Reservoir in FY22-25; and constructing a new 3 MGD Withers PP in Lafayette in FY25-28.

The program also includes completing the conversion of the air feed ozone generator to a liquid oxygen feed system with a larger capacity at Sobrante WTP in El Sobrante and Upper San Leandro WTP in Oakland in FY19; and constructing a new 10 MGD Tice PP in Walnut Creek in FY23-25.

# FACILITIES, SERVICES & EQUIPMENT STRATEGY

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to ensure the security of the water supply and the water system; to evaluate facilities and implement corrective maintenance programs; to implement changes in technology; and to maintain a safe, well equipped workplace. Work associated with this strategy includes making security improvements at various facilities, implementing new computer systems and replacing vehicles and equipment as needed. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Appropriations (\$ Thousands)  |        |        |        |        |       |        |  |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--|
| Programs                       | FY18   | FY19   | FY20   | FY21   | FY22  | Total  |  |
| Area Service Center / Building | 7,474  | 10.567 | 2 065  | 8,512  | 365   | 28,983 |  |
| Program                        | 7,474  | 10,567 | 2,065  | 0,512  | 300   | 20,903 |  |
| Communications Program         | 1,659  | 6,430  | 7,300  | 1,400  | 1,000 | 17,789 |  |
| Security Program               | 0      | 1,265  | 2,050  | 6,600  | 100   | 10,015 |  |
| Vehicle / Equipment Program    | 11,243 | 9,994  | 5,000  | 3,371  | 2,875 | 32,483 |  |
| Total                          | 20,376 | 28,256 | 16,415 | 19,883 | 4,340 | 89,270 |  |

# **Area Service Center / Building Program**

The Area Service Center/Building Program is comprised of various projects to upgrade District buildings. In FY18-22, the focus will be on the Oakland Administration Building. Work includes HVAC improvements to increase energy efficiency and occupant comfort, and improve equipment reliability to reach an Energy Star rating of 75 or better; overhauling the elevator operating system and mechanical equipment; and new roofing for the 4th, 8th, 9th and 10th floor terraces.

Other work includes replacing the deteriorated Oakport warehouse roof; upgrading facilities at Walnut Creek Pumping Plant No. 1 & 2, Bixler Maintenance Center, and Stockton Center to comply with ADA requirements; and completing the conversion of a property purchased in Walnut Creek into the new Fleet Maintenance East facility.

# **Communications Program**

The Communications Program is comprised of projects that replace and upgrade computer and communication systems. The Materials Management Information System (MMIS) that is used for purchasing and accounting purposes is over 25 years old and will be replaced in FY18-20, along with the Financial Information System (FIS). The two systems share data and must be integrated. Various modules of the Human Resources Information System (HRIS) will be replaced in FY18-20. Replacement of various work management systems including general work orders, concrete orders and paving orders will take place in FY19-22.

### **Vehicles & Equipment Program**

The Vehicle Replacements Project is ongoing and involves the periodic replacement of vehicles and construction equipment as needed. In FY18-19, the necessary equipment will be purchased to outfit additional staff and decrease the reliance on fully manned and operated contracts, and new vacuum excavators and equipment.

### MAINTAINING INFRASTRUCTURE STRATEGY

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to improve, rehabilitate and replace aging infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality water service now and in the future. Work under this strategy focuses on pipeline projects to improve system reliability for existing customers and to provide service to new customers. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Ap                                   | Appropriations (\$ Thousands) |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Programs                             | FY18                          | FY19    | FY20    | FY21    | FY22    | Total   |  |  |  |
| Corrosion Program                    | 2,847                         | 1,492   | 1,748   | 2,036   | 2,275   | 10,398  |  |  |  |
| Electrical Hazard Prevention Program | 70                            | 213     | 220     | 236     | 234     | 973     |  |  |  |
| Pipelines / Appurtenances Program    | 17,973                        | 10,665  | 9,534   | 9,825   | 10,130  | 58,127  |  |  |  |
| Pipelines / Regulators Program       | 96,872                        | 58,427  | 80,728  | 112,603 | 114,377 | 463,007 |  |  |  |
| Polybutylene Lateral Replacement     | 13,753                        | 13,779  | 15,161  | 15,443  | 15,479  | 73,615  |  |  |  |
| Program                              | 10,100                        | 10,110  | 10,101  | 10, 110 | 10, 110 | . 0,010 |  |  |  |
| Pumping Plant Rehabilitation         | 30,511                        | 15,107  | 13,943  | 19,721  | 16,881  | 96,163  |  |  |  |
| Program                              | 50,511                        | 10, 107 | 10,040  | 15,721  | 10,001  | 30, 100 |  |  |  |
| Reservoir Rehabilitation Program     | 21,229                        | 17,317  | 20,198  | 14,304  | 15,416  | 88,464  |  |  |  |
| Total                                | 183,255                       | 117,000 | 141,532 | 174,168 | 174,792 | 790,747 |  |  |  |

# **Pipelines/Appurtenances Program**

This program maintains efficient pipeline operations by replacing appurtenances such as valves, hydrants and meters at the end of their useful life. The New Service Installations Project installs taps on the main, laterals, and meter sets for new customers. The need for new services is expected to increase as housing starts rise. In FY16 and FY17, 450 new services per year were installed. In FY18-19, work is estimated at 500 new services per year, increasing to 550 in FY20-22.

Water meters are routinely replaced at the end of their useful life, as are meters that are believed to be reading inaccurately. In addition, meters that were difficult or dangerous to read were replaced with automated electronic meters under a meter reading mitigation program. In FY18 and FY19, an estimated 5,000 meters in each of the two years will be replaced with an integrated system of smart meters under the new Advanced Metering Infrastructure pilot project for which the District has received grant funds.

## **Pipelines/Regulators Program**

Pipelines/Regulators is an ongoing program to replace deteriorated pipelines, and expand the distribution system. This is the District's largest capital program.

Pipeline Infrastructure Renewals is an ongoing project to replace deteriorating water distribution pipelines, identified primarily through the evaluation of maintenance histories. In FY16 and FY17, pipeline replacements totaled 13.5 and 15 miles per year. In FY18-22, work includes a total of 15 miles in FY18, ramping up to 20 miles per year by FY22. An increase in production is expected as the Pipeline Rebuild program implements more efficient replacement processes and installation methods.

Large Diameter Pipelines is an ongoing project to replace the large transmission pipes that form the backbone of the distribution system. FY18-19 projects include completing construction of MacArthur/Davenport, Grand Avenue, and International Boulevard in Oakland, and updating the Large Diameter Pipeline Master Plan. In FY20-27, planned work includes completing

construction of Summit Pressure Zone Transmission in Berkeley; Berryman South Reservoir Pipeline Improvements in Oakland; D Street in Hayward; East 15th Street in Oakland; and Alameda Crossings #2 and #3.

Pipeline System Extensions is an ongoing project to serve new customers. The workload is estimated from projections of development activity and recent trends in water service estimates in the District's New Business Office. In FY16-17, roughly 6 miles per year were installed. In FY18-22, roughly 8 miles per year is anticipated.

# Polybutylene Lateral Replacement Program

This program previously focused on the replacement of defective polybutylene service laterals, but has been restructured to encompass all types of laterals. Crews respond to 4 to 5 service lateral failures each day (emergency replacements). While the majority involves replacing defective polybutylene laterals, a significant percentage also involves corroding copper laterals. This project will also continue the practice of identifying and replacing service laterals within areas that have suffered high failure rates (planned replacements) at a rate of 400 replacements per year.

## **Pumping Plant Rehabilitation Program**

The District updated the Distribution Pumping Plant Infrastructure Rehabilitation Plan in 2016 which identifies the highest priority pumping plants for rehabilitation, replacement, or demolition. In FY18-22, work is planned at 31 of the District's 130 distribution pumping plants.

# **Reservoir Rehabilitation Program**

This program includes the rehabilitation, replacement and demolition of distribution reservoirs. The Reservoir Rehabilitation and Maintenance Project maintains and extends the service lives of the steel and reinforced concrete distribution tanks by replacing coating systems; installing or repairing cathodic protection systems; repairing or replacing roofs; and performing structural upgrades to improve water quality and enhance worker safety.

In FY18-22, three to four steel reservoirs per year will continue to be rehabilitated. Other plans include completion of the new Carisbrook Reservoir and the rehabilitation of Montclair Reservoir in Oakland. Also, completion of the reservoir roof safety program to improve reservoir roofs and ladders is planned.

The Open Cut Reservoir Rehabilitation project includes the rehabilitation and replacement of open-cut reservoirs. Plans for FY18-22 include completion of the South Reservoir replacement in Castro Valley with a 9 MG concrete reservoir; completion of the San Pablo Clearwell replacement in Kensington with two 2.7-MG concrete tanks; completion of the environmental review documents to replace North Reservoir in Richmond; and demolition of the Seneca Reservoir in Oakland. Replacing Central Reservoir in Oakland is planned beyond FY22.

### REGULATORY COMPLIANCE STRATEGY

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to operate and maintain facilities to meet all air, land and water discharge requirements; implement preventative and corrective maintenance programs; and improve the infrastructure to ensure delivery of reliable, high quality service. The work under this strategy focuses on dam safety improvements and modifications to reservoir towers. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Appropriations (\$ Thousands) |        |       |       |        |       |        |  |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--|
| Programs                      | FY18   | FY19  | FY20  | FY21   | FY22  | Total  |  |
| Dam Safety Program            | 3,500  | 918   | 2,725 | 10,565 | 1,145 | 18,853 |  |
| Penn Mine Program             | 0      | 0     | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      |  |
| Remediation Program           | 0      | 0     | 0     | 1,140  | 1,260 | 2,400  |  |
| Trench Spoils Program         | 15,101 | 812   | 836   | 861    | 1,205 | 18,815 |  |
| Total                         | 18,601 | 1,730 | 3,561 | 12,566 | 3,610 | 40,068 |  |

#### **Dam Safety Program**

This program upgrades dams, reservoir outlet towers, clearwells and spillways to meet flood and earthquake safety requirements. The Dam Seismic Upgrades Project includes safety evaluations and dam freeboard increases to improve seismic safety. Evaluations have been completed at all of the District's Dams. The seismic upgrade at Chabot Dam in San Leandro is expected to be completed in FY18. Upgrades at Camanche Dam are dependent on Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) review and approval, and is planned to begin in FY18.

The Reservoir Tower Modifications Project encompasses the seismic retrofit of six reservoir towers. Retrofits to Chabot Tower were undertaken as part of the seismic upgrades made to Chabot Dam. The Briones Tower in Orinda will require upgrades and construction is planned for FY20-21. Lafayette Reservoir Tower modifications include seismic and gate control upgrades, and modification of the tower to act as a spillway. Construction is planned for FY22.

A seismic evaluation of the Pardee Reservoir Outlet Tower included the seepage from Pardee Tunnel in the vicinity of the West Portal (Campo Seco). The tunnel is scheduled to be repaired in FY21. A stability analysis was conducted for the Upper San Leandro Reservoir Tower in Oakland and construction is planned for FY18-19. As the need for the San Pablo Filter Plant is uncertain, the San Pablo Tower in Richmond will undergo only minor seismic rehabilitation. Sobrante Tower was evaluated and found to be capable to withstand seismic loads.

# **Trench Spoils Program**

Trench spoils material is generated from pipeline installations and repairs. The excavated trench spoils are temporarily stockpiled at three disposal sites for future reuse or disposal: Miller Road in Castro Valley, Briones in Orinda and Amador in San Ramon. The project includes site management in accordance with regulatory requirements, periodic removal of the trench spoils, and evaluation of potential spoils reduction and disposal alternatives. In FY18-22, work includes updating the Five-Year Master Plan and off-haul of the Briones site.

### **RESOURCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to manage the Mokelumne and East Bay watersheds to ensure a high quality water supply; protect natural resources; provide public access and recreational opportunities compatible with water quality and natural resource protection; and prepare plans to protect natural resources and ensure drinking water quality. Work under this strategy focuses on making improvements to recreational facilities at Camanche, Pardee and East Bay Reservoirs, and updating habitat and watershed management plans. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Appropriations (\$ Thousands)                                     |       |       |       |       |       |        |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Programs  | FY18  | FY19  | FY20  | FY21  | FY22  | Total  |
| Recreation Areas Program  | 500   | 775   | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1,275  |
| Watershed Recreation Program 1,176 1,500 2,935 1,375 3,755 10,741 |       |       |       |       |       |        |
| Total   | 1,676 | 2,275 | 2,935 | 1,375 | 3,755 | 12,016 |

# **Recreation Areas Program**

The Pardee and Camanche Recreation Area facilities require periodic replacements and upgrades to the roads, parking lots, fuel docks, launch ramps, docks, boat berths, stores, campgrounds, and bathroom and shower buildings.

In FY18-20, the Camanche South Shore general store will be evaluated for replacement due to settling issues, and the piping and delivery equipment will be replaced between the fuel tanks and floating fuel dock at Camanche North Shore. The Pardee Recreation Area coffee shop will be evaluated for replacement, and the restroom at Camanche South Shore Oaks Campground will be evaluated for renovation including the addition of shower facilities.

# **Watershed Recreation Program**

This program provides for protecting and enhancing the District's watershed lands including trails and recreation facilities in accordance with master plans and regulatory requirements.

In FY18-22, projects at the San Pablo and Lafayette Recreation Areas include picnic area, parking lot and trail staging area improvements; visitor center and cafe upgrades; marina improvements; water and sewer system upgrades; and repaving primary roadways. Watershed projects include trail staging area upgrades; habitat and pond restoration; hazardous tree removal; replacement of old fire pumps; boundary fence replacement; upgrades at the Orinda Watershed Headquarters; and Division of Safety of Dams required upgrades at Upper San Leandro and San Pablo Reservoirs.

In FY20-22, work at the Mokelumne Watershed Headquarters includes a new fuel station, a back-up generator, construction of a modular warehouse/shop building, and vehicle access and circulation improvements.

### **WATER QUALITY STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to operate and maintain facilities to surpass federal and state drinking water regulations, and to make system improvements that meet or surpass regulatory requirements. Work under this strategy focuses on making improvements to water treatment plants to improve water quality. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Appropriations (\$ Thousands)                                       |        |        |       |       |       |         |
|---|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Programs  | FY18   | FY19   | FY20  | FY21  | FY22  | Total   |
| Water Quality Improvement Program                                   | 1,500  | 1,500  | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 7,500   |
| Water Treatment Upgrade Program 52,367 82,727 3,451 476 502 139,523 |        |        |       |       |       |         |
| Total   | 53,867 | 84,227 | 4,951 | 1,976 | 2,002 | 147,023 |

# **Water Treatment Upgrade Program**

The Treatment Plant Upgrades Project addresses the need to comply with water quality regulations and to improve the operation, reliability and safety of the water treatment plants (WTPs).

In FY18-22, work is planned at five water treatment plants: (1) Orinda WTP - filter renovation, sodium hypochlorite system replacement, and adding a filter air scour system; (2) Upper San Leandro (USL) WTP - renovations to the solids removal, backwash water reclamation, and solids handling systems; (3) Sobrante WTP - installing an oxygenation/mixing system in the San Pablo Reservoir to improve water quality, and new wash water reclamation and solids handling systems; (4) Walnut Creek WTP - rehabilitating the old filters, improving the solids handling, and designing a new pretreatment system; and (5) Lafayette WTP - conducting interim safety and reliability upgrades. Additional work in FY18-22 includes improving the chemical system safety at five WTPs and upgrading the controls systems at USL and Sobrante WTPs.

Planned work in FY23-27 includes completion of Phase I of the Walnut Creek WTP pretreatment system construction, and design of Phase II of the pretreatment system.

### **WATER SUPPLY STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to ensure a reliable, high quality water supply for the future; to preserve current entitlements and augment the District's water supply; and reduce the demand for potable water through conservation and recycling. The immediate focus of this strategy is on maintaining the raw water aqueducts and water recycling projects. The programs included in this strategy are:

| Ar                              | propriation | s (\$ Thous | ands)  |        |        |         |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Programs                        | FY18        | FY19        | FY20   | FY21   | FY22   | Total   |
| Aqueduct Program                | 9,284       | 17,286      | 18,266 | 10,347 | 16,374 | 71,557  |
| Supply Reservoirs Program       | 2,776       | 1,069       | 738    | 8,574  | 527    | 13,684  |
| Water Conservation Program      | 3,800       | 3,918       | 4,030  | 4,155  | 4,280  | 20,183  |
| Water Recycling Program         | 16,724      | 9,866       | 23,958 | 19,907 | 10,468 | 80,923  |
| Water Supply Management Program | 0           | 0           | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| Total                           | 32,584      | 32,139      | 46,992 | 42,983 | 31,649 | 186,347 |

# **Aqueduct Program**

This program evaluates and makes improvements to the raw water aqueduct system. In FY18-22, various portions of Mokelumne Aqueduct No.1 will be recoated to provide protection from the corrosive Delta environment.

The program also includes replacing the deteriorated cement lining in the Mokelumne Aqueducts that protects the steel pipeline from internal corrosion. FY18-22 planned work includes water treatment improvements, pilot testing of lining materials, and a comprehensive internal inspection of the below-ground segment of Mokelumne #2 (65 miles) and the aboveground section of Mokelumne #3 (10 miles). Starting in FY23, work includes design and construction of the aqueduct relining.

The Raw Water Studies and Improvements Project evaluates and makes improvements to the raw water system. In FY18-22, work includes continuing to monitor and retrofit the temperature anchors on Mokelumne Aqueduct #1; construction of the Briones Center upgrades; construction of the Walnut Creek Raw Water PP upgrades; completion of the Mokelumne Aqueduct wasteways facility plan, and design and construction of identified upgrades; and selective demolition of the Bixler PP. Beyond FY22, planned work includes installing a liner in Lafayette Aqueduct #1 and completing the preliminary design for the Delta Tunnel.

# **Water Conservation Program**

In 2016, the District adopted an updated Urban Water Management Plan that included water conservation programs to reduce potable water demand. In FY16-17, customers achieved substantial water savings through their response to the drought including participation in District indoor and outdoor conservation incentives, water use and leak detection surveys, and education programs.

Going forward, the focus will be on services that allow customers to manage their water use and outdoor landscape water budgets. Incentives for toilet and clothes washer rebates have come to an end as they no longer provide the incentive they once did as state efficiency codes have raised standards. Other areas of focus include water loss control programs and Advanced Metering Infrastructure.

# **Water Recycling Program**

The Water Supply Management Program (WSMP) helps to guide decisions for providing a reliable, high quality water supply and meet growing demand though the year 2040, and includes recycled water as a key element to offset demand for potable water.

The East Bayshore Phase 1A Project is projected to provide 0.5 MGD of recycled water to the cities of Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, and Oakland. Construction of pipeline extensions and customer connections could be completed by FY26. The Phase 1B project, estimated at 1.2 MGD, will be implemented from FY21-29 and provide recycled water to Alameda. Implementation of the estuary crossing pipeline is anticipated in FY21-22 pending federal funding assistance.

The San Ramon Valley (SRV) Recycled Water Program is a joint program with the Dublin San Ramon Services District to supply recycled water to portions of San Ramon, Danville, Blackhawk and surrounding areas. Expansion of the tertiary treatment facilities from 9.7 MGD to 16.5 MGD will be completed in FY19 to provide capacity as the distribution system is expanded and customers are connected. Also, additional supplemental supplies will need to be secured over the next few years to meet peak demands.

EBMUD's portion of the SRV Recycled Water Program includes connecting customers to the distribution system; implementing distribution systems in San Ramon, Danville and Blackhawk; and property purchase of Pump Stations 3 and 4. Phase 2 distribution pipelines have been completed, and customer retrofits will be completed in FY18.

The Phase 3 pump station on the border between San Ramon and Danville will be completed in FY20 with distribution pipelines to be implemented in FY20-22, and site retrofits to be completed in FY21-23. The Phase 4 pump station in Blackhawk is expected to be completed in FY24 with distribution pipelines and site retrofits to be implemented by FY25. Phase 5 (Blackhawk West) and Phase 6 (Danville West) are anticipated to be completed beyond FY25.

The Richmond Advanced Recycled Expansion (RARE) Water Project could be expanded incrementally by an additional 0.5 MGD in FY24, and an additional 1.0 MGD in FY26-29. Expansion of the North Richmond Water Recycling Plant by an additional 1 MGD is expected by FY27 pending supply availability. The plants serve the Chevron refinery in Richmond. It is anticipated that the cost of these expansions will be borne by Chevron through reimbursements paid to the District.

### **NON-PROGRAM SPECIFIC STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objective to maintain a strong financial position to meet short-term and long-term needs. The contingency program focuses on making funds available for unanticipated needs, and for projects that are seeking grants to pay for a substantial portion of the project's cost.

| Ap                  | opropriation | s (\$ Thous | ands) | •     | •     |        |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Programs            | FY18         | FY19        | FY20  | FY21  | FY22  | Total  |
| Contingency Program | 6,000        | 8,500       | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 26,500 |
| Total               | 6,000        | 8,500       | 4,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 26,500 |

### **Contingency Program**

The Contingency Project provides funding for unanticipated needs that may arise before the next budget preparation cycle, such as replacement or repairs to facilities and equipment as a result of failures or safety deficiencies, and new projects or the acceleration of planned projects requiring funding before the next budget cycle. Funds may also be set aside for projects where grants are being sought in the event that the grant application is successful. Most grants require the District to fund the project and then apply for reimbursement of allowable costs.

In FY19, funds have been set aside for possible costs related to the implementation of new computer systems.

# **Capital Appropriation Summary**

This section provides a summary of the five-year appropriation for the Water System projects listed in the Capital Improvement Program, sorted by strategy and program. When the CIP is presented to the Board of Directors, the Board approves the overall five-year plan, but adopts just the first two years of the plan. The remaining three years are for planning purposes only and are subject to revision.

### **Department Abbreviations**

The abbreviation for the Lead Department responsible for each capital project is as follows:

CUS - Customer and Community Services Department

ENG - Engineering Department

FIN - Finance Department

ISD - Information Systems Department

MCD - Maintenance & Construction Department

NRD - Natural Resources Department

OSD - Operations & Maintenance Support Department

WOD - Water Operations Department

WRD - Water Resources Department

WRP - Water Recycling Program

|                                   |               |                 |         | FY18-2  | 2 APPROPE | FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS (IN 000'S) | (s,000 N |               |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Capital Improvement Projects      | Dept          | Prior<br>Approp | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020   | FY 2021                           | FY 2022  | 5 YR<br>TOTAL |
|                                   |               |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| EXTENSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS       |               |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Mapping                           | Ĺ             | 0.00            | 7707    |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| CAD/CAM Mapping, Documentation    | DNH.          | 32,913          |         | 1,458   |           |                                   |          |               |
| Mapping Lotal                     | ј отап        | 32,913          | 1,211   | 1,458   | 1,706     | 1,75/                             | 1,810    | 7,941         |
|                                   |               |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| OP/NET System                     |               | 25,757          | 2,909   | 2,712   | 3,108     | 1,123                             |          | 10,910        |
| OP/NET                            | <b>⊺Total</b> | 25,757          | 2,909   | 2,712   | 3,108     | 1,123                             | 1,057    | 10,910        |
| Pressure Zone Improvements        |               |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Almond/Fire Trail PZI             | ENG           | 11,860          | 200     | 4,000   | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 4,200         |
| Cent Oakland Hills Cascade PZI    | ENG           | 26,046          | 0       | 5,153   | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 5,153         |
| Colorados Pressure Zone Imprv     | ENG           | 928             | 3       | 0       | 0         | 2,848                             | 0        | 2,851         |
| Distribution System Upgrades      | ENG           | 5,927           | 009     | 539     | 246       | 552                               | 258      | 2,795         |
| Encinal Cascade PZI               | ENG           | 0               | 6,602   | 0       | 0         | 7,035                             | 0        | 13,637        |
| Enterprise Hyd WQ & Op Modl       | ENG           | 520             | 265     | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 265           |
| Faria PZI (formerly Purdue)       | ENG           | 14,342          | 0       | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Leland Pressure Zone Impr         | ENG           | 8,121           | 0       | 0       | 0         | 31,261                            | 0        | 31,261        |
| Maloney Pressure Zone Facility    | ENG           | 10,389          | 9,300   | 0       | 0         | 450                               | 0        | 9,750         |
| Pressure Zone Planning Program    | ENG           | 2,684           | 581     | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 581           |
| So Oakland Hills Cascades PZI     | ENG           | 2,411           | 1,088   | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 1,088         |
| Summit Pressure Zone Improve      | ENG           | 40,259          | 0       | 0       | 0         | 1,260                             | 0        | 1,260         |
| USL Pressure Zone Impr            | ENG           | 672             | 20      | 0       | 250       | 0                                 | 0        | 300           |
| Water Demand Projection Update    | ENG           | 550             | 390     | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 390           |
| West of Hills Master Plan         | ENG           | 52,114          | 3,587   | 37,272  |           | 4,540                             | 16,634   | 76,535        |
| Pressure Zone Improvements        | s Total       | 176,851         | 22,666  | 46,964  | 15,298    | 47,946                            | 17,192   | 150,066       |
| WC-SRV In Zone Improvements       |               |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Diablo PZ Improvements            | ENG           | 13,555          | 0       | 0       | 1,980     | 0                                 | 0        | 1,980         |
| WC-SRV In Zone Improvements       | s Total       | 13,555          | 0       | 0       | 1,980     | 0                                 | 0        | 1,980         |
| Water Trmt and Trans Impr         |               |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Tice Pumping Plant                | ENG           | 889             | 0       | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| WTTIP Distribution Improvs        | ENG           | 36,186          | 3,306   | 0       | 1,303     | 16,966                            | 0        | 21,574        |
| WTTIP WTP Improvements            | ENG           | 60,051          | 0       | 2,200   | 0         | 0                                 | 0        | 2,200         |
| Water Trmt and Trans Impr         | r Total       | 97,127          | 3,306   | 2,200   |           |                                   |          | 23,774        |
| EXTENSIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS TOTAL | <b>POTAL</b>  | 346,203         | 30,092  | 53,333  | 23,395    | 67,792                            | 20,059   | 194,672       |

| _ | _                      |                              |         |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------|---------|
|   |                        | 5 YR                         | TOTAL   |
|   | IN 000'S)              | CCUC AS                      | F1 2022 |
| ľ | )<br>(                 | FCUC AE                      | 1707 11 |
|   | FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS | OCUC AS                      | L1 2020 |
| i | FY18-2                 | 010C A3                      | 610211  |
|   | EV 2040                | 610211                       |         |
|   |                        | Prior                        | Approp  |
|   |                        |                              | Dept    |
|   |                        | Capital Improvement Projects |         |

| FACILITIES, SERVC AND EQUIP         |       |         |        |        |        |        |       |        |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Area Service Center/Bldg Prog       |       |         |        |        |        |        |       |        |
| Adm Bldg Modifications              | ENG   | 20,376  | 2,997  | 5,355  | 337    | 0      | 0     | 11,689 |
| Buildings Assessment & Improve      | ENG   | 10,328  | 929    | 4,132  | 942    | 4,045  | 0     | 9,777  |
| East Area Service Center            | ENG   | 9,440   | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Meter Test Facility                 | MCD   | 120     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Minor Facility Improvements         | OSD   | 3,798   | 822    | 1,079  | 783    | 4,467  | 365   | 7,516  |
| Area Service Center/Bldg Prog Total | Total | 44,693  | 7,474  | 10,567 | 2,065  | 8,512  | 365   | 28,982 |
| Communications                      |       |         |        |        |        |        |       |        |
| Data & Telecom Infrastructure       | ISD   | 3,473   | 20     | 80     | 100    | 0      | 0     | 230    |
| FIS Replacement                     | ISD   | 2,500   | 526    | 1,850  | 2,600  | 0      | 0     | 4,976  |
| HRIS Replacement                    | ISD   | 3,200   | 1,000  | 3,000  | 009    | 0      | 0     | 4,600  |
| MMIS Replacement                    | ISD   | 4,000   | 83     | 0      | 2,500  | 0      | 0     | 2,583  |
| Work Mgmt Systems Replacement       | ISD   | 200     | 0      | 1,500  | 1,500  | 1,400  | 1,000 | 5,400  |
| Communications Total                | Total | 13,373  | 1,659  | 6,430  | 7,300  | 1,400  | 1,000 | 17,789 |
| Security                            |       |         |        |        |        |        |       |        |
| VA Security System Imprmts          | OSD   | 25,432  | 0      | 1,265  | 2,050  | 009'9  | 100   | 10,015 |
| Security Total                      | Total | 25,432  | 0      | 1,265  | 2,050  | 009'9  | 100   | 10,015 |
| Vehicle/Equipment                   |       |         |        |        |        |        |       |        |
| Veh & Hvy Equip Additions, Wtr      | MCD   | 13,520  | 4,543  | 3,094  | 0      | 0      | 0     | 7,637  |
| Vehicle Replacements                | MCD   | 84,749  | 2,000  | 5,000  | 2,000  | 3,371  | 2,875 | 21,245 |
| Diesel Engine Retrofit              | OSD   | 14,228  | 1,700  | 1,900  | 0      | 0      | 0     | 3,600  |
| Fueling Facility Upgrades           | OSD   | 6,370   | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Vehicle/Equipment Total             | Total | 118,866 | 11,243 | 9,994  | 5,000  | 3,371  | 2,875 | 32,482 |
| FACILITIES, SERVC AND EQUIP TOTAL   | OTAL  | 202,364 | 20,376 | 28,256 | 16,415 | 19,882 | 4,340 | 89,269 |

|                                |              |                 |         | FY18-2  | 2 APPROPF | FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS (IN 000'S) | (s,000 N |               |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Capital Improvement Projects   | Dept         | Prior<br>Approp | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020   | FY 2021                           | FY 2022  | 5 YR<br>TOTAL |
|                                |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| MAINTAINING INFRASTRUCTURE     |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Corrosion                      | (            |                 |         | (       |           |                                   |          |               |
| Aqueduct Cathodic Protection   | ENG          | 3,392           |         |         | 211       |                                   | 646      | 1,311         |
| Dist Sys Corrosion Protection  | ENG          | 8,593           | 2,732   |         |           |                                   | 791      | 5,761         |
| Trans Main Cathodic Protection | ENG          | 2,551           |         | 768     | 791       | 814                               | 838      | 3,326         |
| Corrosion                      | Total        | 14,536          | 2,847   | 1,492   | 1,748     | 2,036                             | 2,275    | 10,398        |
| Electrical Hazard Prevent Pgm  |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Electrical Hazard Prevention   | ENG          | 2,393           | 0/      | 213     | 220       | 236                               | 234      | 973           |
| Electrical Hazard Prevent Pgm  | Total        | 2,393           | 70      | 213     | 220       | 236                               | 234      | 973           |
| Pipelines/Appurtenances        |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Hydrants Installed by DF       | ENG          | 19,750          | 1,210   | 1,310   | 1,420     | 1,460                             | 1,510    | 6,910         |
| New Service Installations      | ENG          | 171,510         | 8,950   | 4,610   | 4,750     | 4,890                             | 5,030    | 28,230        |
| Meter Replacements             | MCD          | 36,038          | 6,446   | 3,544   | 2,126     | 2,200                             | 2,277    | 16,593        |
| Pipeline Appurtenances         | MCD          | 13,209          | 1,367   | 1,201   | 1,238     | 1,275                             | 1,313    | 6,394         |
| Pipelines/Appurten             | iances Total | 240,507         | 17,973  | 10,665  | 9,534     | 9,825                             | 10,130   | 58,127        |
| Pipelines/Regulators           |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Large Diameter Pipelines       | ENG          | 86,828          | 41,652  | 0       | 16,360    | 29,940                            | 17,654   | 105,606       |
| Pipeline Infrastruct Renewals  | ENG          | 267,993         | 42,080  | 43,337  | 44,605    | 60,814                            | 70,283   | 261,119       |
| Pipeline Relocations           | ENG          | 50,833          |         | 4,326   | 6,127     | 6,311                             | 6,499    | 27,463        |
| Pipeline System Extensions     | ENG          | 56,490          | 8,940   | 9,207   | 9,530     |                                   | 10,209   | 47,750        |
| Pipeline System Improvements   | ENG          | 32,157          | 0       | 1,170   | 3,677     | 3,787                             | 3,901    | 12,535        |
| Rate Control Station Rehab     | ENG          | 8,897           | 0       | 288     | 419       | 1,887                             | 5,437    | 8,130         |
| Regulator Rehabilitation       | ENG          | 22,414          | 0       | 0       | 10        | 0                                 | 394      | 404           |
| Pipelines/Regulators           | Total        | 525,613         | 96,872  | 58,427  | 80,728    | 112,603                           | 114,377  | 463,007       |
| Polybutylene Lateral Replcmt   |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Service Lateral Replacements   | ENG          | 186,766         | 13,753  | 13,779  | 15,161    | 15,443                            | 15,479   | 73,615        |
| Polybutylene Lateral Replcmt   | t Total      | 186,766         | 13,753  | 13,779  | 15,161    | 15,443                            | 15,479   | 73,615        |
| Pumping Plant Rehabilitation   |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Pumping Plant Rehabilitation   | ENG          | 98,988          | 28,491  | 12,487  | 11,237    | 16,780                            | 13,826   | 82,821        |
| Small Capital Improvements     | MCD          | 10,280          |         | 2,620   | 2,706     | 2,941                             | 3,055    | 13,342        |
| Pumping Plant Rehabilitation   | Total        | 109,268         | 30,511  | 15,107  | 13,943    | 19,721                            | 16,881   | 96,163        |
| Reservoir Rehab Program        |              |                 |         |         |           |                                   |          |               |
| Open Cut Reservoir Rehab       | ENG          | 57,326          | 8,767   | 0       | 0         | 0                                 | 2,234    | 11,001        |
| Reservoir Rehab/Maintenance    | ENG          | 133,633         | 12,395  | 17,248  | 20,127    | 14,231                            | 13,107   | 77,108        |
| Reservoir Access Roads         | MOD          | 2,389           | 29      | 69      | 14        | 73                                | 22       | 355           |
| Reservoir Rehab Program Total  | Total        | 193,348         |         | 17,317  |           | 14,304                            | 15,416   |               |
| MAINTAINING INFRASTRUCTURE T   | URE TOTAL    | 1,272,431       | 183,255 | 117,000 | 141,532   | 174,169                           | 174,793  | 790,748       |

|                           |      |        |         | FY18-2   | FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS | IATIONS (II | (s,000 N |       |  |
|---------------------------|------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------|-------------|----------|-------|--|
| ital Improvement Projects |      | Prior  | EV 2010 | 5 204 A  |                        | EV 2024     | EV 2022  | 5 YR  |  |
|                           | Dept | Approp | F1 2010 | F I 2013 | L1 2020                | F I 202 I   | F1 2022  | TOTAL |  |

| NON-PROGRAM SPECIFIC          |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| Non-Program Specific          |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
| Contingency Project Water     | ZIL               | 39,700  | 000'9  | 8,500 | 4,000 | 4,000  | 4,000 | 26,500 |
| Non-Program S                 | Specific Total    | 39,700  | 6,000  | 8,500 | 4,000 | 4,000  | 4,000 | 26,500 |
| NON-PROGRAM SPEC              |                   | 39,700  | 6,000  | 8,500 | 4,000 | 4,000  | 4,000 | 26,500 |
| REGULATORY COMPLIANCE         |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
| Dam Safety                    |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
| Dam Operational Upgrades      | ENG               | 5,885   | 2,780  | 218   | 1,500 | 0      | 0     | 4,858  |
| Dam Seismic Upgrades          | ENG               | 40,841  | 0      | 0     | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Dam Surveillance Improvements | ENG               | 7,153   | 220    | 340   | 1,225 | 965    | 1,145 | 4,245  |
| Reservoir Tower Modifications | ENG               | 33,732  | 150    | 0     | 0     | 009'6  | 0     | 9,750  |
| San Pablo Dam Seismic Mods    | ENG               | 82,588  | 0      | 0     | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Dam                           | m Safety Total    | 170,199 | 3,500  | 918   | 2,725 | 10,565 | 1,145 | 18,853 |
| Penn Mine                     |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
| Penn Mine Remediation         | OSD               | 18,221  | 0      | 0     | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Pen                           | ann Mine Total    | 18,221  | 0      | 0     | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      |
| Remediation                   |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
| Upcountry WW Trmt Imprvmts    | OSO               | 23,953  | 0      | 0     | 0     | 1,140  | 1,260 | 2,400  |
| Rem                           | Remediation Total | 23,953  | 0      | 0     | 0     | 1,140  | 1,260 | 2,400  |
| Trench Spoils                 |                   |         |        |       |       |        |       |        |
| Trench Spoils Disposal Sites  | ENG               | 17,495  | 15,101 | 812   | 836   | 861    | 1,205 | 18,815 |
| Trench                        | th Spoils Total   | 17,495  | 15,101 | 812   | 836   | 861    | 1,205 | 18,815 |
| REGULATORY COMPLIA            | IANCE TOTAL       | 229,869 | 18,601 | 1,730 | 3,561 | 12,566 | 3,610 | 40,068 |

|                                 | 5 YR                         | TOTAL   |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|
| (s,000 N                        | EV 2023                      | L1 2022 |
| FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS (IN 000' | FCUC AE                      | 1707 11 |
| <b>APPROPR</b>                  | EV 2020                      | F1 2020 |
| FY18-22                         | EV 2040                      |         |
|                                 | EV 2040                      | 610211  |
|                                 | Prior                        | Approp  |
|                                 |                              | Dept    |
|                                 | Capital Improvement Projects |         |

| RESOURCE MANAGEMENT            |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |        |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Recreation Areas               |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |        |
| Camanche Rec Area Upgrades     | ENG     | 6,176  | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0      |
| Pardee/Cam Rec Areas Impr Plan | NRD     | 8,929  | 200   | 277   | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1,275  |
| Recreation Areas Total         | s Total | 15,105 | 200   | 775   | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1,275  |
| Watershed Recreation           |         |        |       |       |       |       |       |        |
| East Bay Watershed Rec Projs   | NRD     | 10,667 | 902   | 1,110 | 170   | 086   | 910   | 4,476  |
| F&W Projects and Mok Hatchery  | NRD     | 3,771  | 200   | 190   | 245   | 195   | 345   | 1,175  |
| Mokelumne Watershed Rec HQ     | NRD     | 4,160  | 0     | 0     | 1,695 | 0     | 0     | 1,695  |
| Mokelumne Watershed Rec Projs  | NRD     | 5,371  | 270   | 200   | 225   | 200   | 200   | 1,095  |
| Pinole Valley Miti. Bank Plan  | NRD     | 1,055  | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 2,300 | 2,300  |
| Watershed Property Purchases   | NRD     | 17,613 | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0      |
| Watershed Recreation Total     | n Total | 42,637 | 1,176 | 1,500 | 2,935 | 1,375 | 3,755 | 10,741 |
| RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TOTAL      | TOTAL   | 57,742 | 1,676 | 2,275 | 2,935 | 1,375 | 3,755 | 12,016 |

| WATER QUALITY                 |               |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Water Quality Improvement     |               |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |
| Distrib Sys Wtr Quality Imprv | MOD           | 18,200  | 1,500  | 1,500  | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 7,500   |
| uality Improگ                 | vement Total  | 18,200  | 1,500  | 1,500  | 1,500 | 1,500 | 1,500 | 7,500   |
| Water Treatment Upgrade       |               |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |
| Treatment Plant Upgrades      | ENG           | 98,585  | 51,962 | 82,300 | 3,000 | 0     | 0     | 137,262 |
| Minor WTP Capital Work        | MOD           | 3,710   | 405    | 427    | 451   | 476   | 205   | 2,261   |
| Water Treatment Upgrad        | Jpgrade Total | 102,295 | 52,367 | 82,727 | 3,451 | 476   | 205   | 139,523 |
| WATER QUALITY TOTAL           | <b>LOTAL</b>  | 120,495 | 23,867 | 84,227 | 4,951 | 1,976 | 2,002 | 147,023 |
|                               |               |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |

|                            | 5 YR                         | TOTAL    |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| N 000's)                   | - CCOC A                     | L1 2022  |
| FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS (II | 7C0C \_                      | L1 2021  |
| 2 APPROPR                  | OCOC A                       | L 1 2020 |
| FY18-22                    | FY 2019                      |          |
|                            |                              | 010711   |
|                            | Prior                        | Approp   |
|                            |                              | Dept     |
|                            | Capital Improvement Projects |          |

| WATER SUPPLY                    |         |         |        |        |        |        |        |         |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Aqueduct Program                |         |         |        |        |        |        |        |         |
| Mok Aqu No 2 & 3 Relining Proj  | ENG     | 65,422  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| Mokelumne Aqueduct Recoating    | ENG     | 43,315  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1,335  | 1,335   |
| Raw Water Studies and Improves  | ENG     | 53,089  | 6,739  | 16,588 | 16,660 | 8,687  | 13,369 | 62,043  |
| Raw Wtr Aq O&M Imprvmts         | MOD     | 41,531  | 2,545  | 869    | 1,606  | 1,660  | 1,670  | 8,179   |
| Aqueduct Program Total          | n Total | 203,358 | 9,284  | 17,286 | 18,266 | 10,347 | 16,374 | 71,557  |
| Supply Reservoirs               |         |         |        |        |        |        |        |         |
| Cam So Shore WTP Replacement    | MOD     | 6,234   | 735    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 735     |
| Camanche Area WWTP Improvement  | MOD     | 0       | 0      | 0      | 0      | 6,000  | 0      | 6,000   |
| Enhanced Power Revenue          | MOD     | 9,588   | 1,420  | 370    | 20     | 1,500  | 0      | 3,310   |
| Pardee Ctr Cap Maint & Imprvmt  | MOD     | 1,630   | 106    | 109    | 112    | 145    | 88     | 260     |
| Powerhouse Improvements         | MOD     | 9,076   | 290    | 300    | 300    | 603    | 105    | 1,598   |
| Rec Area Cap Maint & Imprvmt    | MOD     | 3,281   | 155    | 260    | 268    | 276    | 284    | 1,243   |
| Wtr Supply Monitoring System    | MOD     | 1,757   | 02     | 30     | 38     | 20     | 20     | 238     |
| Supply Reservoirs Total         | s Total | 31,565  | 2,776  | 1,069  | 738    | 8,574  | 527    | 13,684  |
| Water Conservation              |         |         |        |        |        |        |        |         |
| Water Conservation Project      | SNO     | 63,632  | 3,800  | 3,918  | 4,030  | 4,155  | 4,280  | 20,183  |
| Water Conservation Total        | n Total | 63,632  | 3,800  | 3,918  | 4,030  | 4,155  | 4,280  | 20,183  |
| Water Recycling                 |         |         |        |        |        |        |        |         |
| East Bayshore                   | WRD     | 55,408  | 2,573  | 2,094  | 5,170  | 7,500  | 5,730  | 23,067  |
| RARE Water Project              | WRD     | 64,802  | 0      | 0      | 104    | 280    | 0      | 384     |
| SRV Recycled Water Program      | WRD     | 69,171  | 12,724 | 6,497  | 17,634 | 10,552 | 1,948  | 49,355  |
| Water Recycling WSMP            | WRD     | 16,098  | 200    | 0      | 601    | 1,113  | 2,315  | 4,529   |
| No Richmond Recy Wtr Fac Impr   | WRP     | 12,858  | 927    | 1,275  | 449    | 462    | 475    | 3,587   |
| Water Recycling Total           | g Total | 218,337 | 16,724 | 9,866  | 23,958 | 19,907 | 10,468 | 80,922  |
| Water Supply Mgmt Program       |         |         |        |        |        |        |        |         |
| Addl Supplemental Supply Projs  | WRD     | 103,157 | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| Bayside Groundwater Project     | WRD     | 58,164  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| Freeport Regional Wtr Project   | WRD     | 251,140 | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| Water Supply Mgmt Program Total | n Total | 412,461 | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       |
| WATER SUPPLY TOTAI              | TOTAL   | 929,353 | 32,584 | 32,138 | 46,992 | 42,983 | 31,649 | 186,345 |

|                                   | 5 YR<br>TOTAL   | 1,486,641 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| 'S)                               | FY 2022         | 244,208   |
| APPROPRIATIONS SUMMARY (IN 000'S) | FY 2021         | 324,743   |
|                                   | FY 2019 FY 2020 | 243,781   |
| ROPRIATIC                         | FY 2019         | 327,459 2 |
| APP                               | FY 2018         | 346,450   |
|                                   | Prior           | 3,198,156 |

# **Operating Budget Impact of Capital Investments**

The FY18-22 Capital Improvement Program includes various significant nonrecurring capital projects that will affect the operating budget and the services that the District provides. Such projects and their potential impacts include:

## **Administration Building HVAC Upgrades**

Replace aging equipment and increase energy efficiency. Improvements to the Data Center include installation of an automatic transfer switch for emergency power during outages. Energy efficiency upgrades include lighting, window, solar gain reductions, HVAC controls, and replacing the aging central plant equipment (boilers, chillers, cooling towers) to reach an Energy Star rating of 75 or better.

This project is estimated to save \$0.4 million per year in energy cost and \$0.1 million per year in maintenance cost. It is also expected to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by roughly 700 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per year.

## **Briones / Lafayette Tower Modifications**

The Briones Tower requires upgrades to safely resist seismic loads. Design of the upgrades started in FY16, and will be followed by construction. The project also includes Lafayette Reservoir Tower modifications which include seismic and gate control upgrades, and modification of the tower to act as a spillway capable of handling the revised Probable Maximum Flood.

These tower modifications will not result in any significant costs or revenues, but will increase public safety in the event of an earthquake.

### Financial / Materials Management / Human Resource Info System (FIS/MMIS/HRIS)

This project will replace the 25-year-old MMIS that is supported by a one person consulting firm with a new procurement and vendor management system. Accounts Payable functionality is handled in MMIS so its replacement will be evaluated along with the FIS replacement to ensure such functionality is addressed. The project will also use the best of breed replacement approach which allows for selection and implementation of HRIS modules rather than the entire system in one effort.

A new purchasing/accounting/inventory system will reduce the risk of system failure, reduce vendor dependence, and improve system integration with other applications. New Human Resource modules will make it easier to implement tax and regulatory updates that are required to comply with tax law. Replacement of these systems requires funding 8 new positions on a limited term basis (three to four years) to assess needs, select a vendor(s), implement the new systems and conduct extensive testing.

#### **Faria Pressure Zone**

A new pressure zone will be created to serve the Faria Preserve Development in San Ramon that includes 618 dwelling units, a school site and community facilities. The pressure zone includes a new 1.6 million gallons per day (MGD) pumping plant, two new 0.5 MG (million gallon) storage reservoirs, and related pipelines on property provided by the developer. Construction commenced in FY17 under a System Capacity Charge Agreement.

Operating and maintenance costs are expected to increase as a result of these new facilities. The maintenance cost of the Faria Pumping Plant is estimated to be \$0.03 million per year, and the Faria Reservoirs to be \$0.04 million year. The annual cost of power to operate the Faria Pumping Plant is estimated to be \$0.02 million. Revenues will be generated by the new dwelling units and will depend on each owner's water use and the rates at the time the units are occupied. The Development is expected to build an educational facility which may help lower class sizes in the neighborhood schools.

## **Happy Valley/Sunnyside Pumping Plants**

Work includes a new 3.2 MGD Happy Valley Pumping Plant (PP) in Orinda, and 3,300 feet of 16-inch pipeline. The Las Aromas Pressure Zone (PZ) has a deficit of 2.9 MGD in pumping capacity. This project will resolve the deficiency and can be expanded to 4.2 MGD to meet future demands. The project also includes a new 1.5 MGD Sunnyside PP in Lafayette to resolve an existing 0.7 MGD pumping capacity deficit and improve hydraulic connectivity in the Valley View PZ.

Annual maintenance costs are estimated to be \$0.04 million for Happy Valley PP and \$0.03 million for Sunnyside PP. Annual electricity costs are estimated to be \$0.05 million for each PP.

# **Maloney Pumping Plant & Sobrante Water Treatment Plant Improvements**

Pumping capacity in the Maloney Pressure Zone is deficient and inefficient. The Maloney PP capacity is 30 MGD, but pumps frequently run during peak times when energy costs are higher as more than 30 MGD is often needed to supply the cascade. The project will increase pumping capacity to 42.5 MGD with standard electric pumps, and add a standby generator. Electrical improvements at Sobrante WTP are needed to address reliability issues at this critical treatment facility.

Overall operating and maintenance costs for these facilities are expected to decrease. While costs for increased pumping may rise in the future, maintenance costs will decrease significantly as the diesel driven pump, which historically required a high level of effort to maintain will be removed from service.

#### **Mokelumne Aqueduct Lining Studies & Improvements**

Work includes pilot testing of lining technologies and materials; comprehensive inspection of the entire Mokelumne Aqueduct No. 2 (MA2) and above-ground section of Mokelumne Aqueduct No. 3 (MA3); and raw water treatment improvements to minimize corrosion. The deteriorated cement mortar lining in the aqueducts will be replaced to protect the steel pipeline from internal corrosion. Previous inspections revealed that 10 miles of the lining in MA3, and 65 miles in MA2 needs replacement.

Increased operating and maintenance costs are expected with the raw water treatment improvements project. Chemical costs are expected to increase by \$0.8 million per year and other costs for labor, energy, materials and equipment replacement are expected to increase by \$0.2 million per year. These expenses were considered in the total life cycle cost analysis which concluded that the cost to provide chemical treatment to minimize corrosion of the aqueducts would be offset by extending the life of the cement motor linings as well as extending the life of future relining work. The project will also reduce future aqueduct failures. There are expected to be short-term costs of approximately \$2 million per year to cover the outage cost of one aqueduct to install new aqueduct linings (approximately 10 miles per year for seven years).

# Mokelumne Aqueduct No. 3 / Briones Center Upgrades

This work addresses problems with the above-ground portions of the three Mokelumne Aqueducts across the Delta. Work includes repairing the levee at aqueduct crossings; repairing the Mokelumne Aqueduct No. 3 (MA3) base isolators; and continuing to repair the Mokelumne Aqueduct No. 1 temperature anchors. Planned work also includes completing the Briones Aqueduct slide repair; upgrades to the Briones Center; repairs of the Lafayette Aqueduct No. 2; upgrades to the Walnut Creek Raw Water Pumping Plant; and decommission of the Bixler Pumping Plant.

Operating impacts are likely to be insignificant as a result of the Briones Center Upgrade project, but water system reliability will be improved.

# San Ramon Valley Recycled (SRV) Water Program

Expansion of the tertiary treatment facilities from 9.7 MGD to 16.5 MGD is expected to be completed in FY19 and will provide additional recycled water as the distribution system is expanded and customers connected in San Ramon, Danville and Blackhawk. The project also includes planning/property purchase for two pump stations.

Operating costs associated with the expansion have yet to be determined as they are the responsibility of a separate entity, the Dublin San Ramon Services District / EBMUD Recycled Water Authority (DERWA). The project will contribute towards the District's Strategic Plan goal to supply 20 MGD of recycled water by the year 2040, and reduce the need for potable water. A slight reduction in revenue is possible as the current rate for nonpotable/recycled water (\$3.46 per 100 cubic feet) is often less than the tiered system of rates for potable water that ranges from \$3.16 in the first tier to \$5.74 in the third tier for single family residential customers, or \$4.46 for multi-family customers.

## San Pablo Clearwell Replacement

San Pablo Clearwell, a 5.4 MG open-cut reservoir located in Kensington, will be demolished and replaced with two 3.5 MG concrete reservoirs, along with replacement of the rate control station, pipelines, and chlorine contact baffles. The pre-cast concrete roof of the San Pablo Reservoir is structurally unsafe and has roof access restrictions. Also, the lining, outlet tower structure, valves, and extension stems require replacement.

Operational costs are anticipated to decrease incrementally as the new facilities will improve access for maintenance activities and require less emergency maintenance.

#### Seneca Reservoir Demolition

Seneca Reservoir, a 30 MG open-cut reservoir located in Oakland, will be demolished and the property offered for sale. The District expects to receive approximately \$3.7 million from the sale of the property.

### Sobrante / Upper San Leandro / Walnut Creek Water Treatment Plants (WTPs)

Sobrante WTP projects include the replacement of the reclaim and solids clarifier systems. In addition, a mixing/oxygenation system will be installed at San Pablo Reservoir to reduce manganese and address taste and odor water quality issues.

Improvements to the Upper San Leandro WTP include: replacement of the unreliable cable-vac solids collection system; rehabilitation of the reclaim and solids handling systems; installation of a filter-to-waste basin; replacement of the seismically deficient clearwell roof; rehabilitation of

Filter No. 15 and capping of media on all filters; and installation of a 5th flocculation stage and replacement of the failing flocculation baffles.

Walnut Creek WTP projects will increase the robustness of the treatment train by installing a pretreatment system and rehabilitating Filters 1 through 4 with a modern underdrain system and updating the filter controls. The pretreatment system includes both a solids removal process and a system to address taste & odor issues for 80 MGD of WTP capacity. In addition, new solids handling improvements will be made to better thicken the sludge and reduce the number of truck loads required.

Changes to the operating costs at USL and Sobrante WTPs are uncertain. The volume and thus the cost of sewer waste discharge will be reduced, but the overall operating and maintenance impact has yet to be determined as the system has not been designed. The operating costs for the Walnut Creek WTP are expected to increase with the addition of pretreatment, as this is an added treatment process that will require energy and additional chemicals, but will improve water quality.

## Sobrante and USL Water Treatment Plants (WTPs) Ozone

The existing ozone systems at Sobrante and USL WTPs use air to generate ozone with high operation and maintenance costs due to unreliable and obsolete ozone generators. The new ozone equipment will use oxygen to generate ozone and are much more reliable and energy efficient than the existing systems. Moreover, the new system will have a greater capacity to generate ozone to remove higher concentrations of taste and odor causing compounds that have been observed in the Sobrante and USL WTPs raw water in the past several years.

The total annual operational cost savings for the new ozone systems at these plants is estimated to be \$0.2 million, and the total annual maintenance cost savings is estimated to be \$0.5 million. Also, taste and odor issues will be reduced.

# **South Reservoir Replacement**

South Reservoir, a 50 MG open-cut reservoir located in Castro Valley, was demolished and is being replaced with a new 9 MG concrete reservoir. The reservoir is being replaced due to water quality concerns, and pre-cast concrete roof panels that were structurally damaged.

Operational costs are expected to decrease slightly from when the 50 MG reservoir was in service. The new, smaller facility is anticipated to reduce the need for frequent reservoir treatments for water quality, and roof maintenance activities. In addition, the new facility will reduce staff travel time due to the improved access for District employees who use the South Reservoir site as a remote reporting location.

## **Summit Reservoir Replacement**

The project replaces the 37 MG open cut reservoir with a 3.5 MG concrete tank, a new flow control valve, and replacement of Woods and Shasta Pumping Plants at the same site. Construction will be completed in FY18.

The smaller, appropriately sized reservoir will improve turnover and thus water quality, which will reduce or eliminate the need to manually chlorinate some reservoirs in the Berkeley hills. The project will also replace two aging pumping plants with new pumping plants, and the need for pumping plant maintenance. The new landscape plan includes a larger landscaped area, removal of existing trees, and planting additional trees and shrubs, which may affect landscaping maintenance.

# FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST

### **SUMMARY**

The five-year financial forecast presents the estimated impact of operations, debt service requirements and reserve balances on rate projections over the five-year period.

This forecast is built upon:

- Adopted District financial policies
- Capital investments in the FY18-FY22 Capital Improvement Program

This forecast identifies a series of rate increases for the Water System based on estimated increases in operating and capital expenditures to maintain current service levels, meet mandated program requirements, and fund increased debt service due to capital expenditures.

On average over the five-year period, revenues are forecast to increase 8.0 percent per year to cover the increases in operating expenses and debt service, and maintain a minimum of 1.6 times coverage on revenue bond debt service. Forecasted operating expenses are expected to grow by 4.1 percent per year over the five-year period, while debt service grows 5.2 percent per year.

The key factors driving the need for increased Water System revenues are:

- Inflation
- Increasing labor and benefits costs
- Impact of lower customer demand and revenue
- Increasing capital program.

For all five years, the cash reserves exceed the cash reserve targets. Reserves in excess of those needed to meet financial reserve targets are available to pay for a portion of the capital program expenses funded with cash, a positive financial metric.

Capital cash flow spending, including the administration of capital, is projected at \$1.5 billion over the five-year period. Major programs or projects to be undertaken during this period include the: Pipelines, Regulators and Appurtenances programs; Raw Water Aqueduct Improvements; Pressure Zone Improvements program; Water Recycling; Reservoir Rehabilitation program; Water Treatment and Transmission.

The projected average percentage of capital funded from debt will be 52.1 percent over the fiveyear period, lower than the financial policy target maximum of 65 percent. In FY18 and FY19, the debt coverage ratio is projected to be 1.60 and 1.60, respectively, and for all five years the ratio meets or exceeds the target coverage ratio of 1.60.

# **OPERATIONS**

The following table shows the financial forecast for the Water System operating budget based on projected operations and maintenance expenses and debt service requirements.

| WATER SYSTE              | M FUN        | D – OP       | ERATIN       | IG BUI       | GET          |              |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| FIVE-YEA                 | AR FINA      | ANCIAL       | FORE         | CAST         |              |              |              |
|                          | (\$ 1        | Millions)    |              |              |              |              |              |
|                          | Actuals      | Budget       |              | F            | orecast      |              |              |
|                          | FY16         | FY17         | FY18         | FY19         | FY20         | FY21         | FY22         |
| Beginning Balance        | -            | -            | 348.6        | 352.6        | 356.3        | 350.1        | 363.6        |
| Water Charges            | 369.9        | 453.0        | 454.7        | 507.5        | 552.6        | 601.0        | 642.4        |
| Property Taxes           | 29.9         | 25.1         | 30.0         | 30.7         | 31.4         | 32.2         | 33.0         |
| Power Sales              | 3.2          | 3.5          | 3.7          | 3.7          | 3.7          | 3.7          | 3.7          |
| Interest Income          | 2.1          | 3.3          | 7.3          | 7.4          | 9.2          | 9.3          | 9.5          |
| SCC Revenue              | 39.3         | 26.0         | 27.0         | 28.0         | 28.9         | 29.9         | 31.0         |
| Reimbursements           | 11.3         | 11.2         | 11.6         | 11.9         | 12.3         | 12.6         | 13.0         |
| All Other Revenue        | <u>18.7</u>  | <u>17.4</u>  | <u>17.9</u>  | <u>18.1</u>  | <u>18.2</u>  | <u>18.4</u>  | <u>18.6</u>  |
| Total Operating Revenues | 474.4        | 539.5        | 552.2        | 607.2        | 656.4        | 707.2        | 751.2        |
| Revenue Funded Capital   | 207.6        | 100.5        | 70.7         | 101.1        | 135.6        | 143.1        | 173.7        |
| Operations               | 234.9        | 262.4        | 277.9        | 292.5        | 302.9        | 315.1        | 326.4        |
| Debt Service             | <u>166.2</u> | <u>180.2</u> | <u>199.6</u> | <u>210.0</u> | <u>224.0</u> | <u>235.5</u> | <u>244.0</u> |
| Total Expenses           | 608.7        | 543.1        | 548.2        | 603.6        | 662.5        | 693.7        | 744.0        |
| Ending Balance           | -            | -            | 352.6        | 356.3        | 350.1        | 363.6        | 370.7        |
| Policy Reserves          |              |              | 148.8        | 150.1        | 162.3        | 181.9        | 202.7        |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The following table shows the key assumptions used to create the revenue forecast.

| WATER SYSTI<br>FIVE-YEA   | _                                  |         |         | _       | ONS     |         |         |  |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
|   | Actuals Budget Forecast            |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |
|   | FY16 FY17 FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22 |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |
| Sales Volume (mgd)  | 128.1                              | 151     | 137     | 141     | 144     | 147     | 150     |  |
| % Rate Increase   | 8.00%                              | 7.00%   | 9.25%   | 9.00%   | 7.00%   | 7.00%   | 5.00%   |  |
| Average monthly single family residential bill based on 8 ccf/month | \$44.05                            | \$47.15 | \$51.49 | \$56.12 | \$60.02 | \$64.21 | \$67.46 |  |
| Debt Service Coverage Ratio   | 1.65                               | 1.67    | 1.60    | 1.60    | 1.64    | 1.70    | 1.77    |  |

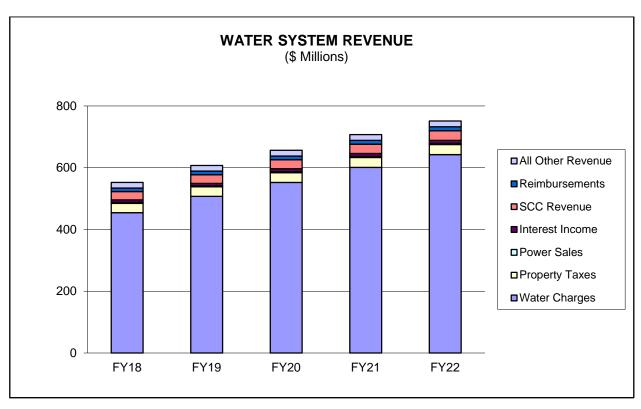
# **Five-Year Projection of Revenue**

The key factors driving the need for increased Water System revenues are: inflation, increasing labor and benefit costs, the impact of the lower customer water use, and an increase in funding the capital program from revenue rather than debt. Water System revenues will be used to pay for an increasing amount of capital expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Projected annual operating revenues are expected to increase from \$552.2 million in FY18 to \$751.2 million by FY22, an increase of \$199.0 million or 8.0 percent per year. The increase in revenue over the five-year period is to cover increased costs in operations and maintenance, debt service requirements, and revenue funding for capital projects.

The major components of the increase in operating revenue over the five-year period are revenue from water charges which is projected to increase from \$454.7 million in FY18 to \$642.4 million in FY22 based on water rate increases; interest rate increases as they recover from historic lows; and increased SCC revenues from \$27.0 million in FY18 to \$31 million in FY22 due to slight increases in new connections and in the charge.

The following charts show projected Water System operating revenue by category for the next five years.



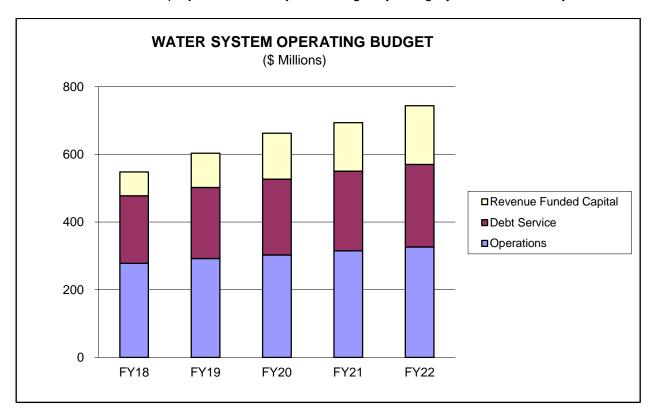
# **Five-Year Projection of Operating Budget**

The Water System operations expenses are projected to increase from \$277.9 million in FY18 to \$326.4 million in FY22, an increase of 4.1 percent per year.

Debt service requirements are expected to increase from \$199.6 million in FY18 to \$244.0 million by FY22, an increase of 5.2 percent per year. The five-year increase results in \$798.6 million of new debt that will be issued to finance the Water System Capital Improvement Program.

The District uses rate revenue to cash fund a portion of its annual capital improvement expenses. The amount of revenue funded capital will increase from \$70.7 million in FY18 to \$173.7 million in FY22, an increase of 146 percent.

This chart summarizes projected Water System budget by category for the next five years.



# **Five-Year Projection of Reserves**

The operating reserves consist of:

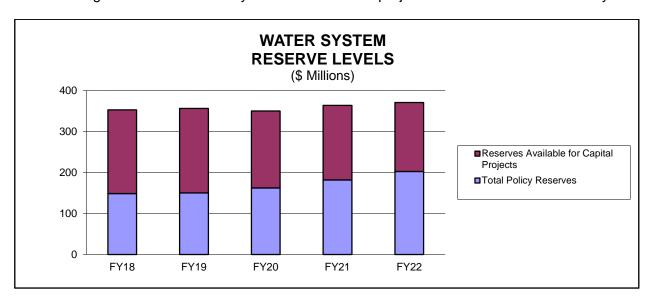
- Working capital reserves equal to three months operating and maintenance expenses
- Self-Insured Liability reserve based on the Actuarial Self-Insured Retention (SIR) funding recommendation
- Workers' Compensation reserve based on the Actuarial SIR funding recommendation
- Rate stabilization reserve of a minimum of 20 percent of projected annual water volume revenues

The table below shows the changes to reserve components over the five-year period. Reserve balances meet or exceed the policy reserve levels for the entire period.

| RESERVE C                               | SYSTEM<br>OMPONEI<br>illions) | NTS                      |             |       |              |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|--|--|
|   |                               | F                        | orecast     |       |              |  |  |
|   | FY18                          | FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22 |             |       |              |  |  |
| Projected Operating Budget Reserves     | 352.6 356.3 350.1 363.6 370.7 |                          |             |       |              |  |  |
| Policy Reserves                         |                               |                          |             |       |              |  |  |
| Working Capital                         | 69.1                          | 72.4                     | 74.6        | 77.2  | 80.0         |  |  |
| Self-Insured Liability Reserve          | 6.6                           | 6.6                      | 6.6         | 6.6   | 6.6          |  |  |
| Workers' Compensation Reserves          | 6.1                           | 6.1                      | 6.1         | 6.1   | 6.1          |  |  |
| Rate Stabilization Reserve              | <u>67.0</u>                   | <u>65.0</u>              | <u>75.0</u> | 92.0  | <u>110.0</u> |  |  |
| Total Policy Reserves                   | 148.8                         | 150.1                    | 162.3       | 181.9 | 202.7        |  |  |
| Reserves Available for Capital Projects | 203.8                         | 206.2                    | 187.8       | 181.7 | 168.0        |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The following chart shows Water System reserve levels projected at the end of each fiscal year.



### CAPITAL INVESTMENTS AND FINANCING

The Five-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) outlines Water System capital investment plans, the estimated cost of these investments, and the sources of funds. Appropriations reflect the amount that is authorized and budgeted over a multi-year period for each program. Cash flows are the amounts estimated to be spent on each program in a given year. The five-year program for the Water System includes \$1.7 billion in capital project appropriations, including administration of capital expenses, and \$1.5 billion in projected cash flow spending.

The focus of the CIP is the five-year period from FY18-22. Capital needs have been estimated for a second five-year period from FY23-27, but given the long-term nature of these capital improvement plans, by necessity they are preliminary estimates only and will be revised as studies are completed, priorities are redefined, and as new needs emerge. Therefore, the budget focuses on the first five years of the CIP.

In the FY18-22 CIP, 53% of the Water System's project appropriations will focus on the Maintaining the Infrastructure Strategy. This strategy furthers the District's objectives to improve, rehabilitate and replace aging infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality water service now and in the future. Work under this strategy focuses on pipeline projects to improve system reliability for existing customers and to provide service to new customers.

Funding for these projects is drawn from the proceeds of revenue bond issues, commercial paper, grants, reimbursements from developers and other agencies, and current reserves and revenues.

For the FY18-22 CIP, an increasing amount of capital expenditures will be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis in accordance with the District's financial policies. Over the five-year period, the percentage of capital funded from debt will average 52.1 percent, which is under the target maximum of 65 percent contained in the District's debt policy, and debt service will grow by 5.2 percent per year. Water System total outstanding debt will increase by \$366.9 million during the period. Total debt outstanding at the end of the five-year period will total \$3.1 billion.

In FY18 and FY19, the debt coverage ratio will be 1.60 and 1.60, respectively, and for all five years the ratio meets or exceeds the target coverage ratio of 1.60.

The following table shows the cash flow spending on capital improvements anticipated for the next five years, along with the financial resources anticipated to fund the capital program.

| WATER SYS<br>FIVE-YE       | TEM FUN     | _           | _           | _           |             |            |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
|                            | (\$ M       | illions)    |             |             |             |            |  |  |
|                            |             | -           | orecast     |             |             |            |  |  |
|                            | FY18        | FY19        | FY20        | FY21        | FY22        | Totals     |  |  |
| Beginning Balance          | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | -          |  |  |
| Resources:                 |             |             |             |             |             |            |  |  |
| Revenue Funded Capital     | 70.7        | 101.1       | 135.6       | 143.1       | 173.7       | 624.2      |  |  |
| New Bond Proceeds          | 175.9       | 148.6       | 151.4       | 176.4       | 130.3       | 782.6      |  |  |
| Loans Proceeds             | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0        |  |  |
| Grants                     | 0.5         | 0.3         | 0.2         | 0.4         | 0.2         | 1.5        |  |  |
| Reimbursements             | 20.6        | 19.9        | 18.2        | 17.2        | 17.4        | 93.3       |  |  |
| Commercial Paper           | 0.0         | <u>0.0</u>  | <u>0.0</u>  | <u>0.0</u>  | <u>0.0</u>  | <u>0.0</u> |  |  |
| Total Resources            | 267.7       | 269.8       | 305.4       | 337.2       | 321.5       | 1,501.6    |  |  |
| Expenditures:              |             |             |             |             |             |            |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow          | 227.7       | 229.8       | 264.2       | 294.7       | 277.8       | 1,294.3    |  |  |
| Administration of Capital  | <u>40.0</u> | <u>40.0</u> | <u>41.2</u> | <u>42.4</u> | <u>43.7</u> | 207.3      |  |  |
| Total Expenditures         | 267.7       | 269.8       | 305.4       | 337.1       | 321.5       | 1,501.6    |  |  |
| Ending Balance             | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | -          |  |  |
| Debt Percentage of Funding | 65.7%       | 55.1%       | 49.6%       | 52.3%       | 40.5%       | 52.1%      |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

Projected new bond issues, outstanding debt, and debt service are shown in the following table.

| OUTSTANDING DEBT AND DE              | BT SERV       | ICE AT       | END OF F     | FISCAL Y     | EAR          |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                      | (\$ Millions) |              |              |              |              |
|                                      |               |              | Forecast     |              |              |
|                                      | FY18          | FY19         | FY20         | FY21         | FY22         |
| Beginning of Year Outstanding Debt   | 2,592.5       | 2,706.3      | 2,815.3      | 2,923.3      | 3,025.4      |
| Debt Retired                         | 60.8          | 65.8         | 68.8         | 74.5         | 80.3         |
| New Bond Issues and Commercial Paper | <u>179.5</u>  | <u>151.6</u> | <u>154.5</u> | <u>180.0</u> | <u>133.0</u> |
| Total Outstanding Debt               | 2,711.2       | 2,792.1      | 2,901.0      | 3,028.8      | 3,078.1      |
| Debt Service, Existing Debt          | 185.9         | 186.0        | 189.8        | 189.5        | 189.2        |
| Debt Service, New Debt               | 11.7          | 21.5         | 31.6         | 43.3         | 52.0         |
| Debt Servicing Costs                 | <u>2.0</u>    | 2.5          | <u>2.6</u>   | <u>2.7</u>   | 2.8          |
| Total Debt Service                   | 199.6         | 210.0        | 224.0        | 235.5        | 244.0        |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

## **CHAPTER 4: WASTEWATER SYSTEM**

This chapter provides a detailed description of the Wastewater System sources of funds, use of funds, department operations budgets including staffing, capital expenditures and a Five-Year Financial Forecast.

The Wastewater System Fund is an enterprise fund consisting of an operating and a capital budget. The function of the Wastewater System is the interception and treatment of wastewater from residences and industries in the communities of Alameda, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, Piedmont, and the Stege Sanitary District. The Wastewater System receives administrative, financial, and other support services from the Water System.

This chapter is organized into the following sections:

| Pages 177 - 210 | A detailed description of the FY18 and FY19 budgets including |
|-----------------|---|
|                 | sources of revenues and use of funds for operations, debt     |
|                 | financing, and capital programs. This section also includes a |
|                 | detailed department budget.                                   |

Pages 211 - 217 A five-year forecast of the Wastewater System projected revenues and expenditures for operations, debt financing, and capital programs

### **FUND SUMMARY**

The following are key projections and assumptions utilized in the FY18 and FY19 budget.

| WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND – KEY ASSUMPTIONS                            |         |         |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|
|   | FY18    | FY19    |  |  |  |  |
| % Rate Increase   | 5.0%    | 5.0%    |  |  |  |  |
| Average monthly single family residential bill based on 6 ccf/month | \$20.89 | \$21.95 |  |  |  |  |

The fund summary illustrates the beginning and ending fund balances as well as revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources/uses. The following table shows the fund balance, and projected revenues and expenditures for the Wastewater System for FY18 and FY19. The table is an expansion of the Wastewater System Fund Summary table presented at the end of Chapter 2.

# Wastewater System Fund Summary Operating and Capital Budgets

(\$ Millions)

|                                       |            | FY18        |                 |            | FY19        |                 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|
|                                       | Operating  | Capital     | Fund<br>Balance | Operating  | Capital     | Fund<br>Balance |
| Beginning FY Fund Balance (Projected) | 77.5       | 0.0         | 77.5            | 78.0       | 0.0         | 78.0            |
| (Frojected)                           | 11.5       | 0.0         | 11.5            | 70.0       | 0.0         | 70.0            |
| Sources of Funds                      |            |             |                 |            |             |                 |
| Operating Revenues                    |            |             |                 |            |             |                 |
| Treatment Charges                     | 71.7       |             | 71.7            | 75.3       |             | 75.3            |
| Resource Recovery                     | 8.0        |             | 8.0             | 8.0        |             | 8.0             |
| Wet Weather Facilities Charge         | 24.0       |             | 24.0            | 25.2       |             | 25.2            |
| Property Taxes                        | 4.8        |             | 4.8             | 4.9        |             | 4.9             |
| Ad Valorem Bond Levy                  | 2.2        |             | 2.2             | 0.0        |             | 0.0             |
| Interest Income                       | 1.5        |             | 1.5             | 1.5        |             | 1.5             |
| Laboratory Services                   | 4.1        |             | 4.1             | 4.3        |             | 4.3             |
| Reimbursements                        | 1.4        |             | 1.4             | 1.4        |             | 1.4             |
| Permit Fees                           | 1.6        |             | 1.6             | 1.6        |             | 1.6             |
| Capacity Charges                      | 1.8        |             | 1.8             | 1.9        |             | 1.9             |
| All Other Revenue                     | <u>5.7</u> |             | <u>5.7</u>      | <u>5.7</u> |             | <u>5.7</u>      |
| Total Operating Revenues              | 127.0      |             | 127.0           | 129.9      |             | 129.9           |
| Capital Funding Sources               |            |             |                 |            |             |                 |
| New Bond Proceeds                     |            | 20.1        | 20.1            |            | 13.7        | 13.7            |
| Loans Proceeds                        |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |
| Grants                                |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |
| Reimbursements                        |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |
| Commercial Paper                      |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |            | 0.0         | 0.0             |
| Total Capital Sources                 |            | 20.1        | 20.1            |            | 13.7        | 13.7            |
| Revenue Funded Capital                | (21.3)     | <u>21.3</u> | <u>0.0</u>      | (25.8)     | <u>25.8</u> | 0.0             |
| Total Sources of Funds                | 105.7      | 41.4        | 147.1           | 104.1      | 39.5        | 143.6           |
| Use of Funds                          |            |             |                 |            |             |                 |
| Operations                            | 70.6       |             | 70.6            | 73.1       |             | 73.1            |
| Debt Service                          | 34.7       |             | 34.7            | 31.9       |             | 31.9            |
| Capital Cash Flow                     |            | <u>41.4</u> | <u>41.4</u>     |            | <u>39.5</u> | <u>39.5</u>     |
| Total Use of Funds                    | 105.2      | 41.4        | 146.6           | 105.1      | 39.5        | 144.6           |
| Ending Balance *                      | 78.0       | 0.0         | 78.0            | 77.0       | 0.0         | 77.0            |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes reserves for working capital, self-insurance, worker's compensation, contingency and rate stabilization, and for capital projects.

# FY 2018 & FY 2019 BUDGET

### **SOURCES OF FUNDS**

Operating expenses are funded by a group of revenue sources approved by the Board of Directors. Anticipated capital expenses are funded primarily by a combination of bond issues, which results in annual debt service payments, and operating revenue.

The table below displays the amounts to be collected from revenue sources and shows the amounts that are expected to fund the capital program for the Wastewater System.

| WASTEWATER SYSTEM SOURCES OF FUNDS |               |            |            |            |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                    | (\$ Millions) |            |            |            |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | FY16          | FY17       | FY18       | FY19       |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Actuals       | Amended    | Adopted    | Adopted    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |               | Budget     | Budget     | Budget     |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Revenues:                | 0.4.0         | 70.0       | 74.7       | 75.0       |  |  |  |  |
| Treatment Charges                  | 64.3          | 70.3       | 71.7       | 75.3       |  |  |  |  |
| Resource Recovery                  | 11.6          | 8.0        | 8.0        | 8.0        |  |  |  |  |
| Wet Weather Facilities Charge      | 21.9          | 22.9       | 24.0       | 25.2       |  |  |  |  |
| Property Taxes                     | 4.6           | 4.4        | 4.8        | 4.9        |  |  |  |  |
| Ad Valorem Bond Levy               | 3.3           | 4.1        | 2.2        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Income                    | 0.3           | 0.7        | 1.5        | 1.5        |  |  |  |  |
| Laboratory Services                | 4.3           | 4.0        | 4.1        | 4.3        |  |  |  |  |
| Reimbursements                     | 1.4           | 1.0        | 1.4        | 1.4        |  |  |  |  |
| Permit Fees                        | 1.6           | 1.8        | 1.6        | 1.6        |  |  |  |  |
| Capacity Charges                   | 3.1           | 1.6        | 1.8        | 1.9        |  |  |  |  |
| All Other Revenue                  | <u>5.3</u>    | <u>5.7</u> | <u>5.7</u> | <u>5.7</u> |  |  |  |  |
| Total Operating Revenues           | 121.8         | 124.5      | 127.0      | 129.9      |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Funded Capital             | (35.8)        | (14.6)     | (21.3)     | (25.8)     |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Funding Sources:           |               |            |            |            |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Funded Capital             | 35.8          | 14.6       | 21.3       | 25.8       |  |  |  |  |
| New Bond Proceeds                  | 0.0           | 22.1       | 20.1       | 13.7       |  |  |  |  |
| Loans Proceeds                     | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |
| Grants                             | 0.3           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |
| Reimbursements                     | 0.7           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial Paper                   | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |
| Construction Fund                  | <u>0.0</u>    | <u>0.0</u> | <u>0.0</u> | <u>0.0</u> |  |  |  |  |
| Total Capital Funding Sources      | 36.9          | 36.7       | 41.4       | 39.5       |  |  |  |  |
| Total Wastewater Sources           | 122.9         | 146.6      | 147.1      | 143.6      |  |  |  |  |

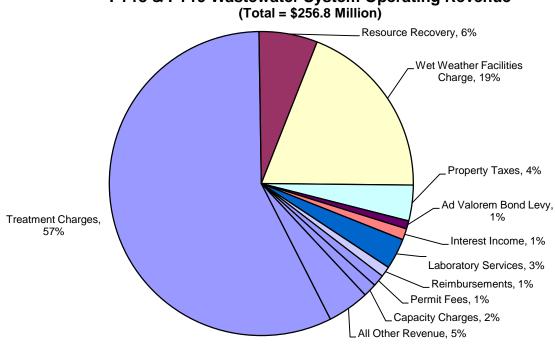
Numbers in the table may be rounded.

## **Operating Revenue**

Wastewater System operating revenues for FY18 are increasing \$2.5 million, or 2.0 percent compared to FY17, for a total of \$127.0 million. The projected wastewater treatment charges will total \$71.7 million, an increase of \$1.4 million compared to FY17. Wet Weather Facilities Charge revenue in FY18 is projected to increase \$1.1 million from the FY17 budgeted amount. Property tax revenue is increasing \$0.4 million to reflect projected collections. Interest income is increasing \$0.8 million due to higher projected interest rates. Reimbursement income from the Water System is increasing \$0.4 million due to work done by Wastewater staff on the recycled water programs that benefit water system customers. Ad Valorem Bond Levy proceeds are decreasing \$1.9 million compared to FY17 due to the retirement of the General Obligation bonds during this fiscal year.

In FY19, Wastewater System operating revenues will increase \$2.9 million, or 2.3 percent for a total of \$129.9 million. This increase is comprised primarily of \$4.8 million from rate increases in the wastewater treatment and Wet Weather Facilities Charges. Ad Valorem Bond Levy proceeds will decrease \$2.2 million compared to FY18 due to the retirement of the General Obligation bonds.

The figure below illustrates the various sources of revenue and the relative percentage each contributes to the total. Wastewater treatment charges revenue is the largest source of revenue comprising 58 percent of FY18 and FY19 total revenues. The second largest source of revenue is the Wet Weather Facilities Charge.



FY18 & FY19 Wastewater System Operating Revenue

The following pages provide more detail on each of the revenue categories.

## **Source Descriptions**

## **Operating Revenue**

The following are descriptions of the 11 sources of operating revenue, including information about the projected revenues for FY18 and FY19.

### **Treatment Charges**

The District provides treatment for discharges collected through city-owned sewers and transported through District interceptors and pump stations to the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant. Treatment charges for all customers are based on the volume and strength of the wastewater discharged plus a service charge, and are collected on the water service bill. The overall rate increase for the various wastewater treatment charges will be 5.0 percent for FY18 and an additional 5.0 percent for FY19. After the 5.0 percent rate increase for FY18, the projected wastewater treatment charge will total \$71.7 million, which is 2.0 percent higher than FY17 due to the drop in water use during the recent drought. For FY19, the projected wastewater treatment charge will be \$75.3 million, an increase of \$3.6 million or 5.0 percent over the FY18 treatment revenue.

#### **Resource Recovery**

The District utilizes its excess capacity at the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant with the acceptance of trucked waste. The Resource Recovery Program is projected to generate \$8.0 million in FY18 and in FY19.

### **Wet Weather Facilities Charge**

In June 1987, the Board of Directors established the Wet Weather Facilities Charge to pay for the costs associated with the District wet weather facilities. This charge is assessed on a per parcel basis and, while it is not a tax, the charge is collected on the county property tax bill. The charge is projected to generate approximately \$24.0 million in FY18, a 4.8 percent increase over the FY17 budget. In FY19, the projected revenue is \$25.2 million, a 5.0 percent increase over the FY18 budget.

### **Property Taxes**

The District receives a portion of the one percent county levy on properties within District boundaries. The percentage of the county levy received varies depending on the number of other agencies participating in the distribution. The District's Wastewater share has averaged 0.5 percent of the total monies collected. For FY18, property tax revenue is projected to be \$4.8 million. For FY19, revenues are projected to be \$4.9 million or \$0.1 million over FY18.

### **Ad Valorem Bond Levy**

The Wastewater System has the authority, approved by a two-thirds majority of the voters, to impose an ad valorem property tax to recover the debt service on its outstanding General Obligation (GO) bonds. The District has one GO bond outstanding with a remaining balance of approximately \$2.2 million. As of August 2016, the net assessed valuation for property within the Wastewater System is \$96.8 billion. For FY18, the ad valorem property tax rate will be approximately \$0.0023 per \$100 of assessed value, or \$2.30 for every \$100,000 of assessed valuation. After FY18, the GO bond will be paid off and the levy will no longer be collected.

#### **Interest Income**

The District places funds not needed for current expenditures in short-term investments, following the same procedures as the Water System. Interest income in FY18 is projected to be \$1.5 million, an increase of \$0.8 million over the FY17 budgeted amount due to an increase in the projected interest rates. Interest income in FY19 is projected to be \$1.5 million. Interest is assumed to be 2 percent in FY18 and in FY19.

### **Laboratory Services**

The Wastewater Laboratory provides testing and analysis services for the Water and Wastewater Systems and several outside agencies. The Water and Wastewater Systems share in the joint costs of operating the lab. Revenues from the Water System and outside agencies are projected to be \$4.1 million for FY18 and \$4.3 million for FY19.

#### Reimbursements

The Wastewater System is reimbursed from the Water System for work done by Wastewater staff on the recycled water programs. In FY18 and in FY19, the estimated revenue from reimbursements is \$1.4 million, which reflects the actual reimbursements from FY16.

#### **Permit Fees**

The District collects fees to fund its pollution prevention programs and the discharge permit programs. In FY18 and in FY19, the estimated revenue from these permit fees will be \$1.6 million, a slight decrease from the FY17 budget of \$1.8 million due to fewer accounts in the discharge permit programs.

## **Capacity Charges**

In FY14, the District designated the revenues received from the Wastewater Capacity Fees (WCF) as operating revenue for purposes of the budget and the bond indenture. This allows the WCF revenues to be used in the debt coverage ratio calculation for Wastewater. Because the WCF is collected from new customers as payment for their share of existing wastewater facilities, these revenues can be classified as being available to pay for debt expenses for capital. This is similar to the treatment of the Water System Capacity Charge revenue. This change in designation of revenues reduces the amount of the wastewater treatment rate increase that is required to meet the debt coverage ratio target. The WCF revenue is projected to be \$1.8 million in FY18 and \$1.9 million in FY19.

#### **All Other Revenue**

Included in this category are lease revenue of District properties, reimbursements from the U.S. Treasury under the Build America Bond program, revenue from energy sales at the Power Generation Station, and private sewer lateral fees. All other revenue for the Wastewater System is expected to remain at \$5.7 million for FY18 and FY19.

## **Capital Funding**

The following are descriptions of the five sources of capital funding. The FY18 and FY19 capital improvement program will be funded with bond proceeds and wastewater revenue and reserves. It is anticipated that the District will receive \$20.1 million in new revenue bond proceeds in FY18 and \$13.7 in FY19, combined with revenue funded capital of \$21.3 million in FY18 and \$25.8 million in FY19.

Please refer to the section Debt Service and Financing for additional details on debt funding of capital projects.

#### **New Bond Proceeds**

The District has the ability to issue long-term bonds to fund its capital program. The proceeds of the bond sales can be used to pay for capital expenses over several years. The repayment of the bonds is generally over 30 years and is paid from wastewater rate revenues.

### **Commercial Paper Issues**

In addition to issuing long-term bonds to fund its capital program, the District has used short-term borrowing in the form of commercial paper to raise revenues for capital expenses. The term of commercial paper can be up to 270 days. The repayment of commercial paper is paid from wastewater rate revenues.

#### **Grants and Loans Proceeds**

The District seeks out federal and state grants and low-interest loans to fund some of its capital projects when they meet the conditions of the grant and loan programs.

#### Reimbursements

Some of the capital projects in the Wastewater System are done at the request of other agencies, and the District is reimbursed for its expenses. An example would be the relocation of a portion of the sewer interceptor at the request of a city or state agency.

#### **Revenue Funded Capital**

Annual capital expenses that are not paid from debt funding, grants, loans or reimbursements must be paid from revenues, either from current year revenues or from reserves.

## **USE OF FUNDS**

The Wastewater System has three types of expenditures:

Operations, or the annual costs of providing all wastewater services;

**Debt Service**, or the repayment of bonds for making capital investments in the wastewater system; and

**Capital cash flow,** or the annual costs of the Capital Improvement Program for long-term projects.

The following table shows the breakdown of expenses for operations, debt service, and capital cash flow.

| USE OF FUNDS   |              |             |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | (\$ Millions | s)          |             |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | FY16         | FY17        | FY18        | FY19        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditure Type   | Actuals      | Amended     | Adopted     | Adopted     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |              | Budget      | Budget      | Budget      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operations   | 60.3         | 70.7        | 70.6        | 73.1        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Service   | 33.2         | 34.0        | 34.7        | 31.9        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow  | <u>37.0</u>  | <u>36.7</u> | <u>41.4</u> | <u>39.5</u> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenditures                                       | 130.4        | 141.4       | 146.6       | 144.6       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenditures  Numbers in the table may be rounded. | 130.4        | 141.4       | 146.6       |             |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## **Operations**

This section contains charts and tables which explain the major components of the Wastewater System operations budget. Typical operations expenditures include, but are not limited to labor, benefits, chemicals, energy, spoils/sludge disposal, parts and materials, and fees and licenses.

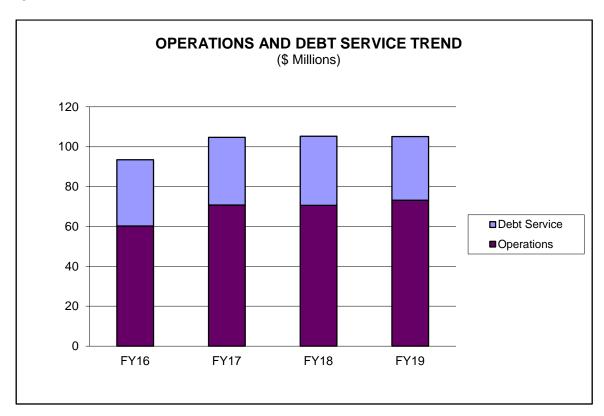
The operations budget is also shown. The details include a discussion of services provided, significant budget changes, and staffing and position changes.

The table below details the operations and debt service budget for FY18 and FY19.

|              | Operations and Debt Service |             |             |         |             |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
|              |                             | (\$ Mill    | ions)       |         |             |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | FY16                        | FY17        | FY18        | FY18    | FY19        | FY19    |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Actuals                     | Amended     | Adopted     | Change  | Adopted     | Change  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                             | Budget      | Budget      | vs FY17 | Budget      | vs FY18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operations   | 60.3                        | 70.7        | 70.6        | -0.2%   | 73.1        | 3.7%    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Service | <u>33.2</u>                 | <u>34.0</u> | <u>34.7</u> | 2.1%    | <u>31.9</u> | -7.9%   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total        | 93.5                        | 104.7       | 105.2       | 0.5%    | 105.1       | -0.1%   |  |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

In FY18, the operations and debt service budget is increasing \$0.5 million or 0.5 percent over the FY17 amended budget, and in FY19 will decrease \$0.1 million or 0.1 percent compared to FY18.



## **Department Operations Budget**

The operations portion of the Wastewater System budget is divided into various departments. One department is referred to as a staffed department indicating employees are assigned to work in the department. The staffed department budget funds the day-to-day operations of the Wastewater System, and includes funding for labor, benefits, outside contract services and other non-labor expenses such as chemicals, energy, spoils and sludge disposal, parts and materials, and fees and licenses. A detailed description of the staffed department is included later in this chapter.

A small number of departments do not have personnel assigned to them and are referred to as non-staffed departments. The impact on the budget by each of the following departments varies:

**Contingency -** Funds budgeted each fiscal year to primarily cover projected labor-related expenses such as the employee cost of living adjustment which is based upon each year's February Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) in the San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose area. The index is published in March of each year. The contingency budget also includes funding for unanticipated needs which may arise before the next budget cycle.

**Administration of Capital -** The administration of capital represents those costs that are not directly attributable to specific capital projects but are more generalized indirect support of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The administration of capital in the operations budget will decrease operating expense by a like amount and reallocate the costs to the capital budget.

The following table presents the total FY18 and FY19 Wastewater System operations budget by department.

| Operations Budget by Department (\$ Thousands) |         |                           |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| DEPARTMENT                                     | FY16    | FY17<br>Amended<br>Budget | FY18<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19<br>Adopted<br>Budget | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater                                     | 64,042  | 73,477                    | 71,480                    | -2.7%                     | 72,981                    | 2.1%                      |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal Staffed Department                    | 64,042  | 73,477                    | 71,480                    | -2.7%                     | 72,981                    | 2.1%                      |  |  |  |  |
| Contingency                                    | 180     | 240                       | 2,078                     | -                         | 3,156                     | -                         |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital                      | (3,951) | (3,000)                   | (3,000)                   | 0.0%                      | (3,000)                   | 0.0%                      |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal Operations Expenses                   | 60,271  | 70,717                    | 70,558                    | -0.2%                     | 73,137                    | 3.7%                      |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Service                                   | 33,202  | 33,956                    | 34,659                    | 2.1%                      | 31,936                    | -7.9%                     |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL  | 93,472  | 104,673                   | 105,217                   | 0.5%                      | 105,074                   | -0.1%                     |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The FY17 amended staffed department budgets include a cost of living adjustment.

## **Department Operations Budget Highlights**

The Wastewater System is comprised of one staffed department that performs all aspects of wastewater system operations. This section details the department's labor and non-labor budget, department goals and staffing.

#### **Labor and Benefits**

Labor and benefits are allocated between the staffed department and contingency for cost of living adjustments. Cost of living adjustments are not shown in the staffed department's FY18 and FY19 labor and benefits budget since it is based on the CPI-W index and the amount is not known until the index is published annually. Once the index is published, and if funds are needed, contingency would be transferred to departments. The details of the department's labor and benefits budget are shown later in this chapter.

A number of complex drivers impact the labor and benefits budget beyond funding additional positions. One of the major complex drivers is a slower than projected rise in benefit costs which result in a lower fringe benefit rate compared to the prior fiscal year.

In comparison to the prior fiscal year, additional positions have been funded in the Wastewater Department in FY18 and FY19. This increase in funding for positions is offset each fiscal year when compared to the prior biennial budget due to a lower fringe benefit rate and a reduction in budgeted overtime. In addition, starting in FY18, a greater portion of labor is allocated to capital work reducing the operations labor and benefits budget. In FY19, total labor and benefits will increase due to funding an additional position and scheduled salary step increases.

Unlike the Water System, the Wastewater System has only one staffed department as mentioned earlier. Therefore, the department's labor and benefits are explained in greater detail in the budget highlights later in this chapter.

#### Non-labor

The Wastewater staffed department non-labor costs are decreasing \$0.7 million or 2.0 percent in FY18 and will increase \$0.8 million or 2.4 percent in FY19 compared to the prior fiscal year. A detailed explanation of the significant changes is shown in the department budget highlights section later in this chapter.

# **Department Operations by Budget Category**

The table below depicts the Wastewater System staffed department operations by expense category. It does not include capital labor; however, capital labor by department is shown later in this chapter.

| FY18 & FY19 DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS BY CATEGORIES  (\$ Thousands) |        |                      |        |                 |        |                      |        |                 |
|---|--------|----------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|----------------------|--------|-----------------|
|   |        | FY18 FY19            |        |                 |        |                      |        |                 |
| Department  | Labor  | Contract<br>Services |        | Total<br>Budget | Labor  | Contract<br>Services |        | Total<br>Budget |
| Wastewater  | 39,855 | 4,471                | 27,153 | 71,480          | 40,586 | 4,413                | 27,983 | 72,981          |
| TOTAL   | 39,855 | 4,471                | 27,153 | 71,480          | 40,586 | 4,413                | 27,983 | 72,981          |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

## **Staffed Department Descriptions**

The next section describes the staffed department and includes the following topics:

<u>Overview</u> provides an overall statement about the key responsibilities of the department within the larger mission of the District as a whole.

<u>Description of Services Provided</u> describes the responsibilities of the department, by unit (division) or by function, including services required to meet regulatory or legal requirements.

<u>FY18 & FY19 Goals</u> highlights the highest priority tasks or projects related to the budget, and place these in the context of the overall District Strategic Plan.

<u>Department Budget Summary</u> is a reference table that shows the Department's operating budget expenditures by category (Labor and Benefits, Contract Services, All Other Costs). It also includes capital labor to give a more complete picture of departmental budget.

<u>Budget Highlights</u> shows changes in cost relative to the previous fiscal year and describes reasons for those changes. This section focuses on the significant budget change.

<u>Staffing Summary</u> is a reference table that shows the Full-Time Equivalency (FTE) for the department by appointment type (full-time, part-time, etc.).

<u>Staffing Changes</u> is a section included only for departments that have position changes that require Board approval. It includes a table that enumerates position changes, followed by a brief description of the changes. The change in cost is determined by comparing the annual cost of the salaries and benefits of the current classification with the annual cost of the new classification at the top salary step.

### **WASTEWATER DEPARTMENT**

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Wastewater Department operates and maintains the District's wastewater treatment facilities to comply with environmental and public health requirements. The department strives to protect the environment by reducing or eliminating the discharge of toxic and noxious substances to the air, land and San Francisco Bay. The primary goal is to ensure public health and safety by complying with federal, state and local regulations regarding air, biosolids and water.

### **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES**

The department consists of the Wastewater Treatment, Wastewater Engineering, Laboratory Services, and Environmental Services divisions. The department operates and maintains the main wastewater treatment plant and three wet weather facilities; maintains the wastewater system infrastructure including sewer interceptors; monitors discharges by all wastewater customers; and tests and reports analytical results on water and wastewater.

#### **FY18 & FY19 GOALS**

The department has a key role in the Strategic Plan goals of Water Quality and Environmental Protection, Long-Term Infrastructure Investment, and Long-Term Financial Stability. Key department goals include:

- Reducing environmental impacts on the San Francisco Bay during wet weather events through improving operational reliability and reducing inflow and infiltration;
- Pursuing opportunities to grow the Resource Recovery Program;
- Continuing to be a good neighbor by improving operating practices and investing in technologies that will minimize odors from the wastewater treatment plant; and
- Initiating planning activities to evaluate short-term and long-term nutrient management alternatives and maintaining a regional leadership role to ensure a collaborative, science based approach to addressing potential nutrient impairment in the San Francisco Bay.

#### **DEPARTMENT BUDGET SUMMARY**

A comparison of the department's budget is shown in the table below.

|                                  | FY16          | FY17           | FY18          | FY18    | FY19           | FY19    |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Category                         | Actuals       | Amended        | Adopted       | Change  | Adopted        | Change  |
| (\$ Thousands)                   |               | Budget         | Budget        | vs FY17 | Budget         | vs FY18 |
| Total Labor and Benefits         | 46,246        | 50,894         | 49,702        | -2.3%   | 50,471         | 1.5%    |
| Less: Capital Labor and Benefits | (10,233)      | <u>(9,695)</u> | (9,846)       | 1.6%    | <u>(9,886)</u> | 0.4%    |
| Operating Labor and Benefits     | 36,012        | 41,199         | 39,855        | -3.3%   | 40,586         | 1.8%    |
| Contract Services                | 3,512         | 3,806          | 4,471         | 17.5%   | 4,413          | -1.3%   |
| All Other Costs                  | <u>24,518</u> | <u>28,472</u>  | <u>27,153</u> | -4.6%   | <u>27,983</u>  | 3.1%    |
| Operating Total                  | 64,042        | 73,477         | 71,480        | -2.7%   | 72,981         | 2.1%    |

### **BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS**

The department's total operating budget in FY18 is decreasing \$2.0 million or 2.7 percent compared to FY17. In FY19, the budget will increase \$1.5 million or 2.1 percent compared to the prior fiscal year. Significant budget changes include:

#### FY18

Total labor and benefits is decreasing by \$1.2 million. Operating labor and benefits is decreasing by \$1.3 million primarily due to a lower fringe benefit rate, a reduction in budgeted overtime, and a higher portion of labor allocated to capital projects. Contract services are increasing by \$0.7 million for inflow investigations in community sewer systems required by the consent decree and to support the Electrical Integrity Program. All other costs are decreasing by \$1.3 million primarily due to decreased chemical costs (\$0.5 million) resulting from operational efficiencies and lower chemical prices; and a reduction in the department's share of reimbursable costs (\$0.6 million) to the Water System covering services such as billing and collection, finance, human resources, and rent.

## FY19

Total labor and benefits costs will increase \$0.8 million primarily due to scheduled salary step increases and an additional full-time FTE to meet workload needs. Contract services will decrease \$0.06 million primarily due to the elimination of the Electrical Integrity Program outside service which will now be performed by Wastewater staff. All other costs will increase by \$0.8 million primarily due to chemical costs, District vehicle fleet costs, spoils and sludge disposal, fees and licenses, and computer software. In addition, the department's share of reimbursable costs to the Water System will increase by \$0.2 million primarily due to projected labor cost increases.

## **STAFFING SUMMARY**

The table below shows the staffing of the department.

| Position Type                    | FY16  | FY17  | FY18  | FY18<br>Change<br>vs FY17 | FY19  | FY19<br>Change<br>vs FY18 |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| Full-Time                        | 281.0 | 280.0 | 282.0 | 2.0                       | 283.0 | 1.0                       |
| Limited-Term / Temp Construction | 3.0   | 5.0   | 4.0   | (1.0)                     | 4.0   | 0.0                       |
| Intermittent                     | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0                       | 0.0   | 0.0                       |
| Temporary / Part-Time            | 1.5   | 1.5   | 0.5   | (1.0)                     | 0.5   | 0.0                       |
| Total FTE                        | 285.5 | 286.5 | 286.5 | 0.0                       | 287.5 | 1.0                       |

In FY18, one full-time FTE is transferred to the Water System.

### **STAFFING CHANGES**

The table below summarizes the FTE changes followed by a brief description. The net change in cost represents the difference between the annual salary at the top step including benefits for the existing highest job classification versus the highest classification for the change.

| FY            | Action                            | From Classification(s)                                  | To Classification(s)                            | Change in Cost | Change in FTE | Project/Program   |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------------|---------------|---|
| 2018          | Delete                            | (Temp) Gardener II                                      |   | (59,761)       | (0.5)         | Full-time<br>Gardener utilized<br>in place of two                               |
| 2018          | Delete                            | (Temp) Gardener II                                      |   | (59,761)       | (0.5)         | temporary<br>Gardeners  |
| 2018          | Delete                            | (LT) Assistant<br>Engineer                              |   | (195,828)      | (1.0)         | Resource<br>Recovery  |
| 2018          | Delete                            | (LT) WW Control Rep                                     |   | (168,893)      | (1.0)         | Private Sewer<br>Lateral  |
| 2018          | Add                               |   | Facility Specialist II                          | 149,318        | 1.0           | Reduce outside<br>services  |
| 2018          | Add                               |   | Associate Civil<br>Engineer                     | 216,232        | 1.0           | Increased CIP   |
| 2018          | Add                               |   | Senior Construction Inspector                   | 191,033        | 1.0           | Increased CIP   |
| 2018          | Add                               |   | (LT) Information<br>Services Supervisor         | 232,788        | 1.0           | To support restructure of information system services                           |
| 2018          | Reallocate<br>& Flex<br>Character | Senior Civil Engineer/<br>Senior Mechanical<br>Engineer | (Reg/LT) Information<br>System Administrator II | (29,007)       | 0.0           | To procure and implement a replacement Laboratory Information Management System |
| FY18<br>TOTAL |                                   |   |   | 276,121        | 1.0           |   |
| 2019          | Add                               |   | Electrical Technician                           | 168,688        | 1.0           | Electrical Integrity<br>Program   |
| FY19<br>TOTAL |                                   |   |   | 168,688        | 1.0           |   |

In FY18, the department is deleting one FTE (two temporary positions) and two limited-term FTEs due to either completion of projects or workload efficiencies. The department is adding three full-time FTEs and one limited-term FTE to support increased capital workload and reduce outside services. The department is flexing one full-time FTE with one limited-term FTE and reallocating it to a new classification. In FY19, the department is adding one full-time FTE for the Electrical Integrity Program.

## Staffing

The table below provides the full-time equivalent (FTE) and compares the changes from year-to-year. Depending upon the appointment type, the FTE value will be different. Full-time, limited-term and temporary construction appointment types are equivalent to 1.0 FTE; intermittent appointment types are equivalent to 0.75 FTE; part-time and temporary appointment types are equivalent to 0.5 FTE.

| FY18 & FY19 STAFFING BY DEPARTMENT |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| By Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)      |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | FY17    | FY18    | FY18    | FY19    | FY19    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department                         | Amended | Adopted | Change  | Adopted | Change  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | Budget  | Budget  | vs FY17 | Budget  | vs FY18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| WASTEWATER SYSTEM TOTAL            | 286.5   | 286.5   | 0.0     | 287.5   | 1.0     |  |  |  |  |  |

In FY18, the Wastewater System has a net zero change in FTE compared to FY17. Chapter 2 shows 1.0 FTE added to the Wastewater System, but is offset by one FTE transferred from the Wastewater System to the Wastewater System. In FY19, one FTE is added to the Wastewater System.

For a more detailed description of staffing changes, please see the specific department section in this chapter or the Staffing section in the District Budget Summary Chapter 2 of this book.

## **Bargaining Unit Changes**

The following tables show the net change in bargaining unit status of authorized FTEs represented by AFSCME Local 2019, AFSCME Local 444, IFPTE Local 21, and IUOE Local 39; or included in Management/Confidential, non-represented groups, and civil service exempt positions. The tables reflect all staffing changes for FY18 and FY19.

| FY 18 vs. FY 17 Net Change in Bargaining Unit Status (by FTE) |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |  |  |
|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Department  | Local<br>2019 | Local<br>444 | Local<br>21 | Local<br>39 | MGMT /<br>Confi-<br>dential | Non-<br>Rep | Civil<br>Service<br>Exempt |  |  |
| Wastewater  |               |              | 1           |             |                             |             |                            |  |  |
| Total Net Change  | 0             | 0            | 1           | 0           | 0                           | 0           | 0                          |  |  |

| FY 19 vs. FY 18 Net Change in Bargaining Unit Status (by FTE) |               |              |             |             |                             |             |                            |  |  |
|---|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Department  | Local<br>2019 | Local<br>444 | Local<br>21 | Local<br>39 | MGMT /<br>Confi-<br>dential | Non-<br>Rep | Civil<br>Service<br>Exempt |  |  |
| Wastewater  |               | 1            |             |             |                             |             |                            |  |  |
| Total Net Change  | 0             | 1            | 0           | 0           | 0                           | 0           | 0                          |  |  |

## **Debt Service and Financing**

This section describes the Wastewater System's current and projected debt obligations, current credit ratings, and adherence to the District's debt financing policies.

The District incurs debt to finance projects or purchase, repair or replace assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. Issuance of revenue supported debt is authorized by the District's Board of Directors, subject to a referendum process. Individual revenue bond issues are authorized by the District's Board of Directors.

The annual debt service principal and interest payments are charged to the operating budget. However, debt is only issued to finance capital investment activities.

## **Outstanding Debt**

The Wastewater System has a total outstanding debt of \$397.2 million as of June 30, 2017. The District's debt issues are summarized below and discussed in detail thereafter.

| OUTSTANDING DEBT                   |                               |                  |                  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| As of June 30, 2017                |                               |                  |                  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Issue                              | (\$ Thousands  Date  of Issue | Last<br>Maturity | Amount<br>Issued | Debt<br>Outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |
| LONG-TERM DEBT                     |                               |                  |                  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue Bonds:                     |                               |                  |                  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2007B                       | 5/16/2007                     | 6/1/2026         | 46,670           | 23,915              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2010A                       | 10/20/2010                    | 6/1/2029         | 58,095           | 41,905              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2010B (Build America Bonds) | 10/20/2010                    | 6/1/2040         | 150,000          | 150,000             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2012A                       | 10/10/2012                    | 6/1/2037         | 20,000           | 20,000              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2014A                       | 8/28/2014                     | 6/1/2031         | 80,425           | 72,040              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2015A1                      | 3/6/2015                      | 6/1/2037         | 54,805           | 54,805              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2015A2                      | 3/6/2015                      | 6/1/2038         | 13,565           | 13,565              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2015B                       | 3/6/2015                      | 6/1/2030         | 2,795            | 2,475               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Revenue Bonds                | -                             | -                | \$426,355        | \$378,705           |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Obligations Bonds          |                               |                  |                  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series G                           | 2/27/2014                     | 4/1/2018         | \$14,160         | \$3,515             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Long-Term Debt               |                               |                  | \$440,515        | \$382,220           |  |  |  |  |  |
| SHORT-TERM DEBT                    |                               |                  |                  |                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extendable Commercial Paper        | Various                       | Various          | N/A              | \$15,000            |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT             |                               |                  |                  | \$397,220           |  |  |  |  |  |

The District may issue Wastewater System revenue refunding bonds in FY17 to take advantage of market interest rates. Refunding debt at lower interest rates can save the District a substantial amount of money if market conditions allow. The budget assumes issuance of \$20.5 million in additional new Wastewater System revenue bonds to fund FY18, and \$14.0 million to fund FY19 capital expenditures.

### **Debt Service**

The Wastewater System total outstanding debt of \$397.2 million projected as of June 30, 2017 will cost the District \$273.4 million in interest payments over the next 23 years, as detailed in the table below. The principal payments below do not include the payments of extendible commercial paper principal, as there is no final maturity associated with those notes.

Interest rates on extendable commercial paper (ECP) were projected at 2.5 percent in FY17 and thereafter.

| Proje       | cted Debt Service on | Current Outstanding l | Debt         |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| Fiscal Year | Principal            | Interest              | Debt Service |
| 2018        | 13,790,000           | 19,336,348            | 33,126,348   |
| 2019        | 10,675,000           | 18,817,823            | 29,492,823   |
| 2020        | 11,185,000           | 18,315,008            | 29,500,008   |
| 2021        | 11,665,000           | 17,814,288            | 29,479,288   |
| 2022        | 12,220,000           | 17,235,413            | 29,455,413   |
| 2023        | 12,790,000           | 16,628,913            | 29,418,913   |
| 2024        | 13,360,000           | 16,024,373            | 29,384,373   |
| 2025        | 13,980,000           | 15,360,443            | 29,340,443   |
| 2026        | 14,625,000           | 14,665,733            | 29,290,733   |
| 2027        | 14,285,000           | 13,937,783            | 28,222,783   |
| 2028        | 14,300,000           | 13,226,915            | 27,526,915   |
| 2029        | 15,030,000           | 12,515,380            | 27,545,380   |
| 2030        | 15,750,000           | 11,769,114            | 27,519,114   |
| 2031        | 16,305,000           | 10,982,489            | 27,287,489   |
| 2032        | 16,795,000           | 10,164,252            | 26,959,252   |
| 2033        | 17,620,000           | 9,321,369             | 26,941,369   |
| 2034        | 18,505,000           | 8,430,726             | 26,935,726   |
| 2035        | 19,410,000           | 7,498,209             | 26,908,209   |
| 2036        | 20,360,000           | 6,520,044             | 26,880,044   |
| 2037        | 21,345,000           | 5,493,983             | 26,838,983   |
| 2038        | 24,365,000           | 4,418,250             | 28,783,250   |
| 2039        | 26,250,000           | 3,162,794             | 29,412,794   |
| 2040        | 27,610,000           | 1,804,094             | 29,414,094   |
| Total       | 382,220,000          | 273,443,744           | 655,663,744  |

The difference in the debt service from the budgeted amount results from two factors. First, the figures in the table above include only debt service on currently outstanding bonds while budgeted debt service includes interest and principal on new bonds expected to be issued in FY18 and FY19 to fund the Capital Improvement Program. Second, budgeted figures include additional costs associated with the debt portfolio including re-marketing fees and debt service administration.

### **Debt Ratings**

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of an investment, such as a revenue bond, will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Credit ratings are assigned to bonds by nationally recognized statistical credit rating organizations based on published methodologies. The ratings reflect the organizations' opinions about the issuer's ability and willingness to meet its financial obligations. All investment grade ratings presume the obligation will be paid, in full and on time, currently and in the future.

Strong credit ratings provide tangible benefits to ratepayers in the form of reduced debt service cost. A strong credit rating provides better access to capital markets, lower interest rates, better terms on debt, and access to a greater variety of debt products. Prudent financial management policies have contributed to the District's strong ratings shown in the tables below.

As of January 1, 2017, ratings on the Wastewater System's debt were as follows:

| Wastewater System Debt Ratings |                      |                              |       |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Debt by Type                   | Standard &<br>Poor's | Moody's<br>Investors Service | Fitch |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Obligation Bonds       | AAA                  | Aa1                          |       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed Rate Revenue Bonds       | AAA                  | Aa2                          | AA+   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extendable Commercial Paper    | A-1+                 | P-1                          | F1+   |  |  |  |  |  |

## **Debt Management Policy and Debt Service Coverage**

The District is subject to legal debt limits prescribed in the Municipal Utility District (MUD) Act. The MUD Act describes three types of legal limitations: general debt limits, revenue bond limits, and short-term borrowing limits.

The District's general debt indebtedness cannot exceed the ordinary annual income and revenue of the District without a two-thirds approval of the voters. However, revenue bonds are not included in general debt limits.

The District is authorized to issue revenue bonds with the approval of a resolution from the Board of Directors, subject to a 60-day referendum period. The resolution specifies the maximum principal amount of bonds that may be issued pursuant to the authorization. The District's Board of Directors also approves individual series of revenue bonds issued under the broader authorization.

The MUD Act authorizes the District to issue short-term indebtedness without an election of the voters. The amount of short-term borrowing cannot exceed the lesser of 1) the annual average total revenue of the three preceding years or 2) twenty-five percent of the District's total outstanding bonds. This provision is substantially the same as the District's internal policy discussed below.

The District has also established its own policy regarding debt management (Policy 4.02: Cash Reserves and Debt Management – see Appendix). The purpose of the debt policy is to maintain a reasonable balance between debt and current revenue financing of capital projects, which is critical to retaining the District's financing flexibility. The policy also calls for the District to comply with all applicable requirements and ensure that issuance of all debt conforms to the District's overriding principle of exercising responsible financial management.

Specific metrics in the debt management policy call for the District to:

- a) maintain an annual revenue bond debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.6 times;
- b) limit debt-funded capital to no more than 65 percent of the total capital program over each five-year planning period; and
- c) limit commercial paper/variable rate debt to 25 percent of outstanding long-term debt.

### Debt Service Coverage Ratio

The debt service coverage policy ensures that the District has sufficient annual operating revenues to pay its operating expenses and meet its debt service obligations on its revenue bonds and other parity debt. The revenue bond debt service coverage ratio is defined as the District's net operating revenue (current year's operating revenue less the current year's operating expenses) divided by the current year's debt service on all revenue bonds and other parity debt. In FY18 and FY19, the projected debt coverage ratios are 1.78 and 1.81 respectively.

### Debt-Funded Capital

The percentage of the capital program that is funded by debt over the five-year planning period FY18-22 will be 34.7 percent, which is under the financial policy maximum target of 65 percent. The debt percentage funding for FY18 and FY19 is shown in the below table.

| Projected Debt Percentage of Funding |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (\$ Millions)                        |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FY18 FY19                            |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditures:                        |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow                    | 38.4       | 36.5       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital            | <u>3.0</u> | <u>3.0</u> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Expenditures                   | 41.4       | 39.5       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Project Funding:                     |            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Bond Proceeds                    | 20.1       | 13.7       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans Proceeds                       | 0.0        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial Paper                     | 0.0        | 0.0        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction Fund                    | 0.0        | <u>0.0</u> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Resources                      | 20.1       | 13.7       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt Percentage of Funding           | 48.6%      | 34.7%      |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Commercial Paper and Variable Rate Debt Ratio

The District has authorized a short-term extendable commercial paper (ECP) borrowing program consistent with the MUD Act and the District's debt management policy. Under this program, the District may issue commercial paper notes at prevailing interest rates for periods of not more than 120 days from the date of issuance with the option by the District to extend the maturity for another 150 days. The program is not supported by any liquidity or revolving credit agreement. The Wastewater System ECP is secured by a pledge of the Wastewater System's net revenues, subordinate to the System's revenue bonds.

On June 30, 2017, \$15.0 million of Wastewater ECP is projected to be outstanding under the program. Wastewater System ECP will comprise 3.8 percent of the approximately \$397.2 million in total outstanding debt at the end of FY17.

The Wastewater System has no variable rate debt outstanding.

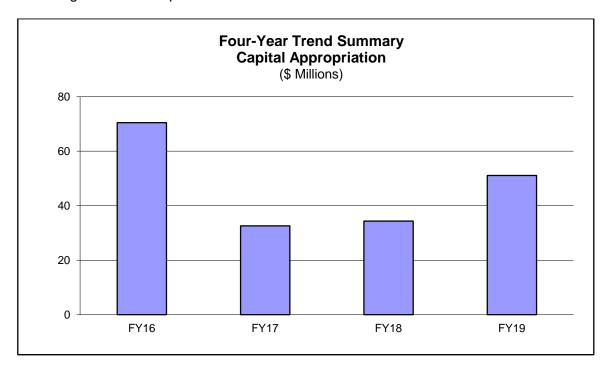
## **Capital Expenditures**

The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) consists of projects that typically result in the construction of new facilities, or the rehabilitation or upgrade of existing facilities. Project costs include all expenditures required to study, plan, design, purchase, construct, or upgrade new or existing facilities. In addition, projects can include large equipment purchases and the creation or replacement of computer systems infrastructure.

## **Capital Appropriation**

Capital appropriations represent the amounts approved by the Board to be spent on projects in the CIP. Since these appropriations are often spent over multiple years, the amounts appropriated for each fiscal year will vary depending upon project scope and timing, and any unspent appropriation a project may have.

The Wastewater System's FY18 appropriation totals \$34.4 million, an increase of \$1.8 million from FY17. In FY19, the appropriation totals \$51.1 million, an increase of \$16.7 million from FY18. The FY18 and FY19 appropriations reflect the District's continued commitment to improving the infrastructure at the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant, controlling odors, and rehabilitating sewer interceptors.



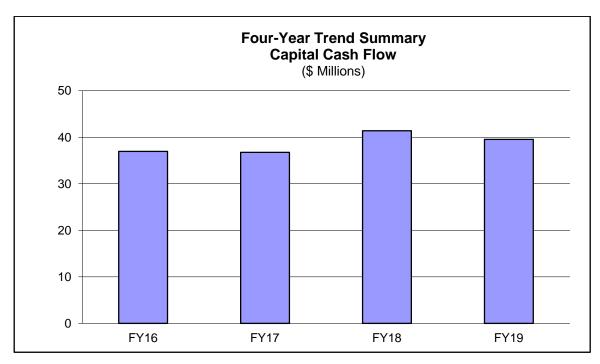
| Capital Appropriation |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| (\$ Millions)         |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
|                       | FY16    | FY17    | FY18    | FY18    | FY19    | FY19    |  |  |  |
|                       | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted | Change  | Adopted | Change  |  |  |  |
|                       | Budget  | Budget  | Budget  | vs FY17 | Budget  | vs FY18 |  |  |  |
|                       |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |
| Capital Appropriation | 70.5    | 32.6    | 34.4    | 5.5%    | 51.1    | 48.7%   |  |  |  |

Includes Administration of Capital

## **Capital Cash Flow**

Capital cash flows represent the amounts projected to be spent each fiscal year on projects in the CIP. The amount of cash flow each year varies as projects progress from one phase to another, such as from planning to design and then construction, and as projects are completed and new ones started.

The Wastewater System's FY18 cash flow totals \$41.4 million, an increase of \$4.7 million from FY17. In FY19, the cash flow totals \$39.5 million, a decrease of \$1.9 million from FY18. Key projects in the FY18 and FY19 cash flows include the 3<sup>rd</sup> Street sewer interceptor rehabilitation, concrete rehabilitation, digester upgrades, odor control improvements, and treatment plant infrastructure upgrades.



| Capital Cash Flow |        |                   |                   |                |                   |                |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| (\$ Millions)     |        |                   |                   |                |                   |                |  |  |  |
|                   | FY16   | FY17              | FY18              | FY18           | FY19              | FY19           |  |  |  |
|                   | Actual | Adopted<br>Budget | Adopted<br>Budget | Change vs FY17 | Adopted<br>Budget | Change vs FY18 |  |  |  |
|                   |        |                   |                   |                |                   |                |  |  |  |
| Capital Cash Flow | 37.0   | 36.7              | 41.4              | 12.7%          | 39.5              | -4.5%          |  |  |  |

Includes Administration of Capital

# **Capital Labor**

The following table shows the capital labor and benefits budget for the Wastewater Department for capital project work.

| Capital Labor By Department  |        |       |       |      |       |      |  |  |  |
|--|--------|-------|-------|------|-------|------|--|--|--|
| (\$ Thousands)  FY16 FY17 FY18 FY18 FY19 FY1  DEPARTMENT Actuals Amended Adopted Change Adopted Change Budget vs FY17 Budget vs FY |        |       |       |      |       |      |  |  |  |
| Wastewater   | 10,233 | 9,695 | 9,846 | 1.6% | 9,886 | 0.4% |  |  |  |
| Department Total   | 10,233 | 9,695 | 9,846 | 1.6% | 9,886 | 0.4% |  |  |  |

The Wastewater Department capital labor budget is increasing \$0.2 million in FY18 compared to FY17 primarily due to a shift in personnel costs from capital work to the operating budget. In FY19, the capital labor budget is essentially flat with FY18.

## **Capital Program Highlights**

The FY18-22 Wastewater System Capital Improvement Program (CIP) requires \$159.2 million in project appropriations, a decrease of \$0.3 million or less than one percent from the FY16-20 CIP. The decrease in the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy is primarily due to completion of the Wood Street Sewer Interceptor Project and reduced needs under the Resource Recovery Project. The increase in the Regulatory Compliance Strategy is for nutrient management studies, pilot tests and possible design of sidestream treatment.

In accordance with the District's ten-year capital budget planning horizon, approximately \$235.0 million of work has been tentatively identified for FY23-27. Key aspects of this future work are discussed in the program and project summaries in the following pages. These future estimates will be revised as studies are completed, priorities are redefined, and new needs emerge. Therefore, the focus is on the first five years of the CIP.

The Wastewater System appropriations focus on the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy, which comprises 85 percent of the CIP appropriations. All Wastewater System appropriations by strategy are summarized below.

| FY16-20 vs. FY18-22 Appropriation Capital Improvement Program by Strategy (\$ Thousands) |         |         |          |      |         |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|---------|----------|------|---------|--|--|--|--|
|  | Approp  | riation | Cha      | nge  | % of    |  |  |  |  |
| Strategy   | FY16-20 | FY18-22 | \$       | %    | FY18-22 |  |  |  |  |
| Maintaining Infrastructure   | 132,547 | 122,369 | (10,178) | 0%   | 85%     |  |  |  |  |
| Regulatory Compliance  | 8,558   | 17,956  | 9,398    | 110% | 13%     |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Program Specific   | 2,800   | 3,300   | 500      | 18%  | 2%      |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Subtotal  | 143,905 | 143,625 | (280)    | 0%   | 100%    |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital  | 15,551  | 15,551  | 0        | 0%   | -       |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Total   | 159,456 | 159,176 | (280)    | 0%   |         |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

No new appropriation is required as prior appropriations will be used.

The FY18-22 CIP identifies \$187.7 million in projected cash flow spending, an increase of \$19.2 million or 11 percent compared to the FY16-20 CIP. The increase is primarily attributable to the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy for digester upgrades and upgrades to the treatment plant infrastructure. Under the Regulatory Compliance Strategy, new work was identified regarding nutrient management studies, pilot tests and possible treatment improvements.

All Wastewater System cash flows by strategy are summarized below, with select projects discussed in more detail.

| FY16-20 vs. FY18-22 Cash Flows Capital Improvement Program by Strategy (\$ Thousands) |         |         |        |     |         |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|---------|--------|-----|---------|--|--|--|--|
|   | Cash    | Flows   | Cha    | nge | % of    |  |  |  |  |
| Strategy  | FY16-20 | FY18-22 | \$     | %   | FY18-22 |  |  |  |  |
| Maintaining Infrastructure  | 143,095 | 153,253 | 10,158 | 0%  | 89%     |  |  |  |  |
| Regulatory Compliance   | 9,886   | 18,878  | 8,992  | 91% | 11%     |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Program Specific  | 0       | 0       | 0      | 0%  | 0%      |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Subtotal   | 152,981 | 172,131 | 19,150 | 13% | 100%    |  |  |  |  |
| Administration of Capital   | 15,551  | 15,551  | 0      | 0%  |         |  |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Total  | 168,532 | 187,682 | 19,150 | 11% |         |  |  |  |  |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

### MAINTAINING INFRASTRUCTURE STRATEGY

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to improve, rehabilitate and replace aging infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality service at both the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant (MWWTP) and remote facilities. Work under this strategy focuses on rehabilitating the digesters, concrete structures, and treatment process facilities at the MWWTP; implementing odor control improvements; and rehabilitating sections of the sewer interceptor system. The program included in this strategy is:

| Appropriations (\$ Thousands)     |        |        |        |        |        |         |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Program                           | FY18   | FY19   | FY20   | FY21   | FY22   | Total   |  |  |  |
| Wastewater Infrastructure Program | 25,328 | 46,901 | 17,567 | 14,668 | 17,905 | 122,369 |  |  |  |
| Total                             | 25,328 | 46,901 | 17,567 | 14,668 | 17,905 | 122,369 |  |  |  |

### **Wastewater Infrastructure Program**

The Digester Upgrade Project will reuse or rehabilitate the digesters, which perform a key role in stabilizing wastewater solids prior to disposal. Interior coatings applied to some digesters are experiencing failure. The cause of the failure is being investigated and the coatings will be repaired in FY18-19. In FY18-22, the floating covers on Digester Nos. 3 and 4, and the membrane on Digester No. 2 will be replaced along with seismic upgrades, mechanical piping work, and associated electrical and control upgrades.

Additional digester work is scheduled for FY22-24 including new and upgraded equipment to facilitate digester cleaning, and a study to determine the effectiveness of including a grit removal system between the primary and secondary digesters to improve equipment reliability.

The Concrete Rehabilitation Project addresses critical concrete structures, channels and gates at the MWWTP as sulfides and other constituents in the wastewater accelerate corrosion. Repair of the primary tank channels is being conducted in phases and includes replacement of valves, gates and control panels. Phases 3 through 6 are scheduled to take place in FY18-21. Repairs to the secondary aeration reactor basins will be completed in four phases with the repair of two tanks per year starting in FY18 and continuing through FY25.

The Odor Control Project provides for odor control facilities to improve the air quality in communities along the collection system and at the MWWTP. Planned work includes replacing the odor control units at the influent pump station coarse screen and intake structure in FY18-19, and at the fine screen room in FY24-26; replacing the scrubber system at the solids dewatering building with a chemical scrubber in FY21-24; replacing the scrubber system at the resource recovery receiving station in FY18-20; and covering portions of the primary sedimentation tanks and providing two new chemical scrubbers in FY18-21. A second phase, if needed, includes covering the remainder of the primary sedimentation tanks and adding an additional odor control unit in FY25.

The Treatment Plant Infrastructure Projects provide for the cyclical replacement and rehabilitation of various treatment process facilities at the MWWTP. Work planned in FY18-22 includes replacement of large variable frequency drives; repair or replacement of flow meters; laboratory upgrades; rehabilitation of the secondary clarifiers; installation of a plant-wide intercom system; improvements to the plant gallery drains and internal plant drain; upgrades to the security system; improvements to the East Gate Undercrossing; replacement of grit handling equipment; and improvements to the Wastewater administration and operations buildings.

Work planned in FY23-27 includes rehabilitation of the remaining 10 of 12 clarifiers along with the installation of online total suspended solids monitors; replacement of the influent screens; improvements to the dewatering sludge well; additional improvements to plant gallery drains; replacement of aging motors and variable frequency drives at the influent pump station and the effluent pump station; and seismic improvements to various structures.

The Interceptor Rehabilitation program includes several projects to rehabilitate portions of the interceptor system that are approximately 60 years old. In FY18-22, all phases of the rehabilitation of a 9,200 foot portion of the 105 inch diameter South Interceptor along 3<sup>rd</sup> Street will be completed. In FY22-26, rehabilitation of a 2,100 foot portion of the South Interceptor along the Embarcadero will be completed. In addition, repairs will be made to various sections of the South Interceptor pipe ranging from 84 to 30 inches in diameter, along with manholes and flow control structures.

The Pump Station Improvements program includes upgrades to various pump stations such as the replacement of equipment; sump pumps and flow meters; the addition of programmable logic controllers and software; access improvements; and replacement of discharge piping. Work is scheduled for Pump Station M in Alameda in FY19-20, Pump Station L in Oakland in FY20-21, Pump Station C in Alameda in FY22-23, Pump Station A in Albany in FY23-24, and Pump Station J in Oakland in FY25-26.

The Resource Recovery program was developed to accept a wide variety of solid and liquid wastes delivered by truck to the MWWTP. Upgrades in FY18-20 include improvements to the Solid/Liquid Waste Receiving station and the Blend Tank Receiving Station which will result in the ability to accept additional high-strength waste.

### REGULATORY COMPLIANCE STRATEGY

This strategy furthers the District's objectives to operate and maintain facilities to meet all water discharge, air emission, and land disposal requirements; to ensure protection and stewardship of San Francisco Bay; and implement preventative and corrective maintenance programs. Work under this strategy focuses on developing strategic nutrient management solutions to meet current and potential future regulatory requirements. The program included in this strategy is:

| A                             | opropriation | s (\$ Thous | ands) |        |      |        |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------|--------|------|--------|
| Program                       | FY18         | FY19        | FY20  | FY21   | FY22 | Total  |
| Regulatory Compliance Program | 6,054        | 1,208       | 44    | 10,465 | 185  | 17,956 |
| Total                         | 6,054        | 1,208       | 44    | 10,465 | 185  | 17,956 |

### **Regulatory Compliance Program**

The Pump Station Q (PS Q) Project includes the design and construction of modifications to portions of the North Interceptor to allow dual-mode operation of PS Q for use as either a gravity relief sewer (north to south flow) or a forcemain (south to north flow). Based on wet weather flow modeling work completed to date, discharges from the wet weather facilities may be reduced by operating the PS Q forcemain as a gravity sewer with relatively minor modifications. Construction began in FY17 and is expected to be completed in FY19.

The Nutrient Management Project includes the development of strategic nutrient management solutions to meet current and potential future regulatory requirements. Starting in FY18, a master plan will be developed to identify and evaluate a range of cost-effective alternatives to achieve nutrient reductions for the MWWTP that provide broad environmental and public health benefits. The work includes conducting one or more pilot-scale tests to evaluate promising sidestream nutrient treatment/recovery technologies. It also includes the implementation of sidestream treatment, if necessary in FY21-26; and planning and preliminary design for mainstream treatment, if necessary in FY23-27. Costs for these phases will be included in future projections when available.

### **NON-PROGRAM SPECIFIC STRATEGY**

This strategy furthers the District's objective to maintain a strong financial position to meet short and long-term needs. The contingency program focuses on making funds available for unanticipated needs, and for projects that are seeking grants to pay for a substantial portion of the project's cost.

| Ap                  | propriation | s (\$ Thous | ands) |       |   |       |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|-------|---|-------|
| Program             | FY18        |             |       | Total |   |       |
| Contingency Program | 0           | 0           | 3,300 | 0     | 0 | 3,300 |
| Total               | 0           | 0           | 3,300 | 0     | 0 | 3,300 |

## **Contingency Program**

The Contingency Project provides funding for unanticipated needs that may arise before the next budget preparation cycle, such as replacement or repairs to facilities and equipment as a result of failures or safety deficiencies, and new projects or the acceleration of planned projects requiring funding before the next budget cycle. Funds may also be set aside for projects where grants are being sought in the event that the grant application is successful. Most grants require the District to fund the project and then apply for reimbursement of allowable costs.

In FY20, funds have been set aside for possible costs related to expanding the food waste receiving station, or constructing a new food waste preprocessing facility at the MWWTP.

## **Capital Appropriation Summary**

This section provides a summary of the five-year appropriation for the Wastewater System projects listed in the Capital Improvement Program, sorted by strategy and program. When the CIP is presented to the Board of Directors, the Board approves the overall five-year plan, but adopts just the first two years of the plan. The remaining three years are for planning purposes only and are subject to revision.

## **Department Abbreviations**

The abbreviation for the Lead Department responsible for each capital project is as follows:

WAS - Wastewater Department

|                                 |            |                 |         | FY18-2  | <b>APPROPR</b> | FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS (IN 000's) | (s,000 N |               |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|---------|---------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Capital Improvement Projects    | Dept       | Prior<br>Approp | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020        | FY 2021                           | FY 2022  | 5 YR<br>TOTAL |
| MAINTAINING INFRASTRUCTURE      |            |                 |         |         |                |                                   |          |               |
| WW Infrastructure Program       |            |                 |         |         |                |                                   |          |               |
| 3rd St Sewer Interceptor Rehab  | WAS        | 28,266          | 0       | 6,572   | 0              | 0                                 | 6,437    | 13,009        |
| Alameda Sewer Intercept Rehab   | WAS        | 6,901           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Biosolids Improvements Project  | WAS        | 500             | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Centrifuge Replacement          | WAS        | 22,403          | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Collection System Master Plan   | WAS        | 0               | 0       | 0       | 200            | 0                                 | 0        | 200           |
| Concrete Rehab at SD1           | WAS        | 24,813          | 9,225   | 1,989   | 1,720          | 262                               | 1,210    | 14,739        |
| DCS Upgrades                    | WAS        | 9,402           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Digester Upgrade                | WAS        | 113,067         | 6,025   | 5,714   | 0              | 200                               | 200      | 12,439        |
| Information System Upgrades     | WAS        | 2,210           | 225     | 0       | 2,500          | 0                                 | 0        | 2,725         |
| Interceptor Corrosion Prevent   | WAS        | 7,787           | 1,150   | 409     | 30             | 08                                | 30       | 1,649         |
| MWWTP Master Plan               | WAS        | 19,277          | 0       | 220     | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 550           |
| MWWTP Pwr Dist Sys Upgrade      | WAS        | 13,569          | 191     | 1,263   | 4,110          | 260                               | 460      | 6,860         |
| Motor Control Center Repl       | WAS        | 2,529           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| North Interceptor Rehab         | WAS        | 0               | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Odor Control Improvements       | WAS        | 21,845          | 450     | 7,835   | 0              | 1,469                             | 0        | 9,754         |
| Outfall Investigation Project   | WAS        | 1,089           |         | 0       | 43             | 0                                 | 0        | 43            |
| PGS Engine Overhaul             | WAS        | 8,512           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 296      | 296           |
| PGS Expansion                   | WAS        | 49,341          | 230     | 970     | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 1,200         |
| Plant Pipe Replacement          | WAS        | 5,091           | 316     | 1,771   | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 2,087         |
| Procure Emerg Response Equipmt  | WAS        | 1,875           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Pump Station A Improvements     | WAS        | 1,929           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Pump Station C Upgrades         | WAS        | 1,864           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Pump Station H Imprvmts         | WAS        | 6,134           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Pump Station J Upgrades         | WAS        | 0               | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Pump Station L Improvement      | WAS        | 1,490           | 0       | 0       | 1,137          | 0                                 | 0        | 1,137         |
| Pump Station M Imprvmts         | WAS        | 0               | 674     | 4,099   | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 4,773         |
| Pump Station Master Plan        | WAS        | 181             | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Pump Station N Upgrades         | WAS        | 520             | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Resource Recovery Project       | WAS        | 32,887          | 435     | 2,242   | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 2,677         |
| Routine Cap Equip Replacement   | WAS        | 28,377          | 2,287   | 2,300   | 2,300          | 2,300                             | 2,300    | 11,487        |
| Scum System Improvements        | WAS        | 1,400           |         | 0       | 0              |                                   | 0        | 0             |
| Treatment Plant Infra Ph 2      | WAS        | 4,292           | 2,      | 10,360  | 3,796          |                                   | 4,923    | 26,416        |
| Treatment Plant Infrastructure  | WAS        | 57,909          |         | 764     | 1,655          | 4,741                             | 1,749    | 9,260         |
| Vehicle & Equip Additions, WW   | WAS        | 335             |         | 63      | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 202           |
| WW Energy Management            | WAS        | 2,200           | 790     | 0       | 92             | 0                                 | 0        | 866           |
| West End Property Development   | WAS        | 2,593           | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| Wood St Sewer Intercept Rehab   | WAS        | 27,653          | 0       | 0       | 0              | 0                                 | 0        | 0             |
| WW Infrastructure Program Total | gram Total | 508,240         | 25,328  | 46,901  | 17,567         | 14,668                            | 17,905   | 122,369       |
| MAINTAINING INFRASTRUCTU        | TURE TOTAL | 508,240         | 25,328  | 46,901  | 17,567         | 14,668                            | 17,905   | 122,369       |

|                                |                |        |         | FY18-2  | 2 APPROPR | FY18-22 APPROPRIATIONS (IN 000'S) | (s,000 N |       |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Capital Improvement Projects   |                | Prior  | EV 2049 | CV 2040 | COC AL    | FCUC A                            | CCUC A   | 5 YR  |
|                                | Dept           | Approp | FT 2010 | FT 2019 | FT 2020   | FT 2020   FT 2021                 | FT 2022  | TOTAL |
| NON-PROGRAM SPECIFIC           |                |        |         |         |           |                                   |          |       |
| WW Non-Program Specific        |                |        |         |         |           |                                   |          |       |
| Contingency Project Wastewater | WAS            | 18,719 | 0       | 0       | 3,300     | 0                                 | 0        | 3,300 |
| WW Non-Program Specifi         | specific Total | 18,719 | 0       | 0       | 3,300     | 0                                 | 0        | 3,300 |
| NON-PROGRAM SPECIFIC           | CIFIC TOTAL    | 18,719 | 0       | 0       | 3,300     | 0                                 | 0        | 3,300 |

| REGULATORY COMPLIANCE          |               |        |       |       |    |        |     |        |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------|-------|----|--------|-----|--------|
| WW Regulatory Compliance       |               |        |       |       |    |        |     |        |
| Dechlorination Facility Impmts | WAS           | 3,652  | 202   | 0     | 0  | 0      | 0   | 705    |
| Infiltration/Inflow Contrl Prj | WAS           | 26,535 | 0     | 8     | 44 | 185    | 185 | 422    |
| NPDES Compliance               | WAS           | 8,594  | 49    | 0     | 0  | 280    | 0   | 329    |
| Nutrient Management            | WAS           | 0      | 5,300 | 0     | 0  | 10,000 | 0   | 15,300 |
| PS Q FM Dual-Mode Operation    | WAS           | 8,504  | 0     | 0     | 0  | 0      | 0   | 0      |
| Wet Weather Plant Imprmts      | WAS           | 8,067  | 0     | 1,200 | 0  | 0      | 0   | 1,200  |
| WW Regulatory Complian         | pliance Total | 55,352 | 6,054 | 1,208 | 44 | 10,465 | 185 | 17,956 |
| REGULATORY COMPLIANC           | ANCE TOTAL    | 55,352 | 6,054 | 1,208 | 44 | 10,465 | 185 | 17,956 |

|         | APP     | ROPRIATIC | NS SUMM | APPROPRIATIONS SUMMARY (IN 000'S) | .s)     |         |
|---------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|
|         | 0,000   | 2,00      |         |                                   | 2000    | 5 YR    |
| 1011    | FT 2010 | F1 2013   | FT 2020 | FT 2021                           | FT 2022 | TOTAL   |
| 582,310 | 31,382  | 48,109    | 20,911  | 25,133                            | 18,090  | 143,625 |

## **Operating Budget Impact of Capital Investments**

The FY18-22 Capital Improvement Program includes various significant nonrecurring capital projects that will affect the operating budget and the services that the District provides. Such projects and their potential impacts include:

### **Nutrient Management**

This project develops strategic nutrient management solutions to meet current and potential future regulatory requirements. Planned work includes identifying and evaluating a range of cost-effective alternatives to achieve nutrient reductions for the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant that provide broad environmental and public benefits; conducting pilot-scale testing to evaluate promising sidestream nutrient treatment/recovery technologies; and implementing sidestream treatment, if necessary.

While planning and pilot testing has yet to be completed, the operation of sidestream treatment is estimated to result in increased operating costs of \$2.4 million per year.

### **Odor Control Improvements**

This project provides for odor control facilities in the collection system and at the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant. Planned work includes replacing the odor control units at the influent pump station; replacing the wet scrubber system at the solids dewatering building with a chemical scrubber; conducting a study of the primary sedimentation basins to evaluate and implement treatment alternatives; covering the primary sedimentation tanks and providing new chemical scrubbers; and replacing the scrubber system at the resource recovery receiving station.

The odor control improvements to the primary sedimentation tanks are estimated to result in increased operating costs of \$0.07 million per year.

### FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST

### **SUMMARY**

The five-year financial forecast presents the estimated impact of operations, debt service requirements and reserve balances on rate projections over the five-year period.

This forecast is built upon:

- Adopted District financial policies
- Capital investments in the FY18-FY22 Capital Improvement Program

This forecast identifies rate increases for the Wastewater System based on estimated increases in operating and capital expenditures to maintain current service levels, meet mandated program requirements, and fund increased debt service due to capital expenditures.

On average over the five-year period, revenues are forecast to increase by 3.6 percent per year to cover the increases in operating expenses and debt service, and maintain a minimum of 1.6 times coverage on revenue bond debt service. Forecasted operating expenses are expected to grow by 3.4 percent per year over the five-year period. In FY19, debt service decreases by 0.4 percent per year due in part to the retirement of the General Obligation bond.

The key factors driving the need for increased Wastewater System revenues are:

- Inflation
- Increasing labor and benefits costs

For all five years, the cash reserves exceed the cash reserve targets. Reserves in excess of those needed to meet financial reserve targets are available to pay for a portion of the capital program expenses funded with cash, a positive financial metric.

Capital cash flow spending, including administration of capital expenses, is projected at \$187.7 million over the five-year period. Major programs or projects to be undertaken during this period include: 3<sup>rd</sup> Street Sewer Interceptor Rehabilitation, Treatment Plant Infrastructure, Odor Control Improvements, Concrete Rehabilitation, and Digester Upgrades.

The projected average percentage of capital funded from debt will be 34.7 percent over the five-year period, lower than the financial policy maximum target of 65 percent. In FY18 and FY19, the debt coverage ratio will be 1.78 and 1.81, respectively, and for FY18 through FY22, the ratio meets or exceeds the target coverage ratio of 1.60.

### **OPERATIONS**

The following table shows the financial forecast for the Wastewater System operating budget based on projected operations and maintenance expenses and debt service requirements.

| WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND – OPERATING BUDGET |            |             |             |             |             |             |             |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST              |            |             |             |             |             |             |             |
|   | ,          | Millions)   |             |             |             |             |             |
|   | Actuals    | _           |             |             | orecast     |             |             |
|   | FY16       | FY17        | FY18        | FY19        | FY20        | FY21        | FY22        |
| Beginning Balance                         | -          | -           | 77.5        | 78.0        | 77.0        | 80.1        | 86.8        |
| Treatment Charges                         | 64.3       | 70.3        | 71.7        | 75.3        | 79.0        | 82.2        | 86.2        |
| Resource Recovery                         | 11.6       | 8.0         | 8.0         | 8.0         | 8.5         | 8.5         | 8.5         |
| Wet Weather Facilities Charge             | 21.9       | 22.9        | 24.0        | 25.2        | 26.3        | 27.3        | 28.4        |
| Property Taxes                            | 4.6        | 4.4         | 4.8         | 4.9         | 5.1         | 5.2         | 5.3         |
| Ad Valorem Bond Levy                      | 3.3        | 4.1         | 2.2         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         | 0.0         |
| Interest Income                           | 0.3        | 0.7         | 1.5         | 1.5         | 1.9         | 2.1         | 2.2         |
| Laboratory Services                       | 4.3        | 4.0         | 4.1         | 4.3         | 4.4         | 4.5         | 4.7         |
| Reimbursements                            | 1.4        | 1.0         | 1.4         | 1.4         | 1.5         | 1.5         | 1.6         |
| Permit Fees                               | 1.6        | 1.8         | 1.6         | 1.6         | 1.6         | 1.6         | 1.6         |
| Capacity Charges                          | 3.1        | 1.6         | 1.8         | 1.9         | 1.9         | 2.0         | 2.1         |
| All Other Revenue                         | <u>5.3</u> | <u>5.7</u>  | <u>5.7</u>  | <u>5.7</u>  | <u>5.7</u>  | <u>5.7</u>  | <u>5.7</u>  |
| Operating Revenues Total                  | 121.8      | 124.5       | 127.0       | 129.9       | 135.9       | 140.6       | 146.2       |
| Revenue Funded Capital                    | 35.8       | 14.6        | 21.3        | 25.8        | 24.3        | 22.1        | 29.0        |
| Operations                                | 60.3       | 70.7        | 70.6        | 73.1        | 75.5        | 78.1        | 80.7        |
| Debt Service                              | 33.2       | <u>34.0</u> | <u>34.7</u> | <u>31.9</u> | <u>32.9</u> | <u>33.8</u> | <u>34.1</u> |
| Expenses Total                            | 129.3      | 119.3       | 126.5       | 130.9       | 132.8       | 134.0       | 143.8       |
| Ending Balance                            | -          | -           | 78.0        | 77.0        | 80.1        | 86.8        | 89.2        |
| Policy Reserves                           | -          | -           | 43.2        | 43.9        | 44.5        | 45.1        | 45.8        |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The following table shows the key assumptions used to create the revenue forecast.

| WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND – KEY ASSUMPTIONS<br>FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Actuals Budget Forecast  |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|  | FY16    | FY17    | FY18    | FY19    | FY20    | FY21    | FY22    |
| % Rate Increase  | 5.0%    | 5.0%    | 5.0%    | 5.0%    | 4.0%    | 4.0%    | 4.0%    |
| Average monthly single family residential bill based on 6 ccf/month      | \$19.01 | \$19.93 | \$20.89 | \$21.95 | \$22.82 | \$23.72 | \$24.66 |
| Debt Service Coverage Ratio  | 1.98    | 1.69    | 1.78    | 1.81    | 1.87    | 1.89    | 1.96    |

Excludes Wet Weather Facilities Charge

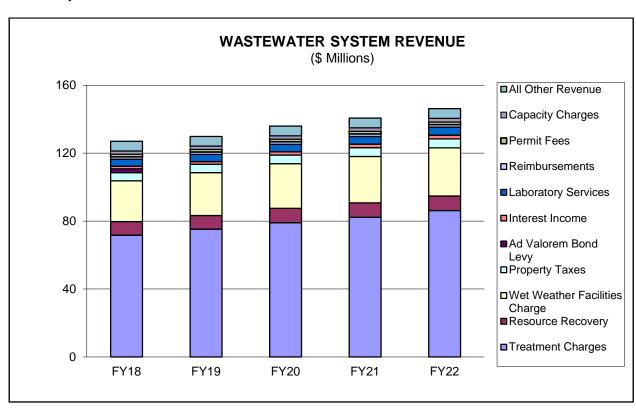
### **Five-Year Projection of Revenue**

The key factors driving the need for increased Wastewater System revenues are: inflation, increasing labor and benefit costs, projected reductions in treatment revenue due to lower customer water use, and increasing capital expenditures.

Projected annual operating revenues are expected to increase from \$127.0 million in FY18 to \$146.2 million by FY22, an increase of \$19.2 million or 3.6 percent per year. The increase in revenue over the five-year period is to cover increased costs in operations and maintenance, debt service requirements, and revenue funding for capital projects.

The major components of the increase in operating revenue over the five-year period are wastewater treatment charges which are projected to increase from \$71.7 million in FY18 to \$86.2 million in FY22 and increases in revenue from the Wet Weather Facilities Charge from \$24.0 million in FY18 to \$28.4 million in FY22.

The following chart shows projected Wastewater System operating revenue by category for the next five years.



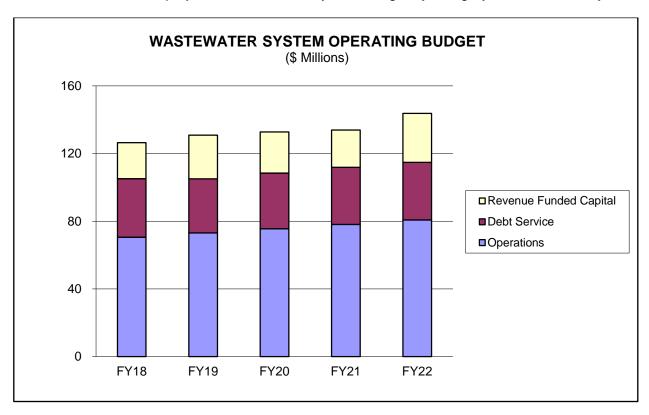
# **Five-Year Projection of Operating Budget**

The Wastewater System operations expenses are projected to increase from \$70.6 million in FY18 to \$80.7 million in FY22, an increase of 3.4 percent per year.

Debt service requirements are expected to decrease from \$34.7 million in FY18 to \$34.1 million by FY22, a decrease of 0.4 percent per year because of the retirement of the General Obligation bond.

The District uses rate revenue to cash fund a portion of the annual capital improvement expenses. The amount of revenue funded capital will increase from \$21.3 million in FY18 to \$29.0 million in FY22, an increase of 8 percent per year.

This chart summarizes projected Wastewater System budget by category for the next five years.



# **Five-Year Projection of Reserves**

The operating reserves consist of:

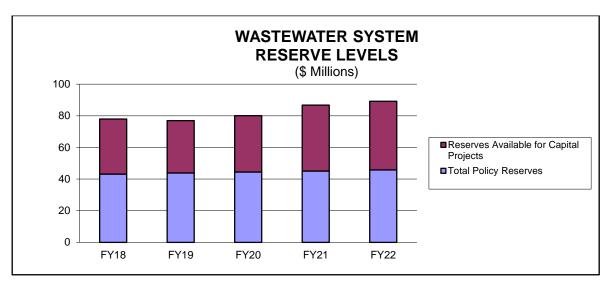
- Working capital reserves equal to three months operating and maintenance expenses
- Self-Insured Liability reserve based on the Actuarial Self-Insured Retention (SIR) funding recommendation
- Workers' Compensation reserve based on the Actuarial SIR funding recommendation
- Rate stabilization reserve of a minimum of 5 percent of operating and maintenance expenses

The table below shows the changes to reserve components over the five-year period. Reserve balances meet or exceed the policy reserve levels for the entire period.

| WASTEWATER SYSTEM RESERVE COMPONENTS    |             |             |             |             |             |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| (\$ N                                   | (lillions   |             |             |             |             |
|   |             | F           | orecast     |             |             |
|   | FY18        | FY19        | FY20        | FY21        | FY22        |
| Projected Operating Budget Reserves     | 78.0        | 77.0        | 80.1        | 86.8        | 89.2        |
| Policy Reserves                         |             |             |             |             |             |
| Working Capital                         | 17.6        | 18.3        | 18.9        | 19.5        | 20.2        |
| Self-Insured Liability Reserve          | 0.3         | 0.3         | 0.3         | 0.3         | 0.3         |
| Workers' Compensation Reserves          | 1.2         | 1.2         | 1.2         | 1.2         | 1.2         |
| Rate Stabilization Reserve              | <u>24.1</u> | <u>24.1</u> | <u>24.1</u> | <u>24.1</u> | <u>24.1</u> |
| Total Policy Reserves                   | 43.2        | 43.9        | 44.5        | 45.1        | 45.8        |
| Reserves Available for Capital Projects | 34.8        | 33.1        | 35.6        | 41.7        | 43.4        |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

The following chart shows Wastewater System reserve levels projected at the end of each fiscal year.



### CAPITAL INVESTMENTS AND FINANCING

The Five-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) outlines the Wastewater System capital investment plan for the next five-year period, the estimated cost of these investments and the sources of funds. Appropriations reflect the amount that is authorized and budgeted over a multi-year period for each program. Cash flows are the amounts estimated to be spent on each program in a given year. The five-year program for the Wastewater System includes \$159.2 million in capital project appropriations, including administration of capital expenses, and \$187.7 million in projected cash flow spending.

The focus of the CIP is the five-year period from FY18-22. Capital needs have been estimated for a second five-year period from FY23-27, but given the long-term nature of these capital improvement plans, by necessity they are preliminary estimates only and will be revised as studies are completed, priorities are redefined, and as new needs emerge. Therefore, the budget focuses on the first five years of the CIP.

In the FY18-22 CIP, 85 percent of the Wastewater System's project appropriations will focus on the Maintaining Infrastructure Strategy. This strategy furthers the District's objectives to improve, rehabilitate and replace aging infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality service at both the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant (MWWTP) and remote facilities. Work under this strategy focuses on rehabilitating the digesters, concrete structures, and treatment process facilities at the MWWTP; implementing odor control improvements; and rehabilitating sections of the sewer interceptor system.

Funding for these projects is drawn from the proceeds of revenue bond issues, commercial paper, grants, and current reserves and revenues.

For the FY18-22 CIP, an increasing amount of capital expenditures will be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis in accordance with the District's financial policies. Over the five-year period, the percentage of capital funded from debt will average 34.7 percent, which is less than the target maximum of 65 percent contained in the District's debt policy, and debt service will drop by \$0.6 million as the General Obligation bonds are retired. Wastewater System total outstanding debt will decrease by \$5.1 million during the period. Total debt outstanding at the end of the five-year period will total \$398.2 million.

In FY18 and FY19, the debt coverage ratio will be 1.78 and 1.81, respectively, and for FY20 through FY22, the ratio meets or exceeds the target coverage ratio of 1.60.

The following table shows the cash flow spending on capital improvements anticipated for the next five years, along with the financial resources anticipated to fund the capital program.

| WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUND - CAPITAL BUDGET FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST |               |            |            |            |            |             |
|--|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
|  | (\$ Millions) |            |            |            |            |             |
|  | Forecast      |            |            |            |            |             |
|  | FY18          | FY19       | FY20       | FY21       | FY22       | Totals      |
| Beginning Balance  | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | -           |
| Resources:   |               |            |            |            |            |             |
| Revenue Funded Capital   | 21.3          | 25.8       | 24.3       | 22.1       | 29.0       | 122.5       |
| New Bond Proceeds  | 20.1          | 13.7       | 13.7       | 12.7       | 4.9        | 65.2        |
| Loans Proceeds   | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0         |
| Grants   | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0         |
| Reimbursements   | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0         |
| Commercial Paper   | <u>0.0</u>    | <u>0.0</u> | 0.0        | <u>0.0</u> | 0.0        | 0.0         |
| Total Resources  | 41.4          | 39.5       | 38.0       | 34.8       | 33.9       | 187.7       |
| Expenditures:  |               |            |            |            |            | _           |
| Capital Cash Flow  | 38.4          | 36.5       | 34.9       | 31.7       | 30.6       | 172.1       |
| Administration of Capital  | <u>3.0</u>    | <u>3.0</u> | <u>3.1</u> | <u>3.2</u> | <u>3.3</u> | <u>15.6</u> |
| Total Expenditures   | 41.4          | 39.5       | 38.0       | 34.8       | 33.9       | 187.7       |
| Ending Balance   | 0.0           | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | 0.0        | -           |
| Debt Percentage of Funding   | 48.6%         | 34.7%      | 36.1%      | 36.6%      | 14.5%      | 34.7%       |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

Projected new bond issues, outstanding debt, and debt service are shown in the following table.

| OUTSTANDING DEBT AND DEBT SERVICE AT END OF FISCAL YEAR |               |             |             |             |            |
|---|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
|   | (\$ Millions) |             |             |             |            |
|   | Forecast      |             |             |             |            |
|   | FY18          | FY19        | FY20        | FY21        | FY22       |
| Beginning of Year Outstanding Debt                      | 397.2         | 403.3       | 405.8       | 407.6       | 407.7      |
| Debt Retired  | 14.4          | 11.5        | 12.2        | 12.9        | 14.5       |
| New Bond Issues and Commercial Paper                    | <u>20.5</u>   | <u>14.0</u> | <u>14.0</u> | <u>13.0</u> | <u>5.0</u> |
| Total Outstanding Debt                                  | 403.3         | 405.8       | 407.6       | 407.7       | 398.2      |
| Debt Service, Existing Debt                             | 33.1          | 29.5        | 29.6        | 29.6        | 29.6       |
| Debt Service, New Debt                                  | 1.3           | 2.2         | 3.2         | 4.0         | 4.3        |
| Debt Servicing Costs                                    | <u>0.3</u>    | 0.2         | 0.2         | 0.2         | <u>0.2</u> |
| Total Debt Service                                      | 34.7          | 31.9        | 33.0        | 33.8        | 34.1       |

Numbers in the table may be rounded.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

| STATISTICAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION |
|--|
|  |
|  |

### STATISTICAL AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

The following provides additional statistical and supplemental information about the District.

### **Form of Government**

The East Bay Municipal Utility District is a California Special District with water provision and wastewater treatment as its primary functions. It has corporate and tax powers but lacks the police powers of general purpose government. More detailed information can be found in the Introduction: District Overview section, including the names and roles of elected and appointed officials. The Board of Directors is the body responsible for approving the biennial budget, and their appointed officials are responsible for developing and implementing the budget.

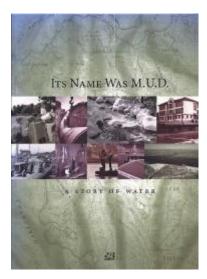
## Geography

The location of the Water service area and Wastewater service area are shown on a map in the Introduction section. EBMUD's service area enjoys a Mediterranean climate and includes four modestly different climate zones (14-17) as defined by the <u>Sunset Western Garden Book</u>. The local climate impacts demand for water usage; the winter months are the coolest and are when almost all precipitation occurs, and the summer months are warm to hot but include almost no rainfall. Likewise, most of EBMUD's historical water supply falls as snow and rain in the Western Sierra Nevada range during the winter.

### **Community Profile**

A short historical narrative of the District is provided in the Introduction section.

A timeline of the District's history is located at www.ebmud.com/about-us/who-we-are/mission-and-history/.

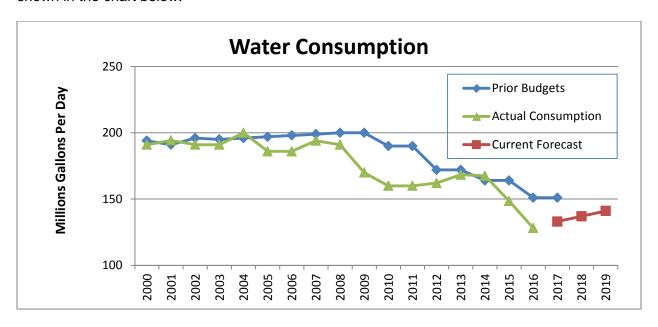


An additional publication providing specific historical details and photos of the District's legacy can be found in <a href="Its Name was M.U.D.">Its Name was M.U.D.</a> - A Story of Water, which can be purchased online at www.ebmud.com/store/books/its-name-was-mud.

## **Demographics and Economics**

### **Population and Water Consumption**

As shown in the Introduction, population trend data for the past 35 years is an upward trend for the region. Despite the population growth, per capita water usage has dropped recently as shown in the chart below.



### **Customer Accounts**

The Water System has 382,114 active accounts. Over 90% of water system active service connections are residential accounts, which make up approximately 49% of total water usage.

| Water System Accounts |          |                   |            |  |
|-----------------------|----------|-------------------|------------|--|
| <b>Customer Type</b>  | Accounts | Consumption (MGD) | % of Usage |  |
| Residential           | 346,748  | 62.8              | 49.1%      |  |
| Commercial            | 32,082   | 43.2              | 33.8%      |  |
| Industrial            | 1,138    | 16.6              | 12.9%      |  |
| Other                 | 2,146    | 5.4               | 4.2%       |  |

The Wastewater System has 176,286 connections.

| <b>Wastewater System Accounts</b> |         |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| Customer Type Account             |         |  |  |
| Residential                       | 158,025 |  |  |
| Commercial                        | 16,811  |  |  |
| Industrial                        | 699     |  |  |
| Other                             | 751     |  |  |

# **Major Customers**

The following is a list of the principal water rate payers for FY 2016.

**Top 20 Principal Rate Payers** 

|    | Association Name                         | Amount (\$000s) | % of Total   |
|----|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 1  | Chevron                                  | \$18,023        | 4.37%        |
| 2  | ConocoPhillips                           | 10,600          | 2.57%        |
| 3  | UC Berkeley                              | 5,088           | 1.23%        |
| 4  | Golden Rain Foundation                   | 3,160           | 0.77%        |
| 5  | C & H Sugar                              | 3,029           | 0.73%        |
| 6  | City of Oakland                          | 1,829           | 0.44%        |
| 7  | Oakland Housing Authority (CAFR)         | 1,383           | 0.34%        |
| 8  | Oakland Unified School District          | 1,257           | 0.30%        |
| 9  | City of Alameda                          | 1,180           | 0.29%        |
| 10 | Blackhawk                                | 1,153           | 0.28%        |
| 11 | Kaiser Permanente                        | 1,147           | 0.28%        |
| 12 | Safeway Stores                           | 1,118           | 0.27%        |
| 13 | First WC Mutual                          | 1,106           | 0.27%        |
| 14 | Port of Oakland                          | 1,057           | 0.26%        |
| 15 | San Ramon Valley Unified School District | 1,019           | 0.25%        |
| 16 | City of San Ramon                        | 1,001           | 0.24%        |
| 17 | Coco Cola                                | 998             | 0.24%        |
| 18 | Bayer                                    | 841             | 0.20%        |
| 19 | West Contra Costa USD                    | 760             | 0.18%        |
| 20 | Town of Danville                         | <u>555</u>      | <u>0.13%</u> |
|    | Top 20 Total Annual Billings             | \$56,304        | 13.64%       |
|    | Total Annual Billings                    | \$412,152       |              |

The following is a list of the principal wastewater rate payers.

**Top 10 Wastewater Rate Payers** 

|    | Association Name                 | Amount (\$000s) |
|----|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1  | UC Berkeley                      | \$1,147         |
| 2  | Oakland Housing Authority (CAFR) | 619             |
| 3  | Port of Oakland                  | 347             |
| 4  | City of Alameda                  | 299             |
| 5  | City of Oakland                  | 291             |
| 6  | Oakland Unified School District  | 289             |
| 7  | Bayer                            | 231             |
| 8  | Aramark Uniform Services         | 225             |
| 9  | Safeway Stores                   | 223             |
| 10 | SVC Manufacturing                | 204             |

### **Water Smart Business Certification**

The WaterSmart Business Certification was established by the Board of Directors to showcase businesses that have achieved a high level of water conservation and water use efficiency.

The program is open to EBMUD commercial, industrial, and institutional customers, including commercial landscape irrigators. Assessments include water uses in offices and retail trade, food service and hospitality, cleaning and wash down, cooling, industrial process water use, and landscape irrigation, among others. Certification is awarded to individual sites/facilities or through an incremental certification process to businesses or institutions with multiple sites/facilities.



Certified applicants are invited to an annual recognition event and are granted the use of the WaterSmart logo for display, web posting, and advertising. EBMUD may feature certified businesses in publication materials and online. Whether or not certification is awarded, participating businesses learn how to reduce operating costs and how to obtain rebates for water efficiency improvements. EBMUD staff complete a water use assessment, recommend cost-effective water saving measures and provide resources for implementing water-efficiency upgrades, including technical reports and conservation incentives.

### 2016 WaterSmart Business Certification Recipients

The EBMUD Board of Directors recognized 17 businesses and institutions for outstanding water use efficiency in 2016. Each business worked with EBMUD to assess their water use, implement water saving measures at their facilities, and make ongoing water management a priority. These EBMUD customers reduced their combined annual water use by more than three million gallons in 2016. Together they saved enough water to supply the indoor water needs for 45 four-person families for one year. As these businesses learned, water efficiency doesn't have to be complicated or expensive. Making small changes in infrastructure such as installing aerators or reducing watering times for landscape can yield great results. Since the beginning of the program in 2010, WaterSmart recipients have saved over 100 million gallons per year.

- Alameda Auto Lab, Alameda
- Alameda Cellars Wines & Liquor, Alameda
- Angeline's Louisiana Kitchen, Berkelev
- Arts Automotive, Berkeley
- Barney's Gourmet Hamburger Solano, Berkeley
- · Boulevard Auto, Castro Valley
- Burrough & Sons Auto, El Sobrante
- · Choicelunch, Danville
- City of Berkeley North Berkeley Senior Center, Berkeley
- City of Berkeley South Berkeley Senior Center, Berkeley
- City of Berkeley West Berkeley Senior Center, Berkeley
- Dana Meyer Auto Care, Albany
- · FH One, Oakland
- Le Bateau Ivre, Berkeley
- Lee Auto Supply, Alameda
- Oakland Auto Works, Oakland
- Triple Rock Brewery, Berkeley

## **Major Employers**

The economy of the Bay Area has continued to rebound since the recession, and growth is expected to continue in the FY18-FY19 time period. The following two charts show major employers within the EBMUD service area for each county.

# **ALAMEDA COUNTY MAJOR EMPLOYERS (JUNE 2016)**

|                                      | Employer Name                    | Industry                     |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Kaiser Permanente Medical Group Inc. |                                  | Health Care                  |
|                                      | Safeway Inc.                     | Supermarkets & Other Grocery |
|                                      | County of Alameda                | Local Government             |
|                                      | Chevron Corporation              | Energy                       |
|                                      | John Muir Health                 | Health Care                  |
|                                      | Wells Fargo Bank                 | Financial Services           |
|                                      | PG&E Corporation                 | Energy                       |
|                                      | UPS                              | Mailing and Shipping         |
|                                      | Lam Research Corporation         | Manufacturing                |
|                                      | Alta Bates Summit Medical Center | Health Care                  |

### **CONTRA COSTA COUNTY MAJOR EMPLOYERS (JUNE 2016)**

| Industry                                      |
|---|
| Energy  |
| Insurance                                     |
| Security                                      |
| Urban Transit Systems                         |
| Research & Development in Biotechnology       |
| General Medical & Surgical Hospitals          |
| General Medical & Surgical Hospitals          |
| Supermarkets & Other Grocery                  |
| Colleges, Universities & Professional Schools |
| Manufacturing                                 |
|   |

Source: 2016 County of Alameda and County of Contra Costa, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

# Unemployment

The EBMUD service area economy is diversified, and unemployment is below that for the State of California.

**UNEMPLOYMENT RATES** 

Seven Largest Cities in Service Area Alameda and Contra Costa Counties and California

| City/County/State | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013  |
|-------------------|------|------|------|-------|
|                   |      |      |      |       |
| Alameda           | 3.6% | 4.1% | 5.1% | 5.0%  |
| Berkeley          | 3.4% | 3.8% | 4.7% | 7.0%  |
| Oakland           | 5.3% | 5.9% | 7.3% | 11.3% |
| Richmond          | 5.1% | 5.8% | 7.1% | 12.1% |
| San Leandro       | 4.6% | 5.1% | 6.3% | 7.3%  |
| San Ramon         | 3.0% | 3.3% | 4.1% | 3.0%  |
| Walnut Creek      | 3.0% | 3.4% | 4.2% | 5.0%  |
|                   |      |      |      |       |
| Alameda County    | 4.2% | 4.7% | 5.9% | 7.4%  |
| Contra Costa Co   | 4.4% | 5.0% | 6.1% | 7.4%  |
|                   |      |      |      |       |
| California        | 5.4% | 6.2% | 7.5% | 8.9%  |

Source: California Employment Development Department

www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov

Annual average by year. Data not seasonally adjusted.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

| BOARD OF DIRECTORS' RESOLUTIONS |
|---------------------------------|
|                                 |
|                                 |

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS' RESOLUTIONS**

This section includes the Board of Directors' Resolutions for the Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019 Biennial Budget relating to rates, charges, and fees, budgets, and staffing positions.

| Rates, Charges and Fees |
|-------------------------|
| Resolution              |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |
|                         |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

# RESOLUTION NO. 35045-17

ADOPTING WATER SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF RATES AND CHARGES AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF RATES AND CHARGES SUBJECT TO PROPOSITION 218 FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018 AND 2019; APPROVING AN EXEMPTION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; AND DIRECTING STAFF TO FILE A NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

Introduced by Director Patterson

; Seconded by Director Mellon

WHEREAS, on June 27, 2017, the Board of Directors adopted the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 Operating and Capital Biennial Budget for expenditures necessary and advisable for the proper conduct of the activities of the East Bay Municipal Utility District ("District"), including funding for needed capital projects and the operation of the water and wastewater systems, and to provide an adequate level of financial reserves and debt service coverage; and

WHEREAS, in November 2013, the District retained Raftelis Financial Consultants to perform an independent cost of service ("COS") study for the water and wastewater systems, including a study of the proposed Drought Surcharges, to ensure that the District's rates and charges are compliant with the requirements of Proposition 218 (article XIII D, section 6 of the California Constitution); and

WHEREAS, in April 2015, Raftelis Financial Consultants completed the District's COS study and identified adjustments to individual water and wastewater rates and charges to conform to Proposition 218 cost of service principles, and substantiated the District's proposed Drought Surcharges as being consistent with Proposition 218; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Section 14401 of the Public Utilities Code, on June 13, 2017, the General Manager filed with the Board of Directors of the District the Biennial Report and Recommendation of the General Manager Fiscal Years 2018 & 2019 ("Biennial Report"), recommending revisions to the water and wastewater rates and charges to meet the District's revenue requirements for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 including: (1) water service charges and flow charges for residential, multi-family, commercial, and industrial customers; (2) new drought surcharges; (3) wastewater treatment service charges and flow charges; (4) Revised Schedule A, Rate Schedule for Water Service; (5) Revised Schedule L, Drought Surcharge Rate Schedule for Water Service; and (6) Revised Wastewater System Schedule A (Rates for Treatment Service) and Schedule B (Wet Weather Facilities Charge) to update the respective wastewater charges; and

WHEREAS, the April 2015 COS study has been updated to reflect current cost figures and incorporated and reflected in the Biennial Report, and in the recommended revisions to the water and wastewater rates and charges for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019; and

WHEREAS, the rate structure for the water service charges has five customer classes: (1) Single Family Residential, (2) Multi-Family Residential, (3) Non-residential, (4) Nonpotable/Recycled,

and (5) Private Fire Customers; and has five components: (1) a Water Flow Charge, (2) a Water Service Charge, (3) a Water Elevation Surcharge, (4) a Private Fire Service Charge, and (5) a Drought Surcharge when a Stage 2, Stage 3, or Stage 4 water shortage has been declared by the Board of Directors; and

WHEREAS, as evidenced by the COS Study and Biennial Report, the water rates and charges are structured to proportionately allocate and recover the costs of providing water service among the various customer classes; and

WHEREAS, the wastewater rates and charges have three customer classes: (1) Residential; (2) Multi-Family Residential; and (3) Non-Residential, which are further classified based on the type of business operated; and

WHEREAS, the rates for the wastewater service fees have five components, the first four of which are collected on the water bill: (1) a Treatment Service Charge, (2) a Treatment Strength Charge, (3) a Treatment Flow Charge, (4) a San Francisco Bay Pollution Prevention Charge, and (5) a Wet Weather Facilities Charge; and

WHEREAS, the wastewater Wet Weather Facilities Charge is collected on the customer's property tax bill and is based on the customer's lot size; and

WHEREAS, together, as evidenced by the COS Study and Biennial Report, the wastewater rates and charges are structured to proportionately allocate and recover the costs of providing wastewater service among the various customer classes; and

WHEREAS, as evidenced by the COS Study and Biennial Report, the revenues derived from the water and wastewater rates and charges will not exceed the funds required to provide water and wastewater services and shall be used exclusively for the Water and Wastewater Systems; and

WHEREAS, the water and wastewater rates and charges will not exceed the proportional cost of the services attributable to each parcel upon which they are imposed; and

WHEREAS, the water and wastewater rates and charges will not be imposed on a parcel unless the water and wastewater services are actually used by, or immediately available to, the owner of the parcel; and

WHEREAS, California Constitution article XIII D, section 6 ("Article XIII D") requires that prior to imposing any increase to the water and wastewater service rates and charges, the District shall provide written notice (the "Notice") by mail of: (1) the proposed increases to such rates and charges to the record owner of each parcel upon which the rates and charges are proposed for imposition and any tenant directly liable for payment of the rates and charges; (2) the amount of the rates and charges proposed to be imposed on each parcel; (3) the basis upon which the rates and charges were calculated; (4) the reason for the rates and charges; and (5) the date, time, and location of a public hearing (the "Hearing") on the proposed rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Article XIII D such Notice is required to be provided to the affected property owners and any tenant directly liable for the payment of the rates and charges not less than forty-five days (45) prior to the Hearing on the proposed rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, the District did provide such Notice to the affected property owners and tenants of the proposed water and wastewater rates and charges in compliance with Article XIII D; and

WHEREAS, public workshops were conducted on January 24, March 14, and April 11, 2017 and a public hearing, noticed in the manner and for the time required by law, was conducted by the Board of Directors on July 11, 2017, at which times all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be heard on matters pertaining to revision of the water and wastewater rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, at the Hearing the Board of Directors heard all oral testimony, and considered all written materials and written protests concerning the establishment and imposition of the proposed rate increases for the rates and charges for water and wastewater services, and at the close of the Hearing the District did not receive written protests against the establishment and imposition of the proposed rates and charges, including the Drought Surcharges, for the water and wastewater services from a majority of the record owners of the parcels upon which the rates and charges are proposed for imposition or the tenants directly liable for the payment of the water and wastewater rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, all comments, objections, and protests to the Biennial Report have been given full opportunity to be heard by the Board of Directors, and the Board of Directors has fully considered the Biennial Report; and

WHEREAS, the changes to the rates and charges as described above and as further set forth in this resolution are subject to and comply with Chapter 11.5 of the Municipal Utility District Act; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors now desires to adopt and impose the proposed water and wastewater rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, the District, as the lead agency under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), in consultation with the District's legal counsel, prepared a Preliminary Exemption Assessment for the adoption of the water and wastewater rates and charges in order to evaluate its potential impacts. The Board of Directors determined that adoption of the rates and charges set forth in this Resolution is exempt from CEQA review under Public Resources Code section 21080(b)(8) and State CEQA Guidelines section 15273 because the water and wastewater rates and charges are necessary and reasonable to fund the administration, operation, maintenance, and improvements of the water and wastewater systems and will not result in the expansion of the water and wastewater systems. This exemption determination is supported by the COS Study, Biennial Report, and foregoing Recitals. Further, the adoption of the rates and charges set forth in this Resolution is also exempt from the requirements of CEQA as an action with no possibility of causing a significant effect on the environment;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Directors hereby finds and determines the following:

- 1. The foregoing Recitals are true and correct, and by this reference are incorporated herein and made a part hereof.
- 2. Pursuant to California Constitution article X, section 2, that because of the conditions prevailing in this State the general welfare requires that the water resources of the State be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable, and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented, and that the conservation of such waters is to be exercised with a view to the reasonable and beneficial use thereof in the interest of the people and for the public welfare, and the use of water in excess of year-round indoor water consumption is primarily for uses outside the home and further finds such uses to be more discretionary in character than interior uses.
- 3. A tiered water rate structure proportionately allocates the costs of providing water service to those who place the greatest demands on District's water system and water supplies, and indirectly provides a conservation incentive to most users throughout the year to efficiently and reasonably use and not waste water.
- 4. The rates and charges for water service promote maximum beneficial use of the limited water resources available to the District to meet current and future demands consistent with state and federal policy and water conservation best management practices.

  The Board of Directors also finds and determines that these rate structures are reasonably calculated to proportionately recover normal District costs and to achieve overall revenue neutrality for the entire rate structure.
- 5. The District's Cost of Service Study, completed in April 2015 and updated in 2017 to reflect current costs, supports the cost of service to each customer class based on their respective demand characteristics, while being revenue neutral, and making no geographical differentiation.
- 7. The rates for the water Elevation Surcharge adopted herein are imposed to recover the costs to the District of pumping and delivering water to higher elevations.
- 8. The rates and charges for water service are reasonable and appropriate, proportionately allocate the cost of providing water service, and will meet the Board of Directors' goal of overall revenue neutrality.

#### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 9. The Wet Weather Facilities Charge funds the capital expenses of the District's infiltration and inflow ("I&I") facilities that are required to handle the wet weather flows that enter the wastewater system. The amount of wet weather flows that enter the wastewater system is proportional to the size of the collection system to serve each property, and accordingly, the Wet Weather Facilities Charge will be based on the customer's lot size to better reflect the potential amount of I&I entering into the wastewater system from a customer's lot. Three categories of lot size will be used to calculate the Wet Weather Facilities Charge: 0-5,000 square feet ("sq. ft."); 5,001-10,000 sq. ft.; >10,000 sq. ft.
- 10. The rates and charges for wastewater service are reasonable and appropriate, proportionately allocate the cost of providing wastewater service, and will meet the Board's goal of overall revenue neutrality.

#### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 11. At the close of the Hearing held on July 11, 2017, the District did not receive written protests against the establishment and imposition of the proposed rates and charges for the water and wastewater services from a majority of the record owners of parcels upon which the rates and charges are proposed for imposition or tenants directly liable for the payment of the water and wastewater rates and charges.
- 12. The Board of Directors finds and determines that the water system rates and charges and wastewater system rates and charges recommended in the Biennial Report are designed to recover the estimated cost of providing the services for which the rates are charged.

### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 13. All objections and protests to the Biennial Report are hereby overruled and denied and the Biennial Report is hereby accepted and approved.
- 14. The revised Schedule A of the Water System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the District, beginning Fiscal Year 2018 contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report is attached hereto as Exhibit A, and is hereby adopted, and the rates and charges and provisions therein contained are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017; provided however that the revised water system rates and charges set forth in Schedule A shall take effect with billing cycles commencing on or after July 12, 2017, and will be prorated if a portion of the bill is for services rendered prior to July 12, 2017.
- 15. The revised Schedule A of the Water System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the District, beginning Fiscal Year 2019 contained in Chapter 5(b) of the Biennial Report is attached hereto as Exhibit A, and is hereby adopted, and the rates and charges and provisions therein contained are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 1, 2018; provided however that the revised water system service charges and

- consumption charges set forth in Schedule A shall take effect with billing cycles commencing on or after July 1, 2018, and will be prorated if a portion of the bill is for services rendered prior to July 1, 2018.
- 16. The revised Schedules A and B of the Wastewater System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the District beginning Fiscal Year 2018 contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit B, are hereby adopted, and the wastewater treatment charges and Wet Weather Facilities Charges therein contained, are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017; provided however that the revised wastewater treatment charges set forth in wastewater Schedule A shall take effect with billing cycles commencing on or after July 12, 2017, and will be prorated if a portion of the bill is for services rendered prior to July 12, 2017.
- 17. The revised Schedules A and B of the Wastewater System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the District beginning Fiscal Year 2019 contained in Chapter 5(b) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit B, are hereby adopted, and the wastewater treatment charges and Wet Weather Facilities Charges therein contained, are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 1, 2018; provided however that the revised wastewater treatment charges set forth in wastewater Schedule A shall take effect with billing cycles commencing on or after July 1, 2018, and will be prorated if a portion of the bill is for services rendered prior to July 1, 2018.
- 18. As set forth more fully above and as evidenced by the updated COS Study and Biennial Report, the aforesaid actions constitute modification and approval of rates and other charges for the purpose of meeting operating expenses, including employee wage rates and fringe benefits; purchasing or leasing supplies, equipment, or material; meeting financial reserve needs and requirements; or obtaining funds for capital projects necessary to maintain service in the existing service area; and the Board of Directors therefore determines that its aforesaid actions are exempt from the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act. The Board of Directors further determines that these actions are exempt from the requirements of CEQA because there is no possibility that adoption of the rates and charges set forth herein will have a significant effect on the environment. Therefore, the Board of Directors hereby directs the Secretary of the District to file a Notice of Exemption in accordance with applicable statutes and regulations with the County Clerks of Alameda and Contra Costa counties.

#### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 19. The appropriate officers of the District are hereby authorized and directed to take such actions as shall be necessary to impose, enforce and collect the rates and charges.
- 20. The District Board of Directors hereby declares that it would have adopted each section irrespective of the fact that any one or more subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, or phrases be declared unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective, and should any portion of this Resolution be invalidated by order of a Court of competent jurisdiction, all other

portions of this Resolution shall remain in full force and effect until modified or superseded by action of this Board of Directors.

21. This Resolution shall supersede all other previous District Board of Directors resolutions and ordinances that may conflict with, or be contrary to, this Resolution.

ADOPTED this 11th day of July, 2017 by the following vote:

AYES:

Directors Katz, Linney, Mellon, Patterson, Young, and

President McIntosh.

NOES:

Director Coleman.

ABSENT:

None.

ABSTAIN:

None.

President

ATTEST:

Se

Secretary

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE:

General Counsel

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

## RESOLUTION NO. 35046-17

AUTHORIZING DROUGHT SURCHARGES SUBJECT TO PROPOSITION 218; APPROVING AN EXEMPTION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT; AND DIRECTING STAFF TO FILE A NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

Introduced by Director Patterson

; Seconded by Director Mellon

WHEREAS, on June 27, 2017, the Board of Directors adopted the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 Operating and Capital Biennial Budget for expenditures necessary and advisable for the proper conduct of the activities of the East Bay Municipal Utility District ("District"), including funding for needed capital projects and the operation of the Water and Wastewater Systems, and to provide an adequate level of financial reserves and debt service coverage; and

WHEREAS, in November 2013, the District retained Raftelis Financial Consultants to perform an independent Cost of Service ("COS") Study for the Water and Wastewater Systems, including a study of the proposed Drought Surcharges, to ensure that the District's rates and charges are compliant with the requirements of Proposition 218 (article XIII D, section 6 of the California Constitution); and

WHEREAS, in April 2015, Raftelis Financial Consultants completed the District's COS Study and identified adjustments to individual water and wastewater rates and charges to conform to Proposition 218 cost of service principles, and substantiated the District's proposed Drought Surcharges as being consistent with Proposition 218; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with Section 14401 of the Public Utilities Code, on June 13, 2017, the General Manager filed with the Board of Directors of the District the Biennial Report and Recommendation of the General Manager Fiscal Years 2018 & 2019 ("Biennial Report"), recommending revisions to the water and wastewater rates and charges to meet the District's revenue requirements for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019; and

WHEREAS, the April 2015 COS Study has been updated to reflect current projected revenue requirements and incorporated and reflected in the Biennial Report, and in the recommended revisions to the water and wastewater rates and charges for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019; and

WHEREAS, the rate structure for the water service charges has five customer classes: (1) Single Family Residential, (2) Multi-Family Residential, (3) Non-residential, (4) Nonpotable/Recycled, and (5) Private Fire Customers; which has five components: (1) a Water Flow Charge, (2) a Water Service Charge, (3) a Water Elevation Surcharge, (4) a Private Fire Service Charge, and (5) a Drought Surcharge when a Stage 2, Stage 3, or Stage 4 water shortage has been declared by the Board of Directors; and

WHEREAS, as evidenced by the updated COS Study and Biennial Report, the water rates and charges are structured to proportionately allocate and recover the costs of providing water service on a parcel basis among the various customer classes; and

WHEREAS, as evidenced by the updated COS Study and Biennial Report, the revenues derived from the water charges will not exceed the funds required to provide water services and shall be used exclusively for the Water and Wastewater Systems; and

WHEREAS, the water rates and charges will not exceed the proportional cost of the services attributable to the parcels upon which they are imposed; and

WHEREAS, the water rates and charges will not be imposed on the parcels unless the water services are actually used by, or immediately available to, the owner of the parcels; and

WHEREAS, California Constitution article XIII D, section 6 ("Article XIII D") requires that prior to imposing any increase to the water service rates and charges, the District shall provide written notice ("Notice") by mail of: (1) proposed increases to such rates and charges to the record owner of the parcels upon which the rates and charges are proposed for imposition and any tenant directly liable for payment of the rates and charges; (2) the amount of the rates and charges proposed to be imposed on each parcel; (3) the basis upon which the rates and charges were calculated; (4) the reason for the rates and charges; and (5) the date, time, and location of a public hearing ("Hearing") on the proposed rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Article XIII D, such Notice is required to be provided to the record owner of the parcel upon which the rates and charges are proposed for imposition and any tenant directly liable for payment of the rates and charges not less than forty-five (45) days prior to the Hearing on the proposed rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, the District did provide such Notice to the affected property owners and tenants of the proposed water service rates and charges in compliance with Article XIII D; and

WHEREAS, California Constitution article X, section 2 and California Water Code section 100 provide that because of conditions prevailing in the state of California ("State"), it is the declared policy of the State that the general welfare requires that the water resources of the State shall be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable, the waste or unreasonable use of water shall be prevented, and the conservation of such waters is to be exercised with a view to the reasonable and beneficial use thereof in the interest of the people and the public welfare; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to California Water Code section 106, it is the declared policy of the State that the use of water for domestic use is the highest use of water and that the next highest use is for irrigation; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to California Water Code section 375, the District is authorized to and has adopted a water conservation program to reduce the quantity of water used by persons within its jurisdiction for the purpose of conserving the water supplies of the District; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the District's water conservation rules and regulations, if the District determines that it is necessary to declare that a water shortage exists, the District is authorized to implement certain water shortage response measures and a water conservation and regulatory program to regulate water consumption activities within the District and ensure that the water delivered in the District is put to beneficial use for the greatest public benefit, with particular regard to domestic use, including human consumption, sanitation, and fire protection, and the waste or unreasonable use of water is prevented; and

WHEREAS, the District's Drought Management Program ("DMP") Guidelines establish the level of customer demand reductions that the District may consider and the amount of supplemental supply that the District may need based on the projected total system storage at the end of the water year. The DMP Guidelines are a component of the District's Water Shortage Contingency Plan in the 2015 Urban Water Management Plan ("UWMP"); and

WHEREAS, on April 14, 2015, the Board of Directors adopted Revised DMP Guidelines to address the existence of a protracted drought, and to include a provision for mandatory customer reduction goals greater than 15 percent, if necessary. The Revised DMP Guidelines were incorporated into the District's updated Water Shortage Contingency Plan as part of its 2015 UWMP on June 28, 2016; and

WHEREAS, the District's revenues are derived primarily from water consumption. Therefore, consumption is a key factor in the development of the financial plan to fund the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 operating and capital budgets; and

WHEREAS, the water rate structure has a fixed revenue component that is not impacted by changes in water consumption; however, more than 70 percent of water revenue is collected based on the volume of water sold and recovered from the Water Flow Charge; and

WHEREAS, as customers conserve and reduce their consumption, particularly during water shortages, the District will experience a reduction in revenue from the sale of water and impact its ability to provide water service unless rates for the Water Flow Charge are increased to compensate for the loss; and

WHEREAS, due to recent storms and reduced customer demand, the District does not anticipate a water shortage in the near future but desires to reserve the ability to impose Drought Surcharges in addition to the other rates and charges in the event of a water shortage or water shortage emergency; and

WHEREAS, to prevent a significant loss in revenue and impacts on the ability of the District to provide safe and reliable water to its customers in the unanticipated event of a water shortage or water shortage emergency, the District included in the Notice separate Drought Surcharges; and

WHEREAS, the Drought Surcharges correspond to increasingly severe stages of water shortages (each a "Stage"), and are charged on each unit of potable water used during the billing period,

and based on the COS Study are calculated to recover losses of revenue, and certain other costs, such as costs of providing supplemental water, costs of water shortage-related customer service, and water conservation and efficiency programs; and

WHEREAS, prior to imposing the Drought Surcharges, the District will update the COS Study to reflect current drought-related costs, such as the purchase of supplemental water supplies to meet customer demand, and the projected loss in revenue as a result of the declared Stage, and adopt a drought budget that reflects the updated COS Study; and

WHEREAS, the Drought Surcharges will increase potable water customers' rates for the Water Flow Charge of the District's potable water service rates and charges as follows based on Proposition 218 cost of service principles: Stage 1 - 0%; Stage 2 - up to 8%; Stage 3 - up to 20%; and Stage 4 - up to 25%. As evidenced by the COS Study, the amount of the increase to be implemented within each Stage will be determined on the basis of the District's projected increases in costs and/or projected losses in revenues associated with the identified Stage. In no event will the Drought Surcharges implemented in any Stage exceed the projected costs of providing water service; and

WHEREAS, public workshops were conducted on January 24, March 14, and April 11, 2017 on the proposed Drought Surcharges and a public hearing, noticed in the manner and for the time required by law, was conducted by the Board of Directors on July 11, 2017, at which times all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be heard on matters pertaining to revision of the rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, at the Hearing the Board of Directors heard all oral testimony, and considered all written materials and written protests concerning the establishment and imposition of the proposed rate increases for the rates and charges for water services, and at the close of the Hearing the District did not receive written protests against the establishment and imposition of the proposed rates and charges, including the Drought Surcharges, for the water services from a majority of the record owners of the parcels upon which the rates and charges are proposed for imposition or the tenants directly liable for the payment of the water rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, all comments, objections, and protests to the Biennial Report have been given a full opportunity to be heard by the Board of Directors, and the Board of Directors has fully considered the Biennial Report; and

WHEREAS, the adoption of Drought Surcharges as described above and as further set forth in this Resolution are subject to and comply with Chapter 11.5 of the Municipal Utility District Act; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors now desires to adopt the proposed Drought Surcharges; and

WHEREAS, the District as the lead agency under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), in consultation with the District's legal counsel, prepared a Preliminary Exemption Assessment for the adoption of the Drought Surcharges in order to evaluate its potential impacts.

The Board of Directors determined that adoption of the Drought Surcharges set forth in this Resolution is exempt from CEQA review under Public Resources Code section 21080(b)(8) and State CEQA Guidelines section 15273 because the Drought Surcharges are necessary and reasonable to fund the administration, operation, maintenance, and improvements of the Water and Wastewater Systems and will not result in the expansion of the Water and Wastewater Systems. This exemption determination is supported by the COS Study, Biennial Report, and foregoing Recitals. Further, the adoption of the Drought Surcharges set forth in this Resolution are also exempt from the requirements of CEQA as an action with no possibility of causing a significant effect on the environment;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Directors hereby finds and determines the following:

1. The foregoing Recitals are true and correct, and by this reference are incorporated herein and made a part hereof.

#### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 2. At the close of the Hearing held on July 11, 2017, the District did not receive written protests against the establishment and imposition of the proposed rates and charges for the water and wastewater services, including the Drought Surcharges, from a majority of the record owners of parcels upon which the proposed rates and charges are proposed for imposition or the tenants directly liable for the payment of the water rates and charges.
- 3. The Board of Directors finds and determines that the Drought Surcharges are designed to recover the estimated cost of providing the services during specified Stages for which the rates are charged.

### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

4. Beginning July 12, 2017, the Board of Directors is authorized to implement Drought Surcharges upon adoption of a drought budget that reflects the most current and updated water shortage related costs, such as the purchase of supplemental water supplies to meet customer demand, and revenue losses resulting from reductions in water use during a declared Stage. Drought Surcharges may be imposed by the Board of Directors at the time or after a specific Stage has been declared by the Board of Directors in accordance with the District's DMP Guidelines. If implemented, the Drought Surcharges shall be applied to and increase the rates then in effect for the Water Flow Charge by up to the following amounts during the specified Stages: (a) Stage 1 - 0%; (b) Stage 2 - up to 8%; (c) Stage 3 - up to 20%; and (d) Stage 4 - up to 25%. The amount of the increase to be implemented within a declared Stage will be determined on the basis of the District's projected increases in costs and projected revenue losses associated with the declared Stage. In no

event will Drought Surcharges implemented in any Stage exceed the District's projected costs of providing water service. When Drought Surcharges are implemented, the Water Flow Charge will be prorated if a portion of a customer's bill is for services rendered prior to implementation of the authorized Drought Surcharges by the Board of Directors. After Drought Surcharges are approved by the Board of Directors during any Stage, they shall remain in effect until otherwise modified or terminated by the Board of Directors.

5. As set forth more fully above and as evidenced by the COS Study and Biennial Report, the aforesaid actions constitute modification and approval of rates and other charges for the purpose of meeting operating expenses, including employee wage rates and fringe benefits; purchasing or leasing supplies, equipment, or material; meeting financial reserve needs and requirements; or obtaining funds for capital projects necessary to maintain service in the existing service area; and the Board of Directors therefore determines that its aforesaid actions are exempt from the requirements of CEQA. The Board further determines that these actions are exempt from the requirements of CEQA because there is no possibility that adoption of the Drought Surcharges will have a significant effect on the environment. Therefore, the Board of Directors hereby directs the Secretary of the District to file a Notice of Exemption in accordance with applicable statutes and regulations with the County Clerks of Alameda and Contra Costa counties.

#### BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 6. The new Schedule L "Drought Surcharge Rate Schedule for Water Service," contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report is attached hereto as Exhibit A, and is hereby adopted, and the rates and charges and provisions therein contained are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017; provided, however, that the Drought Surcharges set forth in Schedule L shall take effect at the time or after a specific Stage has been declared by the Board of Directors in accordance with the District's DMP Guidelines Board, and a drought budget has been adopted that reflects the most current and updated water-shortage related costs and projected revenue losses as a result of the reductions in water use during the declared Stage.
- 7. The appropriate officers of the District are hereby authorized and directed to take such actions as shall be necessary to impose, enforce and collect said rates and charges.
- 8. The District Board of Directors hereby declare that it would have adopted each section of this Resolution irrespective of the fact that any one or more subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, or phrases be declared unconstitutional, invalid, or ineffective, and should any portion of this Resolution be invalidated by order of a court of competent jurisdiction, all other portions of this Resolution shall remain in full force and effect until modified or superseded by action of this Board of Directors.

9. This Resolution shall supersede all other previous District Board of Directors resolutions and ordinances that may conflict with, or be contrary to, this Resolution, and shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

Adopted this 11th day of July, 2017 by the following votes:

AYES:

Directors Katz, Linneym, Mellon, Patterson, Young, and

President McIntosh.

NOES:

DirectorsColeman.

ABSENT:

None.

ABSTAIN:

None.

President

ATTEST:

Kolla S. Cole

Secretary

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE:

General Counsel

7

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

# RESOLUTION NO. 35047-17

ADOPTING REVISED REGULATIONS AND REVISED WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM SCHEDULES OF RATES AND CHARGES NOT SUBJECT TO PROPOSITION 218 FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018 AND 2019, INCLUDING SYSTEM CAPACITY CHARGE, STANDARD PARTICIPATION CHARGE, WASTEWATER CAPACITY FEE, RECREATION USE FEES, PUBLIC RECORDS ACT FEES, REAL PROPERTY USE APPLICATION FEES; APPROVING AN EXEMPTION UNDER THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT, AND DIRECTING STAFF TO FILE A NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

Introduced by Director Patterson

Seconded by Director Mellon

WHEREAS, on June 27, 2017, the Board of Directors adopted the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 Operating and Capital Biennial Budget for expenditures necessary and advisable for the proper conduct of the activities of the East Bay Municipal Utility District ("District"), including funding for needed capital projects and for operation of the water and wastewater systems and to provide an adequate level of financial reserves and debt service coverage; and

WHEREAS, on June 13, 2017, the General Manager filed with the Board of Directors the Biennial Report and Recommendation of the General Manager Fiscal Years 2018 & 2019 ("Biennial Report"), recommending revisions to the rates and charges to meet the District's revenue requirements for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019, including: (1) Water and Wastewater System Capacity Charge, installation and service charges and fees for residential, multi-family, commercial, and industrial customers; (2) Schedules B, C, H, J, M and N of the Water System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the East Bay Municipal Utility District; (3) Schedules C, D, F, and G of the Wastewater System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the East Bay Municipal Utility District; (4) Sections 1, 2, 3, 17, 26, and 31 of the Regulations Governing Water Service of the East Bay Municipal Utility District to define terms used in the Regulations, and make additional clarifying and administrative changes to regulations governing the application for service, the requirements for standard service, change in size of service, protection of the public water supply, and water efficiency requirements; (5) Recreation Use Fees for the Pardee and Camanche Recreation Areas and Camanche Hills Hunting Preserve; (6) the duplication and computer programming fees related to Public Records Act requests; and (7) the various Real Property Use Application Fees related to evaluating and allowing use of District property by other public agencies or private entities; and

WHEREAS, the changes to rates, charges and fees as described above and as further set forth in this resolution are not subject to Proposition 218 (article XIII D, section 6 of the California Constitution), but are subject to the public notice and hearing requirements stated in Chapter 11.5 of the Municipal Utility District Act; and

WHEREAS, public workshops on January 24, March 14, and April 11, 2017, and a public hearing on July 11, 2017, noticed in the manner and for the time required by law, were conducted by the Board of Directors, at which times all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be heard on matters pertaining to revision of the rates and charges; and

WHEREAS, all comments, objections, and protests to the Biennial Report have been given full opportunity to be heard by the Board of Directors, and the Board has fully considered said Biennial Report; and

WHEREAS, other proposed changes to the District's Water and Wastewater System Schedules of Rates and Charges, which are subject to and comply with the notice and hearing requirements of Proposition 218, are included in separate rate resolutions and a Proposition 218 public hearing was conducted by the Board of Directors on July 11, 2017, to consider the proposed water and wastewater rates and charges subject to Proposition 218, including the Drought Surcharges;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Directors hereby finds and determines the following:

- 1. The foregoing Recitals are true and correct, and by this reference are incorporated herein and made a part hereof.
- 2. The service charges adopted herein are imposed to recover the cost of special services provided by the East Bay Municipal Utility District to the customer or fee payor and were determined based upon District estimates of the costs of providing the relevant services. The Water Demand Mitigation Fees, the System Capacity Charge ("SCC"), Standard Participation Charge ("SPC"), and Wastewater Capacity Fee ("WCF") are levied only as a condition of extending or initiating service upon the request of a customer. The charges adopted herein are not imposed upon real property or upon a person as an incident of property ownership and were not calculated or developed on the basis of any parcel map, including an assessor's parcel map.
- 3. The purpose of the SCC and the SPC is to finance facilities necessary to provide service to new development that will be served by the District. The SCC and SPC are charges for public facilities in existence at the time the charge is imposed or charges for new public facilities to be acquired or constructed in the future that are of proportional benefit to the person or property being charged, including supply or capacity contracts for rights or entitlements, real property interests, and entitlements and other rights of the District involving capital expense relating to its use of existing or new public facilities. The proposed adjustments in the SCC and SPC are necessary to finance facilities required to provide water service to projected development that will be served by the District's water

distribution system within the District's existing service area, which facilities are described by category in the Biennial Report, and in the System Capacity Charge Study completed by Bartle Wells Associates. The SCC methodology that combines the incremental cost and buy-in methodologies recovers the cost of many existing District facilities, which provide benefit to new users.

- 4. The facts and evidence presented to the Board of Directors establish that there is a reasonable relationship between the need for the identified facilities and the impacts of the types of development for which the SCC and SPC are charged, and there is a reasonable relationship between the use of those fees to finance facilities necessary to provide a supply of water to new development and the type of development for which the fees are charged. The District's methodology appropriately allocates to the SCC and SPC the costs related to augmenting the District's water supplies to satisfy increased demand associated with future development within the District's existing service area.
- 5. The purpose of the WCF is to recover costs of providing wastewater treatment capacity for new or expanded system use. The WCF are charges for public facilities in existence at the time the charge is imposed that are of proportional benefit to the person or property being charged, including supply or capacity contracts for rights or entitlements, real property interests, and entitlements and other rights of the District involving capital expense relating to its use of existing or new public facilities. The WCF is based on a "buy-in" or an equity approach, whereby new users "buy-in" to a wastewater system that has adequate capacity to serve both existing demands and new growth. The WCF reflects updated calculations for construction cost escalations, and the fifth and final year of a five-year phase-in of a calculation change that was approved by the Board of Directors in 2013.
- 6. The facts and evidence presented to the Board of Directors establish that there is a reasonable relationship between the need for the identified facilities and the impacts of the types of development for which the WCF is charged, and there is a reasonable relationship between the use of those fees to finance facilities to new development and the type of development for which the fees are charged.
- 7. The Water System Rates and Charges and Wastewater Charges as herein described and recommended in the Biennial Report, and the recommended Real Property Use Application Fees, Recreation Use Fees and Public Records Act-related fees, are designed to recover the estimated cost to provide the services for which the fees are charged, as determined by the District based upon evidence regarding such costs.
- 8. The revisions to Sections 1, 2, 3, 17, 26, and 31 of the Regulations Governing Water Service of the District define terms used in the Regulations, and make additional clarifying and administrative changes to regulations governing the application for service, the requirements for standard service, change in size of service, protection of the public water supply, and water efficiency requirements.

9. The water, wastewater, real property, recreation, and Public Records Act rates, charges, and fees are imposed for specific products, services, benefits, and privileges provided, for entrance to and use of property, and/or for rental or lease of property, and those rates, charges, and fees do not exceed the reasonable costs to the District of providing those products, benefits, privileges and services, to the payors. These rates, charges, and fees were determined by the District based upon evidence regarding such costs.

## BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

- 10. All objections and protests to the Biennial Report are hereby overruled and denied and said Report is hereby accepted and approved.
- 11. The revised Schedules B, C, H, J, M and N of the Water System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the East Bay Municipal Utility District, beginning Fiscal Year 2018, and the revised Sections 1, 2, 3, 17, 26, and 31 of the Regulations Governing Water Service to Customers of the District, contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit A, are hereby adopted and the charges and provisions therein contained are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017; provided, however, that revised Section 2 of the Regulations Governing Water Service to Customers of the District shall take effect on January 1, 2018, and the revised Water System Schedules H, J, and N shall take effect on August 14, 2017, or sixty days following adoption by the Board of Directors.
- 12. The revised Schedules C, D, F, and G of the Wastewater System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the District beginning Fiscal Year 2018, and contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit B, are hereby adopted and the charges and provisions therein contained are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017; provided, however, that the revised Wastewater Capacity Fees set forth in Wastewater System Schedule G will be effective on August 14, 2017, or sixty days following adoption by the Board of Directors.
- 13. The revised Schedules C, D, and F of the Wastewater System Schedule of Rates and Charges for Customers of the District beginning Fiscal Year 2019, and contained in Chapter 5(b) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit B, is hereby adopted and the charges and provisions therein contained are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 1, 2018.
- 14. The revised Recreation Use Fees beginning Calendar Year 2018, and contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit C, are hereby fixed and established to be effective January 1, 2018.

- 15. The revised Recreation Use Fees beginning Calendar Year 2019, and contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, attached hereto as Exhibit D, are hereby fixed and established to be effective January 1, 2019.
- 16. The revised duplication and computer programming fees related to Public Records Act requests, contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, and attached hereto as Exhibit E, are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017.
- 17. The revised Real Property Use Application Fees contained in Chapter 5(a) of the Biennial Report, and attached hereto as Exhibit F, are hereby fixed and established to be effective July 12, 2017.
- The District, as lead agency under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), 18. has evaluated the potential environmental impacts of adopting the fees and charges set forth herein. As the decision making body for the East Bay Municipal Utility District, the Board of Directors has reviewed and considered the information contained in the administrative record for the adoption of the fees and charges. Based on information in the administrative record, including the District's evidence-based estimates of the costs of providing the relevant services, the Board of Directors finds that the aforesaid actions constitute modification and approval of charges for the purpose of meeting operating expenses, including employee wage rates and fringe benefits; purchasing or leasing supplies, equipment, or material; meeting financial reserve needs and requirements; or obtaining funds for capital projects necessary to maintain service in the District's existing service area; and the Board of Directors therefore determines that its aforesaid actions are exempt from the requirements of the CEQA, and hereby directs the Secretary of the District to file a Notice of Exemption in accordance with applicable statutes and regulations with the County Clerks of Alameda and Contra Costa counties.

## BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

19. If any section, subsection, clause or phrase in this Resolution or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is for any reason held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Resolution or the application of such provisions to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby and shall remain in full force and effect until modified or superseded by action of this Board of Directors. The Board of Directors hereby declares that it would have passed this Resolution and each section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase thereof, irrespective of the fact that one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases or the application thereof to any person or circumstance be held invalid.

## BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

20. The appropriate officers of the East Bay Municipal Utility District are hereby authorized and directed to take such actions as shall be necessary to impose, enforce and collect said fees, rates, charges, and regulations.

ADOPTED this 11th day of July, 2017 by the following vote:

AYES:

Directors Katz, Linney, Melloft, Patterson, Young, and

President McIntosh.

NOES:

Director Coleman.

ABSENT:

None.

ABSTAIN:

None.

Presiden

ATTEST:

Secretary

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE:

General Counsel

| Operating and Capital Budget |
|------------------------------|
| Resolution                   |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

# RESOLUTION NO. 35043-17

APPROVING THE BUDGET OF THE EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEMS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018 AND FISCAL YEAR 2019 AND ESTABLISHING THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR THE PAYMENT OF DEMANDS AGAINST THE DISTRICT

Introduced by Director Mellon

; Seconded by Director Linney

WHEREAS, the General Manager has prepared an estimate of all expenditures necessary and advisable for the proper conduct of the activities of the East Bay Municipal Utility District and submitted the estimate to the Board of Directors in the Proposed Biennial Budget Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019 ("Proposed Biennial Budget"); and

WHEREAS, the Proposed Biennial Budget reflects proposed regular rate increases and a proposed staged system of temporary drought rates. The proposed regular rate increases are 9.25% and 9.0% for the Water System, and 5.0% and 5.0% for the Wastewater System for Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019, respectively. The proposed drought surcharges will be up to 8.0%, 20.0%, and 25.0% for drought stages 2, 3, and 4, respectively, which would apply to each unit of potable water consumed when the Board declares a water shortage emergency or a water shortage, or the State of California mandates reduced water use; and

WHEREAS, workshops were held on January 24, March 14, and April 11, 2017, at which time the members of the Board of Directors and members of the public were provided an opportunity to review and ask questions about the recommended budget prepared by the General Manager; and

WHEREAS, the Board has considered all the oral and written information presented to it;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the East Bay Municipal Utility District as follows:

- 1. The budget for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 presented by the General Manager is hereby approved and adopted as the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 budget for the East Bay Municipal Utility District. Copies of the budget documents are on file in the Office of the Secretary and are made a part of this resolution as though set forth in full.
- 2. For the purposes of complying with Section 11891.5 of the Public Utilities Code, the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 budget is expressed in major groups of accounts as indicated below. The following amounts are hereby appropriated for expenditure:

| WATER SYSTEM:           | <u>FY18</u>          | <u>FY19</u>          |
|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Operating Budget        | \$277,923,353        | \$292,454,029        |
| Debt Service            | 199,550,760          | 210,036,261          |
| Capital Budget          | 386,450,000          | 367,459,000          |
| Total Water System      | <u>\$863,924,113</u> | <u>\$869,949,290</u> |
| WASTEWATER SYSTEM       |                      |                      |
| Operating Budget        | \$70,557,832         | \$73,137,410         |
| Debt Service            | 34,658,902           | 31,936,098           |
| Capital Budget          | 34,382,000           | 51,109,000           |
| Total Wastewater System | <u>\$139,598,734</u> | <u>\$156,182,508</u> |

- 3. The General Manager is authorized to approve the payment of demands against the District in Fiscal Year 2018, without further Board authorization, so long as the demands are incurred for purposes and within the amounts set forth in the projection of the District's operations set forth above with respect to Fiscal Year 2018. Projection of the District's operations with respect to Fiscal Year 2019 will be resubmitted to the Board in June 2018 for review and approval, consistent with Public Utilities Code section 11891.5.
- 4. The General Manager is authorized for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 to transfer funds between the Capital Budget and the Operating Budget in both the water and wastewater budgets as required, but not to exceed a variance of 5% and provided that the total budget for each of the two systems remains unchanged.
- 5. Subject to compliance with Section 12751 of the Public Utilities Code, authority is hereby delegated to incur obligations for the purposes and within the amounts specified for such purposes in the budget hereby approved under such terms and conditions as the General Manager shall establish.
- 6. In order to provide for completion of work on projects authorized but not completed as of the close of the fiscal year, balances remaining at the close of Fiscal Year 2017 and Fiscal Year 2018, respectively, are hereby appropriated for expenditure in the subsequent fiscal year, in addition to the applicable fiscal year appropriations for capital and operating expenditures.
- 7. The Director of Finance is hereby authorized and directed to distribute the Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 appropriations to the various accounts of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and consistent with the purposes and objectives identified in the approved budget. The Director of Finance is further authorized to apply surplus revenues above the targeted reserve levels identified in the approved budget to retire currently outstanding bonds where it is cost-effective to do so, fund capital expenditures in Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019, or set aside revenues in a restricted fund to fund capital expenditures. Directors and department head managers are authorized to transfer unexpended funds to other approved operations or capital projects, provided that the total Capital Budget and Operating Budget for the Water and

Wastewater Systems remain unchanged, except for the 5% variance authorized for the General Manager in this Resolution. An annual report of the transferred capital unexpended funds will be submitted by the Budget Office to the General Manager.

- 8. Any monies received during Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 as a consequence of a grant approved for acceptance by the Board of Directors are hereby appropriated for the purposes for which the grant has been approved. Such appropriation includes authorization for the General Manager to expend such monies and for the Director of Finance to make payments therefore in accordance with the terms and conditions and for the purposes of the grant.
- 9. The Board hereby declares the District's intent to reimburse itself with the proceeds of one or more issues of tax-exempt bonds, commercial paper notes or other indebtedness (collectively, the "Obligations") for a portion of the costs of the District's capital improvement program for its Water System and Wastewater System, as set forth in the budget for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019. The maximum principal amount of the Obligations expected to be issued to finance the costs of such capital improvement program, as set forth in the District's Capital Budget is \$386.4 million in Fiscal Year 2018 and \$367.6 million in Fiscal Year 2019 in the Water System, and \$34.45 million for Fiscal Year 2018 and \$51.1 million in Fiscal Year 2019 for the Wastewater System.

ADOPTED this 27th day of June, 2017 by the following vote:

AYES:

Directors Katz, Linney, Mellon, Patterson, Young and

President McIntosh.

NOES:

Director Coleman.

ABSENT:

None.

ABSTAIN:

None.

Presiden

ATTEST:

Secretary

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE:

General Counsel

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

| Staffing   |  |
|------------|--|
| Resolution |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |
|            |  |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

| RESOLUTION NO. | 35048-17 |
|----------------|----------|
|----------------|----------|

# AUTHORIZING THE NUMBER AND CHARACTER OF POSITIONS AND AUTHORIZING THE GENERAL MANAGER TO TAKE ACTION IN CONNECTION THEREWITH

Introduced by Director Patterson

; Seconded by Director Mellon

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the East Bay Municipal Utility District is charged with the responsibility to determine and create the number and character of positions required to carry on the functions of the District; and

WHEREAS, the General Manager has filed a report with the Board of Directors recommending that 2,106 full-time equivalent ("FTE") positions be authorized to carry on the functions of the District in Fiscal Year 2018 and 2,113 FTE positions be authorized to carry on the functions of the District in Fiscal Year 2019;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the East Bay Municipal Utility District as follows:

- 1. That 2,106 FTE positions be and hereby are authorized for Fiscal Year 2018 and 2,113 FTE positions be and hereby are authorized for Fiscal Year 2019, and that said positions are hereby converted, reallocated, created, deleted, and/or flexibly staffed in accordance with Exhibits A, B1, B2 and C, which are attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference, and that the character of the positions (Full-Time Civil Service, Full-Time Civil Service Exempt, Limited Term, Temporary Construction, Temporary, Intermittent, and Part-Time) so authorized shall be as set forth in said exhibits.
- 2. That the necessary amounts for salaries and benefits for the positions authorized in Section 1 of this Resolution for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019, which include the classification plan changes set forth in Exhibit C, are hereby authorized and appropriated, and that the salary schedules and monthly salary or wage rates for the positions authorized in this Resolution are approved.
- 3. That the Board of Directors hereby authorizes the General Manager to determine the specific classification and organizational placement within the District for each of the authorized positions and authorizes the General Manager to reallocate, flexibly staff, reassign and/or transfer said existing positions and personnel within the District, provided that: (1) the total number of positions that are represented remains unchanged for each fiscal year; (2) the character of the positions as enumerated above and as set forth in Exhibits A, B1, B2 and C is not changed provided, however, that the General Manager is authorized to flexibly staff regular full-time civil service positions with intermittent civil service positions consistent with procedures adopted by the General Manager for that purpose; (3) the total approved salaries and benefits for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 are not exceeded; (4) this authority is exercised in accordance with applicable District rules, regulations, policies and procedures, including those adopted to implement the District's civil service system set forth at Section 12051 et seq. of the Municipal

Utility District Act and any applicable provisions of relevant Memoranda of Understanding between the District and AFSCME Local 444, AFSCME Local 2019, IFPTE Local 21, and Stationary Engineers Local 39; and (5) the General Manager posts notice of such proposed changes in a conspicuous place at the District, and also notifies the Board of Directors, AFSCME Local 444, AFSCME Local 2019, IFPTE Local 21, and Stationary Engineers Local 39 of such proposed changes at least seven (7) calendar days prior to making any such change.

- 4. That the continuing operational need for any and all Limited Term and Temporary Construction positions included in the budget for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 be evaluated and reported on by departments as part of their budget request for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019. Departments are responsible for ensuring that Limited Term and Temporary Construction positions are terminated at the end of their assigned project and are not reassigned without obtaining approval from the General Manager and the Board.
- 5. That Resolution Nos. 334090-16 and 334091-16, and Resolution No. 34041-15, as amended and all other resolutions or motions or parts thereof in conflict with this Resolution are revoked, provided that the authority of the General Manager or the General Manager's designee to create special replacement positions (Section 4, Resolution No. 30950-84; Section 3, Resolution No. 31904-87, and Section 4, Resolution No. 32084-88 as amended by Resolution No. 33425-04) and to transfer functions and positions (Section 5, Resolution No. 30950-84) and to approve special replacement positions/classifications for Limited Term and Temporary Construction positions (Section 3, Resolution No. 31303-85) and to temporarily replace full-time employees who are absent or are on approved leave as a result of participation in the District's drug and alcohol testing program, not to exceed a maximum of six (6) months and in accordance with applicable District Civil Service Rules (Section 8, Resolution No. 32926-95) and to designate the classification, organizational assignment, duration, and appointments for up to ten (10) Workforce Transition (WT) positions to mitigate near term retirements (Resolution 33676-08) in accordance with applicable District Civil Service Rules shall remain in full force and effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the East Bay Municipal Utility District that, in accordance with Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein:

- 1. The following classifications shall be deleted: Computer Operations Supervisor, Emergency Preparedness Officer, HVAC Mechanic; Industrial Water Conservation Representative, Management Analyst III, Meter Reading Foreman, Operations & Maintenance Supervisor, Principal Information Systems Analyst, Senior Facility Technician, Senior Word Processing Specialist, and Telecommunication Systems Specialist.
- 2. The classification title of Manager of Meter Reading & Maintenance shall be changed to Manager of Maintenance Support.

Utility District Act and any applicable provisions of relevant Memoranda of Understanding between the District and AFSCME Local 444, AFSCME Local 2019, IFPTE Local 21, and Stationary Engineers Local 39; and (5) the General Manager posts notice of such proposed changes in a conspicuous place at the District, and also notifies the Board of Directors, AFSCME Local 444, AFSCME Local 2019, IFPTE Local 21, and Stationary Engineers Local 39 of such proposed changes at least seven (7) calendar days prior to making any such change.

- 4. That the continuing operational need for any and all Limited Term and Temporary Construction positions included in the budget for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019 be evaluated and reported on by departments as part of their budget request for Fiscal Year 2018 and Fiscal Year 2019. Departments are responsible for ensuring that Limited Term and Temporary Construction positions are terminated at the end of their assigned project and are not reassigned without obtaining approval from the General Manager and the Board.
- That Resolution Nos. 334090-16 and 334091-16, and Resolution No. 34041-15, as 5. amended and all other resolutions or motions or parts thereof in conflict with this Resolution are revoked, provided that the authority of the General Manager or the General Manager's designee to create special replacement positions (Section 4, Resolution No. 30950-84; Section 3, Resolution No. 31904-87, and Section 4, Resolution No. 32084-88 as amended by Resolution No. 33425-04) and to transfer functions and positions (Section 5, Resolution No. 30950-84) and to approve special replacement positions/classifications for Limited Term and Temporary Construction positions (Section 3, Resolution No. 31303-85) and to temporarily replace full-time employees who are absent or are on approved leave as a result of participation in the District's drug and alcohol testing program, not to exceed a maximum of six (6) months and in accordance with applicable District Civil Service Rules (Section 8, Resolution No. 32926-96) and to designate the classification, organizational assignment, duration, and appointments for up to ten (10) Workforce Transition (WT) positions to mitigate near term retirements (Resolution 33678-08) in accordance with applicable District Civil Service Rules shall remain in full force and effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the East Bay Municipal Utility District that, in accordance with Exhibit C, attached hereto and incorporated herein:

- 1. The following classifications shall be deleted: Computer Operations Supervisor, Emergency Preparedness Officer, HVAC Mechanic; Industrial Water Conservation Representative, Management Analyst III, Meter Reading Foreman, Operations & Maintenance Supervisor, Principal Information Systems Analyst, Senior Facility Technician, Senior Word Processing Specialist, and Telecommunication Systems Specialist.
- 2. The classification title of Manager of Meter Reading & Maintenance shall be changed to Manager of Maintenance Support.

3. The status of the classification title of Senior Community Affairs Representative shall be changed from Civil Service to Civil Service Exempt pursuant to Section 12055(e).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this Resolution shall become effective July 12, 2017.

ADOPTED this 11th day of July, 2017 by the following vote:

AYES:

Directors Katz, Linney, Mellon, Patterson, Young, and

President McIntosh.

NOES:

Director Coleman.

ABSENT:

None.

ABSTAIN: None.

President

ATTEST:

Secreta

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE:

General Counsel

EXHIBIT "A" SUMMARY OF STAFF CHANGES (July 11, 2017)

|   | FY17           | FY18           |                 | FY19            |            |
|---|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| !   | Amended (1)    | Recommended    | FY18            | Recommended     | FY19       |
| Group/Department                            | Staff Years''' | Staff Years(*) | Net Change      | Staff Years (4) | Net Change |
| ADMINISTRATION                              | 2              | 2              | 0               | 5               | Ol         |
| CUSTOMER AND COMMUNITY SERVICES             | 153.5          | 152.5          | 7               | 152.5           | Ol         |
| ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION                | 267.5          | 275.5          | <b>∞</b> I      | 275.5           | Ol         |
| FINANCE                                     | 193.5          | 195.5          | 2               | 195.5           | 01         |
| Finance                                     | 99.5           | 99.5           | 0               | 99.5            | 0          |
| Information Systems                         | 94             | 96             | 2               | 96              | 0          |
| HUMAN RESOURCES                             | 56.5           | 59.5           | ଟା              | 59.5            | 01         |
| OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL               | 17             | 17             | Ol              | 17              | 01         |
| OFFICE OF THE GENERAL MANAGER               | 25.5           | 25.5           | Ol              | 25.5            | 01         |
| MAINTENANCE AND CONSTRUCTION                | 714            | 738            | 24              | 744             | ଡା         |
| OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE SUPPORT            | 20             | 51             | СI              | <u>51</u>       | OI         |
| WATER OPERATIONS                            | 188            | 189            | Н               | 189             | OI         |
| WATER AND NATURAL RESOURCES                 | 106            | 106            | 0               | 106             | OI         |
| Water Resources                             | 37.5           | 37.5           | 0               | 37.5            | 0          |
| Natural Resources                           | 68.5           | 68.5           | 0               | 68.5            | 0          |
| WATER RECYCLING PROGRAM                     | ∞I             | ∞Ι             | Ol              | <b>ω</b> ]      | 0          |
| WATER SYSTEM TOTAL                          | 1781.5         | 1819.5         | 37              | 1825.5          | 9          |
| WASTEWATER                                  | 286.5          | 286.5          | <del>-</del> -1 | 287.5           | <b>←</b> I |
| DISTRICT-WIDE TOTAL IN FTEs (3)             | 2068           | 2106           | 38              | 2113            | 7          |
| Notes <sup>(1), (2), (3)</sup> - See page 2 |                |                |                 |                 |            |

•

# EXHIBIT "A" SUMMARY OF STAFF CHANGES (July 11, 2017)

| TOTAL POSITIONS AUTHORIZED BY TYPE OF STATUS    | FY18<br>Positions | FY18<br>Net Change | FY19<br>Positions | FY19<br>Net Change |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Full-Time                                       | 2008              | 37                 | 2015              | 7                  |
| Temporary                                       | 49                | -10                | 49                | 0                  |
| Part-Time                                       | 17                | 0                  | 17                | 0                  |
| Intermittent                                    | 4                 | 0                  | 4                 | 0                  |
| Temporary Construction and Limited-Term         | 62                | 10                 | 62                | 0                  |
| DISTRICT-WIDE TOTAL IN POSITIONS <sup>(3)</sup> | 2140              | 33                 | 2147              | 7                  |

# Notes to Exhibit A:

(1) Amended staffing applies mid-year Board actions, changes to the FY15 position Resolution under the General Manager's authority, position transfers, and administrative corrections.

staff year staff year staff year .5 0.1  $\Pi = \Pi$ Ħ Regular Full-Time, Temporary Construction, and Limited Term Positions Part-Time and Temporary Intermittent (2)

The District-wide full-time equivalent (FTE) total takes into account that temporary, part-time and intermittent positions are valued at less than 1.0 staff years each. The District-wide position total does not make that distinction. (3)

# FY18 POSITION ADDITIONS/DELETIONS/CONVERSIONS/REALLOCATIONS/FLEX STAFFING (July 11, 2017) EXHIBIT "B1"

# **Customer and Community Services**

|        |                   |                                     |      |                            |      | Repre | sentati | Representation Change | afi              |   |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| o<br>o | FTE<br>ORG Change | From                                | То   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 44    | 24      | 39 M                  | NR/<br>MC Exempt | Explanation                             |
| 314    | -1.0              | -1.0 LT Associate Civil<br>Engineer | None | 76                         | -1.0 |       |         |                       |                  | Was not filled and is no longer needed. |

Engineering

|     | Engineering | ng                             |  |                            |      |      |                       |       |       |               |  |
|-----|-------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|-------|-------|---------------|--|
|     |             |                                |  |                            |      | Repi | Representation Change | on Ch | l nge |               |  |
| ORG | FTE         | From                           | To   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 4    | 24                    | 98    | M C   | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation  |
| 502 | None        | 1.0 Management Analyst<br>I/II | 1.0 Senior Civil Engineer  | 82                         |      |      | ×                     |       |       |               | To support the advancement of key geospatial initiatives with immediate emphasis on GS and RFID. |
| 532 | 1.0         | None                           | 1.0 LT Engineering<br>Designer I/II / LT Drafter<br>I/II/III           | 29                         | 1.0  |      |                       |       |       |               | Additional drafting support needed due to an increase in applicant pipeline extension work.      |
| 572 | 1.0         | None                           | 1.0 TC Senior Construction<br>Inspector / TC Construction<br>Inspector | 7.1                        | 1.0  |      |                       |       |       |               | To support the Alameda Crossings and the Wildcat Aqueduct Replacement projects.                  |
| 572 | 1.0         | None                           | 1.0 LT Senior Construction<br>Inspector / LT Construction<br>Inspector | 7.1                        | 1.0  |      |                       |       |       |               | To support applicant Pipeline Extension and Pipeline Relocation.                                 |
| 573 | 1.0         | None                           | 1.0 Assistant Surveying<br>Supervisor                                  | 74                         |      |      | 1:0                   |       |       |               | To support Capital Improvement Program   |
| 573 | 1.0         | None                           | 1.0 Survey Technician I/II   | 62                         | 1.0  |      |                       |       |       |               | To support Capital Improvement Program   |

267

# Engineering

268

|     |               |      |  |                            |      | Repi | Representation Change | on Cha | ınge |               |  |
|-----|---------------|------|--|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|--------|------|---------------|--|
| ORG | FTE<br>Change | From | To   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444  | 27                    | 39     | S    | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation  |
| 574 | 2.0           | None | 2.0 LT Materials Inspector /<br>LT Senior Construction<br>Inspector / LT Construction<br>Inspector | 71                         | 2.0  |      |                       |        |      |               | To support Capital Improvement Program                           |
| 577 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 LT Senior Construction<br>Inspector / LT Construction<br>Inspector                             | 7.4                        | 1.0  |      |                       |        |      |               | To support applicant Pipeline Extension and Pipeline Relocation. |

# Finance

|             |               |  |  |                            |      | Rep | Representation Change | tion Ch | ange   |               |   |
|-------------|---------------|--|--|----------------------------|------|-----|-----------------------|---------|--------|---------------|---|
| ORG         | FTE<br>Change | From   | То   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444 | 21                    | 39      | Q<br>M | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation   |
| 218/        | None          | 1.0 Senior Accounting /<br>Financial Systems<br>Analyst / Management<br>Analyst I/II | 1.0 Senior Accounting / Financial Systems Analyst / Management Analyst I/II / LT Senior Accounting / Financial Systems Analyst | 11                         |      |     | ×                     |         |        |               | Financial Information System Project  |
| 942/<br>220 | None          | 1.0 Senior Wastewater<br>Control Inspector   | 1.0 TC Accounting & Financial Systems Analyst / Senior Wastewater Control Inspector  | 73                         | ×    |     |                       |         |        |               | Human Resources Information System Project.<br>Estimated project completion date is FY20. |
| 220         | -1.0          | -1.0 TC Information<br>Systems Support Analyst<br>II                                 | None   | 20                         | -1.0 |     |                       |         |        |               | Customer Information System project support completed.                                    |
| 230         | None          | 1.0 Administrative Clerk / Information Systems Support Analyst I/II                  | 1.0 Administrative Clerk /<br>LT Information Systems<br>Specialist I/II/III  | 70                         | ×    |     |                       |         |        |               | Materials Management Information System Project.  |

# EXHIBIT "B1"

# FY18 POSITION ADDITIONS/DELETIONS/CONVERSIONS/REALLOCATIONS/FLEX STAFFING (July 11, 2017)

# Information Systems

|     |                   |      |   |                            |      | Repr | Representation Change | n Change |               |   |
|-----|-------------------|------|---|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|----------|---------------|---|
| ORG | FTE<br>ORG Change | From | To  | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444  | 21 39                 |          | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation   |
| 252 | 2.0               | None | 2.0 Senior Systems<br>Programmer / Systems<br>Programmer I/II | 22                         | 2.0  |      |                       |          |               | Industrial Control System (ICS) within OP/NET System based on 2016 assessment report. |

# **Human Resources**

|     |               |      |  |                            |      | Rep | resental | Representation Change | )ge              |  |
|-----|---------------|------|--|----------------------------|------|-----|----------|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| ORG | FTE<br>Change | From | ОТ   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444 | 21       | 39                    | NR/<br>MC Exempt | Explanation  |
| 360 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 Human Resources<br>Analyst I/II              | 69                         |      |     |          | ,-                    | 1.0              | To address increased baseline workload.  |
| 364 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 Senior Human<br>Resources Analyst            | 73                         |      |     |          |                       | 1.0              | To address increased baseline workload.  |
| 365 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 TC Information<br>Systems Support Analyst II | 70                         | 1.0  |     |          |                       |                  | Human Resources Information System Project. Estimated project completion date is FY20. |

# Maintenance & Construction

|          |                                     |                            |      | Rep | Representation Change | ion Cha | ange |                  |  |
|----------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----|-----------------------|---------|------|------------------|--|
| <br>From | To                                  | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444 | 21                    | 39      | M C  | NR/<br>MC Exempt | Explanation  |
| <br>None | 4.0 Maintenance Shift<br>Supervisor | 69                         |      |     | 4.0                   |         |      |                  | To reduce overtime and increase Preventive Maintenance work. |
| 1.0 None | 1.0 Utility Laborer                 | 51                         |      | 1.0 |                       |         |      |                  | Increase in the maintenance of the water                     |

2

# Maintenance & Construction

|                       | Explanation                | distribution system. |                     |                     | The five Water Distribution Plumber positions are part of a pool of resources to support Pipeline Rebuild and maintenance of the | distribution system.  |   |   | Stabilize Pipeline Rebuild Crew by allowing regular hires. | Reduce reliance on Fully Manned & Operated (FM&O) contracts. | Tap Research Project to identify lead in the ground. Expected project duration is 5 years. When project ends, positions revert back to temporary status. | Positions will be used during a two to four year pilot to determine appropriate staffing levels. When the project ends, the positions revert back to temporary status. |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|                       | NR/<br>Exempt              |                      |                     |                     |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| ange                  | MC                         |                      |                     |                     |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Representation Change | 39                         |                      |                     |                     |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| resenta               | 21                         |                      |                     |                     |  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Rep                   | 444                        | 2.0                  | 2.0                 | 2.0                 | ×  | ×   | ×   | ×   | ×  | 9.0  | 1.0  | 3.0  |
|                       | 2019                       |                      |                     |                     |  |   |   |   |  |  |  | ¥  |
|                       | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 51                   | 51                  | 51                  | 59   | 59  | 59  | 59  | 59   | 58   | 49   | 54   |
|                       | <b>Т</b>                   | 2.0 Utility Laborer  | 2.0 Utility Laborer | 2.0 Utility Laborer | 1.0 Water Distribution<br>Plumber I/II/III / Utility<br>Laborer  | 1.0 Water Distribution<br>Plumber I/II/III / Utility<br>Laborer | 1.0 Water Distribution<br>Plumber I/II/III / Utility<br>Laborer | 2.0 Water Distribution<br>Plumber I/II/III / Utility<br>Laborer | 3.0 Water Distribution<br>Plumber I/II/III                 | 9.0 Heavy Transport<br>Operator                              | 2.0 TC Administrative Clerk  | 6.0 LT Meter<br>Reader/Mechanic  |
|                       | From                       | None                 | None                | None                | 1.0 TC Water<br>Distribution Plumber I   | 1.0 TC Water<br>Distribution Plumber I                          | 1.0 TC Water<br>Distribution Plumber I                          | 2.0 TC Water<br>Distribution Plumber I                          | 3.0 TC Water<br>Distribution Plumber I                     | None   | 2.0 Temporary Administrative Clerk/(1) Temporary Customer Services Representative I  | 6.0 Temporary Meter<br>Reader/Mechanic   |
|                       | FTE<br>Change              | 2.0                  | 2.0                 | 2.0                 | None   | None  | None  | None  | None   | 9.0  | 1.0  | 3.0  |
|                       | ORG                        | 723                  | 724                 | 725                 | 741/   | 741/  | 741/  | 741/  | 746  | 746  | 737  | 753  |

# Operations & Maintenance Support

|     |                   |      |                                    |                            |      | Repr | Representation Change | on Char | ) de          |   |
|-----|-------------------|------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|---------|---------------|---|
| ORG | FTE<br>ORG Change | From | То                                 | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 44   | 72                    | 39<br>N | NR/<br>Exempt | /<br>Explanation  |
| 783 | 1.0               | None | 1.0 LT Associate Civil<br>Engineer | 92                         | 1.0  |      |                       |         |               | To perform design work on up to three Capital Projects. |

# Water Operations

|     |                   |      |   |                            |      | Repr | resentat | Representation Change | egu              |   |
|-----|-------------------|------|---|----------------------------|------|------|----------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| ORG | FTE<br>ORG Change | From | To                                      | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444  | 21       | 2019 444 21 39 MC     | NR/<br>IC Exempt | pt Explanation  |
| 777 | 1.0               | None | 1.0 LT Water Distribution<br>Supervisor | 9/                         |      |      | 1.0      |                       |                  | Lead Sampling for Schools and Customer Voluntary Tap Lead Sampling program. |

# Wastewater

|      |               |  |  |                            |      | Rep  | resental | Representation Change | nge |               |   |
|------|---------------|--|--|----------------------------|------|------|----------|-----------------------|-----|---------------|---|
| ORG  | FTE<br>Change | From   | 0  | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444  | 21       | 39                    | MC  | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation   |
| 006  | 1.0           | None   | 1.0 LT Information Services<br>Supervisor  | 62                         |      |      | 1.0      |                       |     |               | Required to support restructuring of WW Information System services.                                    |
| 910/ | None          | 1.0 Senior Civil Engineer<br>/ Senior Mechanical<br>Engineer | 1.0 Information System Administrator II / LT Information System Administrator II | 82                         |      |      | ×        |                       |     |               | Required as part of the restructuring of IS services in WW department per ISD recommendation to the GM. |
| 911  | -1.0          | -2.0 Temp Gardener II  | None   | 52                         |      | -1.0 |          |                       |     |               | Full-time gardener position to replace two part-time gardeners.   |
| 911  | 1.0           | None   | 1.0 Facility Specialist II   | 61                         |      | 1.0  |          |                       |     |               | To provide HVAC support.  |

# Wastewater

272

|       |         |  |                                      |                            |      | Rep  | Representation Change | tion Cha | nge  |               |   |
|-------|---------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|----------|------|---------------|---|
| ORG   | FTE     | From   | То                                   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444  | 21                    | 39       | MC E | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation                             |
| 914   | -1.0    | -1.0 LT Assistant<br>Engineer                | None                                 | 72                         | -1.0 |      |                       |          |      |               | LT term end. Position started in FY13.  |
| 927   | 1.0     | None   | 1.0 Associate Civil<br>Engineer      | 92                         | 1.0  |      |                       |          |      |               | To support increased CIP.               |
| 927   | 1.0     | None   | 1.0 Senior Construction<br>Inspector | 71                         | 1.0  |      |                       |          |      |               | To support increased CIP.               |
| 941   | -1.0    | -1.0 LT Wastewater<br>Control Representative | None                                 | 99                         | -1.0 |      |                       |          |      |               | LT term end. Position started in FY13.  |
| Total | FY18 Re | Total FY18 Representation Change             |                                      |                            | 9.0  | 20.0 | 7.0                   | 0.0      | 2.0  | 0.0           | To address increased baseline workload. |

Notes to Exhibit B1:

1. "X" in the "Representation Change" column indicates no change

# Maintenance & Construction

|     |               |      |                                      |                            |      | Repr | Representation Change | on Cha | nge      |               |   |
|-----|---------------|------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------|-----------------------|--------|----------|---------------|---|
| ORG | FTE<br>Change | From | То                                   | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 44   | 24                    | 39     | MC<br>MC | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation   |
| 722 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 Heavy Equipment<br>Operator      | 09                         |      | 1.0  |                       |        |          |               | Reduce reliance on FM&O contracts and expand Central Yard.  |
| 722 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 Truck Driver II                  | 57                         |      | 1.0  |                       |        |          |               | Reduce reliance on FM&O contracts and expand Central Yard.  |
| 739 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 Associate Electrical<br>Engineer | 92                         | 1.0  |      |                       |        |          |               | To support the Distributed Control Systems and the cyber security for our Industrial Control Systems. |
| 741 | 2.0           | None | 2.0 Heavy Transport<br>Operator      | 58                         |      | 2.0  |                       |        |          |               | Reduce reliance on FM&O contracts.  |
| 746 | 1.0           | None | 1.0 Heavy Equipment<br>Operator      | 09                         |      | 1.0  |                       |        |          |               | Reduce reliance on FM&O contracts.  |

# Wastewater

|         |                   |                                  |                           |                            |      | Repr        | Representation Change | ion Cha | nge    |               |             |
|---------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------|---------|--------|---------------|-------------|
| RG<br>G | FTE<br>ORG Change | From                             | То                        | Monthly<br>Salary<br>Range | 2019 | 444         | 72                    | 99      | MC Ex. | NR/<br>Exempt | Explanation |
| 911     | 1.0 None          | None                             | 1.0 Electrical Technician | 99                         |      | 1.0         |                       |         |        |               |             |
| otal l  | -Y19 Re           | Total FY19 Representation Change |                           |                            | 1.0  | 0.0 0.0 0.0 | 0.0                   | 0.0     |        | 0.0           |             |

# EXHIBIT "C" FY18 – FY19 CLASSIFICATION PLAN CHANGES (July 11, 2017)

| ζ | Į |   | ) |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| 7 |   | 7 |   |  |
| ( |   |   | • |  |
| ١ |   |   | d |  |
|   |   |   |   |  |
| ľ |   |   |   |  |
| Ŀ | Į | L | J |  |
|   |   |   | J |  |
|   | ı | L | I |  |
| ĺ |   | • | ١ |  |
|   |   |   |   |  |
| _ |   | 7 | , |  |
|   |   |   |   |  |
| Į |   |   | Į |  |
| ī |   |   |   |  |
| ľ |   |   |   |  |
| • |   | į |   |  |
| ŕ |   | 1 | ١ |  |
| • |   |   | , |  |
| Ĺ | j | Ĺ |   |  |
|   |   | ĺ |   |  |
| ľ | ı | ' | ) |  |
| Ć | ĺ | į | ١ |  |
| ď | ė | i |   |  |
|   | • | 4 | ì |  |
|   |   |   | 4 |  |

| Class Code | Class Title                                  | Monthly Salary Range    | Rep. Unit | Explanation   |
|------------|--|-------------------------|-----------|---|
| 2335       | Computer Operations Supervisor               | (69) \$7,963 - \$9,218  | 21        | Classification was last filled in 2006 and is obsolete.   |
| 2588       | Emergency Preparedness Officer               | (79) \$9,075 - \$13,106 | MGR       | Classification was last filled in 2003 and is obsolete.   |
| 8528       | HVAC Mechanic                                | (61) \$6,537 - \$7,567  | 444       | Duties of this classification are performed by Facility Specialists.  |
| 4748       | Industrial Water Conservation Representative | (66) 7,041 - \$8,559    | 2019      | Classification has not been used since 1998 and is obsolete.  |
| 4803       | Management Analyst III                       | (73) \$8,970 - \$10,174 | 21        | Classification has been replaced by Risk Management Analyst and Technical Training & Writing Administrator classes which are more accurate reflections of those positions. This classification is obsolete. |
| 5943       | Meter Reading Foreman                        | (61) \$6,537 - \$7,567  | 444       | This classification was replaced by the Meter Reader/Mechanic Foreman classification and is obsolete.   |
| 8263       | Operations and Maintenance Supervisor        | (70) \$8,162 - \$9,449  | 21        | All current positions were reallocated to the Power & Treatment Plant Maintenance Supervisor and this classification will no longer be used.  |
| 2324       | Principal Information Systems Analyst        | (77) \$9,703 - \$11,232 | 21        | Classification was last filled in 1999 and is obsolete.   |
| 8706       | Senior Facility Technician                   | (63) \$6,868 - \$7,951  | 444       | This classification was replaced by the Facility Foreman and is obsolete.   |
| 5769       | Senior Word Processing Specialist            | (55) \$5,366 - \$6,523  | CNF       | Classification was last filled in the 2002 and is obsolete.   |
| 4205       | Telecommunication Systems Specialist         | (67) \$7,216 - \$8,772  | 2019      | Classification was last filled in 1997 and is obsolete.   |

# EXHIBIT "C" FY18 – FY19 CLASSIFICATION PLAN CHANGES (July 11, 2017)

**OTHER CLASSIFICATION PLAN CHANGES** 

|       | FROM  |                         | OT   |                          |             |   |
|-------|---|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------|---|
|       | Class Title                                 | Salary<br>Range         | Class Title                                | Salary<br>Range          | Rep<br>Unit | Explanation   |
| Maing | Manager of Meter Read-<br>ing & Maintenance | (80) \$9,302 – \$13,436 | Manager of Maintenance<br>Support          | (86) \$10,784 – \$15,577 | Exempt      | Classification is being retitled to manage a broad maintenance support function based on a realignment of work functions in the Operations and Maintenance Department. The character is also being changed from Civil Service to Exempt as appropriate for other equivalent classifications |
| s a   | Senior Community Affairs<br>Representative  | (77) \$8,640 - \$12,478 | Senior Community Affairs<br>Representative | (77) \$8,640 - \$12,478  | Exempt      | The nature of the position is similar to that of the Senior Public Information Representative classification and as such the character is being changed from Civil Service to Exempt.   |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

| FINANCIAL POLICIES |  |
|--------------------|--|
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS' FINANCIAL POLICIES**

This section includes four policies adopted by the District's Board of Directors to govern fiscal matters. The policies are listed below and reproduced on the following pages.

| Policy 4.02 | Cash Reserves and Debt Management        | Adopted April 2017 |
|-------------|--|--------------------|
| Policy 4.04 | Financial Planning and Budgetary Control | Adopted April 2009 |
| Policy 4.07 | Investment Policy                        | Adopted April 2017 |
| Policy 4.13 | Establishing Water and Wastewater Rates  | Adopted April 2016 |



# Policy 4.02

**EFFECTIVE** 

25 APR 17

SUPERSEDES

25 OCT 16

## CASH RESERVES AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

IT IS THE POLICY OF EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TO:

Maintain operating and self-insurance reserves necessary to provide ongoing working capital while maintaining a reasonable balance between debt and current revenue financing of capital projects. Maintaining adequate reserves along with sound financial policies promotes the District's good standing in the capital markets; provides financing flexibility; avoids potential restrictive debt covenants; maintains markets for District debt; and facilitates future financing of capital projects at reasonable costs.

Maintaining a reasonably conservative ratio between current funding sources and debt financing is critical to retaining the District's financing flexibility. Flexibility allows the District access to a variety of financing alternatives such as fixed and variable rate obligations as well as other types of debt such as State and Federal loans, direct bank loans, and other financial instruments which may be utilized by the District. Similarly, District financings may include taxable as well as tax-exempt alternatives. In addition to financing capital improvements, debt can be issued to refund outstanding obligations in order to achieve debt service savings or to further any other financial objectives authorized by the District Board. The District's debt should primarily be secured by its revenues, but may be secured by other sources such as, for example, voter-approved general obligation bonds secured by property taxes. The District's debt obligations may be short, medium, or long-term as appropriate to achieve results consistent with the District's financial goals and taking into account the useful life of the assets financed. Proceeds of debt should be held either (a) by a third-party trustee, which will disburse bond proceeds to the District upon submission of one or more written requisitions signed by an authorized District officer, or (b) by the District, to be held and accounted for in a separate fund or account, the expenditure of which will be carefully documented by the District and subject to established internal controls consistent with the District's applicable policies and procedures. When issuing debt, the District will comply with all applicable requirements pertaining to initial bond disclosure, continuing disclosure, tax-exemption, post-issuance compliance, and investment of bond proceeds (including, for example, any continuing disclosure undertakings under SEC Rule 15c2-12, and tax covenants and related federal tax compliance requirements such as arbitrage restrictions and rebate requirements). Issuance of all debt should conform to the District's overriding principle of exercising responsible financial management.

### **Financial Goals**

- Maintain operating reserves at a level sufficient to meet working capital and unanticipated needs, specifically:
  - Maintain Working Capital Reserve of at least 3.0 times monthly net operating and maintenance expenses.
  - Maintain Self-Insured Liability Program Reserve based on the Actuarial Self-Insured Retention (SIR) funding recommendation for the following year's discounted loss and allocated loss adjustment expenses (ALAE) funding guidelines. Reserve amount should be calculated at a high (85%) confidence level. If an actuarial study is not available before close of the prior fiscal year end, the reserve shall equal 1.15 times the prior year reserve.
  - Maintain Workers' Compensation Program Reserve based on the Actuarial SIR funding recommendation for the following year's discounted loss and ALAE funding guidelines. Reserve amount should be calculated at a high (85%) confidence level. If an actuarial study is not available before close of the prior fiscal year end, the reserve shall equal 1.15 times the prior year reserve.

## **Cash Reserves and Debt Management**

NUMBER

4.02

EFFECTIVE DATE

PAGE NO.:

25 APR 17

 Maintain Rate Stabilization Reserve for the Water System at a minimum of 20 percent of projected annual water volume revenues and for the Wastewater System at a minimum of 5 percent of operating and maintenance expenses.

- Maintain a reasonably conservative ratio between current funding sources and debt financing:
  - <u>Debt Service Coverage Ratio</u>: Maintain an annual revenue bond debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.6 times.
  - Debt-Funded Capital Spending: Limit debt-funded capital to no more than 65 percent of the total capital program over each five-year planning period.
  - Commercial Paper/Variable Rate Debt: Maintain an annual limit of 25 percent of outstanding long-term debt.

### **Authority**

Motion No. 058-94, April 12, 1994

As amended by Resolution No. 33211-00, June 27, 2000

As amended by Resolution No. 33429-04, June 8, 2004

As amended by Resolution No. 33481-05, June 14, 2005

As amended by Resolution No. 33485-05, July 12, 2005

As amended by Resolution No. 34052-15, September 22, 2015

As amended by Resolution No. 35008-16, October 25, 2016

As amended by Resolution No. 35034-17, April 25, 2017



Policy 4.04

**EFFECTIVE** 

28 APR 09

SUPERSEDES

09 JAN 07

# FINANCIAL PLANNING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

### IT IS THE POLICY OF THE EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TO:

Establish a financial plan and biennial budget for the Water System and the Wastewater System, to include:

### Financial Planning

- Efficient use of the District's resources through annual organizational, operational, construction, and financial planning, and by controlling costs and significant items of expenditures.
- Planning of operating and capital programs and setting levels of related operating, capital, and debt service expenditures that may be made during the budget period.

# Financial Monitoring

- Ensuring that the total amount expended and committed does not exceed the total revenue and receipts available during the fiscal year.
- Periodic status reports on expenditures, revenues, and investments.

### **Transfers**

The General Manager is authorized to transfer up to 5% of the fiscal years' adopted budget between the capital and operating budgets in each of the Water and Wastewater Systems' budgets provided that the total budget for each of the two systems remains unchanged.

## **Authority**

Resolution 27058, August 27, 1974
As amended by Resolution 32874-94, August 9, 1994
As amended by Resolution 33177-99, November 23, 1999
As amended by Resolution 33577-07, January 9, 2007
As amended by Resolution 33710-09, April 28, 2009

### References

Policy 7.03 Emergency Preparedness/Business Continuity
Policy 4.02 Cash Reserves and Debt Management
Procedure 417 Financial Planning and Budgetary Control

This Page Intentionally Left Blank





INVESTMENT POLICY

EFFECTIVE

SUPERSEDES

26 APR 16

25 APR 17

### IT IS THE POLICY OF THE EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TO:

Invest District funds and funds managed by the District on behalf of its Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) in compliance with investment criteria for safety, liquidity, yield and diversity as set forth herein. Investments shall be in securities with a range of maturities to provide a high rate of return on investments while providing adequate security and liquidity to pay demands when due.

### **Authority**

Section 53600 et. seq. of the California Government Code (Code), and Article 7 in Chapter 6 of the Municipal Utility District Act (M.U.D. Act) govern the investment of idle monies of the District. Section 53635 of the Code defines how investments are to be handled for Joint Powers Authorities.

### Delegation of Authority

The authority and responsibility to invest idle monies of the District is delegated to the Director of Finance as the Treasurer.

### **No Bond Proceeds**

The investment of bond proceeds is specifically defined in individual bond indenture documents and is not included in this policy.

### Investment Criteria

Criteria for selecting investments shall:

- adhere to the prudent investor standard, described in Section 53600.3 of the Code as follows: "when investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, a trustee shall act with care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, including, but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the agency, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the agency," and
- conform with the Code and M.U.D. Act, and
- have the following objectives, in order of priority:
- Safety The District's ability to recover principal and interest. Investments shall be made
  that will seek to ensure the preservation of principal and interest and minimize risk to the
  greatest extent possible. It is the primary duty of the Treasurer to protect, preserve and
  maintain cash and investments on behalf of the District.
- 2. *Liquidity* The District's ability to have cash available when needed to support expenditure cycles and budgetary objectives.
- 3. Yield The District's ability to provide maximum return on the District's investments while conforming to the safety and liquidity criteria above.
- 4. *Diversity* The District's ability to maintain an investment portfolio that includes a range of security types for the District. In order to accomplish this, each Investment Option shall have defined limits on maximum share of the portfolio, single issuer and single issue holdings, and maturity, rating and other restrictions where applicable.

4.07

2

PAGE NO.:

25 APR 17

EFFECTIVE DATE:

### Maturity

The weighted average maturity of the portfolio shall not exceed 720 days.

### Rating Agencies and Rating Requirements

As outlined below, some Investment Options have rating requirements. In that context, Rating Agencies is defined as:

- Standard & Poor's Financial Services (S&P),
- Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), and
- Fitch Ratings (Fitch), only.

### Ratings requirements:

- are provided using the S&P scale and should be read as "or equivalent" to other Rating Agencies scales. Rating Agencies scales are included for reference in Exhibit 1,
- apply at the time of purchase only, with subsequent downgrades below requirement levels prompting a case-by-case evaluation of the investment, and
- only apply to the Rating Agencies rating the security.

# Investment Options

The District is able to purchase investments in the instruments listed in this section as allowed and defined under Section 53600 et. seq. of the Code, Article 7 in Chapter 6 of the M.U.D. Act, Board Resolutions, and via this policy. As used in this section, the term "Portfolio" refers to each investment portfolio managed by the District.

### 1. United States Treasury Obligations

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: Unlimited
- Maximum Issuer Limit: n/a
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed five (5) years from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: n/a
- Other Restrictions: none

### 2. United States Government Agencies' Obligations

Under this subsection, only obligations issued by the following agencies are permitted:

- Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac)
- o Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)
- Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)
- Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)
- Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)
- Maximum Share of Portfolio: Unlimited
- Maximum Issuer Limit: 40% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed five (5) years from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: n/a
- Other Restrictions: none

**Investment Policy** 

NUMBER

4.07

PAGE NO.:

EFFECTIVE DATE:

25 APR 17

### 3. State of California, Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: as determined by Section 16429.1 of the Code
- Maximum Issuer Limit: n/a
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: n/a
- Minimum Rating: n/a
- Other Restrictions: none

### 4. Local Government Investment Pools

Under this subsection, only obligations of the following agencies are permitted:

- California Asset Management Program (CAMP)
- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 20% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issuer Limit: n/a
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: n/a
- Minimum Rating: Ratings of AAAm by at least one Rating Agency
- Other Restrictions: none

### 5. Money Market Mutual Funds

Under this subsection, only Money Market Mutual Funds with stable, non-floating NAV (Net Asset Value, the value of assets divided by number of shares) are permitted

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 20% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Fund Limit: 5% of Money Market Mutual Fund's assets in the Portfolio
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: n/a
- Minimum Rating: AAAm by at least two Rating Agencies
- Other Restrictions: n/a

### 6. Certificates of Time Deposit

Code Section 53601.8 allows investments in deposits placed with a private sector entity that assists in the placement of deposits with eligible financial institutions located in the United States. Under this subsection, only such purchases are permitted.

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 20% of the Portfolio when added together with Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Maximum Issuer Limit: maximum FDIC insured (\$250,000 as of April 2017)
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed one (1) year from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: AA- by at least one Rating Agency
- Other Restrictions:
  - o Investment in local branches within the District, whenever possible

**Investment Policy** 

NUMBER

4.07

PAGE NO.:

EFFECTIVE DATE:

25 APR 17

### 7. Negotiable Certificates of Deposit

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 20% of the Portfolio when added together with Certificates of Time Deposits
- Maximum Issuer Limit: maximum FDIC insured (\$250,000 as of April 2017)
- Maximum Issue Limit: 10% of issue
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed five (5) years from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: AA- by all Rating Agencies
- Other Restrictions: Issued by banks with total deposits of one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) or more.

### 8. Commercial Paper

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 20% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issuer Limit: 10% of outstanding amount for the issuer
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed 270 days from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: A-1+ from at least one Rating Agency
- Other Restrictions: issued by an entity that is, at the time of purchase:
  - organized and operating in the United States as a general corporation, with total assets exceeding \$500,000,000 and debt (other than commercial paper) rated A or better by at least one Rating Agency; or
  - is organized within the United States as a special purpose corporation, trust, or limited liability company, with program wide credit enhancements including, but not limited to, overcollateralization, letters of credit, or a surety bond, and has commercial paper that is rated A-1+ by at least one Rating Agency

### 9. Medium Term Corporate Notes

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 30% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issuer Limit: 10% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issue Limit: 5% of original issue amount
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed 5 years from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: AA- from at least one Rating Agency, and not lower than A by any Rating Agency
- Other Restrictions: issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States or any state and operating within the United States.

### 10. Repurchase Agreements

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 20% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issuer Limit: n/a
- Maximum Issue Limit: n/a
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed 270 days from the settlement date
- Minimum Rating: n/a
- Other Restrictions:
  - Collateral may only be in any securities authorized in items 1. or 2
  - A Master Repurchase Agreement must be on file with the District
  - Security must be marked to market on a daily basis and delivered to the District's custodial bank at a market value of at least 102%

4.07

PAGE NO.:

25 APR 17

EFFECTIVE DATE:

### 11. Municipal Obligations

Under this subsection, only registered obligations of the following agencies are permitted:

- Any local agency within the State of California
- the State of California

### Municipal Bonds:

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 40% of the Portfolio when added together with Municipal Notes
- Maximum Issuer Limit: 20% of the Portfolio
- o Maximum Issue Limit: 10% of original issue amount
- Maximum Maturity: Not to exceed five (5) years or with a put provision within five
   (5) years of settlement date
- Minimum Rating: AA- or equivalent by at least one Rating Agency, and not lower than A by any Rating Agency
- Other Restrictions: none

### Municipal Notes:

- Maximum Share of Portfolio: 40% of the Portfolio together with Municipal Bonds
- Maximum Issuer Limit: 20% of the Portfolio
- Maximum Issue limit: 10% of original issue amount
- o Maximum Maturity: n/a
- Minimum Rating: Notes maturing within 365 days must have a rating of SP-1+ from at least one Rating Agency
- o Other Restrictions: none

# Investment Placement

Investment placement shall be determined by, but not limited to, continual evaluation and projection of market conditions, interest rate trends, cash flow needs, economic data, yield curves, and interest rate forecasts. Additionally, for investments purchased or sold in the secondary market, best efforts will be made to obtain at least three quotations from Purchasing Entities (as defined below) or obtain timely and verifiable third-party market pricing data for the investment in question. The combination of these factors shall determine where, in what denomination, and for what maturity investments are made.

# Selling Securities Prior To Maturity

When selling securities prior to maturity, principal losses are only allowable either:

- if the sale of securities is necessary to meet payment obligations,
- to comply with this policy, while considering the impact of the sale(s), or
- if the proposed sale is to be made in conjunction with a purchase and the proposed sale in combination with the subsequent purchase can enhance the Portfolio's yield.

### Collateral

Securities placed with agents of depository shall at all times be maintained as specified in District Resolution 33232-01 in one or more trust companies, State or national banks located within California, the Federal Reserve Bank, or with any state or national bank located in any city designated as a federal reserve city by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and to take from any such banks or trust companies receipts for securities so deposited. Requests for Collateral substitution and releases are subject to the Treasurer's written approval.

4.07

6

PAGE NO.:

25 APR 17

EFFECTIVE DATE:

### Purchasing Entities

Investments will be purchased from either:

- Primary Dealers as designated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York,
- National or California State Chartered Banks,
- Federal or California Chartered Savings Institution,
- Broker-Dealers registered with the State of California, or
- Issuers of securities eligible for purchase by the District.

In addition, these institutions must:

- be registered by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC),
- be members in good standing of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

The District shall maintain a current eligible list of established dealers, brokers, banks and savings and loan associations with which securities trading and placement of funds are authorized.

Additionally, to be placed on the eligible list, individuals need to certify in writing that they have read, understood, and agree to comply with this policy, where applicable, by completing and filing with the District the 'Certification of Compliance with Investment Policy' included in this policy as Exhibit 2.

Eligibility may be revoked at any time, in the District's sole discretion, for any reason, including but not limited to, failure to meet the above requirements.

### Trade Confirmations and Settlements

To ensure a high degree of internal control, the District shall comply with the following:

- All Securities purchased from dealers and brokers shall be held in safekeeping by the
  District's custodial bank, a national bank, a State chartered bank or trust company,
  established for this purpose as someone other than the selling party of the security.
  Securities purchased will be covered by a trust or safekeeping receipt in a manner that
  establishes the District's ownership. All transactions require delivery of the security prior to
  payment for the security (delivery vs. payment).
- 2. All trade confirmations shall be received directly and reviewed for conformity to the original transaction by an individual other than the person originating the transaction. Any discrepancies will be brought to the attention of the Treasurer.

### Review And Reporting Requirements

On a monthly basis, in accordance with Section 53607 of the Code, the Treasurer shall prepare and submit a report to the General Manager and the Board of Directors listing investment transactions.

On a quarterly basis, in accordance with Section 53646 of the Code, the Treasurer may prepare and submit a report to the General Manager and the Board of Directors which shall include the type of investment, issuer, date of maturity, par and dollar amount invested on all securities, investments and moneys held by the District, and provide an investment summary by security type, percent of the portfolio, investment yield and the remaining period of investment to maturity.

On an annual basis, in accordance with Section 53646 of the Code, an investment policy may be presented to the Board for consideration at a public meeting. In conjunction with the investment policy consideration, the Board shall also annually review the delegation of its authority for the management of investments to the Treasurer.

4.07

7

PAGE NO.:

EFFECTIVE DATE:

25 APR 17

Performance **Review And** Internal Control

### Office of Internal Audit

The Office of Internal Audit will periodically audit the investment portfolio to evaluate the effectiveness of the District's investment program as well as its compliance with the Investment Policy. These audits will supplement the annual review by the District's external auditors.

### Finance Department

The Treasurer will review the investment portfolio monthly for compliance with the Investment Policy and make recommendations for changes and improvements where warranted.

### Authority

Resolution No. 33019-96 on December 10. 1996

Amended by Resolution No. 33134-99 on January 26, 1999

Amended by Resolution No. 33232-01 on January 9, 2001

Amended by Resolution 33287-02 on January 22, 2002

Amended by Resolution 33350-03 on February 25, 2003

Amended by Resolution 33390-04 on January 27, 2004

Amended by Resolution 33464-05 on February 22, 2005

Amended by Resolution 33516-06 on January 24, 2006

Amended by Resolution 33585-07 on March 13, 2007

Approved by Resolution 33658-08, February 26, 2008

Approved by Resolution 33702-09, February 24, 2009

Approved by Resolution 33752-10, January 26,2010

Approved by Resolution 33792-10, November 23, 2010

Approved by Resolution 33871-12, April 24, 2012

Approved by Resolution 33920-13, March 26, 2013

Reaffirmed by Motion 056-14, March 25, 2014

Approved by Resolution 34027-15, April 28, 2015

Approved by Resolution 34079-16, April 26, 2016

Approved by Resolution 35033-17, April 25, 2017

This Page Intentionally Left Blank



Policy 4.13

**EFFECTIVE** 

26 APR 16

**SUPERSEDES** 

24 APR 12

# ESTABLISHING WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES

### IT IS THE POLICY OF EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT TO:

Establish water and wastewater rates that recover costs included in the District's operating and capital budgets, meet the District's policy goals and comply with applicable law, including Proposition 218 and the Municipal Utility District Act ("MUD" Act). Rates should also enhance the District's ability to provide safe, reliable, and sufficient water supply and wastewater treatment services to its customers over the long term. The District will provide a customer assistance program, that is in compliance with state law, to help low income customers obtain water and wastewater at a reasonable price.

### Rate Methodology

The District's water and wastewater rates are developed and structured in conformance with all applicable laws including the MUD Act and Proposition 218 (California Constitution article XIII D, section 6) and consistent with best management practice.

To ensure compliance with these requirements, a cost-of-service study of the District's water and wastewater service fees and charges is to be completed at least every ten years.

### Water Rate Design

To the extent authorized by law, the District's water rates will be designed to encourage conservation, water use efficiency and resource management, and enhance reliability and supply. The District's water rates will be designed to recover the operating and capital costs of the water facilities in order to ensure reliable delivery of water.

### Wastewater Rate Design

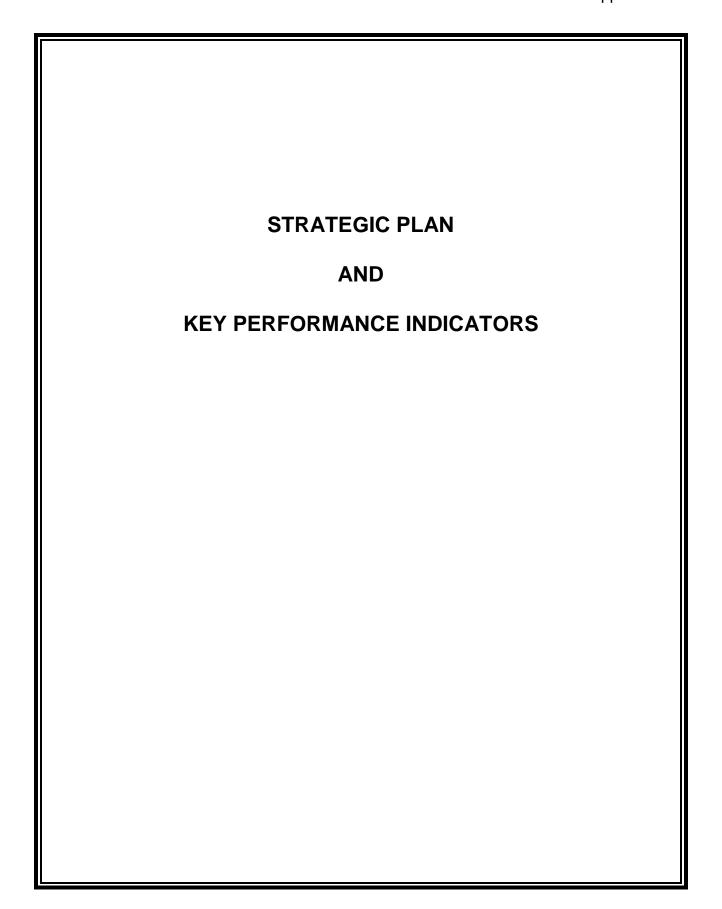
To the extent authorized by law, the district's wastewater rates will be designed to encourage conservation and resource management. The District's wastewater rates will be designed to recover the operating and capital costs of the wastewater facilities to ensure reliable treatment services and to protect public health and the environment.

### Public Involvement in Rate Setting

In accordance with MUD Act Section 14401, prior to the Board's consideration of new or revised water and wastewater rates, a staff report presenting rate recommendations will be filed with the Board of Directors and made available to the public. Within 40 days of the filing of the report, EBMUD will conduct a public hearing on the report and its rate recommendations.

### **Authority**

Resolution No. 32985-96, May 14, 1996 Amended by Motion 143-96, June 25, 1996 Amended by Resolution 33550-06, July 25, 2006 Amended by Resolution 33763-10, April 27, 2010 Amended by Resolution No. 33871-12, April 24, 2012 Amended by Resolution No. 34080-16, April 26, 2016 This Page Intentionally Left Blank



### STRATEGIC PLAN AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

### Strategic Plan

The District's Board of Directors adopts the Strategic Plan every two years. The plan outlines the goals and objectives for the following two fiscal years, and establishes a set of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and targets. The District's current Strategic Plan was adopted by the Board of Directors in July 2016 and was the basis for the decisions made in developing the FY18 and FY19 biennial budget. The July 2016 Plan will be the basis for reporting on the progress made in meeting the KPI targets in FY17 and FY18. The full version of the Strategic Plan is included in this appendix.

### **Key Performance Indicators**

The District measures its progress in meeting the KPI targets each fiscal year. Due to the timing of the development cycles for the Strategic Plan and the Biennial Budget, the current KPI report is for fiscal year 2016. The full version of the Annual Key Performance Indicators Report, which details the KPI targets, is included in this appendix.

# Strategic Plan 7th Edition













July 2016

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

# **Table of Contents**

| General Manager's Message                                 | 1  |
|---|----|
| District Overview   | 2  |
| Strategic Plan Overview                                   | 3  |
| Planning & Implementation                                 | 4  |
| Goals   | 6  |
| Goals, Strategies, Objectives, Key Performance Indicators |    |
| Long-Term Water Supply                                    | 7  |
| Water Quality and Environmental Protection                | 11 |
| Long-Term Infrastructure Investment                       | 15 |
| Long-Term Financial Stability                             | 18 |
| Customer and Community Services                           | 21 |
| Workforce Planning and Development                        | 24 |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

July 1, 2016

Welcome to the East Bay Municipal Utility District's Strategic Plan.

The District continues to build on over a century of experience to provide high quality water to the East Bay Area. Navigating the challenges of providing high quality, reliable water and wastewater services in a highly regulated and dynamic environment requires careful planning and a clear vision for the future. Our Strategic Plan is the blueprint for excellence, defining how we respond to and prioritize challenges and evolving priorities.

Our mission and values are critical as a public utility dedicated to high quality service and preservation of our precious natural resources. The Strategic Plan outlines the specific goals, strategies, and objectives we will pursue to move us from where we are to where we want to be and establishes a set of criteria to measure our progress. It incorporates the principles of fiscal responsibility, sustainability and effective use of resources that minimize our environmental footprint.

We are in a period of vast opportunities and challenges. In the next two to five years, we will forge ahead in many operational areas such as managing the impacts of decreased water sales, reinvesting in aging infrastructure, adapting creatively to a changing environment, and addressing organizational changes presented by the retirement eligibility of 50 percent of the workforce. Proactively responding to these conditions requires careful planning to ensure long-term organizational and financial sustainability.

This is our roadmap that will guide EBMUD's progress for years to come and continue to demonstrate our long-standing commitment to the customers of the East Bay.

ALEXANDER R. COATE General Manager

Surenfer R. Cen



# **District Overview**

East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) supplies water and wastewater treatment for 20 cities and 15 unincorporated communities located in the East Bay in parts of Alameda and Contra Costa counties in California. It is a publicly owned utility formed under the Municipal Utility District (MUD) Act passed by the state legislature in 1921. The Act permits the formation of multi-purpose government agencies to provide needed public services on a regional basis. In 1923, voters in the eastern San Francisco Bay Area created EBMUD to provide water service. Since that time, the East Bay has grown dramatically.

Service is provided within a 332-square mile area extending from Crockett in the north to San Lorenzo in the south, and eastward from San Francisco Bay through the Oakland-Berkeley hills to Walnut Creek and south through the San Ramon Valley.





The MUD Act was amended in 1941 to enable the formation of special districts. In 1944, voters in six of the East Bay cities served by EBMUD elected to form Special District No. 1 to treat wastewater before being released into San Francisco Bay. In 1951, EBMUD expanded its service to provide wastewater treatment. The wastewater service area covers 88-square miles along the east shore of the bay extending from Richmond in the north to Oakland in the south. In addition to providing wastewater treatment, laboratory services operate 365 days a year to constantly monitor water quality for drinking water and wastewater systems.

The East Bay Municipal Utility District is a California Special District. EBMUD has a seven-member Board of Directors publicly elected from wards within the service area. The Board is committed to developing policy through an open, public process, guided by the District's Mission Statement. Policies are then implemented under the direction of the General Manager. The General Manager and General Counsel are appointed by and report directly to the Board of Directors. The senior management team is responsible for managing the operations of the District. EBMUD employs approximately 1,800 people.

Our core values provide the foundation to articulate the qualities which enable us to fulfill the District's mission and achieve the goals of the Strategic Plan. These core values are *stewardship*, *integrity*, *respect* and *teamwork*. Our values help guide our decisions and behavior to achieve our mission.

# **Strategic Plan Overview**

The Strategic Plan incorporates the District's mission and principles, and identifies its goals, strategies, objectives and key performance indicators. The Plan influences and guides staff in the management and allocation of resources and assets.

Our **mission** is to manage the natural resources with which the District is entrusted; to provide reliable, high quality water and wastewater services at fair and reasonable rates for the people of the East Bay; and to preserve and protect the environment for future generations.



Our **principles** provide the foundation of the Strategic Plan and form the basis of our business approach which strives to minimize waste, conserve energy and natural resources, promote long-term economic viability, protect the environment, operate within high standards to serve our customers and the community, and support safety and well-being for employees, communities, and customers. Our principles are:

- Exercise responsible financial management
- Ensure fair and reasonable rates and charges
- Provide responsive quality customer service
- Promote ethical behavior in the conduct of District business.
- Ensure fair and open processes involving the public
- Provide a healthy work environment
- Promote diversity and equality in personnel matters and contracting
- Promote environmental, economic, and social sustainability

Our **goals** define what the District wants to achieve; they explain 'what' not 'how', and tell where we are going rather than how we will get there. **Strategies** define which actions to take to reach each goal, and may take several years to implement. **Objectives** reflect what we need to accomplish in the near term. **Key performance indicators** (KPIs) measure how well we are doing in achieving our goals.

# **Planning & Implementation**

The fundamental purpose of the strategic planning process is to define the actions in the next two to five years which are necessary to reliably meet the District's mission now and well into the future. The process is designed to assess the environment and respond to near and long-term challenges. The General Manager and the senior management team lead the implementation of the Strategic Plan.

Overall development of the Strategic Plan is the responsibility of the senior management team who work together to assess and build consensus on a number of strategic areas, environmental issues, initiatives, and challenges.

Cross functional teams consider input from various sources such as master plans which optimize capital project investments, long-range plans, new initiatives, and employee and customer feedback to update the goals, strategies, objectives and key performance indicators.

In 2015, EBMUD took the opportunity to strengthen teamwork and communication. To broaden involvement in updating the Strategic Plan, the senior management team engaged employees and conducted a series of employee meetings which were held across the service area to provide opportunities to discuss the District's strategic direction. All input was considered during the update of the goals, strategies, objectives and KPIs.

# Strategic Plan Process





The Strategic Plan is adopted by the Board of Directors. Upon adoption, development of actions to implement the Strategic Plan can begin. The Strategic Plan provides an overall high-level direction to prioritize resources to achieve future success; it does not describe all of the specific actions. By developing actions that are linked to the Strategic Plan we can ensure that we focus our resources on the highest priorities of the District.

The Strategic Plan precedes and guides the development of the **biennial budget** and the **five-year capital improvement program** to ensure that necessary resources are provided to implement the strategies and objectives.

Individual **employee performance plans** are prepared on an annual basis to establish and communicate responsibilities, accountabilities and performance expectations for priorities contained in the Strategic Plan.

The plan includes a series of KPIs that are measurable, comprehensive, and reflect the various strategies contained within



the six Strategic Plan goals. **KPI results** are measured against our targets annually to enable us to evaluate our progress. The latest KPI report was presented to the Finance Committee in September 2015. The on-line FY15 Annual Key Performance Indicators Report is available at ebmud.com/Board Meetings/Finance and Administration Committee/092215.

A critical component of the strategic planning process is the element of continuous improvement which is an ongoing effort to **assess and evaluate** performance, and use the results to guide the update of the next Strategic Plan. The principal objective for this assessment and evaluation is to identify improvements, maintain gains achieved, and ensure consistency in planning, operations and results across the District.

# Goals

# **Long-Term Water Supply:**

Ensure a reliable high quality water supply for the future.

# **Water Quality & Environmental Protection:**

Meet or surpass environmental and public health standards and protect public trust values.

# **Long-Term Infrastructure Investment:**

Maintain & improve the District's infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality service now and in the future, addressing economic, environmental, and social concerns.

# **Long-Term Financial Stability:**

Manage the District's finances to meet funding needs and maintain fair and reasonable water and wastewater rates.

# **Customer and Community Services:**

Maintain and enhance service excellence through continuous improvement.

# **Workforce Planning & Development:**

Create an environment that attracts, retains and engages a high performing diverse workforce in support of the District's mission and core values.

# **Long-Term Water Supply**

**Goal:** Ensure a reliable high quality water supply for the future.

# **Strategy 1**

Preserve current entitlements and augment the District's successful water supply projects by obtaining supplemental supplies to meet annual customer demands.

# **Objectives:**

- Protect water rights and Central Valley Project contract entitlements to maximize benefits to District customers.
- Prioritize water transfers, groundwater storage, desalination, and other water supply opportunities and cost-effectively improve reliability while providing the best available water quality.
- Update the Urban Water Management Plan which assesses supply and demand conditions, analyzes future needs, anticipates obstacles, and prescribes approaches to meeting future requirements consistent with District policy.
- Integrate the District's long-term water supply strategies and infrastructure planning efforts with regional partnerships.



# **Strategy 2**

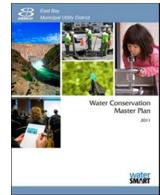
Reduce potable water demand through water conservation and build on past water savings success to help ensure a reliable water supply.

# **Objectives:**

Continue implementation and updating of the conservation strategies and drought response plans identified in the District's Water Conservation Master Plan to

meet short- and long-term water use reduction goals.

- Implement comprehensive water management, conservation incentive, education and outreach programs to provide customers with information and tools they need to effectively manage and reduce their own water use.
- Implement supply-side conservation and water loss control measures through leak detection, pipeline repair and information management to reduce demand, improve system reliability and comply with State regulations.



- Pursue and implement regulatory and legislative initiatives that promote water conservation through efficiency standards and codes, including plan check reviews as a condition for new water services.
- Identify, encourage and create partnerships to research and test new efficiency technologies, including water-energy nexus applications and measurement methodologies.

# Strategy 3

Reduce potable water demand through water recycling and build on past success to achieve a diversified and reliable water supply.

# **Objectives:**

- Maximize use of recycled water projects while achieving public health regulations and customer contract requirements.
- Invest in innovative technology to improve cost-effectiveness.
- Identify, evaluate and implement new opportunities for recycled water, including potential for potable reuse.

# **Strategy 4**

Maintain an updated Climate Change Monitoring and Response Plan to inform the District's planning efforts for future water supply, water quality and infrastructure and support sound water and wastewater infrastructure investment decisions.

# **Objectives:**

Assess climate change science and develop scenarios that illustrate a range of potential impacts from key variables (temperature rise, sea level rise, precipitation, snow pack and runoff).

- Use the scenarios to identify infrastructure vulnerabilities and make cost-effective infrastructure investments, and operational changes, adaptable to a range of foreseeable conditions (i.e. "no regrets" investments).
- Educate the public and policymakers on District and industry climate change concerns and interests, participate in research, and advocate for reasonable legislation and regulatory changes.



# **Long-Term Water Supply Key Performance Indicators**

| Key Performance Indicator  | FY17 Target   | FY18 Target  |
|--|---|--|
| Supplemental Supply  |   |  |
| Additional supply by 2040 to provide 85% reliability under design drought conditions and diversify through regional partnerships | Work with Placer County Water Agency (PCWA) to publish a draft environmental document for a long-term water transfer  | Negotiate a Warren Act<br>contract with the Bureau of<br>Reclamation for a long-term<br>water transfer with PCWA |
|  | Enter into an agreement to develop a second long-term water transfer project with Yuba County Water Agency (YCWA), Sacramento River Settlement contractors (SRSC), or other potential sellers | Conduct technical and environmental studies to support a second long-term water transfer arrangement with YCWA   |
|  | Complete water rights and export permitting and initiate design for the DREAM project in San Joaquin County   | Complete design and initiate construction for the DREAM Project in San Joaquin County                            |
|  | Complete Bay Area<br>Regional Reliability (BARR)<br>Draft Drought Contingency<br>Plan   | Initiate Phase 2 of the BARR<br>Feasibility Study  |
| Water Conservation   |   |  |
| 62 MGD savings from conservation programs / natural replacement by 2040 (baseline yr. 1995)                                      | 1.2MGD average annual conservation savings  | 1.2MGD average annual conservation savings   |
|  | 18% reduction in per capita<br>demand by 2018; 20% by<br>2020   | 18% reduction in per capita<br>demand by 2018; 20% by<br>2020  |
|  | Implement Water<br>Conservation Master Plan   | Implement Water<br>Conservation Master Plan  |
|  | Achieve MOU Best<br>Management Practice<br>compliance   | Achieve MOU Best<br>Management Practice<br>compliance  |

| Key Performance Indicator  | FY17 Target  | FY18 Target   |
|--|--|---|
| Water Recycling  |  |   |
| 20 MGD of recycled water capability by 2040  | Complete installation of phase 2 recycled water pipelines in Bishop Ranch/San Ramon, and continue customer site conversions                                | Complete majority of phase 2 customer site conversions in San Ramon and Danville  |
|  | For San Ramon phase 3 pump station, begin CEQA and property acquisition  | For San Ramon phase 3 pump station, complete property acquisition and CEQA and begin design   |
|  | Complete installation of recycled water pipeline in Emeryville and continue customer site conversions  | Complete majority of<br>Emeryville customer site<br>conversions   |
|  | Amend North Richmond agreement with refinery   | Develop a long-term approach for improving WCWD effluent water quality that includes a higher level of clarity in the roles and responsibilities between EBMUD and WCWD |
|  | Begin recycled water master plan update  | Complete recycled water master plan update  |
| Climate Change   |  |   |
| Update the Climate Change Monitoring and Response Plan. Explore approaches for how to adapt to potential future conditions and identify "no regrets" infrastructure investment decisions | Update the Climate Change Monitoring & Response Plan to account for new information when the Intergovernmental Panel releases its Sixth Assessment Reports | Using EPA's CREAT Model Version 3, conduct a broad climate risk assessment on major District infrastructure and operations  |

# **Water Quality & Environmental Protection**

**Goal:** Meet or surpass environmental and public health standards and protect public trust values.

# **Strategy 1**

Manage the Mokelumne and East Bay watersheds to ensure a high quality water supply and protect natural resources while providing appropriate public access.

## **Objectives:**

- Use the Watershed Master Plans as the foundation for standards and protocols to ensure drinking water quality and protect natural resources.
- Perform monitoring and data assessment to adaptively manage the watersheds.
- Provide public access and recreational opportunities, and education and outreach compatible with water quality and natural resource protection, and collect user feedback.
- Protect the Mokelumne River salmonid fishery through coordinated reservoir and river operations, habitat enhancement projects, effective and efficient hatchery operations, and a robust science program.
- Collaborate with stakeholders to protect water quality and the environmental on non-District owned lands with the Mokelumne and East Bay watersheds.
- Comply with federal and state license requirements of the Mokelumne River Project to protect cultural resources, maintain structural integrity, and operate facilities to protect public health and safety, property and the environment.

# **Strategy 2**

Operate and maintain District facilities to surpass federal and state drinking water regulations.

# **Objectives:**

- ▲ Establish and meet District water quality goals to exceed customers' expectations.
- Advocate for water quality and environmental regulations that are based on sound science, are protective of public health and beneficial uses and that are attainable and sustainable.
- Maintain a leadership role in the professional community to further regulatory and legislative initiatives and advocate for protection of public health.
- Provide timely and accurate water quality information to customers.



# **Strategy 3**

Operate and maintain District facilities to anticipate and meet all water discharge, air emission, and land disposal requirements to protect and enhance the environment.

### **Objectives:**

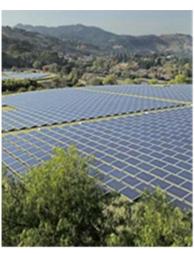
- Meet or surpass all water discharge, air, and land requirements.
- Ensure that management of biosolids is cost-effective and environmentally safe and meets all local Ordinance and State and Federal requirements.
- Promote environmental regulations that are based on regional approaches and achieve water quality objectives through cost-effective and sustainable means.
- **b** Establish and meet District water quality goals for recycled water based on use.

# **Strategy 4**

Minimize impacts to the environment by reducing, recycling, reusing and reclaiming waste, and by conserving natural resources.

# **Objectives:**

- Pursue opportunities to recover and utilize resources (e.g. nutrients and minerals), and renewable energy in wastewater.
- Increase the cost effective use of renewable energy.
- Identify and implement energy efficiency projects.
- A Reduce the District's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.
- Focus on reduction of pollutants at the source.
- Identify and implement waste reduction and recycling programs.

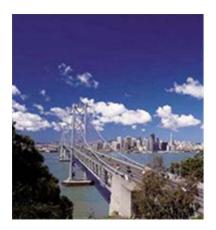


# **Strategy 5**

Ensure protection and stewardship of San Francisco Bay.

### **Objectives:**

- Proactively develop and implement regional Pollution Prevention activities that will further reduce pollutant discharges to San Francisco Bay.
- Support collaborative efforts and programs that develop science-based watershed solutions to address nutrients and other constituents-of-concern in the San Francisco Bay.
- In collaboration with the satellite collection system communities and the regulators, implement an Inflow and Infiltration Control Program that will, over the long term, meet standards for wet weather facilities.



# **Strategy 6**

Operate Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs and facilities jointly as an integrated system to achieve multiple objectives including municipal water supply, stream flow regulation, environmental protection, flood control, hydropower, and releases for downstream requirements.

# **Objectives:**

- Balance the competing objectives and requirements by planning diversions and releases from the combined storage in the reservoirs.
- Work collaboratively with stakeholders to adaptively operate Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs together to manage storage and downstream releases.
- Adaptively manage reservoir operations to improve salmon migration through variable flows, temperature optimization, and collaborative efforts with lower Mokelumne stakeholders.
- Comply with all state, federal, and local permit and license requirements.



# Water Quality & Environmental Protection Key Performance Indicators

| Key Performance Indicator  | FY17 Target                   | FY18 Target                |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Watershed Protection   |                               |                            |
| Mokelumne River fall-run chinook salmon escapement (long-term average)   | 4,734                         | 4,734                      |
| Compliance with Drinking Water Regulations   |                               |                            |
| % of water quality goals met   | 100%                          | 100%                       |
| % of water quality regulations met   | 100%                          | 100%                       |
| Compliance with Wastewater Regulations   |                               |                            |
| Number of NPDES and Waste Discharge Permit Notices of violation received   | 0                             | 0                          |
| Sustainable Resource Management  |                               |                            |
| Reduce indirect GHG emissions to zero by 2040 and direct emissions by 50% by 2040 compared to the 2000 baseline          | 37,517 MT CO2                 | 36,177 MT CO2              |
| Capture biogas sufficient to produce on-site energy in excess of Main Wastewater Treatment Plant electric power demand   | 130% of plant power<br>demand | 130% of plant power demand |
| Protect SF Bay   |                               |                            |
| Implement Private Sewer Lateral Program to reduce wet weather flows and achieve a high compliance rate at point of sales | 90%                           | 90%                        |
| Operate Pardee and Camanche  |                               |                            |
| Meet JSA Mokelumne River minimum flow releases 100% of the time  | 100%                          | 100%                       |

# **Long-Term Infrastructure Investment**

**Goal:** Maintain and improve the District's infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality service now and in the future, addressing economic, environmental, and social concerns.

# **Strategy 1**

Maintain coordinated master plans for all facilities and assets.

# **Objectives:**

- Maintain and update a master plan for each asset or group of assets that reflects current condition and performance information and addresses improvements needed to meet defined service-level requirements.
- ▲ Coordinate master plans and capital projects to optimize investments and maximize drinking water quality, and the reliability, safety, flexibility, and overall efficiency of the water and wastewater systems.
- Periodically inspect and evaluate facilities to support capital and maintenance planning.
- Consider risk, community and stakeholder concerns, workforce and technology trends, and the potential impacts of climate change as part of the planning process. Involve stakeholders in the project planning and development stage.
- Ensure that all system improvements and capital projects meet or surpass environmental and regulatory requirements, improve resilience to climate change, and incorporate sustainable practices.

# **Strategy 2**

Meet operational needs and reliability goals by effectively maintaining the infrastructure.

# **Objectives:**

- ◆ Define and document operational needs and reliability goals to inform maintenance decision making.
- Expand and refine the use of cost-effective methods and practices to determine the need for maintenance or replacement.
- Implement preventive, predictive, and corrective maintenance plans that improve safety, service reliability, and efficiency.
- Lead the industry in water loss control through using new and innovative technology, effective maintenance practices, and efficient operations.

# **Strategy 3**

Implement the master plans and set priorities in the operating and capital budget process to reflect the needs identified in those plans.

### **Objectives:**

- AReflect a balance of costs and risks in the operating and capital budgets that accounts for near-term needs as well as long-term sustainability.
- Innovate and improve project workflows to achieve maximum efficiency.
- Use life-cycle cost analysis and value engineering of proposed capital projects to help determine the most cost-effective projects.



Coordinate construction project scheduling with city, county, and other agencies and communicate with all stakeholders during construction to minimize impacts on communities.

# **Long-Term Infrastructure Investment Key Performance Indicators**

| Key Performance Indicator   | FY17 Target         | FY18 Target         |  |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Effective Management of Infrastructure  |                     |                     |  |
| Number of water system pipeline breaks per 100 miles of pipe                  | ≤ 20                | ≤ 20                |  |
| % of water system corrective work order hours classified high priority        | ≤ 10%               | ≤ 10%               |  |
| Miles of Pipe Surveyed  | 600                 | 800                 |  |
| % of water system valves exercised  | 10%                 | 10%                 |  |
| Infrastructure Leakage Index  | N/A - New Indicator | N/A - New Indicator |  |
| % of high priority meter repair orders completed in 60 days                   | 90%                 | 90%                 |  |
| Capital Budget Priorities   |                     |                     |  |
| Miles of distribution pipe replaced   | 15                  | 15                  |  |
| Design errors and omission change orders on construction contracts            | < 3%                | < 3%                |  |
| Number of steel water tanks rehabilitated                                     | 3                   | 3                   |  |
| Cumulative % of interceptor assets with major defects that have been repaired | 80%                 | 90%                 |  |
| Number of pumping plants rehabilitated  | 3                   | 3                   |  |

# **Long-Term Financial Stability**

**Goal:** Manage the District's finances to meet funding needs and maintain fair and reasonable water and wastewater rates.

# **Strategy 1**

Maintain a Long-Range Financing Plan that sets forth the long-term funding needs of the District.

### **Objectives:**

- Maintain financial planning models to include long-term forecasts of operating and capital expenditures, revenue requirements and rates and charges.
- ▲ Ensure the financial plan is based on reasonable, conservative assumptions and accounts for uncertainties.
- Ensure the financial plan maintains the District's good standing in the credit markets to provide ready access to cost-effective capital financing.
- Evaluate the District's capital financing and debt service coverage policies to optimize cash funding of capital investments.
- Evaluate the District's cash reserve policies to consider optimal uses and levels of reserves, including alternative strategies for funding drought-related costs.



# **Strategy 2**

Implement water and wastewater rates and charges that are legal, fair, reasonable, and equitable.

# **Objectives:**

- Plan for rate increases that are steady, predictable, and based on our strategic needs.
- Mitigate increases in rates and charges by optimizing use of non-rate revenue and pursue opportunities for cost control through efficiencies and new technologies.
- Continue to establish rates and charges based on cost of service principles.
- Periodically conduct third-party cost of service studies.

# **Strategy 3**

Ensure integrity, accountability and transparency in financial management.

# **Objectives:**

- Develop operating and capital budgets aligned with the Strategic Plan.
- Manage operating and capital expenditures within their respective budgets.
- Develop and maintain accurate, timely, and meaningful financial data.
- **b** Enhance the usability, clarity and accessibility of District financial information.
- Maintain and regularly evaluate internal financial controls.
- Conduct regular internal and external financial audits.
- Promote diversity and equity in contracting, consistent with state and federal laws.

# **Strategy 4**

Implement technologies that improve the efficiency and effectiveness of business processes.

### **Objectives:**

- Develop and maintain a long-term plan to guide the evolution of IT infrastructure and capabilities.
- ▲ Apply a consistent approach to set IT priorities and evaluate , plan and implement projects that are responsive to the needs and potential impacts to customers, employees and other stakeholders.
- Ensure that all employees have ready access to tools and data so they can provide excellent customer service and maintain our infrastructure.
- Make effective use of geospatial tools and data to best maintain and monitor District infrastructure by developing workflows that enable rapid capture and use of spatial data.
- Structure and manage data to support consistent analysis and reporting and provide appropriate access to customers, employees and other stakeholders.
- Proactively ensure adequate security and meet all regulatory requirements.



# **Long-Term Financial Stability Key Performance Indicators**

| Key Performance Indicator  | FY17 Target          | FY18 Target          |  |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Sufficient Revenue/Fair Rates & Charges                            |                      |                      |  |
| Rates as compared to other Bay Area agencies                       | At or below median   | At or below median   |  |
| Financial Position   |                      |                      |  |
| % of capital program funded from debt                              | ≤ 65%                | ≤ 65%                |  |
| Debt service coverage  | ≥ 1.6 times coverage | ≥ 1.6 times coverage |  |
| Actual reserves as % of target                                     | ≥ 100%               | ≥ 100%               |  |
| Integrity, Accountability and Transparency                         |                      |                      |  |
| % of planned audits completed                                      | 100%                 | 100%                 |  |
| % of audit findings resolved within 90 days                        | 100%                 | 100%                 |  |
| <b>Budget Performance</b>  |                      |                      |  |
| Operating expenditures as a percentage of operating budget         | ≤ 100%               | ≤ 100%               |  |
| Capital expenditures as a percentage of capital budgeted cash flow | ≤ 100%               | ≤ 100%               |  |

## **Customer and Community Services**

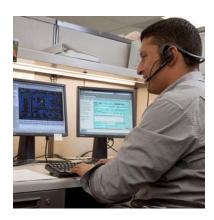
Goal: Maintain and enhance service excellence through continuous improvement.

## **Strategy 1**

Understand customer expectations, opinions and satisfaction levels by obtaining feedback, and use input to inform our business decisions.

#### **Objectives:**

- Engage customers, the community and stakeholders to obtain feedback for continuous improvement.
- Survey customers and conduct research to assess customer expectations, to monitor customer satisfaction with the District's performance and to measure the impact of public education and marketing campaigns.
- Compare customer feedback over time to identify trends and changes in customer expectations and to establish and evaluate performance standards related to customer service.



## **Strategy 2**

Enhance the customer experience and improve operational efficiencies by investing in cost effective technology.

#### **Objectives:**

- Invest in technologies to engage customers to use water wisely.
- Invest in technologies and communication that improve customer access to information and improve service delivery.
- Continually enhance the website to provide easy access and online tools based upon user feedback.

#### **Strategy 3**

Provide reliable, responsive, and quality service to customers at fair and reasonable rates and charges.

#### **Objectives:**

- Provide programs and services of value to a diverse customer base and the community.
- Cultivate a strong service focus and ethic among employees.
- Invest in business process improvements to streamline processes and enhance the customer experience.
- Minimize customer and community impacts from water and wastewater operations.

## **Strategy 4**

Maintain an active Emergency Preparedness Program to plan for and manage the District's functions during an emergency and allow for an efficient and effective recovery following an emergency.

#### **Objectives:**

- Maintain updated documentation of Emergency Response Plans, including regional coordination and mutual assistance agreements.
- A Review and test emergency communication/critical functions/information technology infrastructure and protocols to achieve emergency response and recovery goals.
- Provide timely public and employee communication during emergencies.
- Ensure effective and current documentation of Business Continuity Plans.



# **Customer and Community Services Key Performance Indicators**

| Key Performance Indicator   | FY17 Target   | FY18 Target                            |
|---|---|--|
| Customer Satisfaction   |   |  |
| % of customers rating the District's customer services field response as "Good" or "Excellent"      | 90%   | 90%                                    |
| % of customers rating "Overall Job" as "Good" or "Excellent"  | 70%   | 70%                                    |
| Average speed of answer to calls coming into the Contact Center                                     | ≤ 60 seconds  | ≤ 60 seconds                           |
| Contact Center service level: % of calls answered within the target of ≤60 seconds                  | 80%   | 80%                                    |
| Abandonment rate  | 3%  | 3%                                     |
| Timely billing of customer statements as scheduled  | 99%   | 99%                                    |
| % of time customer dependent systems are available  | 99.9%   | 99.9%                                  |
| Unplanned water service interruptions per 1,000 active accounts                                     |   |  |
| < 4 hrs.  | ≤ 10  | ≤ 10                                   |
| 4-12 hrs.   | ≤5  | ≤5                                     |
| > 12 hrs.   | ≤ 2   | ≤ 2                                    |
| Electronic bill presentment & payment enhancements  | Implement phase 1 by April 2016; begin testing phase 2 by September 2016; complete testing by December 2016 | No Target Set                          |
| Implement new telephony and Interactive Voice Response systems                                      | Implement testing by<br>January 2017  | Complete installation by December 2017 |
| Odor complaints near the MWWTP  | ≤ 30 complaints   | ≤ 30 complaints                        |
| <b>Emergency Preparedness</b>   |   |  |
| Update the District's Emergency Operation Plan every two years and conduct an EOT exercise annually | 100%  | 100%                                   |
| Update all Business Continuity plans every two years and conduct an exercise for each annually      | 100%  | 100%                                   |
| Draft and/or update 2-3 event-specific emergency communication plans annually                       | 100%  | 100%                                   |

## **Workforce Planning & Development**

**Goal:** Create an environment that attracts, retains and engages a high performing diverse workforce in support of the District's mission and core values.

## **Strategy 1**

Maintain robust workforce plans to determine future needs, identify gaps and implement actions to close the gaps.

#### **Objectives:**

- Preserve intellectual capital (knowledge retention) at all levels of the organization.
- Regularly evaluate advances in technology and associated skills required for improved efficiency.
- A Regularly analyze evolving workforce needs to ensure the right people with the right skills are in the right jobs.

#### **Strategy 2**

Continue to develop employees to meet workforce demands.

#### **Objectives:**

- Offer career and professional development opportunities and support to expand the skills of District employees to meet emerging industry needs.
- Maximize opportunities to "grow our own" through academies, cross-training, mentoring, and rotation programs.
- Encourage personal accountability for professional development through programs such as tuition reimbursement and internal training.
- Implement organizational practices that promote and value employee contributions, safety, employee-well-being, and encourage learning and networking.
- Engage employees and labor unions in improving the work of the District.



#### **Strategy 3**

Integrate District values, recognize employee contributions, and establish clear performance measures to achieve a high performance culture.

#### **Objectives:**

- Lingage District employees in values-based continuous improvement efforts with a focus on internal communication, teamwork, performance, and employee recognition.
- Establish and communicate clear performance expectations and standards.
- Regularly assess and communicate performance against standards.
- Enhance managers' and supervisors' ability to accurately evaluate and recognize good performance and provide coaching for improvement of performance deficiencies.

#### **Strategy 4**

Enhance the District's ability to recruit a highly qualified, diverse staff.

#### **Objectives:**

- Promote EBMUD's industry reputation as an employer of choice.
- Support our employees as ambassadors in our communities (peer, industry, education) to educate and share knowledge about the District's culture, values, career opportunities and work.
- Target specific employment markets and partner with colleges and regional agencies to attract and hire quality candidates that reflect the diversity of our community.

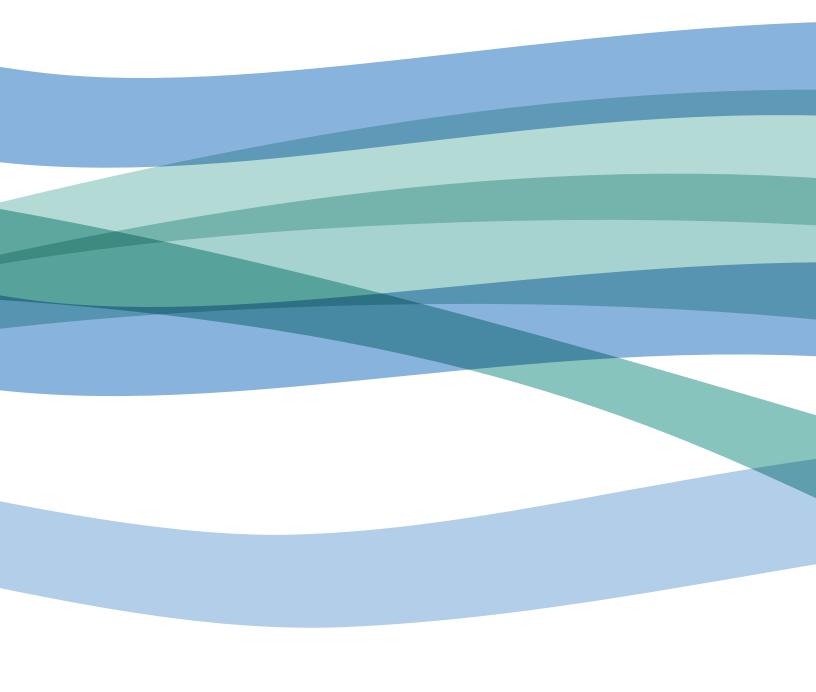


Seek opportunities to expand internships/apprenticeships in the trades to introduce career opportunities to our community.

# **Workforce Planning & Development Key Performance Indicators**

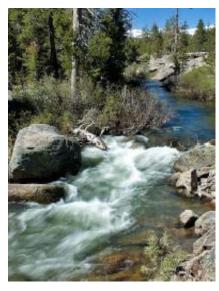
| Key Performance Indicator  | FY17 Target              | FY18 Target              |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Employee Development   |                          |                          |
| % of competing Leadership Program graduates who place on applicable promotional lists        | 75%                      | 75%                      |
| Annual average training hours per employee   | 30                       | 30                       |
| Number of employees in development programs (academies, rotations, internships, mentorships) | Performance Measure Only | Performance Measure Only |
| Performance Culture  |                          |                          |
| % of performance plans completed on time   | 100%                     | 100%                     |
| % of performance appraisals completed on time  | 100%                     | 100%                     |
| Number of injury & illness incidents resulting in time away from work per 100 employees      | ≤ 3.0                    | ≤ 3.0                    |
| Annually implement outreach campaigns on wellness ("Well Being") themes                      | 4                        | 4                        |
| Recruitment  |                          |                          |
| % of exams resulting in hiring lists within 60 days or less                                  | 80%                      | 80%                      |
| % of District eligibility lists with AA hire opportunities                                   | Performance Measure Only | Performance Measure Only |
| Number of Internships  | Performance Measure Only | Performance Measure Only |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank





375 Eleventh Street | Oakland, CA 94607 1-866-40-EBMUD ebmud.com











# STRATEGIC PLAN KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016



#### EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

## **Table of Contents**

| Introduction                               | 2 |
|--|---|
| Strategic Plan Goals                       | 2 |
| Key Performance Indicator Summary          | 2 |
| Long Term Water Supply                     | 5 |
| Water Quality and Environmental Protection | 7 |
| Long Term Infrastructure Investment12      | 2 |
| Long Term Financial Stability 14           | 4 |
| Customer Service 16                        | 5 |
| Workforce Planning and Development 19      | 9 |

#### INTRODUCTION

These Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) reflect the various strategies contained within the July 2014 Strategic Plan goals, and include performance targets for each KPI. Performance against the targets is measured annually and enables staff to evaluate progress in meeting the Strategic Plan goals. Typically, the Strategic Plan is updated every two years and some of the KPIs may be changed as part of the update.

#### STRATEGIC PLAN GOALS

The six 2014 Strategic Plan goals are:

**Long Term Water Supply -** Ensure a reliable high quality water supply for the future.

Water Quality and Environmental Protection - Meet or surpass environmental and public health standards and protect public trust values.

**Long Term Infrastructure Investment -** Maintain and improve the District's infrastructure in a cost effective manner to ensure sustainable delivery of reliable, high quality service now and in the future, addressing environmental, social, and financial concerns.

**Long Term Financial Stability -** Manage the District's finances to meet funding needs and maintain reasonable water and wastewater rates.

**Customer Service** - Understand and be responsive to customer expectations for service.

**Workforce Planning and Development -** Create an environment that attracts, retains, and engages a high performing diverse workforce in support of the District's mission.

#### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR SUMMARY**

The FY16 KPI results are summarized in the table below. The District met or was on target to meet 87% of its KPIs where targets were set and data was available.

| Key | Result                       | # KPIs |
|-----|------------------------------|--------|
| ++  | Target met                   | 45     |
| +   | Target not met, but on track | 7      |
|     | Target not met               | 8      |
| n/a | Target/Data not available    | 1      |
|     | Qualitative measure only     | 2      |
|     | Total                        | 63     |

The District has tracked performance since the first Strategic Plan was developed in 2004. A summary of the performance of each current KPI from FY14 through FY16, along with its FY16 target is shown in the following table.

| KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR – SUMMARY  | FY16 TARGET            | FY16 | FY15 | FY14 |
|--|------------------------|------|------|------|
| Long Term Water Supply   |                        |      |      |      |
| 32MGD of Supplemental Dry Year Supply by 2040                                | PCWA transfer          | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Sufficient supplies to hold rationing to a maximum of 15% during next 3 yrs. | Groundwater bank       | +    | ++   | ++   |
| 62 MGD Conservation Programs & Natural Replacement Savings by 2040           | 1.2 MGD Savings        | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| 20 MGD of Recycled Water Capacity by 2040                                    | E. Bayshore pipe       | ++   | +    | +    |
| Continue East Bayshore Phase IA Connections /Retrofits                       | Pilot reuse fill stat. | +    | ++   | n/a  |
| Coordinate with USACE for San Ramon Valley Phase 2A (Bishop Ranch)           | Bishop Ranch Ext.      | ++   | ++   | n/a  |
| Update the Climate Change Monitoring and Response Plan                       | CREAT 3.0              | ++   | ++   | +    |
| Water Quality and Environmental Protection                                   |                        |      |      |      |
| Mokelumne River Fall-Run Chinook Salmon Escapement (long term avg.)          | 4,731                  | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| % of Water Quality Goals Met   | 100%                   | +    | +    | +    |
| % of Water Quality Regulations Met   | 100%                   | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Number of NPDES / Waste Discharge Permit Notices of Violation Received       | 0                      | +    | +    | +    |
| % Reduction in Average Odor Complaints Near the MWWTP                        | 10% reduction          |      | +    | n/a  |
| Reduce Indirect Emissions to Zero, Reduce Direct Emissions by 50%            | <38,857 tons CO2       | ++   | ++   | n/a  |
| % of MWWTP Electric Power Demand Met On-Site                                 | 100%                   | ++   | ++   | n/a  |
| Implement Private Sewer Lateral Program to Reduce Wet Weather Flows          | 90% compliance         | ++   | ++   | n/a  |
| % of JSA Mokelumne River Minimum Flow Releases Met                           | 100%                   | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Long Term Infrastructure Investment  |                        |      |      |      |
| Number of Water System Pipeline Breaks per 100 Miles of Pipe                 | <b>≤ 20</b>            |      |      |      |
| Availability of Wastewater Assets  | .90 - 1.0              | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| % of Water System Corrective Work Orders that are High Priority              | ≤ 10%                  | ++   | ++   | n/a  |
| Critical Meter Repair Backlog  | < 5,000                | ++   | +    | n/a  |
| % of Water System Valves Exercised   | 10%                    | ++   |      | n/a  |
| % of Asset Maintenance Activities Accurately Recorded for Analysis           | 100%                   |      | +    | n/a  |
| % of Meter Repair Orders Completed in 60 Days                                | 90%                    | ++   |      | n/a  |
| Miles of Distribution Pipe Replaced  | 10                     | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Design Errors and Omission Change Orders on Construction Contracts           | < 3%                   | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Rehabilitate Steel Water Tanks   | 3                      | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| % of Interceptor Assets Repaired that have Major Defects                     | 15%                    |      | ++   | n/a  |
| Pumping Plants Rehabilitated   | 3                      | ++   | ++   | n/a  |
| Long Term Financial Stability  |                        |      |      |      |
| Water Rates at or Below the Median of other Bay Area Agencies                | ≤ median               | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Wastewater Rates at or Below the Median of other Bay Area Agencies           | ≤ median               |      |      |      |
| Water % of Capital Program Funded from Debt                                  | ≤65%                   | ++   | ++   | ++   |
| Wastewater % of Capital Program Funded from Debt                             | <u>≤</u> 65%           | ++   | ++   | +    |

| KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR – SUMMARY  | FY16 TARGET                        | FY16         | FY15           | FY1 |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----|
| Water Debt Service Coverage  | ≥ 1.6 times                        | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| Wastewater Debt Service Coverage   | ≥ 1.6 times                        | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| Water Actual Reserves as % of Target   | ≥ 100%                             | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| Wastewater Actual Reserves as % of Target  | ≥ 100%                             | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| % of Planned Audits Completed  | 100%                               |              |                |     |
| % of Audit Findings Resolved within 90 Days  | 100%                               | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| Water Operating Expenditures as a Percentage of Operating Budget                                       | ≤ 100%                             | ++           | ++             | +4  |
| Wastewater Operating Expenditures as a Percentage of Operating Budget                                  | <b>≤ 100%</b>                      | ++           | ++             | +4  |
| Water Capital Expenditures as a Percentage of Budgeted Cash Flow                                       | <b>≤ 100%</b>                      | ++           |                | +   |
| Wastewater Capital Expenditures as a Percentage of Budgeted Cash Flow                                  | <b>≤ 100%</b>                      | ++           | ++             | +   |
| Customer Service   |                                    |              |                |     |
| % of Customers Rating District's Overall Job as "Good" or "Excellent"                                  | 70%                                | n/a          | n/a            |     |
| Average Speed of Answer to Calls coming into the Contact Center  | < 60 seconds                       | ++           | ++             | n/a |
| % of Calls Answered within 60 Seconds or Less  | 80%                                | ++           | +              | n/a |
| Call Abandonment Rate  | 3%                                 | ++           | ++             | n/a |
| % of Customers Rating District's Field Response as "Good" or Excellent"                                | 90%                                | ++           | ++             | +4  |
| % of Time Customer Dependent Systems are Available   | 99.9%                              | ++           | +              | +   |
| Unplanned Water Service Interruptions per 1,000 Active Accounts  • <4 hours  • 4-12 hours  • >12 hours | ≤ 10<br>≤ 5<br>≤ 2                 | ++<br><br>++ | ++<br>++<br>++ | ++  |
| Electronic Bill Presentment and Payment Enhancements   | Implement testing by December 2015 | +            |                | n/a |
| Update Emergency Operation Plan Every 2 Yrs, Conduct Exercise Annually                                 | 100%                               | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| Update Business Continuity Plans Every 2 Yrs, Conduct Exercises Annually                               | 100%                               | ++           | ++             | ++  |
| Draft and/or Update 2-3 Event-Specific Emergency Communication Plans                                   | 100%                               |              | ++             | n/a |
| Vorkforce Planning and Development   |                                    |              |                |     |
| % of Exams Resulting in Hiring Lists within 60 Days  | 75%                                | ++           | ++             | +4  |
| % of District Eligibility Lists with AA Hire Opportunities   | n/a                                | -            |                | -   |
| % of Leadership Program Graduates Who Place on Promotional Lists                                       | 75%                                | ++           | +              |     |
| Annual Average Training Hours per Employee   | 30                                 | ++           |                | +   |
| % of Performance Plans Completed on Time   | 100%                               | +            | +              | +   |
| % of Performance Appraisals Completed on Time  | 100%                               | 4            | 4              |     |
|  | ≤3.0                               | ++           | ++             | +4  |
| Employee Injury & Illness Lost Time Incidence Rate   | _5.0                               | TT           | TT             |     |

#### **LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY**

The District has a goal to ensure a reliable, high quality water supply for the future. Strategies to accomplish this goal include preserving current entitlements and augmenting the water supply; implementing water conservation and recycling programs to reduce potable water demand; and maintaining a climate change response plan. The following KPIs measure our progress in achieving our long term water supply goal.

| Key Performance<br>Indicator  | FY16<br>Target  | FY16 Performance   | FY16 Target Met? |
|---|---|--|------------------|
| <ul> <li>Supplemental Supply</li> <li>32 MGD of supplemental<br/>dry years supply by 2040</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Continue with permitting and environmental review processes for Placer County Water Agency (PCWA)/EBMUD long-term water transfer</li> <li>Secure short-term water transfers for drought response, as needed</li> </ul>                                       | <ul> <li>Continued negotiations with the Bureau of Reclamation on a long-term contract for the PCWA/EBMUD long-term water transfer</li> <li>Modeling analysis advanced for environmental documentation for the PCWA water transfer</li> <li>Secured option agreements for 2016 transfers, but did not call the options due to hydrologic conditions</li> </ul>   | ++               |
| Sufficient supplies to hold<br>rationing to a maximum of<br>15% during the next 3<br>years, based on projected<br>demand and drought<br>planning sequence | Prepare environmental documentation and preliminary design, secure a groundwater export permit to develop groundwater banking demo project with San Joaquin   | • Prepared environmental documents for a groundwater banking demonstration project with San Joaquin County (draft Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration released for public review on 3/04/2016)  | +                |
| Water Conservation  • 62 MGD savings from conservation programs/natural replacement by 2040 (baseline yr. 1995)   | <ul> <li>1.2 MGD avg. annual conservation savings (passive + active)</li> <li>18% reduction in per capita demand by 2018; 20% by 2020</li> <li>Achieve MOU Best Management Practice compliance</li> <li>Achieve SBx7-7 Per Capita Reduction Target by 2020</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Exceeded 1.2 MGD avg. conservation savings; drought response exceeded District and State reduction goals; high rebate participation of 12,000+; &gt;63,000 Home Water Report participants</li> <li>Ahead of schedule to meet per capita reductions</li> <li>In compliance with Best Management Practice MOU</li> <li>Ahead of schedule to meet SBx7-7 reduction target by 2020, and completed parcel imagery for all single family residential parcels</li> </ul> | ++               |

5

| FY16<br>Target  | FY16<br>Performance  | FY16<br>Target Met?   |
|---|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Substantial completion of<br/>East Bayshore Emeryville /<br/>Christie pipeline</li> <li>Complete expansion study of<br/>alternatives at North<br/>Richmond, and RARE</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Pipeline construction was<br/>substantially completed in<br/>FY16</li> <li>Expansion study was<br/>substantially completed in<br/>FY16</li> </ul>   | ++  |
| • Implement a pilot residential reuse fill station  | • Implementation of a residential fill station deferred, instead focused on securing a site for a future residential fill station  | +   |
| Substantial completion of<br>construction of Bishop<br>Ranch pipeline extension   | Construction of Bishop<br>Ranch pipeline extension<br>substantially completed,<br>awarded a \$2M state grant   | ++  |
| Update the Climate Change<br>Monitoring & Response<br>Plan as needed to account for<br>new information. Update<br>climate assessments to the<br>EPA's Climate Resilience<br>Evaluation and Assessment<br>Tool (CREAT) 3.0 when<br>available | <ul> <li>An update of the Plan has<br/>been completed</li> <li>Staff worked with the EPA<br/>to develop the CREAT 3.0<br/>assessment tool</li> </ul>   | ++  |
|   | <ul> <li>Substantial completion of East Bayshore Emeryville / Christie pipeline</li> <li>Complete expansion study of alternatives at North Richmond, and RARE</li> <li>Implement a pilot residential reuse fill station</li> <li>Substantial completion of construction of Bishop Ranch pipeline extension</li> <li>Update the Climate Change Monitoring &amp; Response Plan as needed to account for new information. Update climate assessments to the EPA's Climate Resilience Evaluation and Assessment Tool (CREAT) 3.0 when</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Substantial completion of East Bayshore Emeryville / Christie pipeline</li> <li>Complete expansion study of alternatives at North Richmond, and RARE</li> <li>Implement a pilot residential reuse fill station</li> <li>Substantial completion of construction of Bishop Ranch pipeline extension</li> <li>Substantial completion of construction of Bishop Ranch pipeline extension</li> <li>Update the Climate Change Monitoring &amp; Response Plan as needed to account for new information. Update climate assessments to the EPA's Climate Resilience Evaluation and Assessment Tool (CREAT) 3.0 when</li> <li>Pipeline construction was substantially completed in FY16</li> <li>Expansion study was substantially completed in FY16</li> <li>Implementation of a residential fill station deferred, instead focused on securing a site for a future residential fill station</li> <li>Construction of Bishop Ranch pipeline extension substantially completed, awarded a \$2M state grant</li> <li>An update of the Plan has been completed</li> <li>Staff worked with the EPA to develop the CREAT 3.0 assessment tool</li> </ul> |

Supplemental Supply: The 2012 Water Supply Management Program (WSMP) identified a portfolio of resources to secure an additional 32 MGD of supplemental supply by 2040. It builds on significant achievements, namely construction of the Freeport Regional Water Project and the Bayside Groundwater Phase I facilities, and completion of the Regional Desalination Pilot Project. In FY16, progress continued towards completing environmental reviews and obtaining approvals to implement a long-term water transfer arrangement with Placer County Water Agency (PCWA), including negotiations with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation on a long-term Warren Act contract to use federal facilities to convey PCWA transfer water to EBMUD. In FY16, after receiving transfer water purchased in FY15, the District secured short-term water transfer option agreements in the event dry conditions continued. However, because hydrologic conditions improved, the District did not call the options.

Also, progress continued toward development of a groundwater banking demonstration project in partnership with San Joaquin County. FY16 work included developing property owner agreements, preliminary engineering plans, environmental documents and permits.

Water Conservation: In FY16, we continued implementing conservation measures identified within the six strategies of the 2011 Water Conservation Master Plan (WCMP). Drought support throughout the year resulted in an overall 24 percent reduction in water use. Higher than average customer participation levels continued due to ongoing drought response programs replacing over 2.8 million square feet of lawn. Overall water savings exceeded voluntary and mandatory drought reduction goals for the year through increased natural, behavioral-based measures and heightened participation in District conservation incentives, water use and leak detection surveys, and education programs. The FY16 baseline WCMP conservation programs included targeted savings and per capita water use reductions required to achieve compliance with the Water Conservation Act of 2009 (or 20 x 2020) and the California Urban Water Conservation Council Statewide Memorandum of Understanding for best management program reporting. The District's overall 2016 demand was less than 105 gallons per capita per day (gpcd), well below the 20 x 2020 interim target of 158 gpcd.

Water Recycling: The target for water recycling is to reduce the demand for potable water by an additional 11 MGD by the year 2040 or a total of 20 MGD by the year 2040. Recycled water use of about 9 MGD is achieved through a combination of irrigation and industrial reuse projects. Existing recycled water uses include refinery cooling towers and boiler feedwater; golf course irrigation in Alameda, Oakland, Richmond and San Ramon; parkway irrigation in Alameda; office building bathroom flushing in Oakland; office building cooling in Emeryville; and landscape irrigation in various areas of Oakland, Emeryville and San Ramon.

In FY16, progress was made on substantial completion of construction of the East Bayshore Emeryville/Christie pipeline which was approved for a \$1 million State grant. An expansion study of RARE and North Richmond is near completion. EBMUD began working on a new recycled water agreement with Chevron for the North Richmond project. EBMUD was awarded a \$2 million State grant for the next phase of the San Ramon project in Bishop Ranch, and construction has been substantially completed. Customer site retrofit work is continuing in San Ramon to connect more users to the recycled water system. Planning and CEQA work began on EBMUD's proposed recycled water pump station in San Ramon. Also, EBMUD continued to coordinate with the Diablo Country Club and Central Contra Costa Sanitary District to develop a pilot satellite recycled water project.

<u>Climate Change</u>: This KPI ensures the District's future water supply, water quality, and infrastructure planning incorporates adaptation to and mitigation of climate change. An update to the Climate Change Monitoring & Response Plan was completed in 2014 to account for new information. The latest update to the plan summarizes the District's work on climate change, information from the latest Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change's Fifth Assessment Report, and information in the 2014 US National Climate Assessment Report. New or revised recommended actions include:

- Inventory the District's greenhouse gas emissions annually;
- Investigate new renewable energy projects consistent with Energy Policy 7.07; and

• Update the District's Energy Management Strategy.

Staff continues to work on these actions.

The District completed climate change assessments using the EPA's Climate Resilience Evaluation & Awareness Tool (CREAT) version 2.0. The EPA developed CREAT, a software tool, to assist drinking water and wastewater utility owners and operators in understanding potential climate change threats and in assessing the related risks at their individual utilities. CREAT provides users with access to the most recent national assessment of climate change impacts for use in considering how these changes will impact utility operations and missions. Staff worked with the EPA to develop and pilot CREAT version 3.0 which was issued by the EPA in August 2016. In FY17, staff will evaluate the new features and apply the tool as applicable to District facilities and operations.

335

#### WATER QUALITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The District has a goal to meet or surpass environmental and public health standards. Strategies to accomplish this goal include managing watersheds to ensure a high quality water supply and protect natural resources; operating facilities to surpass drinking water regulations and meet all emission requirements; minimizing impacts to the environment; protecting San Francisco Bay; and operating Pardee and Camanche Reservoirs as an integrated system to supply drinking water, and regulate stream and flood control. The following KPIs measure our progress in achieving our water quality and environmental protection goal.

| Key Performance<br>Indicator  | FY16<br>Target               | FY16<br>Performance            | FY16 Target Met? |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Watershed Protection • Mokelumne River fall-run chinook salmon escapement (long term average)   | 4,734                        | 12,515                         | ++               |
| Compliance with Drinking Water Regulations • % of water quality goals met • % of water quality regulations met  | 100%<br>100%                 | 94%<br>100%                    | +++              |
| Compliance with Wastewater Regulations • Number of NPDES and Waste Discharge Permit Notices of Violation (NOV) received   | 0                            | 4                              | +                |
| • % reduction in average odor complaints near the MWWTP   | 10% reduction                | 108% increase                  |                  |
| <ul> <li>Reduce, Recycle, Reuse, Reclaim</li> <li>Reduce indirect emissions to zero by 2040 and reduce direct emissions by 50% by 2040 compared to the 2000 baseline</li> </ul> | <38,857<br>metric tons CO2   | 37,289<br>metric tons          | ++               |
| % of Main Wastewater Treatment Plant<br>electric power demand met by on-site<br>generation with renewable resources   | 100%                         | 136%                           | ++               |
| Protect SF Bay • Implement Private Sewer Lateral Program to reduce wet weather flows and achieve a high compliance rate at point of sales                                       | 90%                          | 91%                            | ++               |
| Operate Pardee and Camanche • Meet JSA Mokelumne River minimum flow releases 100% of the time   | 100%                         | 100%                           | ++               |
| ++ Target met + Target not met, but on track  | Target not met n/a Target/Da | tta not available ■ Qualitativ | ve measure only  |

<u>Watershed Protection:</u> The FY16 target for the number of fish returning (escapement) to the Mokelumne River was based on the 1940 to 2014 long-term average. The FY16 performance represents the average escapement from 2010 to 2015, which is a six-year (2 cohorts) running

average. The escapement for FY16 alone was 12,879 fish which is slightly more than FY15, and the 4<sup>th</sup> largest escapement recorded in the Mokelumne River since 1940. FY16 marks the 5<sup>th</sup> consecutive year of escapement exceeding 12,000 salmon.

Through the Lower Mokelumne River Partnership, the District initiated adaptive management actions including pulse attraction flow events in the fall of 2015, and innovative strategies to conserve cold water in Pardee and Camanche reservoirs. As a result of these actions, the total return to the Mokelumne was 272 percent of the long-term average, which was greater than any San Joaquin River tributary. Moreover, the Mokelumne River Fish Hatchery produced roughly 5.5 million juvenile Chinook salmon. Future targets may be revised as resource agencies focus on in-river production versus production in hatcheries. Currently, most of the escapement on the Mokelumne is comprised of hatchery origin fish.

Compliance with Drinking Water Regulations: The District voluntarily sets over 100 annual water quality goals that far surpass federal and state standards. In FY16, the District again met 100 percent of state and federal regulations and 94 percent of its more stringent water quality goals, similar to FY15 (95 percent). The water quality parameters not met were: 1) Total coliform, 2) N-Nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA), 3) Taste and Odor complaints, 4) Chlorate, 5) Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs), 6) Haloacetic Acids (HAAs), and 7) N-Nitrosodiethylamine (NDEA). Details concerning these issues are contained in the April 2016 Water Quality Program Semi-Annual Update, and the September 2016 update presented to the Planning Committee.

<u>Compliance with Wastewater Regulations:</u> The goal is to have no violations of the NPDES and Waste Discharge Requirements permits. There were roughly 28 active permits during the reporting period. The number of permits fluctuates as permits are consolidated for facilities, new facilities are acquired and as construction projects start and finish.

At the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant, there were no NPDES violations in FY16, demonstrating 203 consecutive months of continued compliance. However, there was a chlorine residual violation exceedance at the Oakport Wet Weather Facility due to equipment failure.

Four other NOVs were received. In March 2016 the District received a NOV from the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (CVRWQCB) for a turbidity exceedance at the Camanche South Shore Water Treatment Plant (WTP). An investigation found that the exceedance was most likely due to a sample collection error caused by blocked access and low flows in the receiving water. Staff has conducted additional training to ensure sample contamination is avoided in the future. Also in March 2016 a NOV was received from the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB) for the San Pablo WTP citing nine different exceedances, which spanned the entire five-year permit term. Staff worked with the SFRWQCB and the number of exceedances was corrected to three. These incidents dated back to 2012, 2014 and 2015, and in each case the incident was an exceedance of the chlorine residual limit. In July 2016 the District received a NOV from the CVRWQCB for a reporting deficiency in the annual report for the Camanche North Shore Wastewater Treatment Plant. Although the report format had been the same for years the NOV requested graphical representation for data, which staff will do in the future. The NOV also requested that a new technical report be submitted to illustrate that there is no hydraulic connection between the

wastewater ponds and the underlying groundwater in the area. Lastly, in August 2016 the District received a NOV from the SFRWQCB for the Summit Reservoir replacement construction site due to the release of stormwater containing concentrations of pentachlrorphenol (PCP) that exceeded regulatory requirements. The PCP was introduced to the stormwater when it came into contact with a treated wood waste stockpile at the worksite during demolition. Corrective actions have been put in place by the District and the project contractor to ensure no future reoccurrence.

A new KPI for FY15 was to have continual improvement of at least 10 percent reduction in odor complaints attributable to the Wastewater Treatment Plant. The baseline was the FY12-14 average of 25 complaints. In FY16, 52 odor complaints were received, an increase from the 23 received in FY15. The increase is likely related to several factors, including drought-related low flows in the interceptor. The reduced flows result in longer conveyance times within the interceptor system as well as an increase in deposition of solids, both of which contribute to odor generation. Staff is identifying ways to optimize operational and maintenance practices to minimize the potential for creating odors, and proceeding with capital projects to enhance odor control management.

Reduce, Recycle, Reuse, Reclaim: District policy established a 2040 goal to be carbon-free for indirect emissions, and to reduce direct emissions by 50 percent compared to 2000 emissions. Given those goals, the District's indirect emissions were under the interim target and direct emissions slightly over, but overall emissions reductions are in line with the long term goals. Staff is researching carbon credits to offset direct emissions that are over the interim target. These results were discussed at the July 2016 Sustainability/Energy Committee meeting.

The primary goals for the indicator, "percent of MWWTP demand met by on-site generation" are to reduce electricity costs, increase energy-related revenues, and minimize greenhouse gas emissions associated with wastewater operations. Supported by both energy conservation efforts and the District's Resource Recovery program, the Main Wastewater Treatment Plant provided 136 percent of energy demand, exceeding the KPI of 100 percent for the third year in a row.

**Protect SF Bay:** Cracks in Private Sewer Laterals (PSLs) lead to infiltration during wet weather, which cause discharges of partially treated wastewater into SF Bay through the District's Wet Weather Treatment Facilities. Therefore, high compliance with the District's point-of-sale PSL Program will reduce wet weather discharges and protect the Bay. Over time the program will also position the District for compliance with the Wet Weather Consent Decree. The PSL Program achieved 91 percent compliance, exceeding the target of 90 percent, and is similar to the 93 percent in FY15.

#### LONG TERM INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT

The District has a goal to maintain and improve its infrastructure in a cost-effective manner to ensure high-quality and reliable service. Strategies to accomplish this goal include maintaining master plans for all facilities; setting budget priorities to reflect identified needs; and implementing effective maintenance practices. The following KPIs measure our progress in achieving our infrastructure investment goal.

| Key Performance<br>Indicator   | FY16<br>Target  | FY16<br>Performance | FY16 Target Met? |  |
|--|---|---------------------|------------------|--|
| Effective Management of Infrastructure   |   |                     |                  |  |
| Number of water system pipeline breaks per 100 miles of pipe   | ≤ 20  | 28.7                |                  |  |
| <ul><li>Availability of wastewater assets</li><li>% of water system corrective work orders that</li></ul>              | .90 - 1.0<br>≤ 10%  | .98<br>4.6%         | ++               |  |
| <ul><li>are high priority</li><li>Critical meter repair backlog</li></ul>  | < 5,000   | 3,310               | ++               |  |
| % of water system valves exercised   | 10%   | 10.0%               | ++               |  |
| • % of asset maintenance activities accurately recorded for analysis   | 100% of data collected<br>for work tracked by<br>AIM and Maximo | 92%/93%             |                  |  |
| • % of meter repair orders completed in 60 days  | 90%   | 98%                 | ++               |  |
| Capital Budget Priorities  |   |                     |                  |  |
| Miles of distribution pipe replaced  | 10  | 13.5                | ++               |  |
| • Design errors and omission change orders on construction contracts   | < 3%  | 2.6 %               | ++               |  |
| Rehabilitate steel water tanks   | 3   | 4                   | ++               |  |
| • % of interceptor assets repaired that have major defects   | 15%   | 5%                  |                  |  |
| Pumping plants rehabilitated   | 3   | 3                   | ++               |  |
| ++ Target met + Target not met, but on track - Target not met n/a Target/Data not available ■ Qualitative measure only |   |                     |                  |  |

**Effective Management:** Effective management of the infrastructure is measured by seven indicators. For the 4,140 miles of pipe in the system, we experienced a total of 1,189 breaks which yields 28.7 breaks/100 miles of pipe. This is an increase from the 1,043 pipe breaks in FY15 and the 979 breaks in FY14. We are conducting the Pipeline Rebuild Program to increase the miles of pipe replaced, which when implemented, should decrease the annual leak rate.

Availability of Wastewater assets tracks the availability of equipment and facilities. During FY16, the ratio was 0.98 which met the target and was the same as FY15.

Several infrastructure related indicators were instituted in FY15 including the percent of water system corrective work orders that are high priority. The Asset Infrastructure Management system that records maintenance work orders had 454 priority 5 work orders completed out of a total 9,925 corrective work orders, or 4.6 percent were high priority which met the target of less than 10 percent.

The meter repair backlog indicator met the target with a backlog of 3,310 orders. In FY16, 5,724 of the 57,299 valves were exercised, which met the target of 10 percent. This KPI covers only the system valves used to isolate leaks during main breaks and other maintenance activities.

Recording maintenance activities for analysis is critical for assessing asset condition and performance. This indicator tracks maintenance activity work hours. Water and Wastewater system performance was 92 percent and 93 percent respectively, which was less than the target of 100%, and less than the 95 percent in FY15. This KPI is not easily measurable due to limitations in identifying all staff time available to be spent on maintenance activities, and has been replaced as part of the 2016 Strategic Plan update.

In FY16, the target was met with 98 percent of meter repair orders completed within 60 days.

<u>Capital Budget Priorities:</u> Pipeline replacements again exceeded the target totaling 13.5 miles in FY16, greater than the 11.5 miles in FY15 and the 11.0 miles replaced in FY14. Design errors and omissions change orders on Water and Wastewater System contracts were 2.6 percent on contracts valued at \$63.6 million (Water System: 1.3 percent on contracts worth \$7.0 million; Wastewater: 2.8 percent on contracts worth \$56.6 million).

One steel reservoir was rehabilitated, San Pablo Washwater Tank No. 2, and a contract to demolish three steel reservoirs, Berkeley View No. 2, Muir, and Potrero, was awarded. Reservoir demolitions benefit the District by removing hazardous materials, reducing maintenance costs, and improving water quality by reducing storage in the distribution system.

The indicator, "% of interceptor assets repaired that have major defects" tracks progress relative to mitigating interceptor defect risks. In FY16, 5 percent of the known major defects were corrected, compared to 52 percent in FY15. While below the annual target of 15 percent, the two year average of 28 percent exceeds the metric. The result this year was lower than anticipated due to rejecting all bids for the 3<sup>rd</sup> Street Interceptor Rehabilitation Project, with the intent to repackage with new scope items for construction during the upcoming dry weather season.

Contracts to rehabilitate or demolish three pumping plants were awarded. Diablo and Gwin pumping plants will be rehabilitated, and Laguna No. 1 pumping plant will be demolished, which will remove hazardous materials and reduce maintenance costs.

#### LONG TERM FINANCIAL STABILITY

The District has a goal to manage its finances to meet its funding needs and maintain reasonable rates. Strategies to accomplish this goal include developing a financial plan to meet long-term funding needs; implementing equitable rates; ensuring integrity and accountability in financial management; and implementing new technologies that improve efficiency. The following KPIs measure our progress in achieving our financial stability goal.

| Key Performance<br>Indicator   | FY16<br>Target   | FY16<br>Performance   | FY16 Target Met?     |
|--|--|---|----------------------|
| Sufficient Revenue / Fair Rates & Charges • Rates as compared to other Bay Area agencies   | At or below median: Water At or below median: Wastewater | Water - below median,<br>12 other agencies<br>surveyed<br>Wastewater - above<br>median, 15 other<br>agencies surveyed | ++                   |
| <ul> <li>Financial Position</li> <li>% of capital program funded from debt</li> </ul>  | ≤ 65%  | 45% Water<br>40% Wastewater   | ++                   |
| Debt service coverage  | ≥ 1.6 times coverage                                     | 1.65 Water<br>1.98 Wastewater   | ++                   |
| • Actual reserves as % of target   | ≥ 100%   | >100% Water<br>>100% Wastewater   | ++                   |
| Integrity, Accountability and Transparency • % of planned audits completed • % of audit findings resolved within 90 days                               | 100%<br>100%   | 40%<br>100%   |                      |
| Budget Performance  • Operating expenditures as a percentage of operating budget  • Capital expenditures as a percentage of capital budgeted cash flow | ≤ 100% ≤ 100%  | 96% Water<br>94% Wastewater<br>97% Water<br>95% Wastewater  | ++<br>++<br>++<br>++ |
| ++ Target met + Target not met, but on trace   | k Target not met n/a Target/                             | Data not available ■ Qualitati  | ve measure only      |

Sufficient Revenue/Fair Rates & Charges: An indicator of fair rates and charges is how we compare with other Bay Area agencies. Our annual water bill for an average residential user was below the median of surveyed agencies as 7 of the 12 agencies had higher bills. Our annual wastewater bill was above the median as 4 of the 15 agencies surveyed had higher bills. This represents an improvement of one position compared to last year. Our wastewater bill includes additional charges such as community collection charges that represent more than 50 percent of the overall bill.

**Financial Position:** The District has a policy target of funding no more than 65 percent of the capital program with debt. The percent of the Water System capital program funded by debt over the last 5 years was 45 percent which is less than last year's 5-year average of 59 percent. The percent of the Wastewater System capital program funded by debt was 40 percent which is less than last year's 5-year average of 48 percent. We expect to continue funding a large portion of the capital program with rate revenue.

The measure for reserves is the variance between the target and actual reserve levels at the end of the fiscal year. The target reserve levels of \$149.3 million for Water and \$36.3 million for Wastewater were slightly exceeded due to lower normal operating costs and higher than anticipated system capacity fees, offset by lower than projected metered consumption.

The District has a policy target of 1.6 times debt service coverage. The Water System FY16 debt coverage ratio was 1.65 which met the target and is similar to FY15 and FY14. The Wastewater System debt coverage ratio was 1.98 which met the target and is greater than the 1.75 in FY15 and the 1.60 in FY14.

Integrity of Financial Systems: The District's Internal Audit section provides assurance that assets are properly maintained and accurately accounted for; financial and operating reports are accurate; and relevant laws, regulations, ordinances and statutes are complied with. Audits of specific areas and/or functions are performed to assess the overall control environment and conduct tests to ensure sufficient internal controls are in place and are being complied with. Three of the reviews scheduled in the FY16 Internal Audit Plan were completed. The remaining audits scheduled in the FY16 plan were postponed due to ongoing efforts related to the water consumption audit and have been included in the FY17 plan. Reports on the status of internal audit efforts were provided as part of the Semi-Annual and Annual Internal Audit Reports presented to the Finance/Administration Committee in January and July 2016.

All findings and recommendations reported during the period and from prior periods have been resolved.

**Budget Performance:** This KPI measures the variance between spending and the approved budget, with a target for expenditures to not exceed 100 percent of the operating and capital budget, including debt service. The FY16 Water System operating expenditures were 96 percent of budget primarily due to lower debt service costs, unspent contingency, and a greater offset for the administration of capital work. In FY15 expenditures were 91 percent spent of budget. The FY16 Wastewater System operating expenditures were 94 percent of budget primarily due to unspent contingency, lower operation expenses, and a greater offset for the administration of capital work, the same as what was spent in FY15.

Capital budget spending was within target for both the Water and Wastewater Systems. Spending was less than budget for several Water System projects primarily due to delays in work related to reservoir rehabilitation, aqueducts and some pipeline work. Capital spending was less than budget for several Wastewater System projects primarily due to reduced spending on planned odor control improvements and food waste processing facilities.

#### **CUSTOMER SERVICE**

The District's goal is to provide responsive, quality service to meet or exceed customer expectations. Strategies to accomplish this goal include obtaining feedback and customer input to understand expectations and inform business decisions; enhancing the customer experience using business process changes and technologies; and maintaining an emergency preparedness program to allow the District to function and recover from an emergency. The following KPIs measure our progress in achieving our customer service goal.

| Key Performance<br>Indicator   | FY16<br>Target                | FY16<br>Performance             | FY16 Target Met? |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Customer Satisfaction • % of customers rating "Overall Job" as "Good" or "Excellent"   | 70%                           | n/a                             | n/a              |
| Average speed of answer to calls coming<br>into the Contact Center   | < 60 seconds                  | 18 seconds                      | ++               |
| • Contact Center service level: % of calls answered within the target of ≤60 seconds   | 80%                           | 88%                             | ++               |
| • Abandonment rate   | 3%                            | 2%                              | ++               |
| • % of customers rating the District's field response as "Good" or "Excellent"   | 90%                           | 98%                             | ++               |
| % of time customer dependent systems<br>are available    Compared to the content of the customer dependent systems   Compared to the customer   Compared to the customer dependent systems   Compared t | 99.9%                         | 99.9%                           | ++               |
| • Unplanned water service interruptions per 1,000 active accounts  |                               |                                 |                  |
| < 4 hrs  | < 10                          | 8.4                             | ++               |
| 4– 12 hrs  | <u>&lt;</u> 5                 | 6.4                             |                  |
| >12 hrs  | <u>&lt; 2</u>                 | 1.7                             | ++               |
| • Electronic bill presentment & payment enhancements   | Implement testing by Dec 2015 | Phase 1 completed in April 2016 | +                |
| Emergency Preparedness   |                               |                                 |                  |
| Update the District's Emergency     Operations Plan every two years and     conduct an EOT exercise annually   | 100%                          | 100%                            | ++               |
| • Update all Business Continuity plans   | 100% Plans                    | 100%                            | ++               |
| every two years and conduct an exercise for each annually  | 100% Exercises                | 100%                            | ++               |
| Draft and/or update 2-3 event-specific<br>emergency communication plans<br>annually  | 100%                          | 50%                             |                  |
| ++ Target met + Target not met, but on track T   | arget not met n/a Target/Data | a not available 📕 Qualitati     | ve measure only  |

<u>Customer Satisfaction:</u> Several components measure customer satisfaction. The first is the percent of surveyed customers rating the "overall job EBMUD is doing" as "good" or "excellent" to measure how the District is meeting customer needs and expectations, and identify areas where we can improve. The FY16 survey was delayed until after the drought had ended so that we could assess customer opinions on District drought actions.

Another satisfaction measures involve our contact center where we receive over 310,000 calls and emails annually. FY16 was a drought year and the contact center received numerous inquiries concerning use, conservation programs, and rates and penalties. We achieved our goal of answering calls in less than 60 seconds with an average response time of 18 seconds versus 44 seconds in FY15; reduced the call abandonment rate to 2 percent from 3 percent; and met the service level target of answering 80 percent of calls within 60 seconds with 88 percent answered compared to 78 percent in FY15.

In FY16, a total of 132 field service survey responses were completed compared to 112 in FY15, and ratings continue high at 98 percent of customers rating service as "good or excellent" which is similar to the 97 percent in FY15.

The availability of automated systems used by customers (Internet, Call Center and Dispatch Center telephones, Customer Information System, and Integrated Voice Response self-service applications) is also a measure of customer satisfaction. Availability is determined by tracking the hours of unplanned down time. The FY16 target of 99.9 percent availability was met as unplanned outages of hardware and software in the computing infrastructure were minimal even as the District continues to update its technology.

Minimizing the impacts to customers from unplanned service interruptions is vital. The 4-12 hour KPI was not met as a result of the record number of main breaks that occurred in December 2015. That month, there were 179 main breaks which is the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest number of main breaks in a single month since 1997.

Phase one of the electronic bill presentment and payment project for one-time electronic payments was completed and reduced the customer fee. Phase two is scheduled to be completed by the end of the year. The percent of customers paying electronically continues to increase and provides customers with a convenient payment option.

<u>Emergency Preparedness</u>: These KPIs are a measure of the District's ability to maintain an active emergency preparedness program by maintaining current documentation and testing of emergency response and business continuity plans. In FY16, the District continued to make significant progress in mitigating risk, preparing for a disaster, and improving its readiness to respond to emergencies.

The Emergency Operations Plan was updated in FY15 and was therefore not revised in FY16. The District conducted or participated in 31 exercises, including those with other agencies and mutual assistance partners. The exercises included a major functional exercise of the Emergency Operations Team (EOT), a workshop for the EOT Public Communications Section, functional exercises of alternative work locations, and a functional exercise of the District's emergency declaration process.

The KPI for updating BCPs every two years and conducting exercises for each BCP once a year was met. This is the fourth year in a row of meeting this KPI.

The District did not meet its KPI for drafting and/or updating 2-3 event-specific emergency communication plans annually. In FY16, one event-specific emergency communications plan was drafted that provides guidance to staff in handling public communications during an emergency involving a creek spill.

Details concerning the emergency preparedness and business continuity programs are contained in the Annual Readiness Report and Program Update presented to the Planning Committee in July 2016.

#### WORKFORCE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

The District has a goal to create an environment that attracts and retains a high performing and diverse workforce. Strategies to accomplish this goal include developing workforce plans to determine needs and identify any gaps that may exist; enhancing the ability to recruit highly qualified staff; developing employees to meet workforce demands; and fostering a culture that recognizes employee's contributions. The following KPIs measure our progress in achieving our workforce goal.

| Key Performance<br>Indicator   | FY16<br>Target | FY16<br>Performance | FY16 Target Met? |
|--|----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Recruitment  |                |                     |                  |
| <ul> <li>% of exams resulting in hiring lists<br/>within 60 days</li> </ul>  | 75%            | 91%                 | ++               |
| • % of District eligibility lists with AA hire opportunities   | -              | 65%                 | •                |
| Employee Development   | <b>55</b> 00   | <b>5</b> 00/        |                  |
| % of competing Leadership Program graduates who place on applicable promotional lists                                    | 75%            | 78%                 | ++               |
| • Annual average training hours per  | 30             | 30                  | ++               |
| employee   |                |                     |                  |
| <ul> <li>Performance Planning &amp; Appraisal</li> <li>% of performance plans completed on</li> </ul>                    | 100%           | 98.7%               | +                |
| time   |                |                     |                  |
| • % of performance appraisals completed on time  | 100%           | 99.0%               | +                |
| Employee Wellness  |                |                     |                  |
| Employee injury & illness lost time  | ≤3.0           | 1.3                 | ++               |
| <ul> <li>incidence rate</li> <li>Annually implement outreach campaigns on four wellness ("Well Being") themes</li> </ul> | -              | 2                   | •                |
| ++ Target met + Target not met, but on track Target not met n/a Target/Data not available    Qualitative measure only    |                |                     |                  |

**Recruitment:** The percent of exams resulting in hiring lists within 60 days is a measure of our hiring process, and is based on the time from the close of application filings to the establishment of eligible lists. In FY16, there were 110 exams completed and 100 resulted in hiring lists within 60 days. This is the third year in a row that the number of exams completed approached or exceeded 100, and the percent resulting in hiring lists exceeded 90 percent.

The District tracks the diversity of candidates considered for employment to determine if recruitment efforts are attracting sufficiently diverse qualified candidates. In FY16, the AA Opportunity Rate (the percentage of qualified underutilized candidates of the total qualified candidates considered during the hiring interviews) was 65 percent which is greater than the FY15 and FY14 rates of 60 and 61 percent respectively. This KPI does not measure the diversity of candidates actually hired. We report performance on this measurement, but do not set targets.

**Employee Development:** The percentage of competing leadership program graduates placed on applicable promotional lists measures the effectiveness of our various developmental academies (e.g., LEAD and Pathways). During FY16, 78 percent of the 71 academy applicants scored as eligible on promotional lists.

The annual average number of training hours per employee is a common indicator benchmarked by employers. For example, the American Society for Training and Development reports an average of 28 hours per year per employee among organizations surveyed, and an average of 38 hours per year per employee for Best Practice Organizations. The FY12 - FY16 five-year average was 27 hours annual training per employee, up from last year's average of 25 hours. However, the number of training hours per employee averaged 30 hours in FY16, reflecting increases in technical and general training hours.

<u>Performance Planning & Appraisal:</u> This KPI is measured by the percent of employees with performance plans and appraisals completed within the past 13 months. In FY16, 98.7 percent of employees had a current performance plan, which is the same as in FY15. In FY16, 99.0 percent of employees had a current performance appraisal, which is an improvement compared to the 98.5 percent in FY15.

**Employee Retention:** The Employee Injury and Illness Lost Time Incidence Rate is a measurement used by OSHA and the Bureau of Labor Statistics to show the number of jobrelated injuries and illnesses that result in one or more lost workdays by employees. For FY16, the Lost Time Incidence Rate was 1.3 (there were 21 lost time injuries recorded) which was lower than the FY15 rate of 1.8, and the FY14 rate of 2.2.

During FY16, a wellness campaign was implemented regarding financial wellbeing. Also, a state of the District health presentation was given to a union study group which included a speaker from the SF Municipal Transportation Agency who discussed their wellness programs, and a brainstorming session related to wellness at the District. The wellness steering committee met several times to build momentum in our wellbeing program and further campaigns. The steering committee applied for a \$2,000 wellness grant from the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority and will use the grant for costs related to a month long campaign on Wellness/Wellbeing to take place in January 2017, and to be repeated each year thereafter.

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

## Appendix E

| GLOSSARY |
|----------|
|          |
|          |
|          |
|          |
|          |

This Page Intentionally Left Blank

#### Glossary of Terms

**Accrual Basis** Income and expense accounting method that records income items

when they are earned and records deductions when expenses are

incurred.

Administration of

Capital

Government-Wide and Department operations costs incurred by administration support functions of the government entity which are not

directly charged to each capital project but allocated using a rate

applied to direct labor dollars.

Adopted Budget A balanced financial plan for a specific period of time authorized by the

Board of Directors for expenditure or obligation.

**Amended Budget** An adopted balanced financial plan reflecting budgetary transfers that

occurred since adoption of the budget. The total budget amount has to

stay within the Board approved appropriation limit.

**Appointment Type** Indicates the character of a position. The following are the appointment

types: Regular, Civil Service Exempt, Intermittent, Temporary, Part-

Time, Limited-Term, and Temporary Construction.

**Authorized Position** A position created and established by the Board of Directors.

**AWWA** American Water Works Association

**Board of Directors** The seven public officials elected to represent the wards within the

District service area. Also known as "the Board".

**Bonds** Borrowed monies allocated to pay for capital projects. Bonds are sold to

investors, and proceeds of the sale are used to pay for capital expenditures. Debt service payments are made to repay the bond holders. The District's goal is to limit debt funded capital to no more

than 65% of the total capital program.

**Build America Bonds (BABs)**  Build America Bonds. A type of municipal bond created under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. These bonds are

sold at a taxable rate rather than a lower tax-exempt rate, and the District receives cash rebates from the US Treasury to offset the higher

interest cost.

**CAFR** Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Capital

**Appropriation** 

Board approved funding for capital Reference Projects for which relatively accurate time estimates can be made. Unspent appropriations

carry forward to the next fiscal year.

**Capital Budget** A financial plan for providing the purchase, construction or rehabilitation

of fixed assets such as equipment, facilities, and systems.

**Capital Cash Flow** Projected cash disbursements for capital projects for a given time

period. The estimated capital cash flow is used to determine the amount of revenue required and the rate impacts, or the amount and timing of borrowings to meet the projected expenditure needs for a given time

period.

Capital Expenditures

Expenditures related to the purchase or construction of equipment, building structures, aqueducts and water/sewer pipelines that have a useful life greater than three years and a cost greater than \$5,000.

Capital Improvement Program (CIP) The Board approved set of capital projects that typically results in the construction of new capital facilities, or the modification or upgrade of existing facilities over a 5-year period. Project costs include all expenditures required to purchase, study, plan, design, construct or repair/upgrade new or existing physical facilities.

Capital Labor The portion of District labor costs supporting the capital improvement

program.

Capital Steering Committee (CSC)

Capital Steering Committee is responsible for the oversight of the CIP which includes developing the biennial CIP recommendation to the General Manager.

**CCF** One hundred cubic feet which equals 748 gallons or one unit.

**CDHP** Consumer-driven Health Plan

Civil Service System The system used for the selection, examination, employment, classification, advancement, suspension, and discharge of employees. Applies only to Regular and Intermittent employees or employees who have attained civil service status but are working in a position excluded from the civil service.

**Commercial Paper** Short-term financing for capital projects.

**Consent Decree** An agreement or settlement to resolve a dispute between two parties.

Cost of Service Study

A cost of service study equitably assigns cost responsibility to customers through rates and charges developed as part of the study.

**CSMFO** California Society of Municipal Finance Officers

Customer Information System (CIS) The District's customer information system for billing customers, collecting revenue, and recording account information.

Debt Funded Capital

Expenditures for capital projects which are funded by bonds, state

loans, or other debt.

**Debt Service** Expenditures for interest and principal repayment on bonds or other

debt.

Debt Service Coverage

The ratio of net revenues to debt service requirements, calculated in accordance with the District's bond documents. The District's policy is to

maintain a debt coverage ratio of at least 1.6.

**Department** A major organizational unit with overall managerial responsibility for

functional programs of the District.

**DERWA**Dublin San Ramon Services District, East Bay Municipal Utility District,

Recycled Water Authority, a joint program to supply recycled water to portions of San Ramon, Danville, Blackhawk and surrounding areas.

Distribution System

Water treatment plants, storage reservoirs, pumping plants, pipelines,

and appurtenances that treat and transmit water to customers.

**Division** A major organizational unit of a Department. Most departments have

several divisions, each providing different services.

**Drought** A projected decrease in the total system storage at EBMUD reservoirs

which results in the potential for a water shortage in meeting customers' demand. Water runoff projections from snowmelt are used to estimate the water supply storage for the end of the water year. The Board may declare a water shortage emergency (i.e. drought) and activate the Drought Management Plan which guides a variety of actions to ensure a

sufficient water supply (e.g. conservation, etc.)

**EBMUD** East Bay Municipal Utility District. A publicly owned utility formed in

1923 under the Municipal Utility District Act to provide water service, and in 1944 wastewater service in portions of Alameda and Contra

Costa Counties. Also referred to as "the District".

**Encumbrance** The obligated and unspent portion of a contingent liability established

through a purchase order that is chargeable to an account. It ceases to be an encumbrance when paid by the recording of an invoice or

reduction of the purchase order outstanding balance.

**Enterprise Fund** A type of proprietary fund in which a user charge, rather than taxes, is

charged to external users for goods or services, and costs are

recovered.

**Expenditure** The payment of an obligation from the District's cash amounts.

Expenditure Category

There are three types of operating expenditure categories: labor costs, contract services, and all other costs or operation/maintenance costs.

**Fiduciary Fund** A fund in which assets are held by a governmental unit in a trustee

capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units. There are four types of fiduciary funds: Pension (and other employee benefit), Investment, Private-Purpose and

Agency.

Fiscal Year The 12-month period that begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the

following year.

Freeport Regional Water Project

A joint project with the Sacramento County Water Agency to secure a

supplemental dry-year water supply.

**FTE** The full-time equivalent is the ratio of the number of hours an employee

is paid compared to the number of working hours. An employee who

works full time counts as 1 FTE.

**Fund** A fiscal entity with a set of accounts recording financial resources,

together with all related liabilities, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with special regulations or restrictions. The primary District funds are the Water System General

Fund (WSG) and Wastewater General Fund (WWG).

Funded Position Authorized position that the Board of Directors has appropriated funding

for in a fiscal year.

**GAAP** Generally accepted accounting principles

**GDP** Gallons Per Day

General Fund Reserves An account used to record funds that are not legally restricted for specified purposes, such as those committed to repay obligations. General Fund Reserves provide for self-insurance claims, unplanned revenue changes, working capital, worker's compensation, and

unanticipated contingencies.

**General Manager** 

(GM)

The chief executive officer of the District, hired by the Board of

Directors.

**GFOA** Government Finance Officers Association

**HSA** Health Savings Account

**Infrastructure** The tangible physical components that ensure delivery of reliable, high

quality water and wastewater service now and in the future. Typical components are reservoirs, pumping plants, pipelines, and anaerobic

digesters.

Intermittent Position Intermittent positions are less than full-time, but one-half or more of a standard workday or a workweek or more than 1,040 aggregate hours

per payroll year.

**Key Performance Indicators (KPI)** 

Indicators with specific targets that measure how well the District is progressing in achieving its goals under the Strategic Plan.

Limited Term (LT) Position

Limited Term positions are intended to augment regular District staff to accomplish extra work or other operational programs and activities of a limited duration for a maximum of 4 years. LT positions are not civil service positions.

**MGD** 

Million Gallons per Day. (One MGD = 3.07 acre feet which is the volume of water required to cover 1 acre of land to a depth of 1 foot).

Modified Cash Flow Basis

Income and expense accounting method that records revenue when cash is received, and records expenses when cash is paid.

**MUD Act** 

Municipal Utility District Act, passed by the California Legislature in 1921. Codified in the Public Utilities Code of the State of California, Ch. 764, Stats. 1951 and amended thereafter.

**MWWTP** 

Main Wastewater Treatment Plant. Also known as SD-1 (Special District No. 1).

**NPDES** 

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board issues the District a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit which regulates the District's discharge of treated wastewater.

Operating Appropriation

Board approved funding for operating expenses. Unspent appropriations do not rollover to the next fiscal year.

**Operating Budget** 

A financial plan to fund ongoing operations costs incurred to operate the District; excludes the building of capital assets which are included in the capital budget.

**Operating Labor** 

The portion of the District's labor costs supporting the day-to-day operations.

Organization

A group of staff organized into one unit or section working under a division or department. This is the lowest level at which operating budgets are developed.

**PAYGO** 

Capital financing strategy to pay-as-you-go by cash funding capital projects with current and accumulated revenues rather than borrowing funds that will be repaid with future revenues.

**Part-Time Position** 

Part-time positions are restricted to working no more than 832 hours per year, and do not have civil service status.

**PEPRA** 

California's Public Employees' Pension Reform Act

**Program** 

Broadly defined group of related reference projects combined to

facilitate planning and decision making.

## Project or Reference Project

Project level identified in the CIP comprised of a discrete set of tasks that can be carried out independently, but require coordination with other projects to ensure overall program success. Appropriation requests and projected cash flows are authorized at this level.

## Proposed Budget

The recommended balanced financial plan for a specific period of time submitted for consideration to the Board of Directors prior to the start of the Proposition 218 notification process.

#### **Proprietary Fund**

Proprietary funds are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to businesses found in the private sector. These funds are considered self-supporting in that the services rendered by them are generally financed through user charges or on a cost reimbursement basis. There are two types of proprietary funds: Enterprise and Internal Service.

## Rate Funded Expenditures

Annual operations and maintenance expenses as well as the portion of the capital program that are funded from current revenues.

#### Rates

Charges for services to District customers that cover the costs of such services while allowing the District to remain reserve neutral.

#### **Reference Project**

See Project.

#### **Regular Position**

Regular positions are full-time, civil service positions.

## Restricted Reserves

Monies that, by action of the Board, State Law or Bond Covenants, are required to be spent on specific programs or held for specified purposes.

#### Revenue

Monies the District receives from rates and charges, property taxes, sale of energy, and other sources. Revenues are used to pay expenditures.

## Revenue Funded Capital

Expenditures on capital projects which are funded by revenues of the District rather than by debt, grants, or other funds.

#### SD-1

Special District No. 1. Created in 1944, responsible for the treatment and disposal of all domestic, commercial and industrial wastewater from the cities of Alameda, Albany, Berkeley, Emeryville, Oakland, Piedmont, and the Stege Sanitary District (City of El Cerrito, Richmond annex and the Kensington area).

#### Staffing Plan

The classes and positions that have been authorized by the Board of Directors and have been determined necessary to carry out District functions.

#### Strategic Plan

A document that provides a blueprint for how the District will respond to future challenges and changing priorities. It outlines specific goals, strategies and objectives to guide the District to where it wants to be and establishes criteria to measure progress.

#### Strategy

Highest level of capital improvement activities, generally a grouping of related programs. Represents key capital objectives as defined in the Mission Statement, Strategic Plan, and Board of Directors policies and directives.

## System Capacity Charges (SCC)

Charges paid at the time of connection to compensate the District for construction of capital facilities that provide water service, such as source water reservoirs, transmission facilities, treatment facilities, and treated water storage facilities, to new connections.

## Temporary Construction (TC) Position

Temporary Construction positions are of a limited and specified duration, typically associated with public works project and facilities. TC positions may extend for the life of the project.

#### **Temporary Position**

Non-civil service positions which are limited to a six-month duration.

## Ultimate Service Boundary

The maximum area which the District can extend its delivery of water service without securing approval of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) and other governmental agencies.

#### Uniform System of Accounts for Water Utilities (USOA)

Guidelines established for the financial reporting of accounts, account structure and definitions, used to track revenue, expenses and asset and liability balances. The District uses the USOA established by the California Public Utilities Commission.

#### Wastewater Capacity Fee (WCF)

Charges paid at the time of connection to compensate the District for capital facilities that provide wastewater treatment, such as interceptors, primary and secondary treatment facilities and wet weather treatment plants, to new connections.

#### **WSMP**

The Water Supply Management Program is a plan for ensuring a reliable high quality water supply for the future that includes obtaining supplemental supplies, water conservation, and water recycling.